

Elementi del blocco f

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| La | Ce | Pr | Nd | Pm | Sm | Eu | Gd | Tb | Dy | Ho | Er | Tm | Yb | Lu | Hf |
| Ac | Th | Pa | U | Np | Pu | Am | Cm | Bk | Cf | Es | Fm | Md | No | Lr | Rf |

Lantanide generico = $Ln, 4f^n 5d^1 6s^2$

Attinide generico = $An, 5f^n 6d^1 7s^2$

In the last 5 years, the average American (and likely European) has relied on **80** elements for quality of life.

General Electric uses **72** of the first **82** elements in its product line.



Pharmaceuticals

Pd, Rh, Os, Ir



Household Items

Rh, Pt



Refining

La, Pt



Hybrid/Electric Cars

Nd, Tb, Dy, Pr



Alternative Energy

Ru, Nd, Tb, Dy, Pr

...ogni auto Toyota Prius contiene 4 kg di neodimio (Nd) in supermagneti di una lega neodimio-ferro-boro ($Nd_2Fe_{14}B$). Ogni turbina eolica contiene 400 kg di neodimio.

Il 97% della richiesta mondiale di neodimio viene prodotto in una miniera a Bayan Obo, nella Cina interna al confine con la Mongolia...

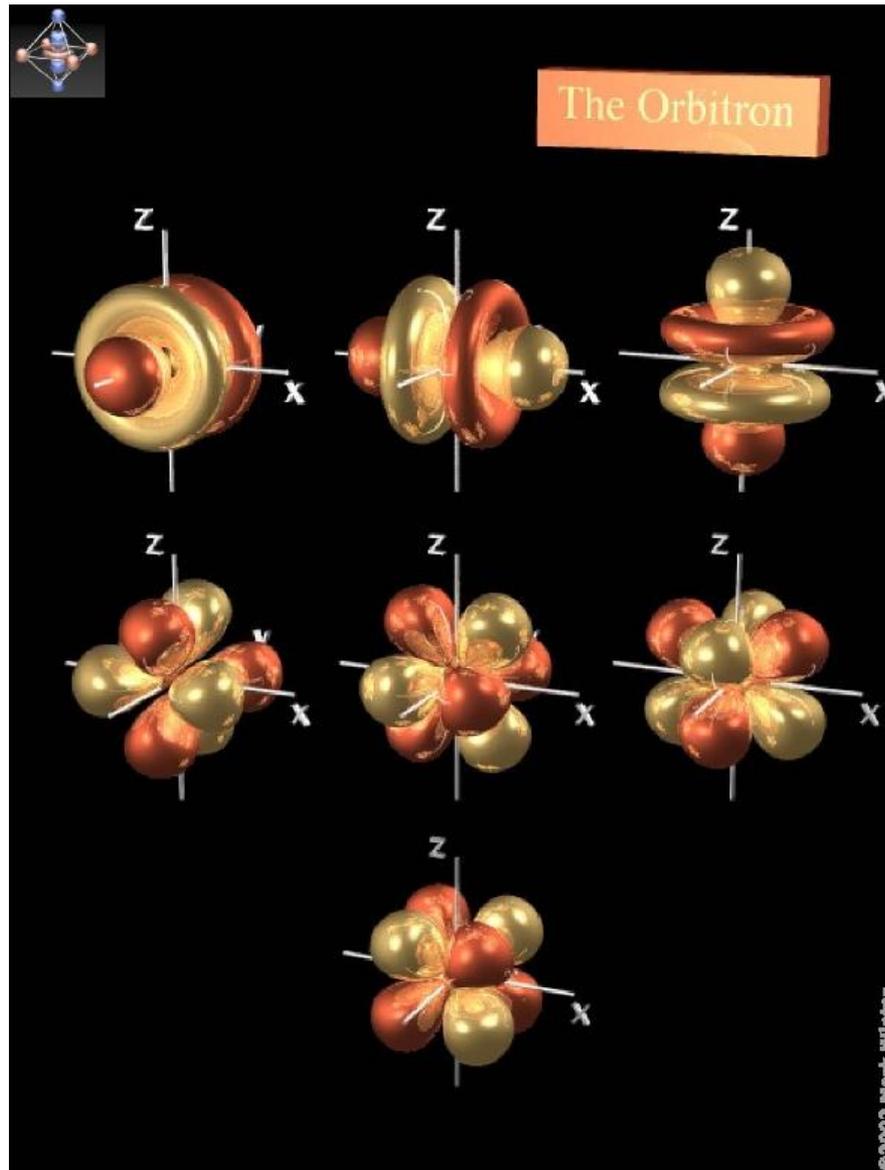
Table 22.2 Names, symbols, and selected properties of the lanthanoids

| Z | Name | Symbol | Configuration (M ³⁺) | E° /V | r(M ³⁺)/pm* | O.N.† |
|----|--------------|--------|----------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 57 | Lanthanum | La | [Xe] | -2.38 | 116 | 2(n), 3 , 4 |
| 58 | Cerium | Ce | [Xe]f ¹ | -2.34 | 114 | 2(n), 3 , 4 |
| 59 | Praseodymium | Pr | [Xe]f ² | -2.35 | 113 | 2(n), 3 , 4 |
| 60 | Neodymium | Nd | [Xe]f ³ | -2.32 | 111 | 2(n), 3 |
| 61 | Promethium | Pm | [Xe]f ⁴ | -2.29 | 109 | 3 |
| 62 | Samarium | Sm | [Xe]f ⁵ | -2.30 | 108 | 2(n), 3 |
| 63 | Europium | Eu | [Xe]f ⁶ | -1.99 | 107 | 2, 3 |
| 64 | Gadolinium | Gd | [Xe]f ⁷ | -2.28 | 105 | 3 |
| 65 | Terbium | Tb | [Xe]f ⁸ | -2.31 | 104 | 3 , 4 |
| 66 | Dysprosium | Dy | [Xe]f ⁹ | -2.29 | 103 | 2(n), 3 |
| 67 | Holmium | Ho | [Xe]f ¹⁰ | -2.33 | 102 | 3 |
| 68 | Erbium | Er | [Xe]f ¹¹ | -2.32 | 100 | 3 |
| 69 | Thulium | Tm | [Xe]f ¹² | -2.32 | 99 | 2(n), 3 |
| 70 | Ytterbium | Yb | [Xe]f ¹³ | -2.22 | 99 | 2, 3 |
| 71 | Lutetium | Lu | [Xe]f ¹⁴ | -2.30 | 98 | 3 |

Ce⁴⁺, f⁰Eu²⁺, f⁷* Ionic radii for coordination number 8 from R.D. Shannon, *Acta Cryst.*, 1976, **A32**, 751.

† Oxidation numbers in bold type indicate the most stable states; (n) indicates that the state is stable only in nonaqueous conditions.

Il set cubico di orbitali f



3 piani nodali

$4f = 0$ nodi radiali

$5f = 1$ nodo radiale

$$f_{x^3} \quad f_{y^3} \quad f_{z^3}$$

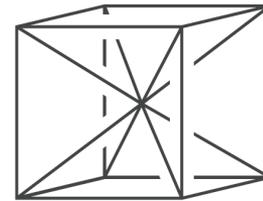
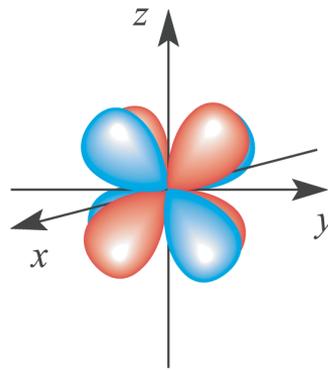
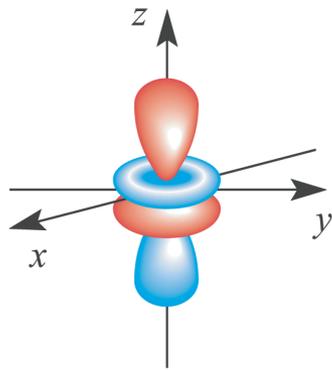
$$f_{x(z^2 - y^2)}$$

$$f_{z(x^2 - y^2)}$$

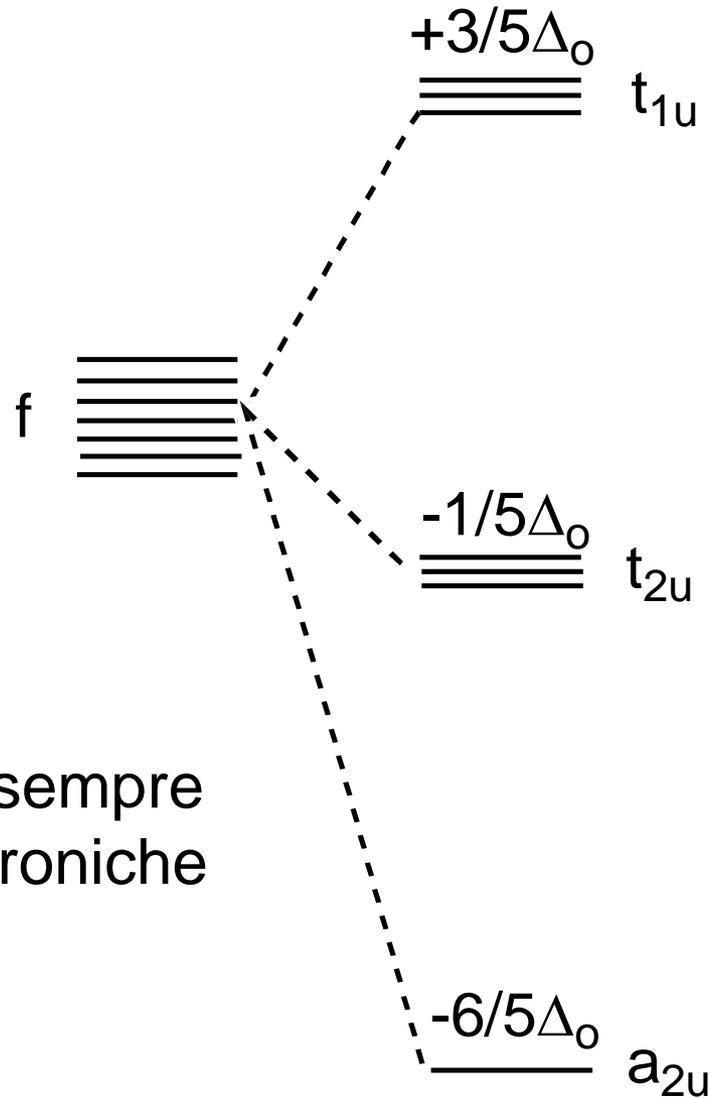
$$f_{y(z^2 - x^2)}$$

$$f_{xyz}$$

Il set cubico di orbitali f



Splitting in campo ottaedrico



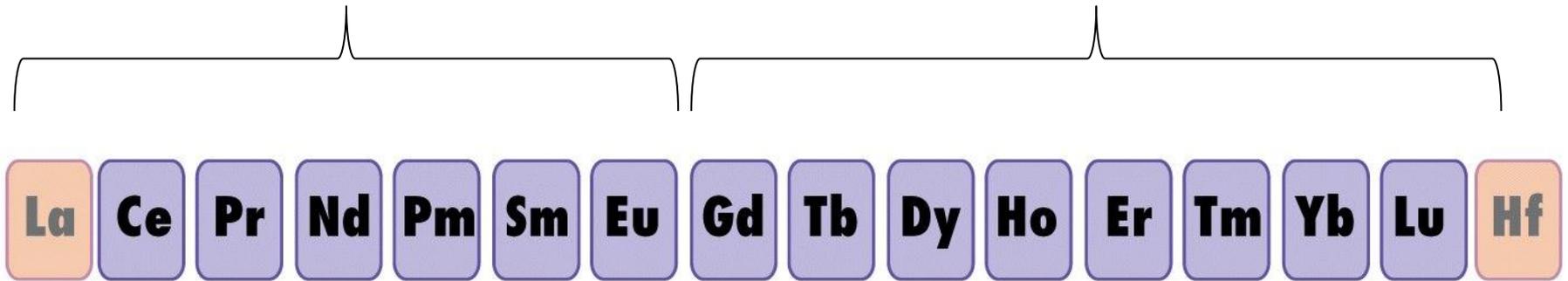
Splitting modesto, sempre configurazioni elettroniche ad alto spin

| Metal | $\Delta_a H^\circ(\text{Ln}) / \text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ | $IE_1 + IE_2 + IE_3 / \text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ | $\Delta_{\text{hyd}} H^\circ(\text{Ln}^{3+}, \text{g}) / \text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ | $E^\circ_{\text{Ln}^{3+}/\text{Ln}} / \text{V}$ | $E^\circ_{\text{Ln}^{2+}/\text{Ln}} / \text{V}$ |
|-------|--|---|--|---|---|
| La | 431 | 3455 | -3278 | -2.38 | |
| Ce | 423 | 3530 | -3326 | -2.34 | |
| Pr | 356 | 3631 | -3373 | -2.35 | -2.0 |
| Nd | 328 | 3698 | -3403 | -2.32 | -2.1 |
| Pm | 348 | 3741 | -3427 | -2.30 | -2.2 |
| Sm | 207 | 3873 | -3449 | -2.30 | -2.68 |
| Eu | 177 | 4036 | -3501 | -1.99 | -2.81 |
| Gd | 398 | 3750 | -3517 | -2.28 | |
| Tb | 389 | 3792 | -3559 | -2.28 | |
| Dy | 290 | 3899 | -3567 | -2.30 | -2.2 |
| Ho | 301 | 3924 | -3613 | -2.33 | -2.1 |
| Er | 317 | 3934 | -3637 | -2.33 | -2.0 |
| Tm | 232 | 4045 | -3664 | -2.32 | -2.4 |
| Yb | 152 | 4195 | -3724 | -2.19 | -2.76 |
| Lu | 428 | 3886 | -3722 | -2.28 | |

† Values of $\Delta_{\text{hyd}} H^\circ(\text{M}^{3+}, \text{g})$ are taken from: L.R. Morss (1976) *Chem. Rev.*, vol. 76, p. 827.

