«Introduzione alla metodologia LCA (*Life Cycle Assessment*)»

«Attrezzi» per la LCA

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Organizzazione dell'intervento

- A Review of LCA Methods and Tools and their Suitability for SMEs
- OpenLCA 1.4 case study of a beer bottle: Aluminium can vs PET bottle
- Discussione

• A Review of LCA Methods and Tools and their Suitability for SMEs

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<u>http://www.biochem-</u> project.eu/download/toolbox/sustainability/01/120321%20BIOCHEM%20LCA <u>review.pdf</u> Oltre ai documenti ISO14040 e 14044, un riferimento rilevante per QA e consistenza degli studi di LCA

The International Reference Life Cycle Data System (ILCD) Handbook (EU, 2012)

http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/uploads/JRC-Reference-Report-ILCD-Handbook-Towards-more-sustainable-production-and-consumption-for-a-resourceefficient-Europe.pdf

Life cycle thinking

Successful and sustainable innovation depends on having a clear understanding of the impacts and benefits of a product or service throughout the whole life cycle from the sourcing of raw materials to ultimate disposal at end of life

Five key stages in the life cycle of a product or service:

Raw materials – sourcing the materials required for the product or service

Production – converting raw materials and assembling the products **Distribution** – getting the product to the end user

Use – where the end user derives the direct value from the product or service

End of life – what happens when the end user has finished with the product or service

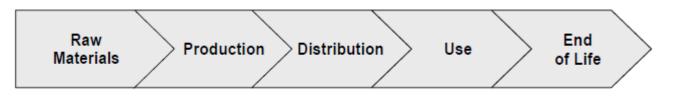
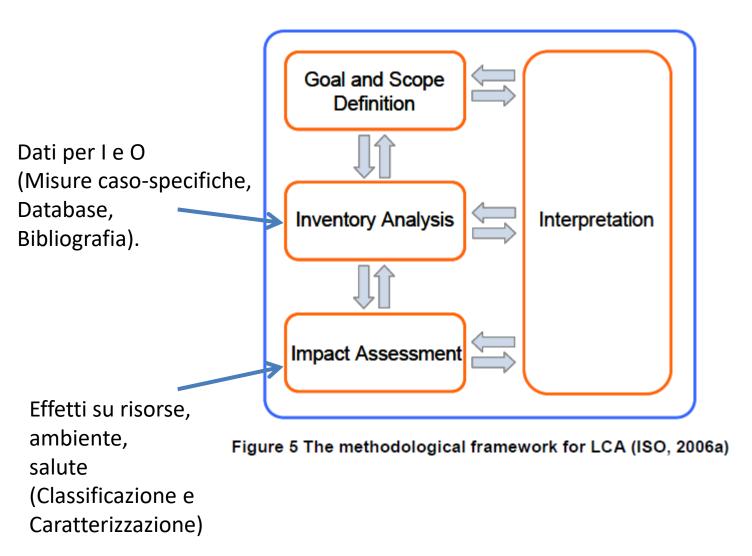


Figure 1 Stages in the life cycle of a product



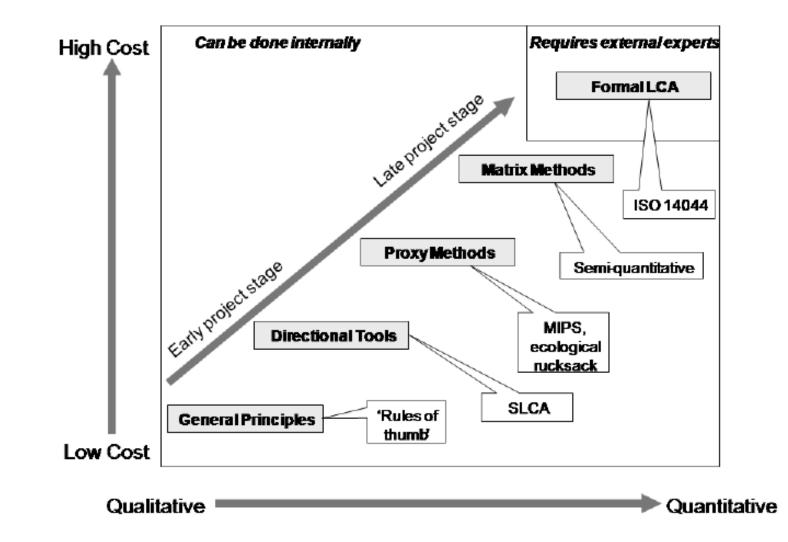


Figure 6 Different LCA tools and methodologies, depending on the intended application (CIKTN, 2009; also based on discussions with Chris Sherwin, Forum for the Future)

• Matrix-based LCA

• A more streamlined (ndP: snello) approach to LCA scores each stage of the life cycle for impact on a number of environmental indicators. Typical indicators include resource depletion, global warming potential, smog production, acidification, eutrophication, toxic waste production and biodiversity impact. Impact is estimated using a simple numerical scale. The completed matrix is used to focus attention on areas for improvement.

