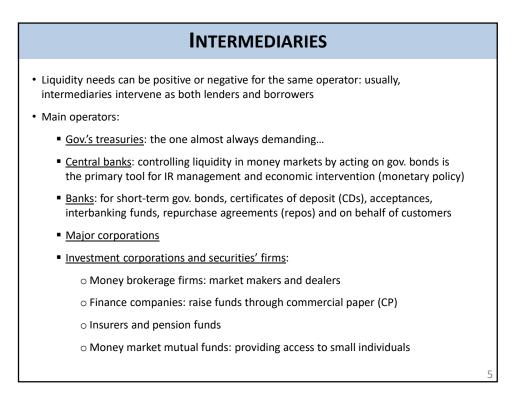
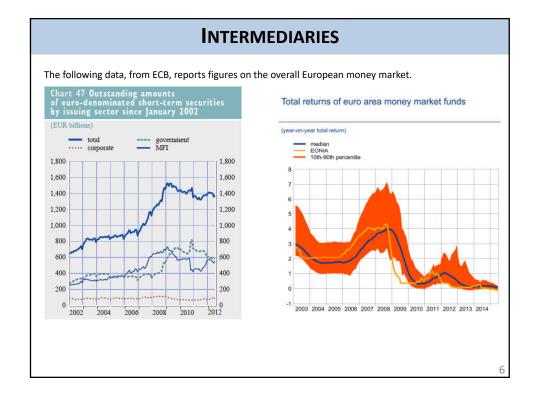


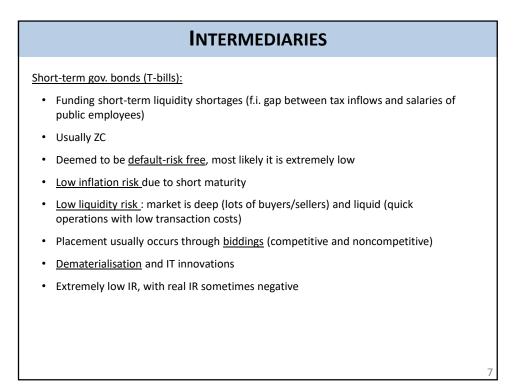
## **NATURE AND PURPOSE**

Why so important?

- Markets are not perfectly efficient
- Markets are limited by regulation
- Banks are unable to provide full coverage to short-term temporary funds' excesses or deficits:
  - Banks are subject to <u>reserve requirements</u> to lower excessive risk taking and bank-runs due to liquidity shortages
  - Heavy regulated banking sectors are <u>not fully competitive</u>, leading to costs for the economy in exchange of financial stability
  - Some countries require(d) interest rate ceilings on bank deposits
  - Money markets usually experience less restrictions
- And generally, all make **treasury decisions** more often than they invest or get a loan



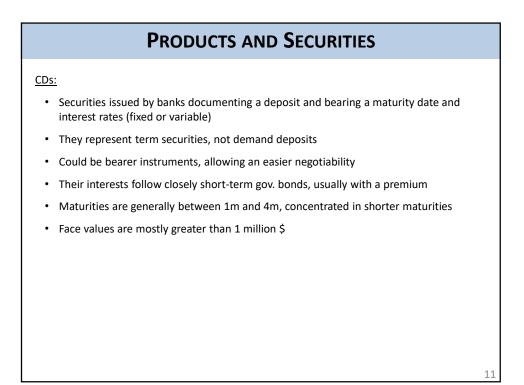




BIDDINGS	
Competitive bidding:	
Maturity, amount and features are announced	
<ul> <li>Operators make P/Q bids that are classified by the offered price (H to L) or, equivalently, required yield (L to H)</li> </ul>	
Bids are accepted until the total amount is achieved	
Each bid is priced as of the last highest accepted bid	
Noncompetitive bidding:	
Bidders communicate only amounts (not prices)	
All offers are accepted and priced through a linked competitive bidding	
Regulation is needed to avoid market cornering	
Several sophistications of these models are present (f.i. see Italy)	
http://www.dt.tesoro.it/it/debito_pubblico/titoli_di_stato/aste_titoli_stato.html	
	8