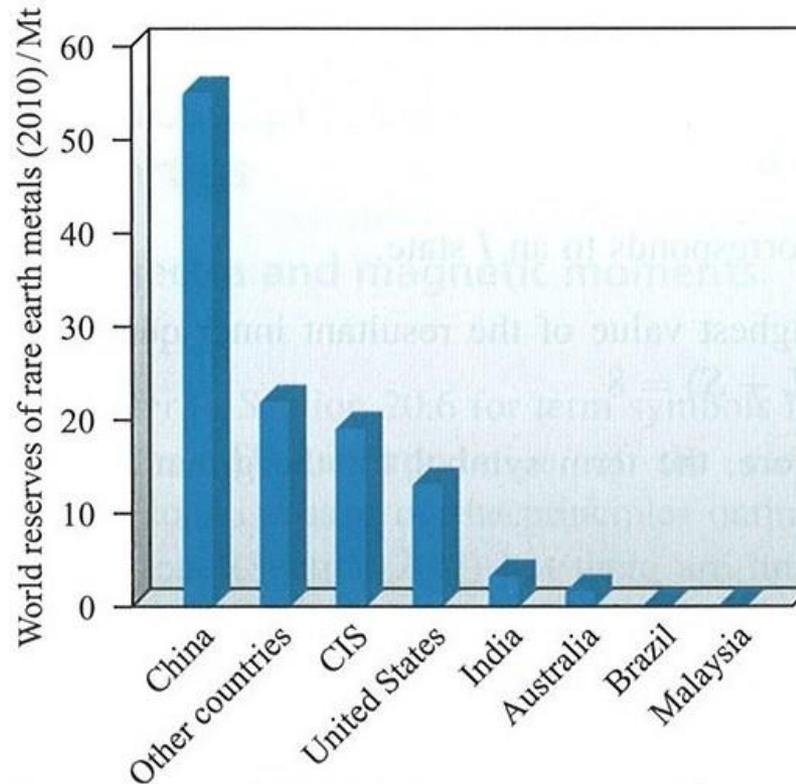
light

heavy



Terre Rare (*rare earth metals*, REM o RE) = 15
elementi La – Lu ($Z = 57-71$) + Sc ($Z = 21$) + Y ($Z = 39$)

Risorse mondiali e produzione



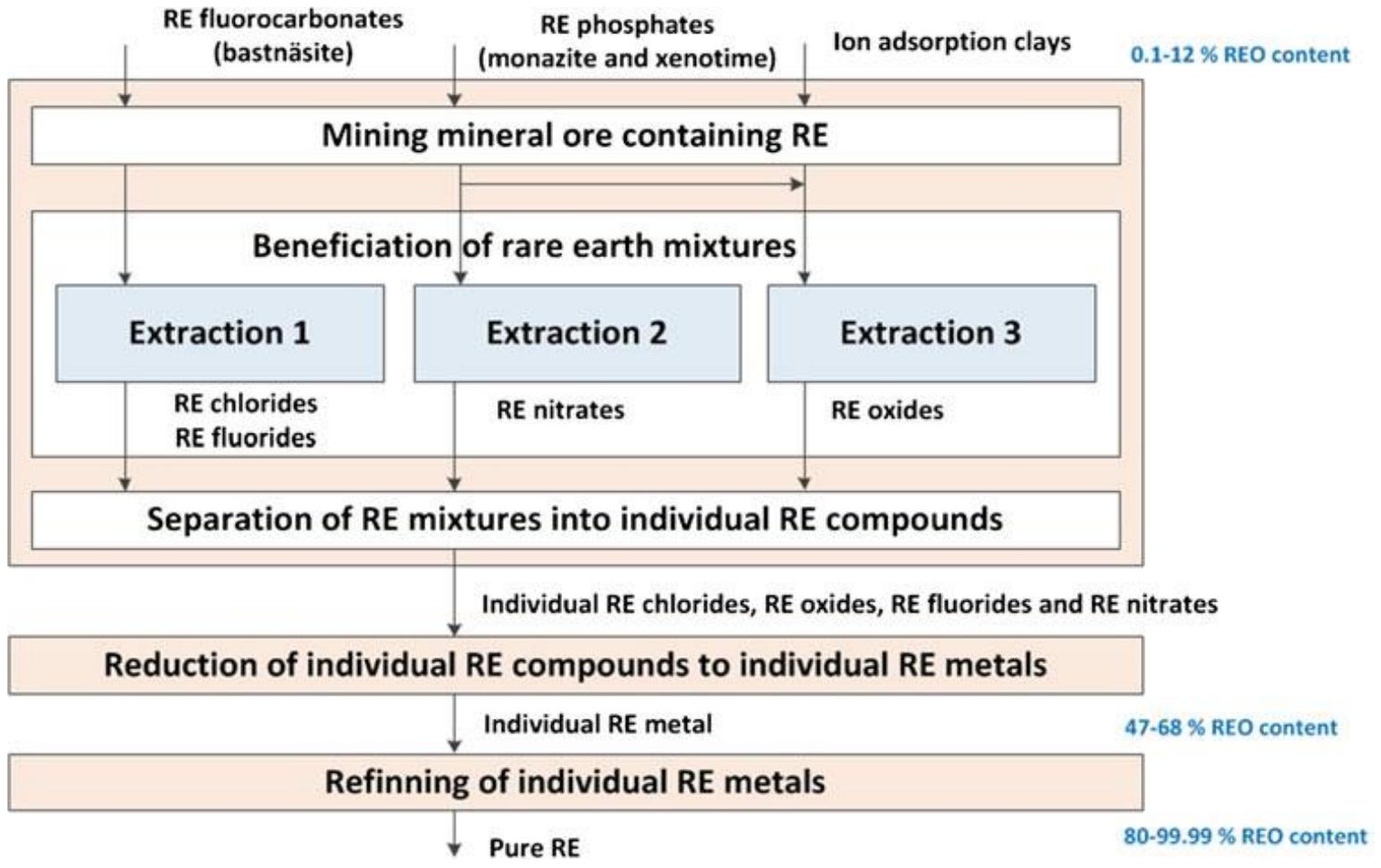
Nel 2010: 114.000 tonnellate di REM

Ce, La, Nd, Y > 10.000 t/anno

Pr, Dy > 1000 t/anno

Gd, Sm, Eu, Tb > 100 t/anno

- **bastnäsite** $[\text{Ce,La,Nd}](\text{CO}_3)\text{F}$
 - **monazite** $[\text{Ce,La,Nd,Th}](\text{PO}_4)$
 - **xenotime** $[\text{Y, Ln,Th}](\text{PO}_4)$
- } Ln leggeri
Ln pesanti



Miniera di Bayan Obo (4.1% di REO)



Miniera di Mountain Pass (7.7% di REO)

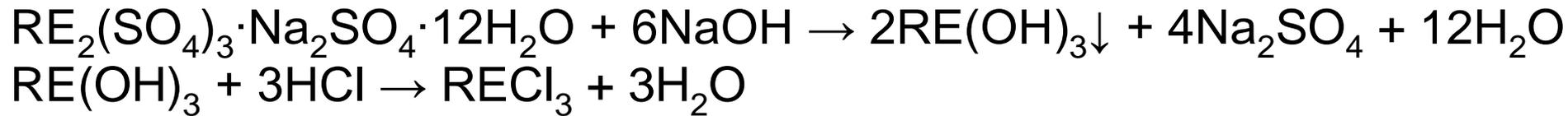




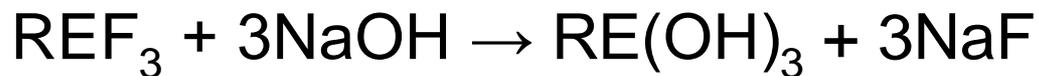
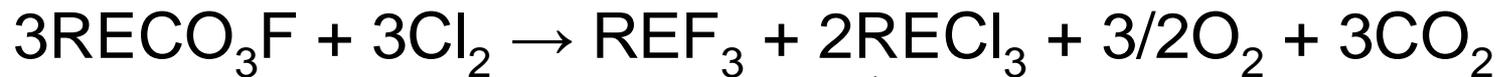
Arricchimento chimico della bastnasite



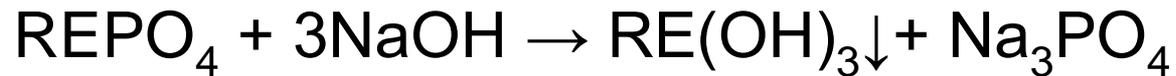
H_2SO_4 al 98%, 500 °C, arrostitimento acido



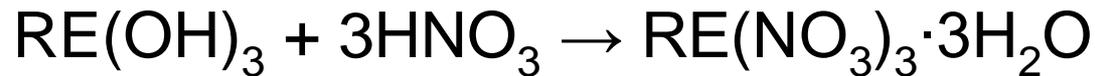
1200 °C



Arricchimento chimico di monazite e xenotime

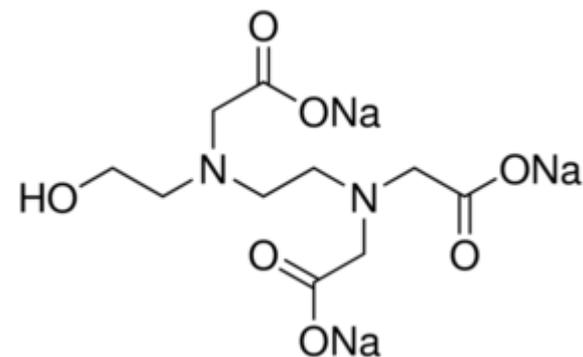
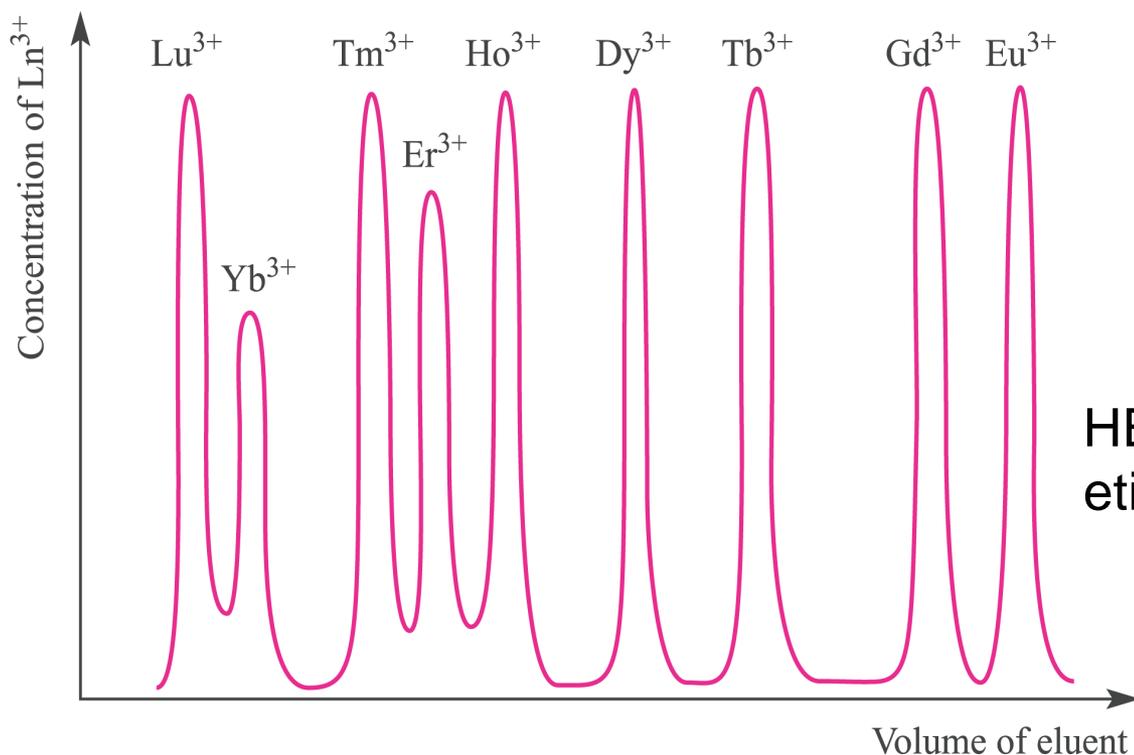


NaOH 60-70%, 140-150 °C



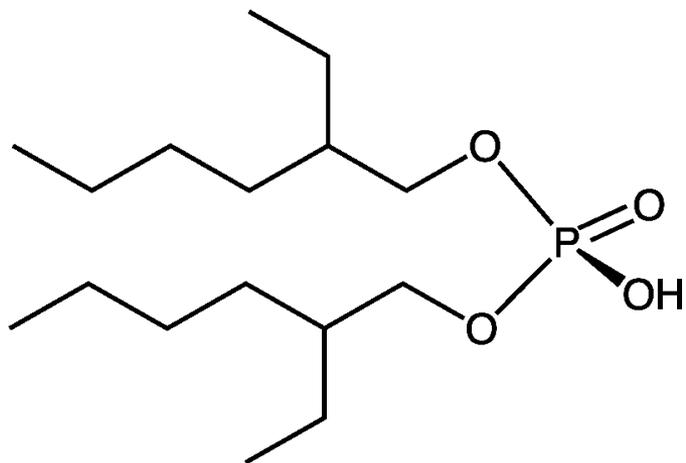
Torio rimosso come ThO_2 , insolubile

Sequenza di eluizione da una colonna a scambio cationico (fase stazionaria non selettiva, e.g. Dowex) dei complessi dei lantanidi più pesanti eluendo con una soluzione di EDTA⁴⁻