Proxy measures

Streamlined LCA methods are still too complicated for many applications. So proxy measures have been developed that *use a single value to represent the environmental impact of a product or material*. Examples include:

- Embodied energy this is a commonly available indicator and works well for systems that are dominated by energy use, such as packaging and construction. "L'emergia può essere definita come l'energia solare totale equivalente che viene usata sia direttamente sia indirettamente per produrre beni o servizi." (H.T.Odum, 1996, H.T. & E.C.Odum, 2000) ...Transformity: emergia in ingresso per unità di energia disponibile in uscita. Ad esempio, se occorrono 10000 emjoule solari per produrre un joule di energia dal legname, la transformity del legno è 10000 seJ/J. La transformity solare associata alla radiazione del Sole assorbita dalla Terra è per definizione pari a 1.
- Material input per unit of service (MIPS) overcomes some of the issues of embodied energy by accounting for all material movements, but does not really discriminate between materials with different environmental risks. Ecological rucksack is a simple version of this that describes the *amount of material moved from nature*.
- **Ecological footprint** measures the *total land area that is required to support the production of the service, product or lifestyle*. Most commonly used to communicate the impact of different life styles on the total amount of land required to support each society.
- **Eco-indicators** an attempt to model a wide *range of impacts that are then weighted against each other and summed into a single value*. Because of the value judgments built into weighting the different impact categories, these are subjective measures of actual impact. An example method is the *Eco-indicator 99 model*, which has been used by designers and several LCA software packages support it (e.g. SimaPro and Gabi).

Directional tools

Very simple assessments can be used to identify areas of focus in innovation and to suggest directions to explore. It is a simple matrix of the stages of a product life cycle and four "system conditions" defined by the Natural Step as being critical to sustainability. Each cell in the matrix is filled in using a series of questions designed to be answered with a simple yes or no, and scored on a scale from good to bad. A quick SLCA can be carried out in a group discussion based on already available information.

	RAW MATERIALS	PRODUCTION	PACKAGING AND DISTRIBUTION	USE AND PERIPHERALS	END-OF-LFE
SC1: Scarce materials taken from the earth					
SC2: Man-made persistent materials					
SC3: Degradation of nature					
SC4: Meeting people's needs					
Key					
Good	Quite Good	OK	Quite Bad	Bad	Don't Know
All answers positive. System condition met.	Mostly positive responses. System condition mostly met.	Some positive responses. System condition on the way to being met.	Mostly negative responses. System condition mostly not met.	All answers negative. System condition not met.	Insufficient knowledge to make reasonable judgment.

https://thenaturalstep.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/01/SLCA-matrix-structure.pdf

STREAMLINED LCA / ANALISI DI CICLO DI VITA «SNELLA» O RAZIONALIZZATA

<u>http://ec.europa.eu/environment/life/project/P</u> <u>rojects/index.cfm?fuseaction=home.showFile&r</u> <u>ep=file&fil=ACADEMY_StreamlinedLCA.pdf</u>

General principles

General principles, common sense and rules of thumb can all be used to make a swift assessment of the life cycle impacts. For example, for most product and services energy costs dominate the overall environmental impacts. Thus, lower impacts can be obtained by:

- using low embodied energy materials;
- efficient manufacturing processes;
- reducing distribution costs;
- low energy use per functional unit (unit of service); and
- no complex clean up at end-of-life.

«Attrezzi» per la valutazione del ciclo di vita (LCA)

