

THE PHYSICS OF CLUSTER MERGERS
 (C. SARAFIN) in "MERGING PROCESSES IN
 CLUSTERS OF GALAXIES", KLUWER, 2002 (see ADS)

MERGER KINEMATICS

eq. 10
 $R_{max} \rightarrow d_0$
 $M_{TOT} = M_1 + M_2$

From bimodal model
 $T = \left(\frac{R_{max}^3}{8GM_{TOT}} \right)^{1/2} (x - \sin x)$

x development angle

$x = \pi \quad R = R_{max}$

$T = T_{max}$
 expansion

$t_{merger} \approx 2T_{max}$

$|E| \propto M \sigma_v^2 \quad M \propto \sigma_v^3$

$|E| = \alpha M^{5/3}$

assuming that
 $\hookrightarrow \gamma = \frac{\lambda G}{a^{1/2}} M^{5/3}$ (eq. 17)

From eq. 17 to eq. 18
 $\gamma_1 = \frac{\lambda G}{a^{1/2}} M_1^{5/3}$ $\gamma_2 = \frac{\lambda G}{a^{1/2}} M_2^{5/3}$

$\gamma_{TOT} = \gamma_1 + \gamma_2 + \gamma_{ORB}$

$\gamma_{ORB} = \gamma_{TOT} - \gamma_1 - \gamma_2 = \frac{\lambda G}{a^{1/2}} \left[(M_1 + M_2)^{5/3} - M_1^{5/3} - M_2^{5/3} \right] =$

$= \frac{\lambda G}{a^{1/2}} (M_1 + M_2)^{5/3} \left[1 - \frac{M_1^{5/3} + M_2^{5/3}}{(M_1 + M_2)^{5/3}} \right]$

$E_1 = \alpha M_1^{5/3} \quad |E_2| = \alpha M_2^{5/3} \quad |E_{TOT}| = |E_1| + |E_2| + E_{orb}$

$E_{orb} = |E_{TOT}| - |E_1| - |E_2|$

$-\frac{GM_1 M_2}{d_0} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{M_1 M_2}{M_1 + M_2} v_0^2 = -\alpha \left[(M_1 + M_2)^{5/3} - M_1^{5/3} - M_2^{5/3} \right]$

eq. 11

$\alpha = \frac{GM_1 M_2}{d_0} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{M_1 M_2}{M_1 + M_2} v_0^2$

$\left[(M_1 + M_2)^{5/3} - M_1^{5/3} - M_2^{5/3} \right]$

$$J_{orb} = \frac{\lambda G (M_1 + M_2)^{5/3}}{\left(\frac{G(M_1 + M_2)}{d_0} - \frac{1}{2} v_0^2 \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{M_1 M_2}{M_1 + M_2} \right)^{1/2}} \cdot (M_1 + M_2)^{5/6} \cdot \left[1 - \frac{M_1^{5/3} + M_2^{5/3}}{(M_1 + M_2)^{5/3}} \right]^3$$

$$= \frac{\lambda G M_1 M_2}{\left(\frac{G(M_1 + M_2)}{d_0} - \frac{1}{2} v_0^2 \right)^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{(M_1 + M_2)^{3/2}}{M_1^{3/2} \cdot M_2^{3/2}} \left[1 - \frac{M_1^{5/3} + M_2^{5/3}}{(M_1 + M_2)^{5/3}} \right]^{3/2}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{(M_1 + M_2)^{3/2}}{M_1^{3/2} \cdot M_2^{3/2}}}_{f(M_1, M_2)}$$

eq. 18

eq. 19