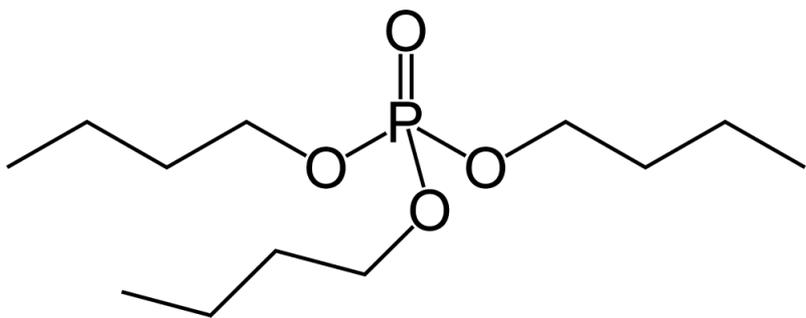


HEDTA = acido N-idrossietil-etilendiaminotriacetico

SX, Solvent eXtraction

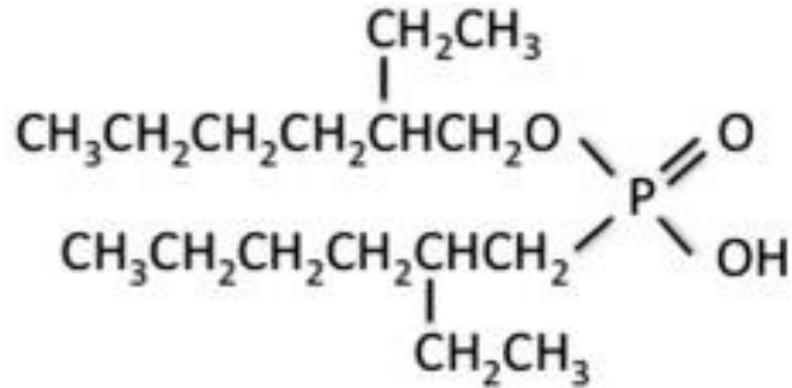


acido di-2-etil-esilfosforico
(**HDEHP** o DEHPA) per RE
come cloruri o solfati



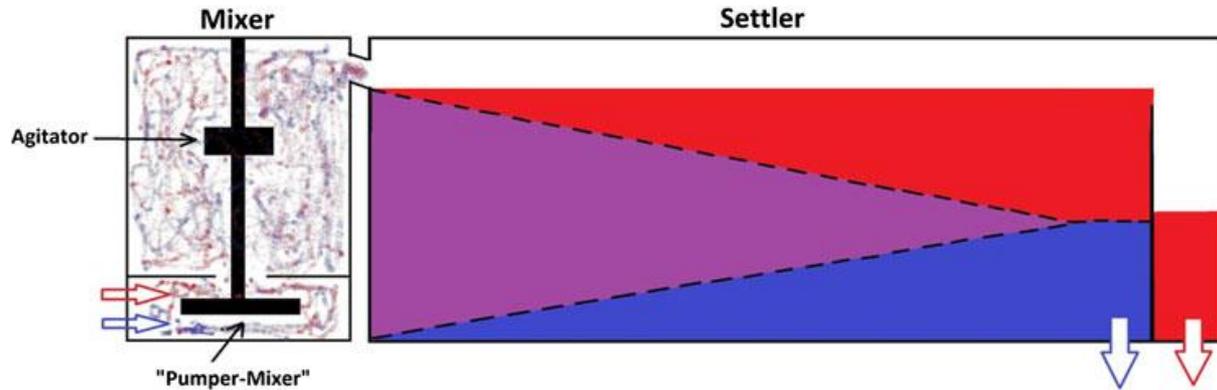
tri-*n*-butil fosfato (**TBP**) per RE
come nitrati



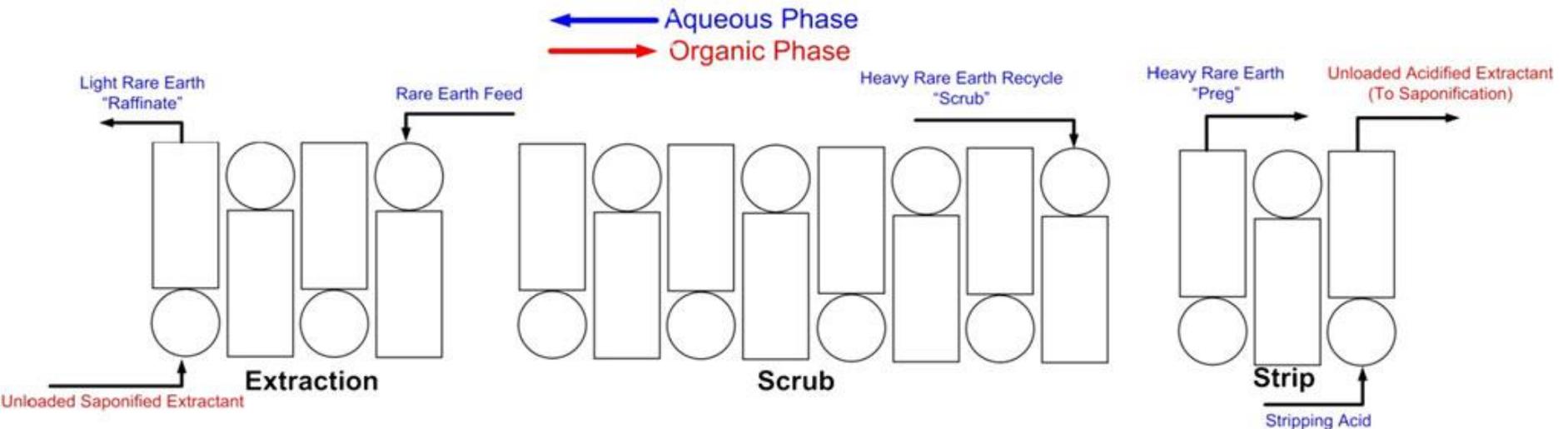


acido 2-etilesilfosfonico mono-2-etilesil estere
(**EHEHPA** o PC88A)

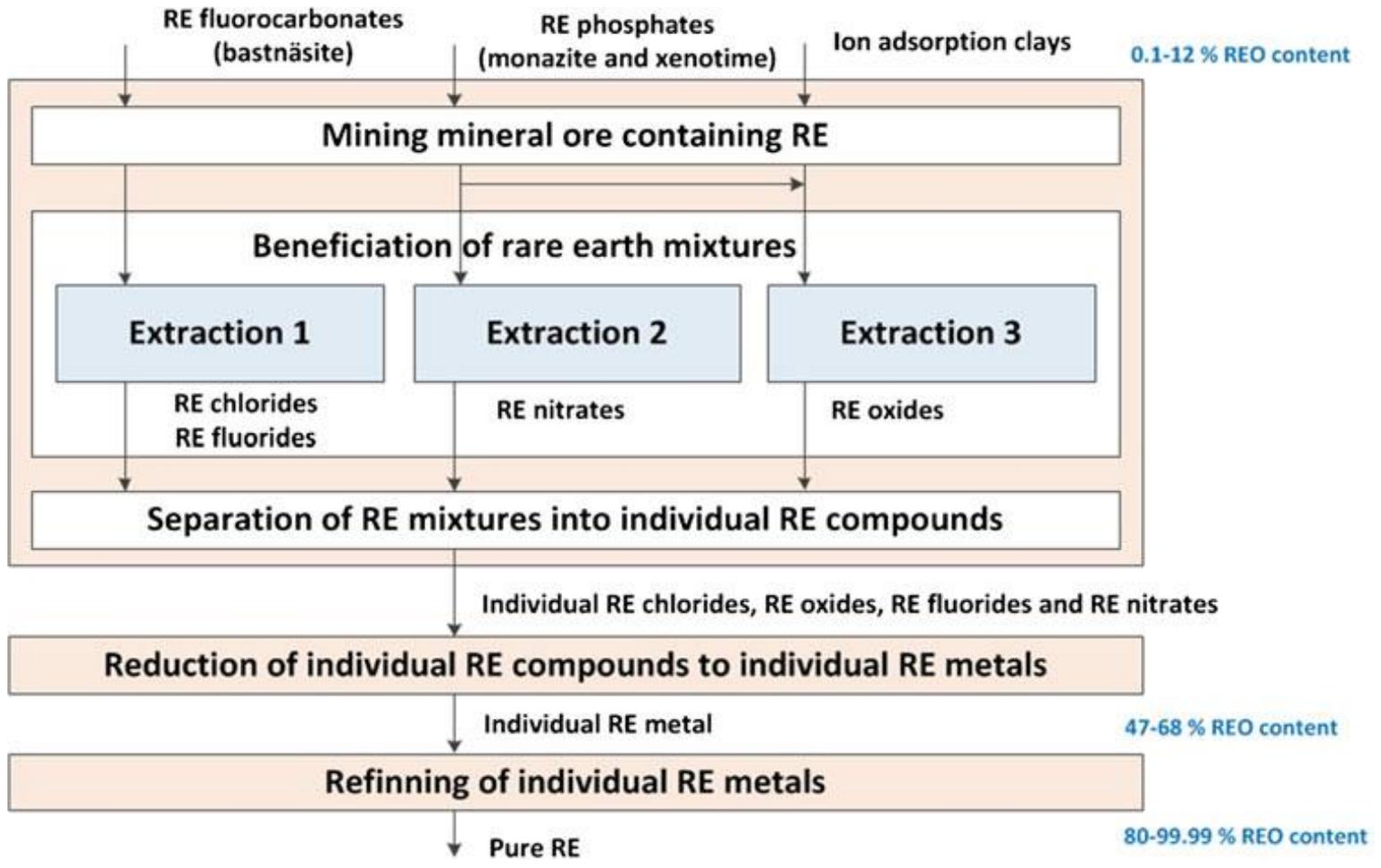
Unità *mixer-settler*



Schema di impianto SX

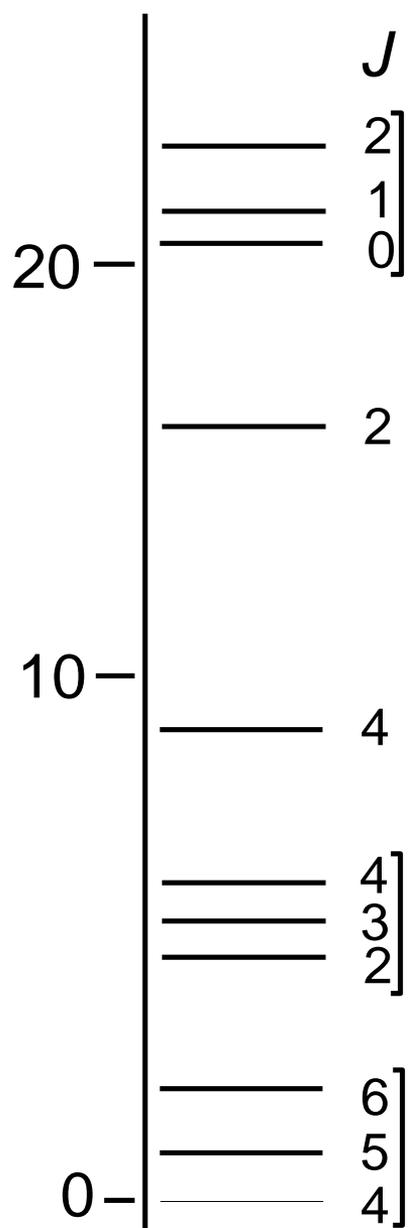


- **bastnäsite** $[\text{Ce,La,Nd}](\text{CO}_3)\text{F}$
 - **monazite** $[\text{Ce,La,Nd,Th}](\text{PO}_4)$
 - **xenotime** $[\text{Y,In,Th}](\text{PO}_4)$
- } Ln leggeri
Ln pesanti



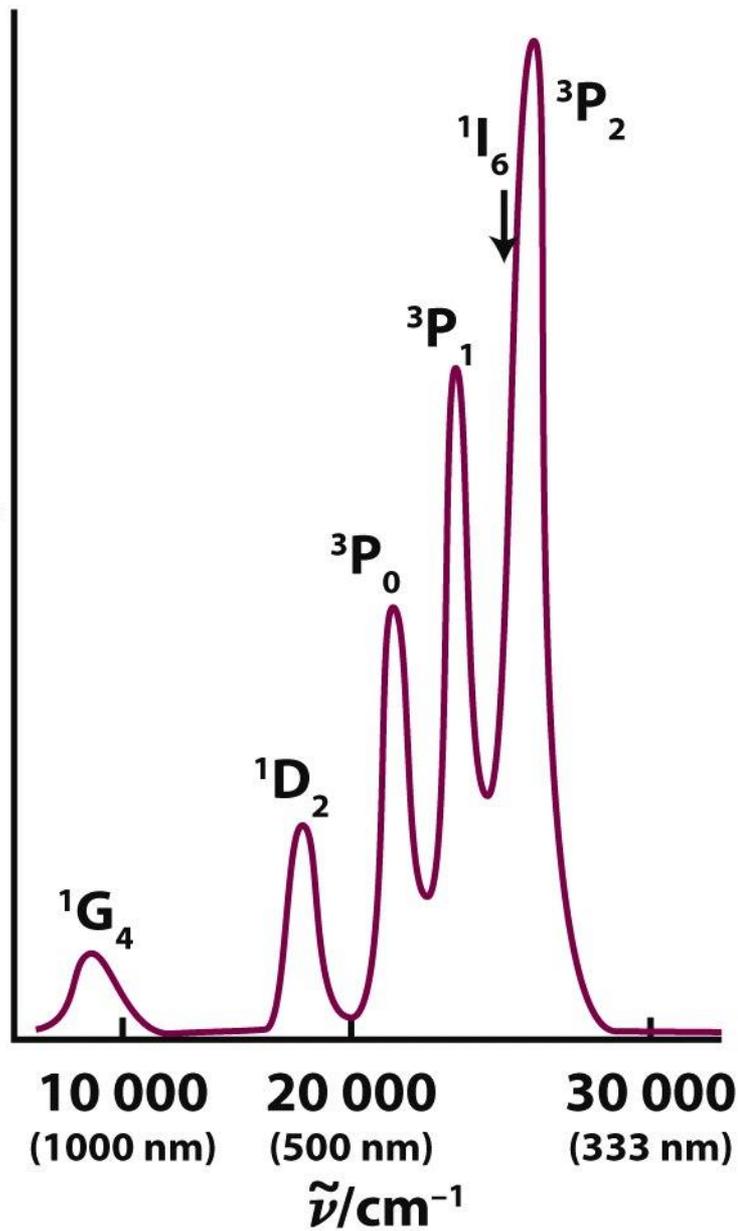
| Metal ion | Colour | Ground state electronic configuration | Ground state term symbol | Magnetic moment, μ (298 K) / μ_B | |
|------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------|
| | | | | Calculated from equation 25.1 | Observed |
| La ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ⁰ | ¹ S ₀ | 0 | 0 |
| Ce ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ¹ | ² F _{5/2} | 2.54 | 2.3–2.5 |
| Pr ³⁺ | Green | [Xe]4f ² | ³ H ₄ | 3.58 | 3.4–3.6 |
| Nd ³⁺ | Lilac | [Xe]4f ³ | ⁴ I _{9/2} | 3.62 | 3.5–3.6 |
| Pm ³⁺ | Pink | [Xe]4f ⁴ | ⁵ I ₄ | 2.68 | 2.7 |
| Sm ³⁺ | Yellow | [Xe]4f ⁵ | ⁶ H _{5/2} | 0.84 | 1.5–1.6 |
| Eu ³⁺ | Pale pink | [Xe]4f ⁶ | ⁷ F ₀ | 0 | 3.4–3.6 |
| Gd ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ⁷ | ⁸ S _{7/2} | 7.94 | 7.8–8.0 |
| Tb ³⁺ | Pale pink | [Xe]4f ⁸ | ⁷ F ₆ | 9.72 | 9.4–9.6 |
| Dy ³⁺ | Yellow | [Xe]4f ⁹ | ⁶ H _{15/2} | 10.63 | 10.4–10.5 |
| Ho ³⁺ | Yellow | [Xe]4f ¹⁰ | ⁵ I ₈ | 10.60 | 10.3–10.5 |
| Er ³⁺ | Rose pink | [Xe]4f ¹¹ | ⁴ I _{15/2} | 9.58 | 9.4–9.6 |
| Tm ³⁺ | Pale green | [Xe]4f ¹² | ³ H ₆ | 7.56 | 7.1–7.4 |
| Yb ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ¹³ | ² F _{7/2} | 4.54 | 4.4–4.9 |
| Lu ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ¹⁴ | ¹ S ₀ | 0 | 0 |

91 microstati

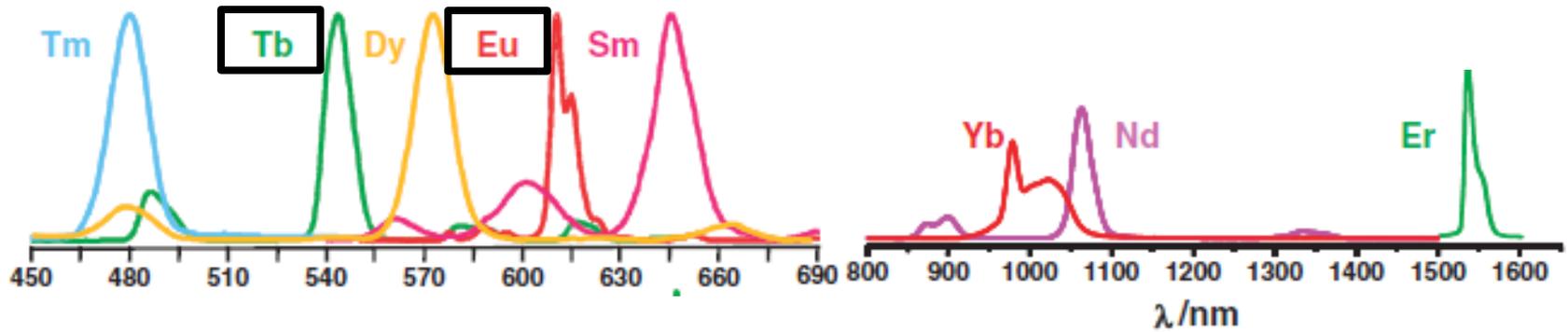


Pr^{3+}, f^2

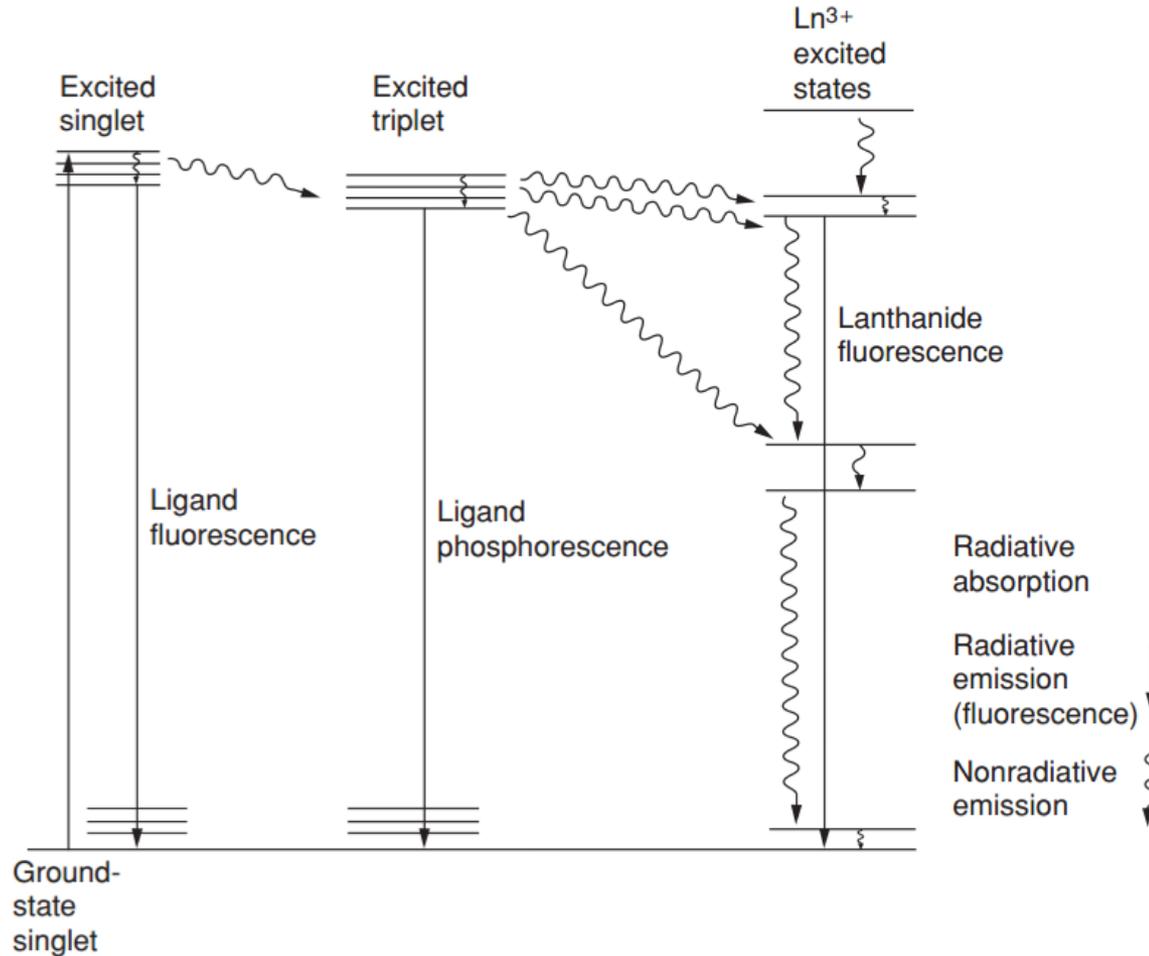
Absorption

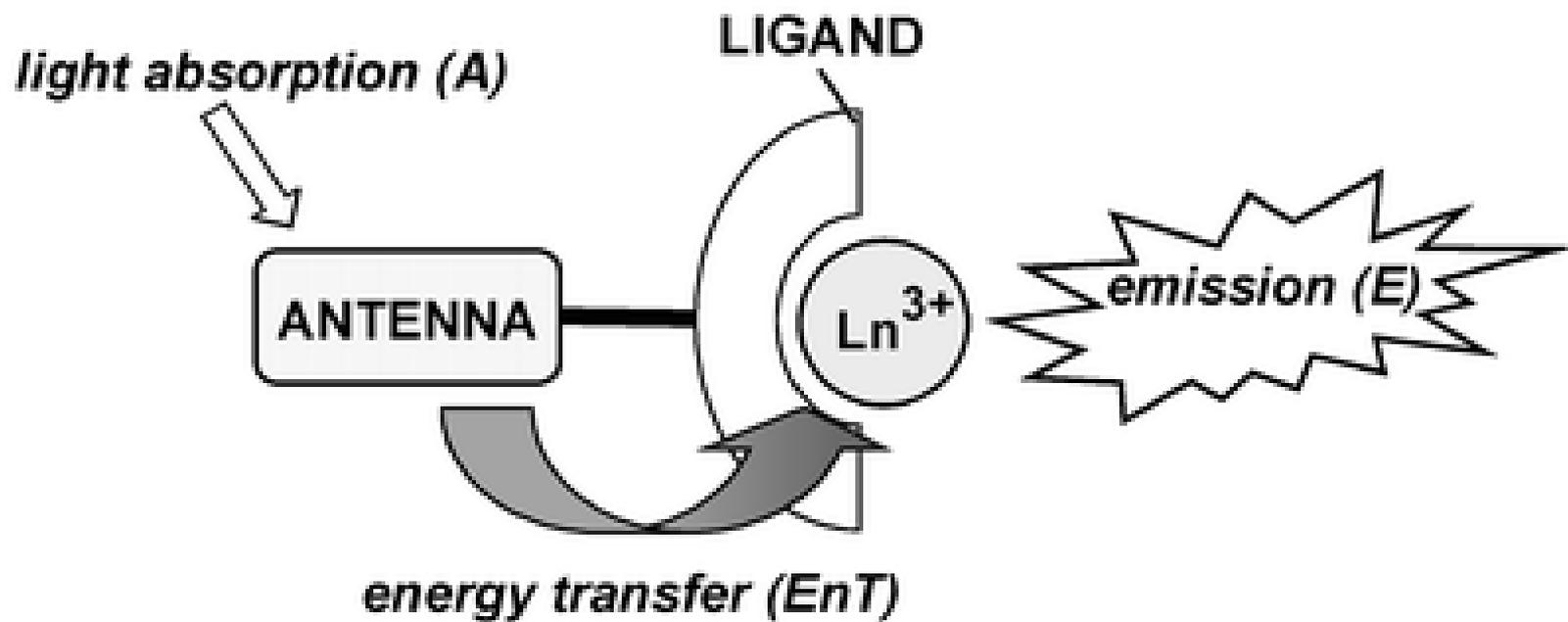


Spettri di emissione di alcuni cationi dei lantanidi



Sensibilizzazione (*antenna excitation*)



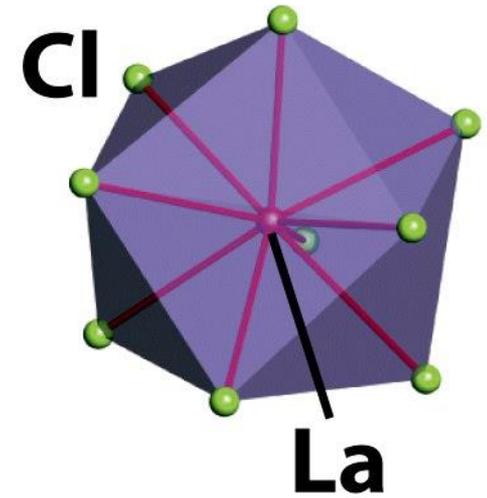
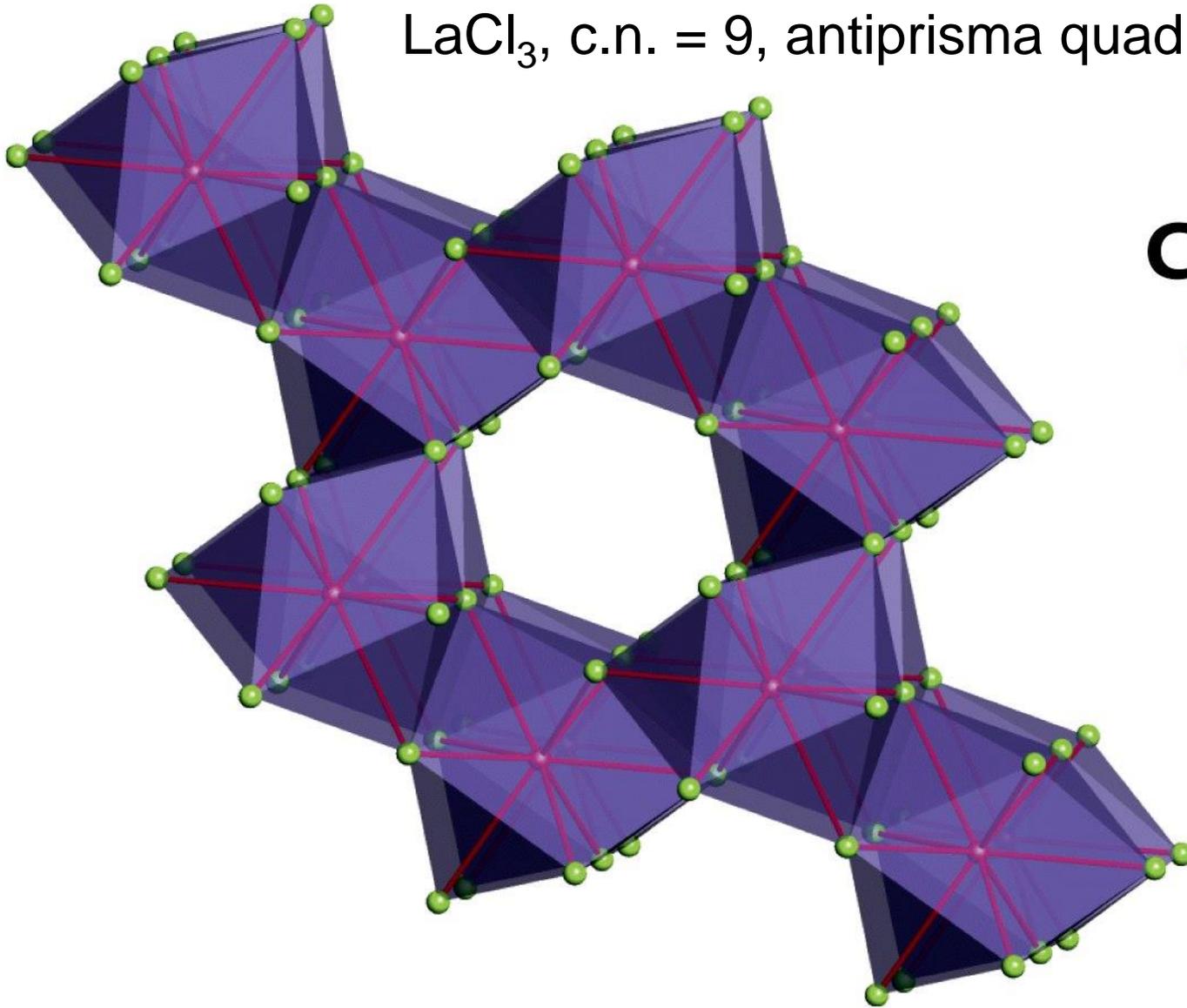


$$\mu = g_J \{J(J + 1)\}^{1/2} \mu_B$$

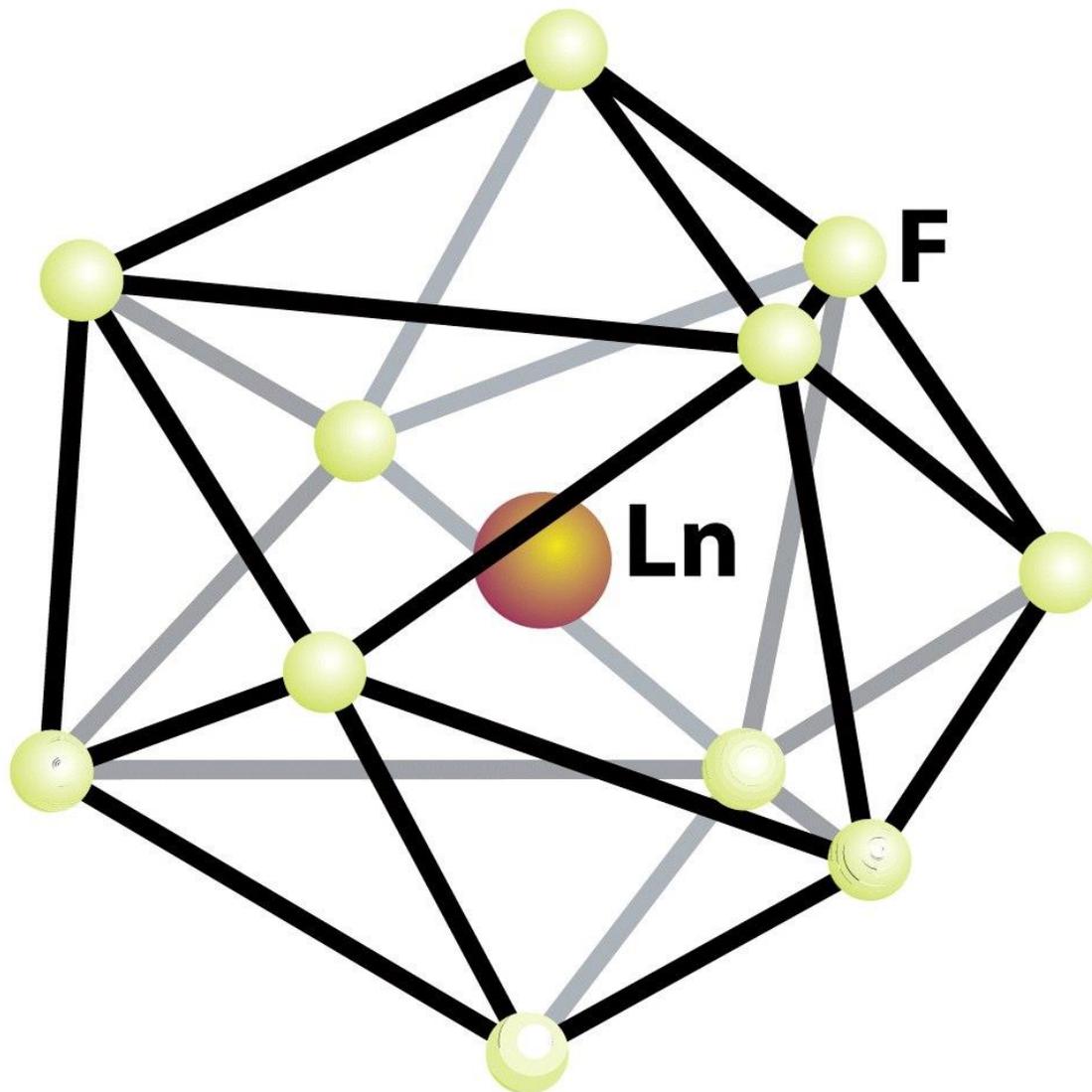
$$g_J = 1 + \frac{S(S+1) - L(L+1) + J(J+1)}{2J(J+1)}$$

| Metal ion | Colour | Ground state electronic configuration | Ground state term symbol | Magnetic moment, μ (298 K) / μ_B | |
|------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------|
| | | | | Calculated from equation 25.1 | Observed |
| La ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ⁰ | ¹ S ₀ | 0 | 0 |
| Ce ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ¹ | ² F _{5/2} | 2.54 | 2.3–2.5 |
| Pr ³⁺ | Green | [Xe]4f ² | ³ H ₄ | 3.58 | 3.4–3.6 |
| Nd ³⁺ | Lilac | [Xe]4f ³ | ⁴ I _{9/2} | 3.62 | 3.5–3.6 |
| Pm ³⁺ | Pink | [Xe]4f ⁴ | ⁵ I ₄ | 2.68 | 2.7 |
| Sm ³⁺ | Yellow | [Xe]4f ⁵ | ⁶ H _{5/2} | 0.84 | 1.5–1.6 |
| Eu ³⁺ | Pale pink | [Xe]4f ⁶ | ⁷ F ₀ | 0 | 3.4–3.6 |
| Gd ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ⁷ | ⁸ S _{7/2} | 7.94 | 7.8–8.0 |
| Tb ³⁺ | Pale pink | [Xe]4f ⁸ | ⁷ F ₆ | 9.72 | 9.4–9.6 |
| Dy ³⁺ | Yellow | [Xe]4f ⁹ | ⁶ H _{15/2} | 10.63 | 10.4–10.5 |
| Ho ³⁺ | Yellow | [Xe]4f ¹⁰ | ⁵ I ₈ | 10.60 | 10.3–10.5 |
| Er ³⁺ | Rose pink | [Xe]4f ¹¹ | ⁴ I _{15/2} | 9.58 | 9.4–9.6 |
| Tm ³⁺ | Pale green | [Xe]4f ¹² | ³ H ₆ | 7.56 | 7.1–7.4 |
| Yb ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ¹³ | ² F _{7/2} | 4.54 | 4.4–4.9 |
| Lu ³⁺ | Colourless | [Xe]4f ¹⁴ | ¹ S ₀ | 0 | 0 |

LaCl_3 , c.n. = 9, antiprisma quadrato cappato



LaF_3 , c.n. = 11, coordinazione irregolare



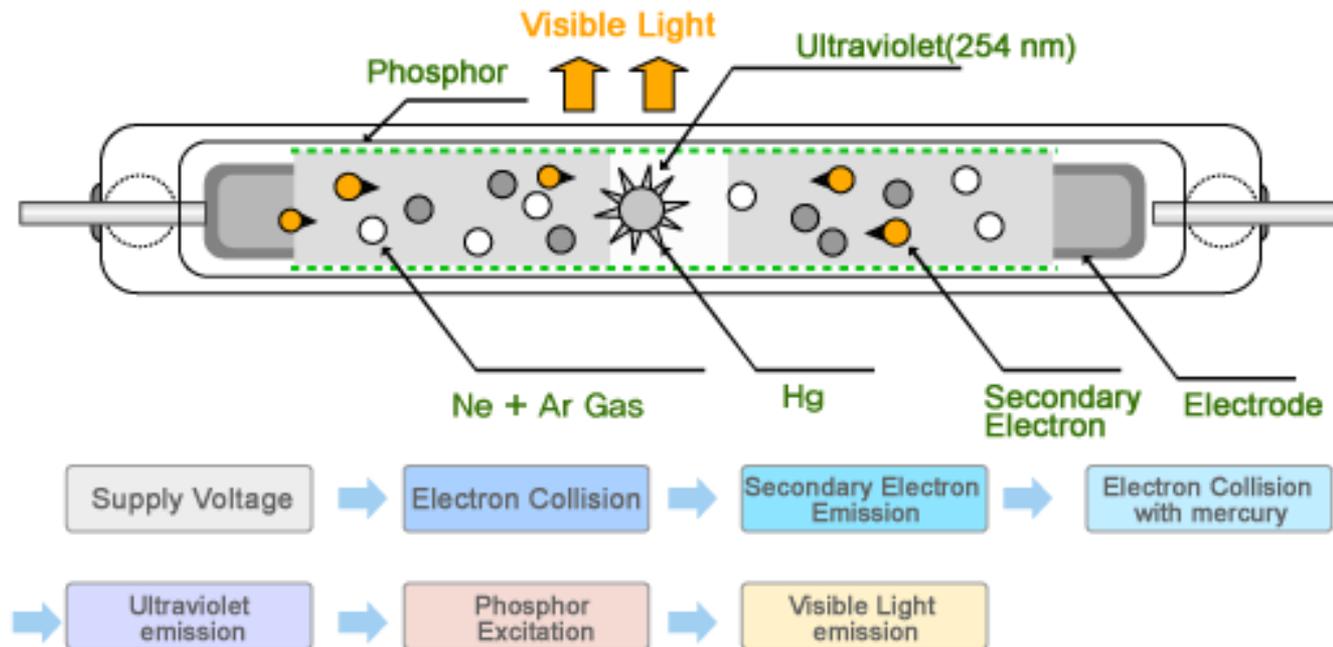
Temperatura di transizione fra isolante e conduttore (T_{IM}) in Perovskiti dei lantanidi
 $LnNiO_3$

| | $PrNiO_3$ | $NdNiO_3$ | $EuNiO_3$ |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| $r(Ln^{3+})/pm$ | 113 | 111 | 107 |
| T_{IM}/K | 135 | 200 | 480 |

Phosphors a base di lantanidi per lampade fluorescenti (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp, CCFL)



Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL)



phosphors a base di Y, La, Ce, Eu, Gd, Tb

Lanthanide-doped LED

White-emitting LED = core LED blu (GaN, $\lambda_{em} = 450 - 470$ nm) ricoperto da uno strato di resina contenente un Ln *phospor* che emette nel giallo (e.g. *yttrium aluminium garnet*, YAG, drogato con cerio (YAG:Ce)).

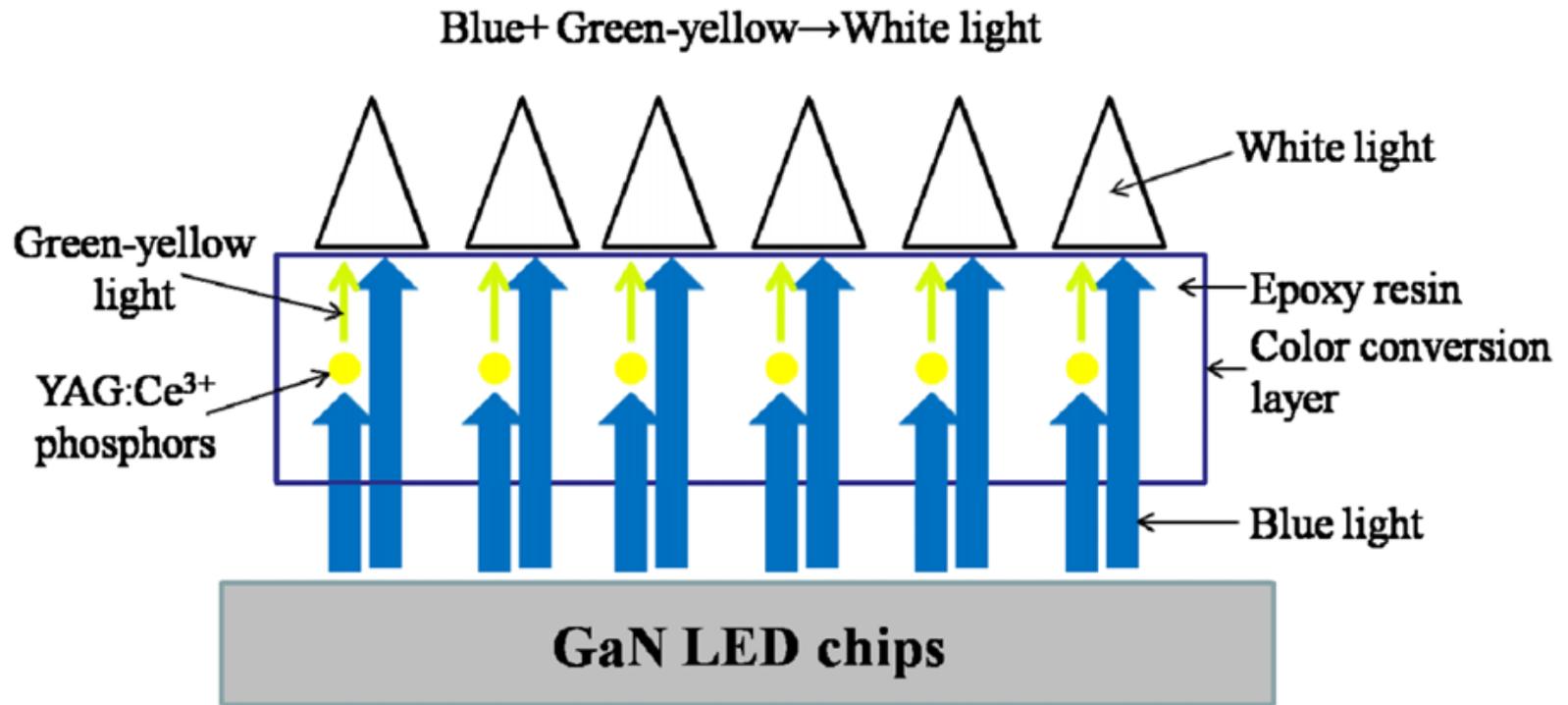
Blu + giallo = bianco

Granato (*garnet*) = $M_3M'_2(XO_4)_3$, ($M/M' = 2^+/3^+$, $X = Si, Al, Ga, Ge$)

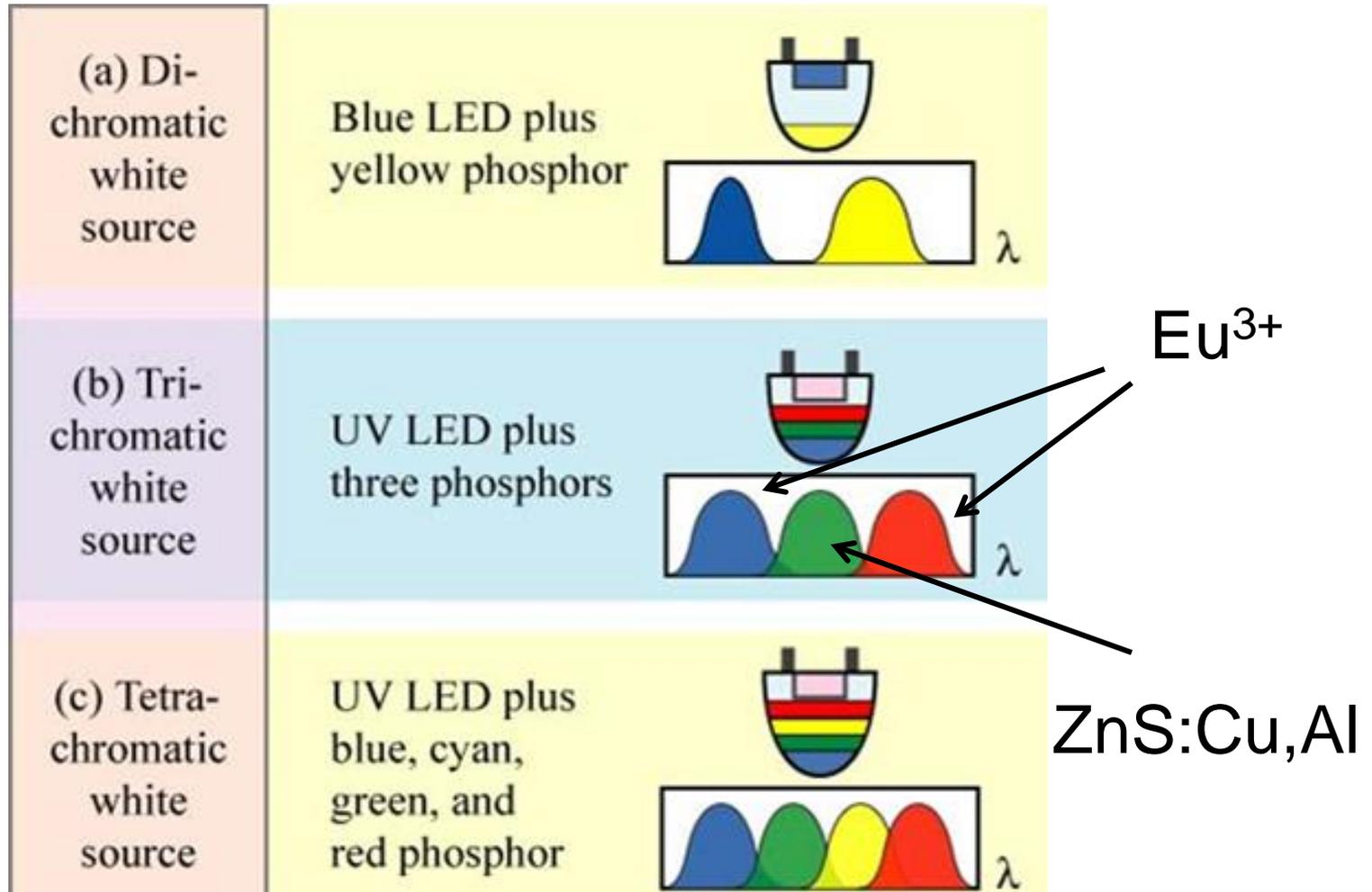
Granato di ittrio e alluminio (YAG) = $Y_3Al_5O_{12}$

La struttura del granato definisce dei siti ottacoordinati che possono venire occupati da ioni dei lantanidi (e.g. al posto di Y^{3+})

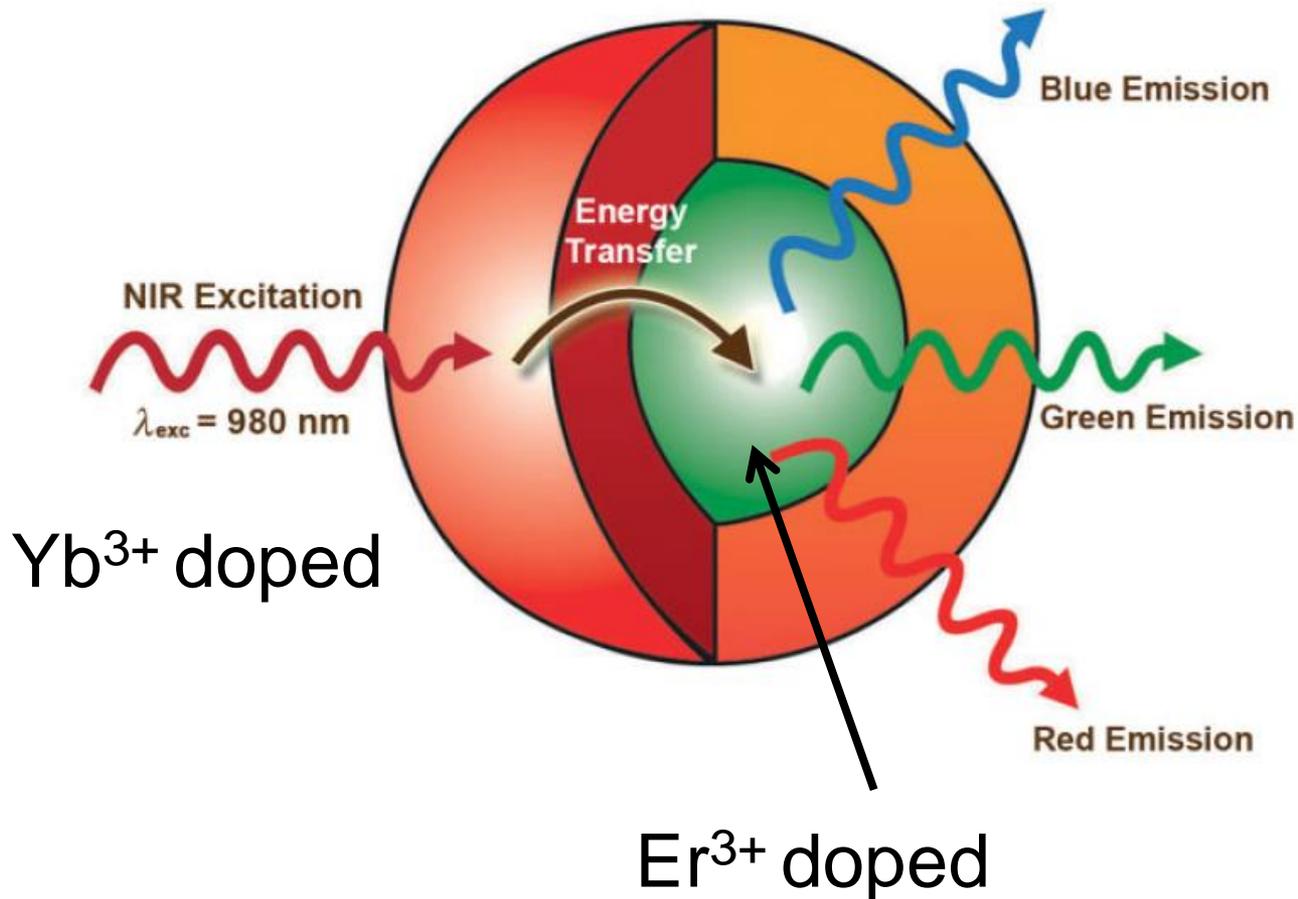
Lanthanide-doped LED



Lanthanide-doped LED



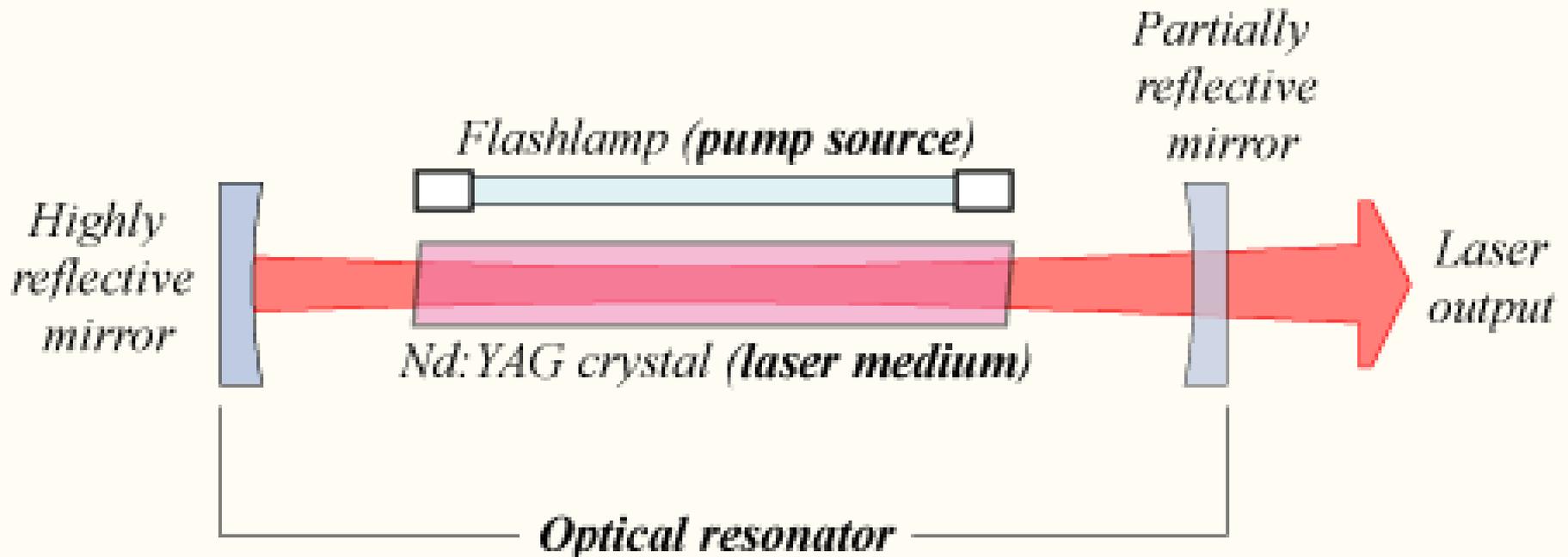
Lanthanide-doped, NIR-excited upconverting nanoparticles



Laser Nd:YAG (yttrium aluminum garnet, $Y_3Al_5O_{12}$)

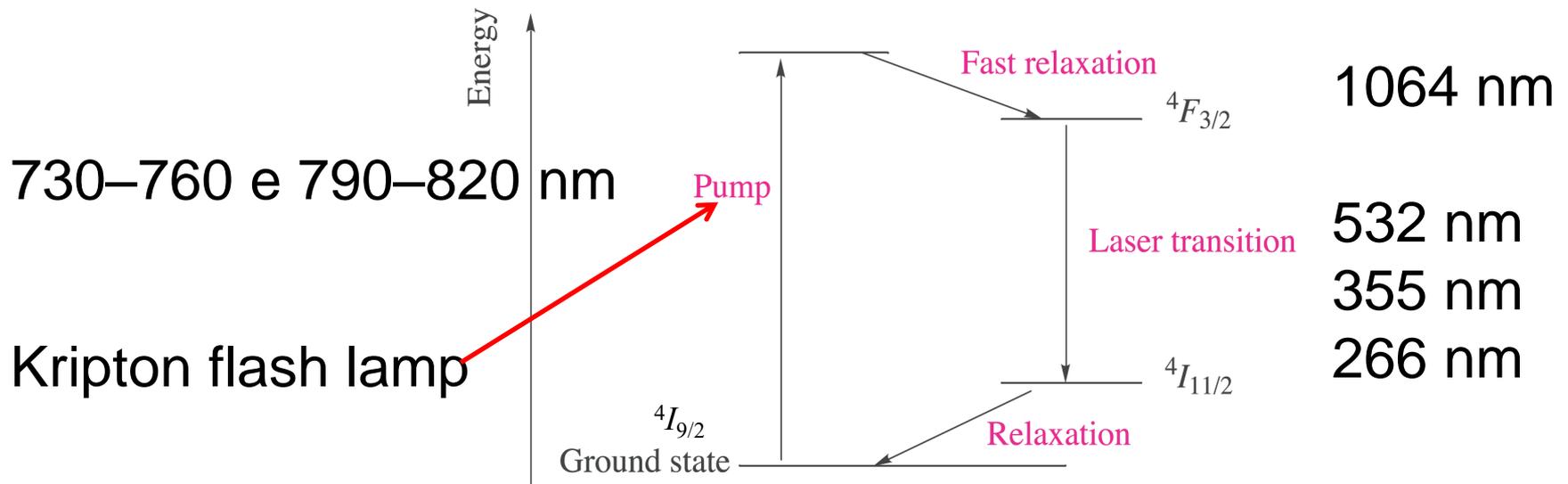
LASER = *Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation*

Nd:YAG solid-state laser



Laser Nd:YAG (*yttrium aluminum garnet*, $Y_3Al_5O_{12}$)

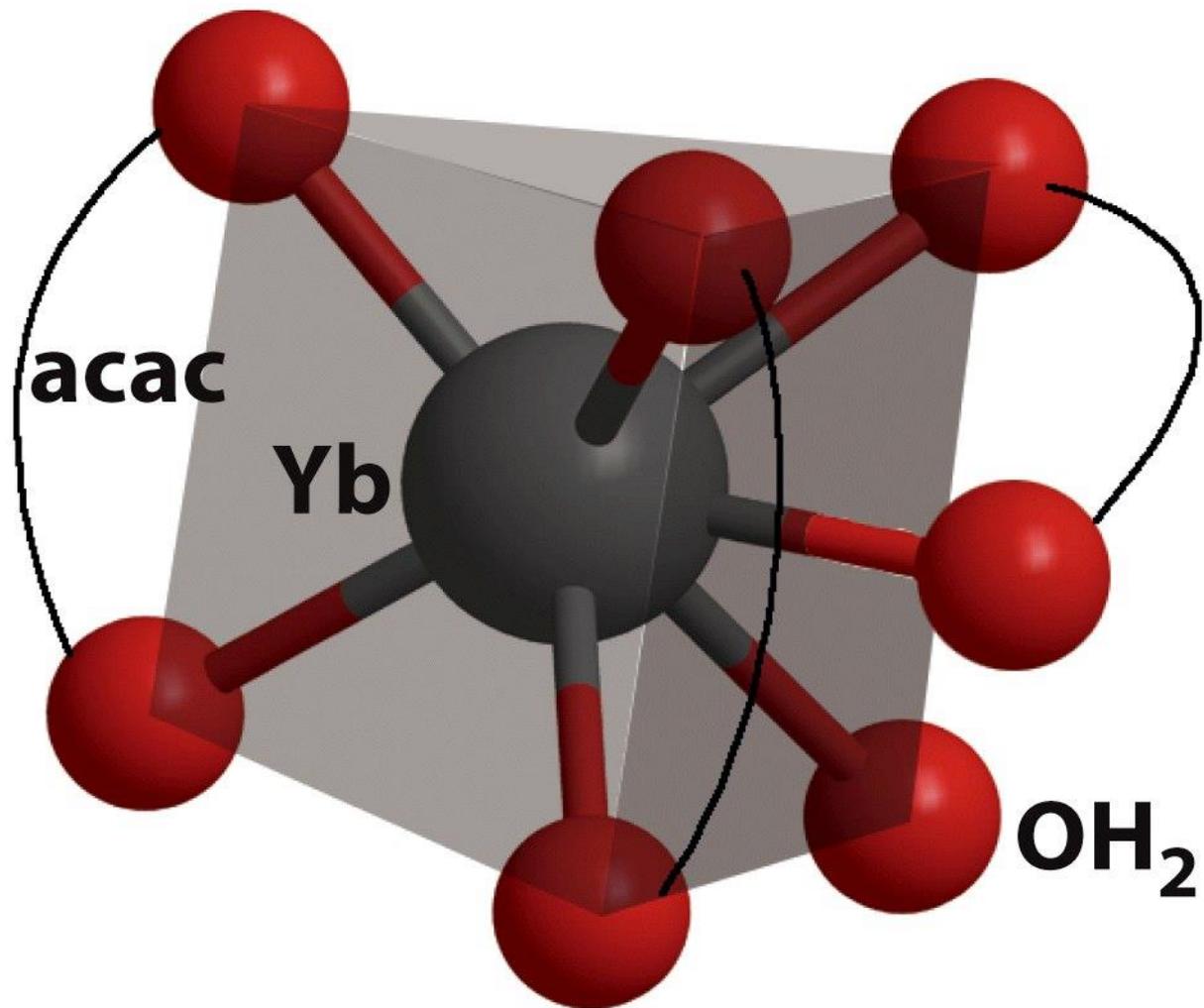
granati: $M_3M'_2(XO_4)_3$ X = Si, Al, Ga, Ge



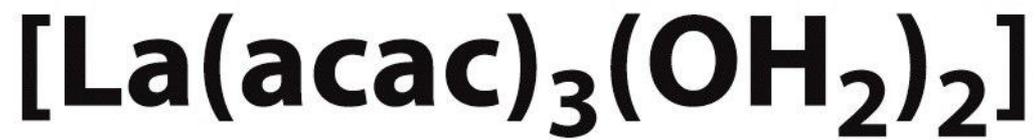
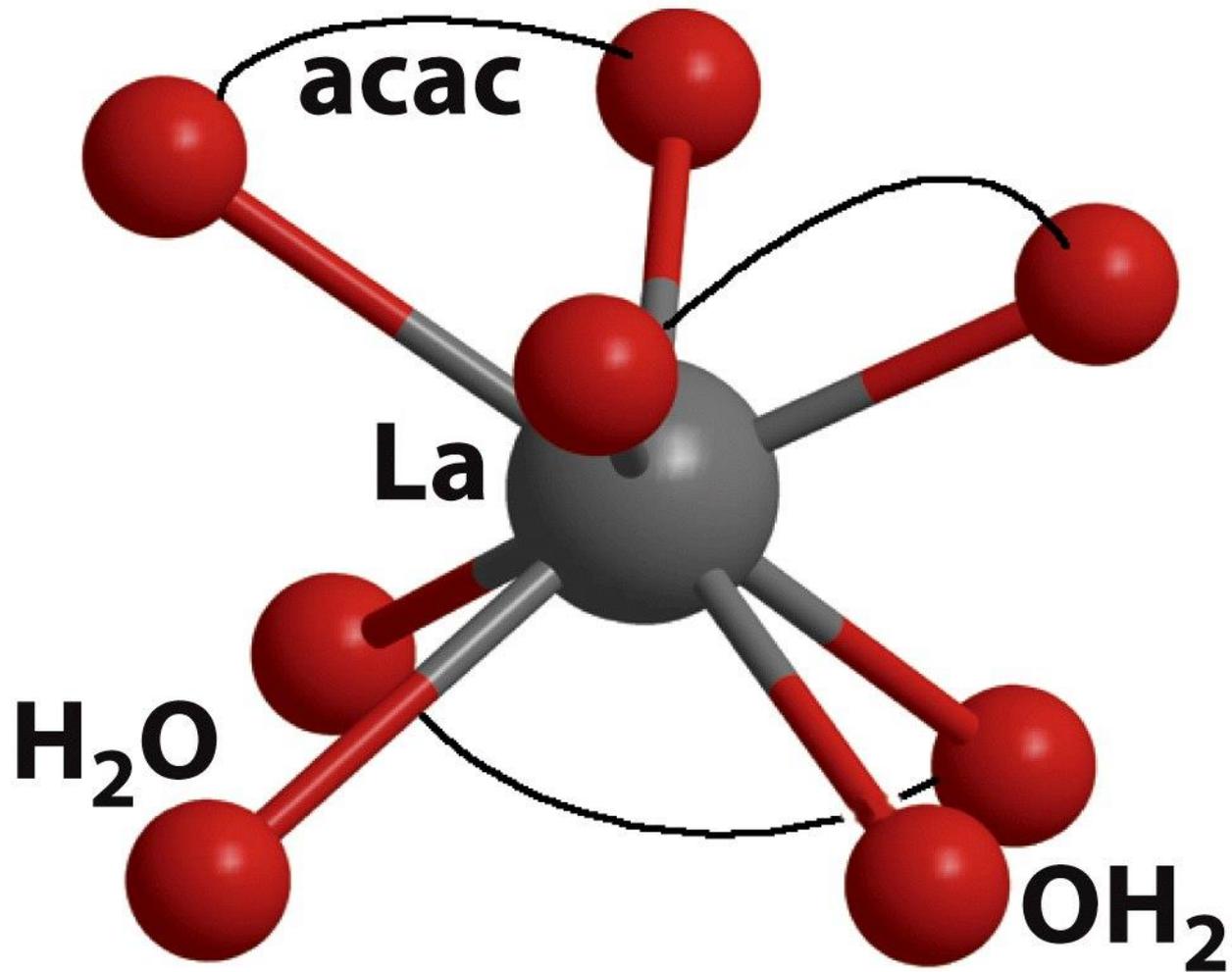
LASER a 4 livelli

Supermagneti



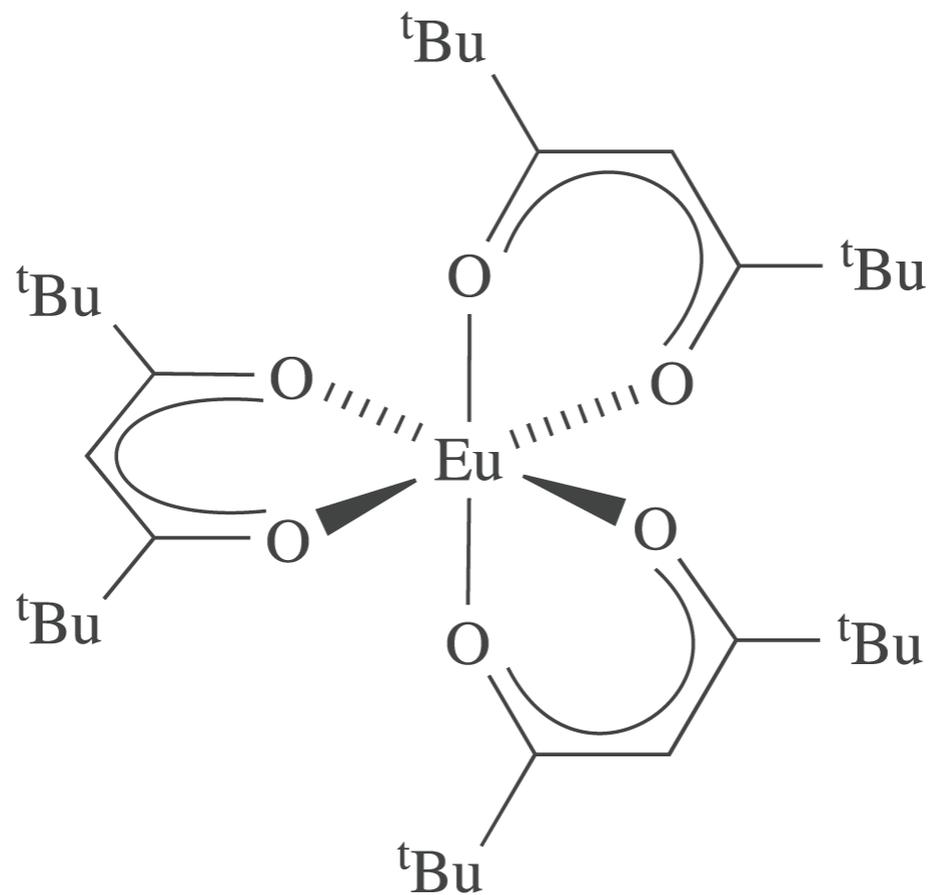


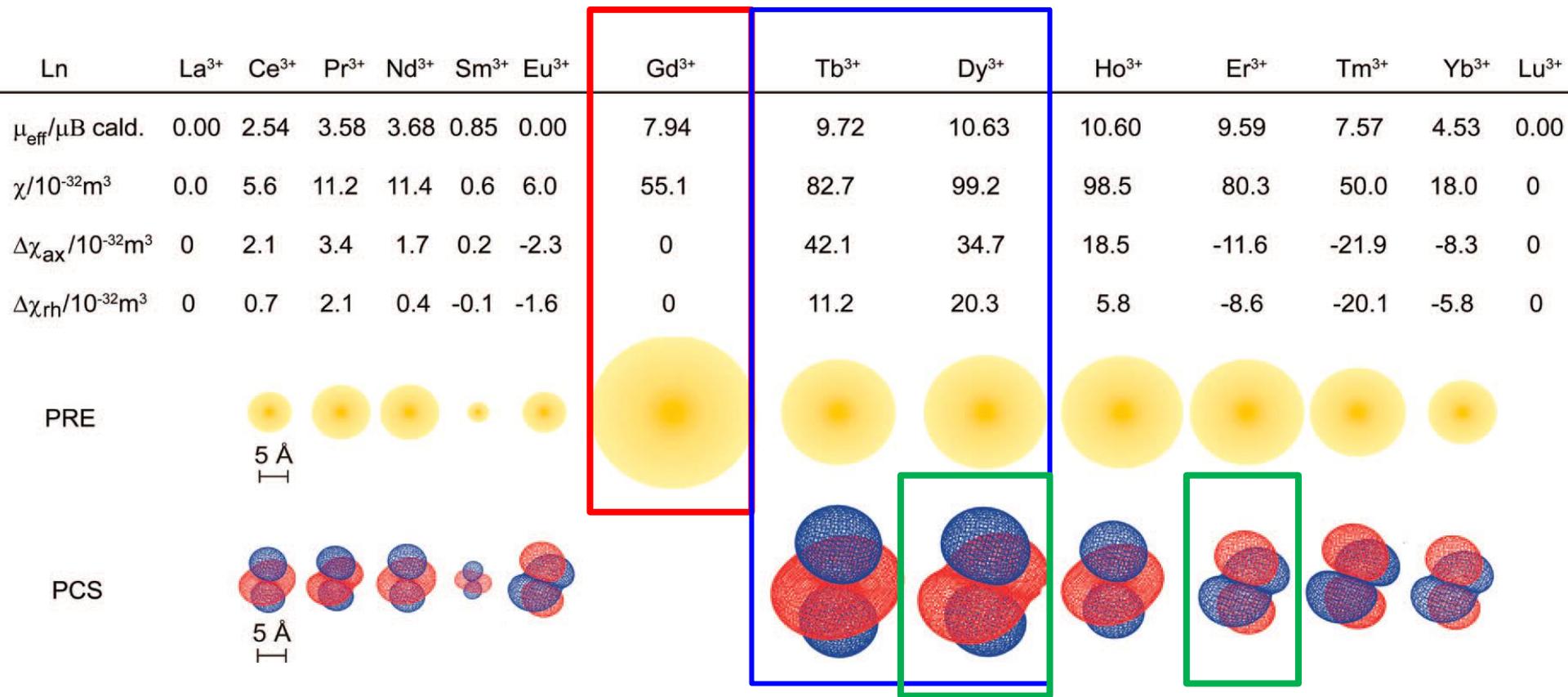
Prisma trigonale cappato



Antiprisma quadrato

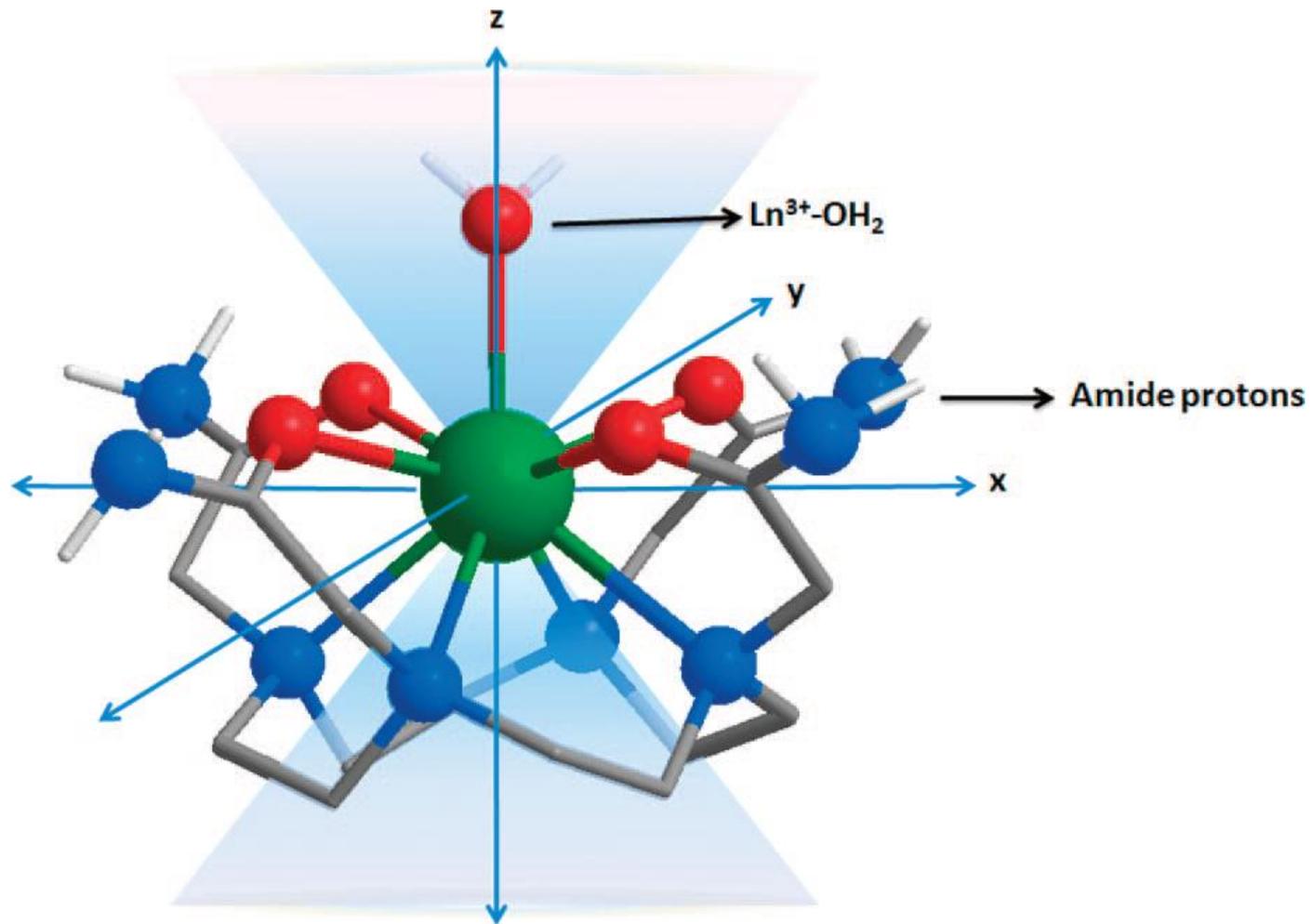
NMR *shift reagents*

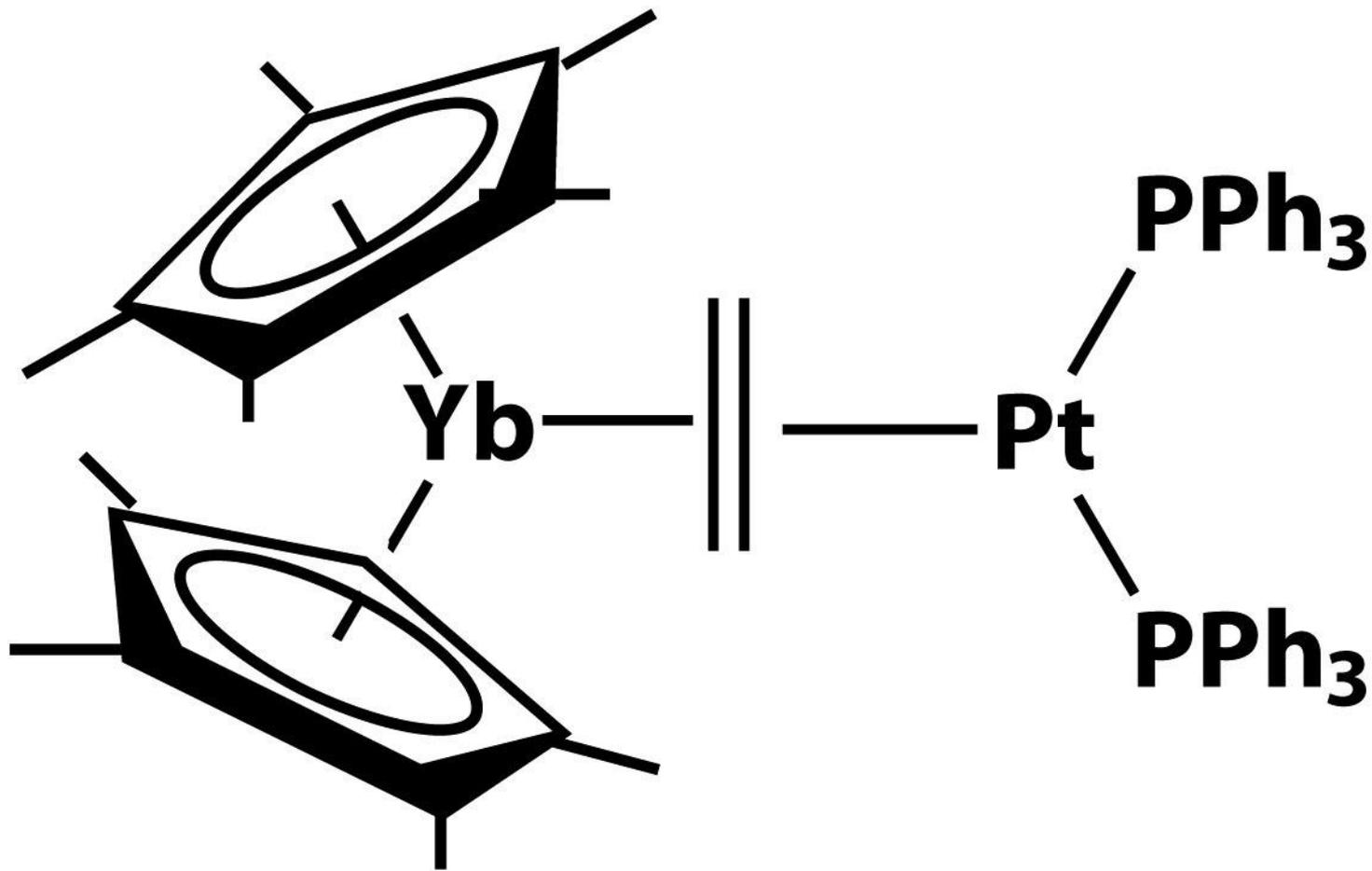




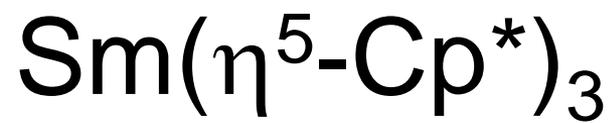
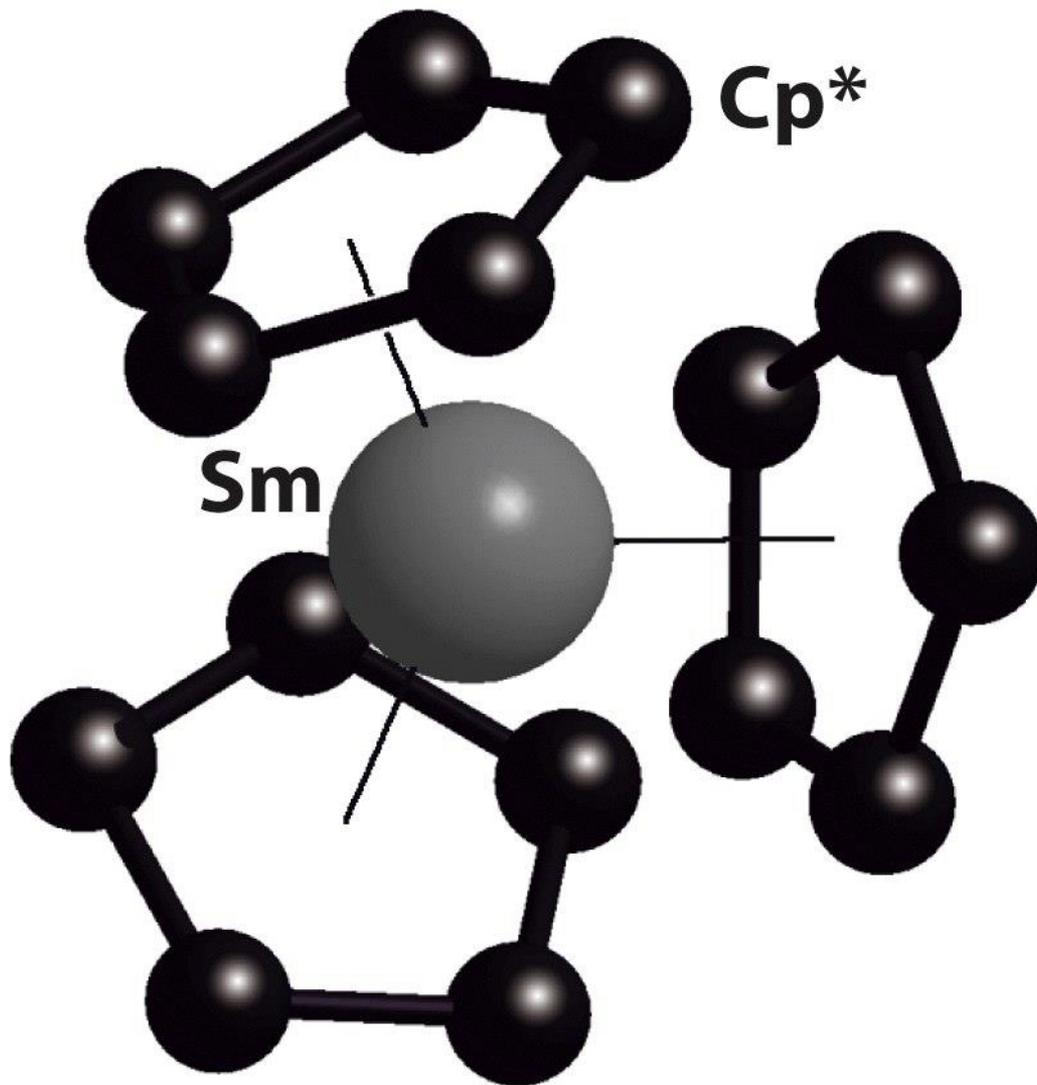
PRE = *Paramagnetic Relaxation Enhancement*

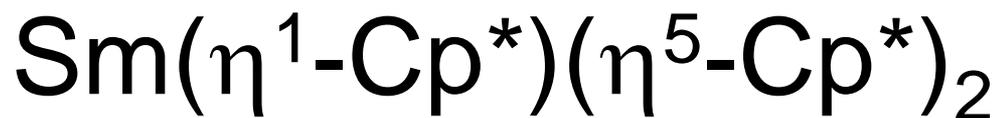
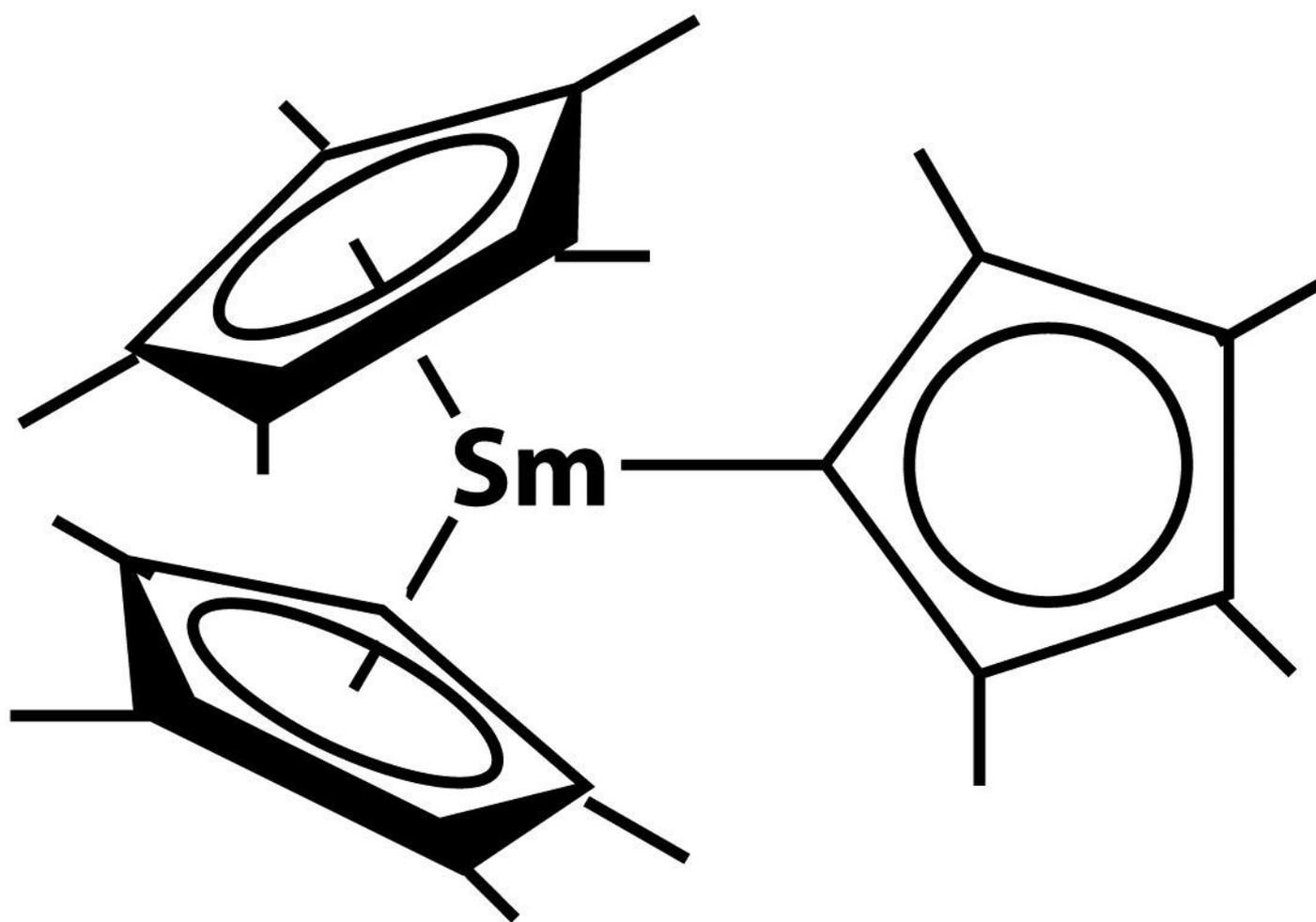
PCS = *Pseudo-Contact Shift*

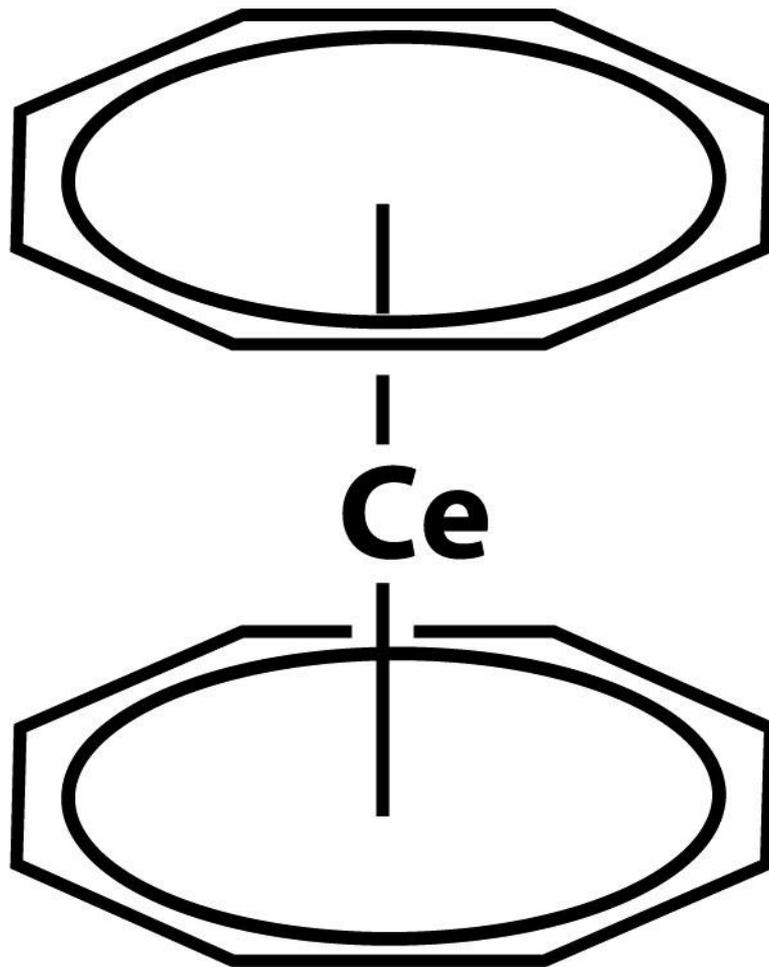




1987, primo complesso η^2 -alchene di un lantanide







Metatesi di legame σ