Tool name	Supplier	Supports LCI and/or LCIA*	Supports full LCA*	Language	Main database	Special area if any	Free?	If commercial, availability of free trials	Web page
AIST-LCA Ver.4	National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST)		Yes	Japanese	AIST-LCA database		No	No free trial available	http://www.aist- riss.jp/main/modules/product/soft ware/nire.html?ml_lang=en
BEES 4.0	National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)		Yes	English	Bees database	Construction industry	Yes		http://www.nist.gov/el/economics /BEESSoftware.cfm
CCaLC Tool	The University of Manchester		Yes	English	CCaLC database including Ecolnvent database		Yes		http://www.ccalc.org.uk/index.ph p
Eco-Bat 2.1	Haute Ecole d'Ingénierie et de Gestion du Canton de Vaud	Yes		French, Italian, English	Eco-Bat database	Construction industry	No		http://www.eco- bat.ch/index.php?option=com_co ntent&view=frontpage&Itemid=1 ⟨=en
Ecoinvent waste disposal inventory tools v1.0	Doka Life Cycle Assessments (Doka Okobilanzen)	Yes		English	Ecoinvent database	Waste management	No	Yes	http://www.ecoinvent.ch/
EIME V3.0	CODDE		Yes	English	EIME database	Electrical, mechanical and electronic products	No	Yes	http://www.codde.fr/page.php?ru brique=20
Environmental Impact Estimator V3.0.2	Athena Sustainable Materials Institute		Yes	English	Own database	Construction industry	No	Yes	http://www.athenasmi.org/
eVerdEE v.2.0	ENEA - Italian National Agency for New Technology, Energy and the Environment		Yes	Italian, English	ENEA database		Yes		http://www.ecosmes.net/cm/inde x-EP
GaBi 4	PE International GmbH University of Stuttgart, LBP-GaBi		Yes	English	Gabi database		No	Yes	http://www.gabi- software.com/index.php?id=85& L=0&redirect=1
GEMIS version 4.4	Oeko-Institut (Institute for applied Ecology),	Yes		Spanish, Czech,		Energy, transport,	No		http://www.gemis.de/

	Darmstadt Office	1	1	German,	1	recycling and	1	1	1
	Darmstadt Onice			English		waste			
				English		treatment			
KCL-ECO 4.1	VΠ		Yes	English		acament	No		http://www.vtt.fi/research/technol
NOL-LOO 4.1	***		100	Linghon			140		ogy/sustainability assessment.js
									p?lang=en
LEGEP 1.2	LEGEP Software GmbH		Yes	English,	LEGEP	Construction	No	Yes	http://www.legep.de/index.php?A
22021 1.2			100	German	database	industry		100	ktivld=1125
LTE OGIP;	t.h.e. Software GmbH		Yes	German	datababo	Construction	No		http://www.the-
Version 5.0;				Contain		industry			software.de/ogip/einfuehrung.ht
Build-Number									mi
2092;									-
2005/12/12									
OpenLCA	GreenDeltaTC GmbH		Yes	English			Yes		http://www.openica.org
Qantis suite	Quantis		Yes	English	Qantis		No	Yes	http://www.guantis-
2.0				-	database				intl.com/software.php?step=fonct
REGIS 2.3	sinum AG		Yes	Japanese,	ecoinvent		No	Yes	http://www.sinum.com/en/produc
				Spanish,	Data v1.3:				ts/software/
				German,					
				English					
SALCA-tools	Agroscope Reckenholz-	Yes		German		Agriculture		Free for tool	http://www.agroscope.admin.ch/
	Tänikon Research Station							developers,	aktuell/index.html?lang=en
	ART							project	
								partners.	
								Access can be	
								negotiated	
								case by case	
								with the	
Carling Editor	CTENUM Cashi	Maa		Frakish			No	developers	http://www.element.com/2014.com
SankeyEditor 3.0	STENUM GmbH	Yes		English			No	Yes	http://www.stenum.at/en/?id=soft ware/sankey/sankey-intro
SimaPro 7	PRé Consultants B.V.		Yes	E.g.	SimaPro		No	Yes	http://www.pre.nl/
Sinarior	The consultants b.v.		103	Spanish,	database			103	Internet internet
				French,	Gatabase				
				Italian,					
				German,					
				English					
TEAM [™] 4.5	Ecobilan -		Yes	English			(Yes)	Some versions	https://www.ecobilan.com/uk_tea
	PricewaterhouseCoopers							free, others	m.php
								have demo	
								available	
The Boustead	Boustead Consulting		Yes	English	The		No	Yes	http://www.boustead-
 Model 5.0.12	Limited				Boustead			1	consulting on uk/
Model 5.0.12	Limited				Boustead Model				consulting.co.uk/
					database				
Limborto 5.5	ifu Hamburg GmbH		Yes	English	Umberto		No	Yes	http://www.umberto.de/en/produc
Uniperto 5.5	IIU Hamburg GmbH		res	English	library		NO	res	t/index.htm
USES-LCA	Radboud University	Yes		English	instaty	Toxic impacts	Yes		http://www.ru.nl/environmentalsci
USES-LOA	Nijmegen	100		Lingiisti		between	163		ence/research/life_cycle/multime
	- Ageneyeen					substances			dia toxic/
WRATE	UK Environment Agency		Yes	English		Municipal	No	Yes	http://lca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/lcainfo
	on Environment Agency		100	Lingholi		waste		100	hub/tool2.vm?tid=197
						management			
						systems			
L	I			1			-	1	