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<b>PRODUCTS AND SECURITIES</b>
<u>REPOs:</u>
Similar to interbanking, but allowing participants other than banks
Very short termed but longer that typical interbanking funds
<ul> <li>Loan is collateralised by securities traded in a deep and liquid market (mostly, gov. bonds)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Lender buys now securities from borrower, the latter accepts from inception to buy them back at a specified maturity date</li> </ul>
Allows participants to manage their liquidity or to earn from changes in IR
CBs are also active in the repo market, injecting or absorbing liquidity
Low default risk but not nil
10



## **PRODUCTS AND SECURITIES**

Commercial paper:

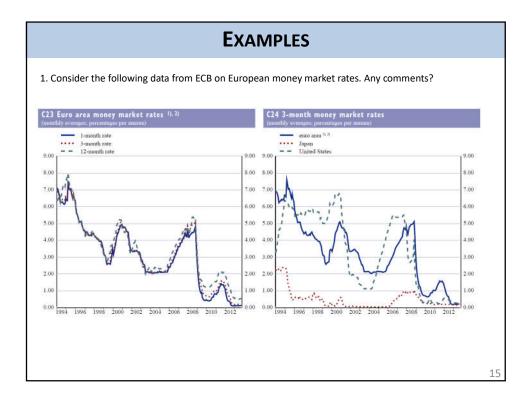
- Unsecured promissory notes issued by (few) enterprises
- Maturity within 270 days, but most are much shorter (20-45 days)
- To allow for liquidity, only major and secure corporations issue such securities
- Usually, issued as ZC
- Mostly directly placed from issuer to lender, otherwise through dealers (banks)
- Secondary markets are not deep and liquid
- If sold through dealers, they usually allow for early (costly) repurchase
- Could be indirectly secured by a banking line of credit
- Asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP): secured by a specified asset (f.i. mortgages), but quality of security depends heavily on quality of pledged assets (as underlined by the recent crises)

12



<b>PRODUCTS AND SECURITIES</b>	
Eurodollars:	
<ul><li>Deposits in dollars made outside the US</li><li>Higher returns than in domestic market due to less restrictive regulation</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Important role of the London interbank market, offering alternative to US' interbanking funds in Eurodollars and developing reference IR such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offer Rate) and LIBID (London Interbank Bid Rate)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Deep market, highly competitive (spreads below 0,125%)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Maturities and other features similar to interbanking funds</li> </ul>	
Also, Eurodollar CDs and other Eurocurrencies are available (yet still thin markets)	
	14

## 7



Imin €)         Imin €)         Imin €)         Imin €)         Imin €)         Imin €)         Imin E		01/13	02/13	03/13	04/13	05/13	06/13	07/13	08/13	09/13
Image: return         Image: r	Offer (mln €)	8,500	8,500	7,750	8,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,500	8,500
Max return         0.874%         1.113%         1.291%         0.930%         0.740%         0.974%         1.091%         1.063%         1.350%           Coverage         1.79         1.38         1.50         1.64         1.16         1.49         1.56         1.49         1.36           Exclusion         1.859%         2.087%         2.274%         1.917%         1.693%         1.957%         2.071%         2.049%         2.335%	Average return	0.864%	1.094%	1.280%	0.922%	0.703%	0.962%	1.078%	1.053%	1.340%
Coverage         1.79         1.38         1.50         1.64         1.16         1.49         1.56         1.49         1.36           Exclusion         1.859%         2.087%         2.274%         1.917%         1.693%         1.957%         2.071%         2.049%         2.335%	Min return	0.843%	1.070%	1.265%	0.909%	0.669%	0.949%	1.060%	1.042%	1.328%
Exclusion 1.859% 2.087% 2.274% 1.917% 1.693% 1.957% 2.071% 2.049% 2.335%	Max return	0.874%	1.113%	1.291%	0.930%	0.740%	0.974%	1.091%	1.063%	1.350%
	Coverage	1.79	1.38	1.50	1.64	1.16	1.49	1.56	1.49	1.36
	Exclusion return	1.859%	2.087%	2.274%	1.917%	1.693%	1.957%	2.071%	2.049%	2.335%