Table 2 Free LCA databases

Database name	Supplier	Languages	Special area, if any	Website
CCaLC database	The University of Manchester	English		www.ccalc.org.uk
CPM LCA Database	Centre for Environmental Assessment of Product and Material Systems - CPM	English		http://cpmdatabase.cpm.ch almers.se/
Eurofer data sets	EUROFER	English	Steel industry	www.eurofer.org
GEMIS 4.4	Oeko-Institut (Institute for applied Ecology), Darmstadt Office	Spanish Czech German English	Energy, transport, recycling and waste treatment	http://www.gemis.de/
Franklin Associates' Case examples	Franklin Associates	English		http://www.fal.com/projects .html
ILCD	European Commission	English		http://lca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/l cainfohub/datasetArea.vm
LC Data	Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe	German English	Energy, transport and end of life	www.lci-network.de
LCA_sostenipra_v.1. 0	Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona (UAB)	Spanish Catalan English	biomass production (energy crops and forest biomass), wood use and recycling (energy and products), ecodesign, sustainable architecture, service systems and green chemistry	http://www.sostenipra.cat/
MFA_sostenipra_v.1 .0	Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona (UAB)	Spanish Catalan English		http://www.sostenipra.cat/
PlasticsEurope Eco- profiles	PlasticsEurope	English	Polymers (main) and their intermediates	http://www.plasticseurope. org/plastics- sustainability/life-cycle- thinking.aspx
ProBas	Umweltbundesamt	German		http://www.probas.umweltb undesamt.de/php/index.ph p
US Life Cycle Inventory Database	Athena Sustainable Materials Institute	English		http://www.nrel.gov/lci/data base/default.asp

Database commerciali

Database name	Supplier	Free demo/trial available	Languages	Special area, if any	Website
DEAM™	Ecobilan - Pricewaterh ouseCooper s	No	English		https://www.ecobilan.com/uk_deam.php
Ecolnvent Data v1.3	Ecolnvent Centre	Yes	Japanese English		http://www.ecoinvent.org/
EIME V11.0	CODDE	Yes	Spanish French English	Selection of products	http://www.codde.fr/page.php?rubrique=20
esu- services database v1	ESU- services Ltd.	No	German English		http://www.esu- services.ch/index.php?id=104
GaBi databases 2006	PE International GmbH	No	Japanese German English		http://www.gabi- software.com/international/software/gabi- 4/
Option data pack	National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST)	No	Japanese	Chemical production, iron & steel and waste managemen t processes	http://www.jemai.or.jp/english/index.cfm
Sabento library 1.1	ifu Hamburg GmbH	No	German English	Enzymatic processes, cell cultures, and microbiologi cal systems	http://www.sabento.com/en/demo/index.ht m
SALCA 071	Agroscope Reckenholz- Tänikon Research Station ART	No (free to developers)	German English	Agriculture	http://www.agroscope.admin.ch/oekobilan zen/01198/index.html?lang=en
SimaPro database	PRé Consultants B.V.	Yes	English		http://www.pre.nl/simapro/inventory_datab ases.htm
sirAdos 1.2.	LEGEP Software GmbH	No	German	Construction	http://lca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/lcainfohub/datab ase2.vm?dbid=128
The Boustead Model 5.0.12	Boustead Consulting Limited	No	English	Fuels, materials	http://www.boustead-consulting.co.uk/
Umberto library 5.5	ifu Hamburg GmbH	Yes	German English		http://www.umberto.de/en/product/index.ht m

(Suitability of tools and databases for biochemical industry)





News

Apr 14 2016: Webinar "Introducing PSILCA 1.0" now available on YouTube!

Mar 03 2016: NEW RELEASE: openLCA 1.5.0 beta 1 available! openLCA is a free, professional Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) and footprint software with a broad range of features and many available databases, created by GreenDelta since 2006. It is an open source software; the software and its source code is freely available. The software is fully transparent and can be modified by anyone.

Besides being open source and free, openLCA offers...

http://www.openIca.org/case_studies

OpenLCA 1.4 case study of a beer bottle: Aluminium can vs PET bottle

functional unit can be defined as 500ml beer container (PET bottle, ALU can)

system boundary of this assessment includes production, consumption and disposal of the bottle within the US

exemplary character, showing the functions and capabilities of the software and sharing a typical case of eco-design

2 Goal , Scope and limitation of this Assessment

2.1 Goal definition

The goal of this case study is to compare environmental impact between two different materials of a typical 500ml beer bottle packaging in the US. The packaging can be made of aluminum or of PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate).