

5'-desossiadenosilcobalamina

7 catene amidiche laterali,9 centri chirali

methylcobalamin (MeCbl or MeB₁₂)

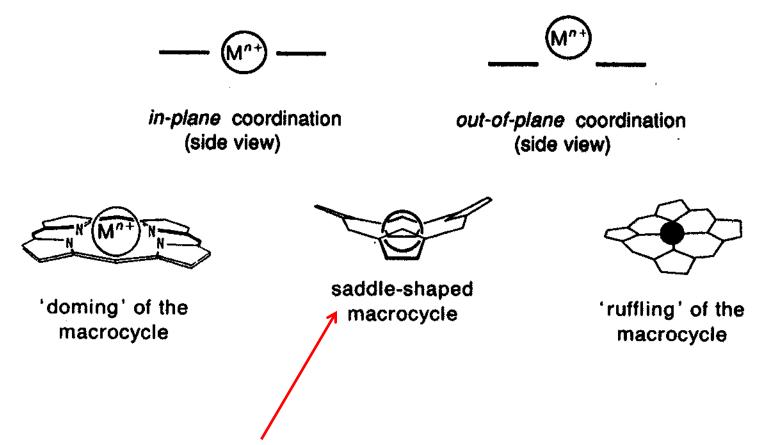
CN: cyanocobalamin (vitamin B₁₂)

OH: hydroxycobalamin

H₂O: aquacobalamin

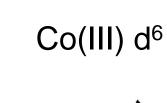
R: 5'-deoxyadenosylcobalamin (coenzyme B₁₂, AdoCbl or AdoB₁₂)

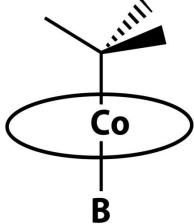
R = 5'-deoxyadenosyl



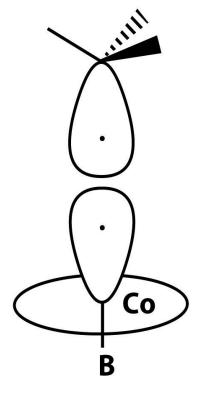
Distorsione nelle cobalamine

Co sempre basso spin





C. N. = 6

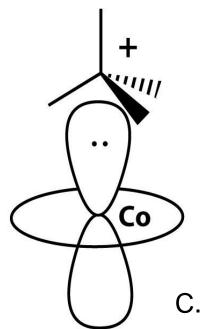


Co(II) d⁷

C. N. = 5

supernucleofilo

Co(I) d⁸

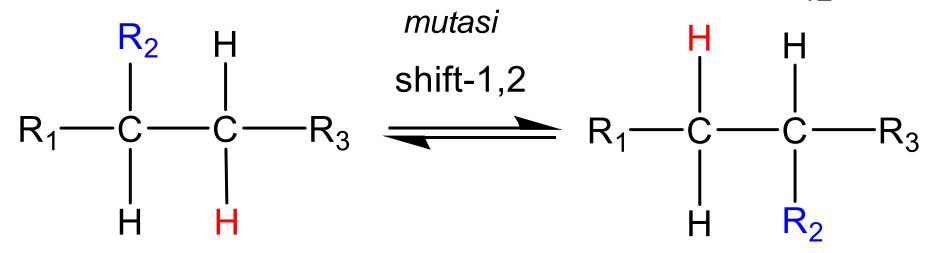


C. N. = 4



B

Reazioni catalizzate dal coenzima B₁₂



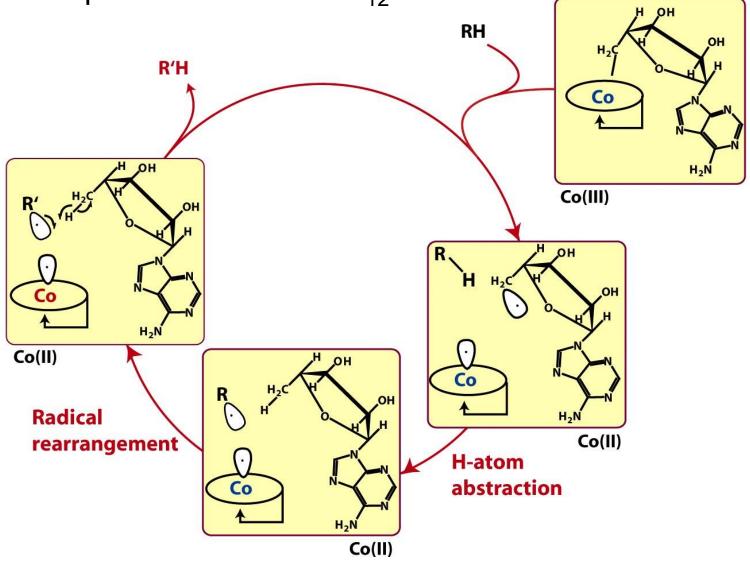
Enzima	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃
Diolo	CH ₃	OH	ОН
deidratasi	,		
Etanolamina	Н	NH_2	ОН
deaminasi			
Glutammato	Н	CH(NH ₂)COO	COOH
mutasi		Н	
Glicerolo	CH ₂ OH	ОН	ОН
deidratasi	_		

MetilMalonil-Coenzima A-Mutasi

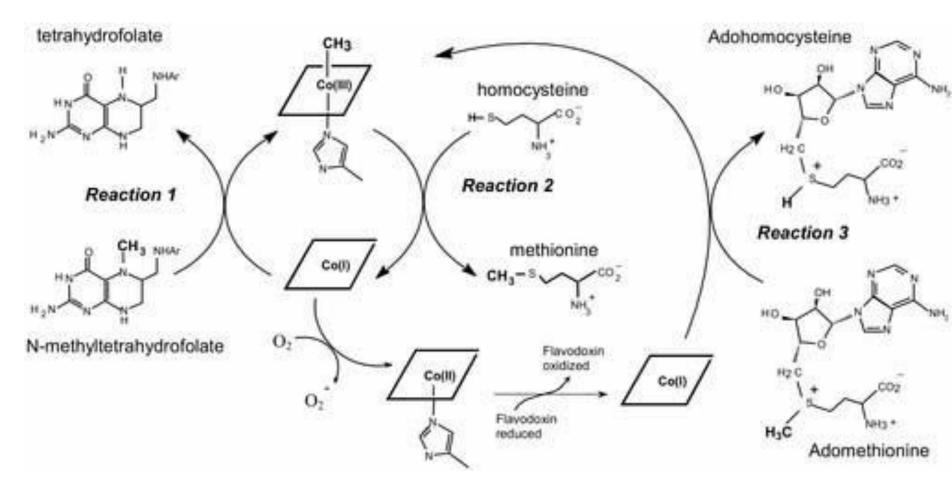
(succinil-CoA necessario nel ciclo di Krebs)

La rottura del legame Co-C è 10¹² volte più veloce nell'enzima

completo rispetto al coenzima B₁₂

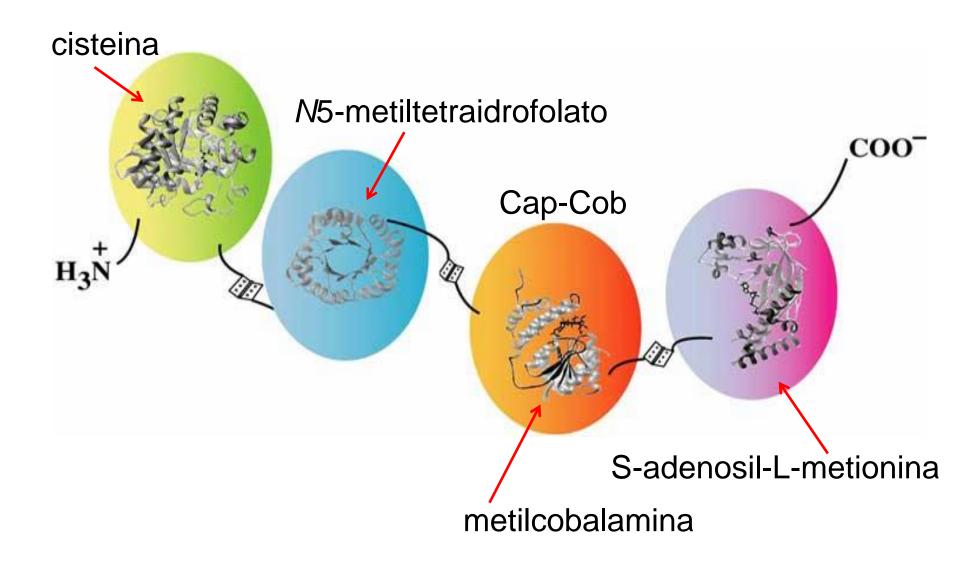


Metilcobalamina: cofattore della Metionina Sintasi

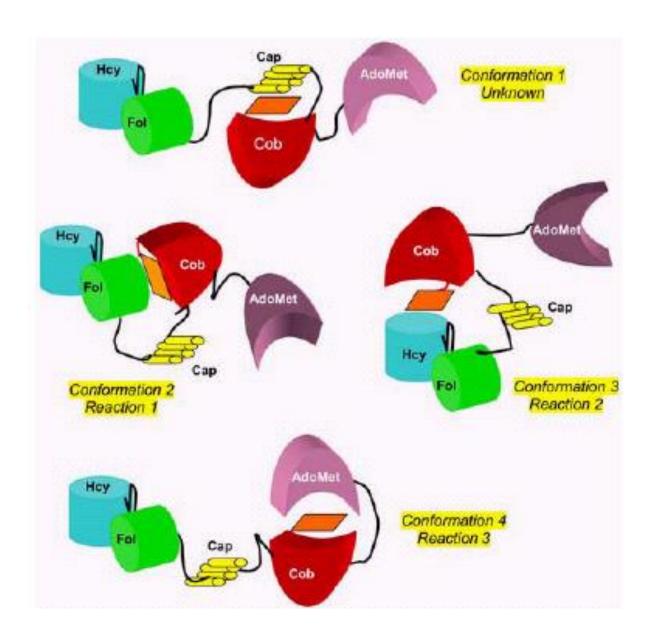


S-adenosil-L-metionina

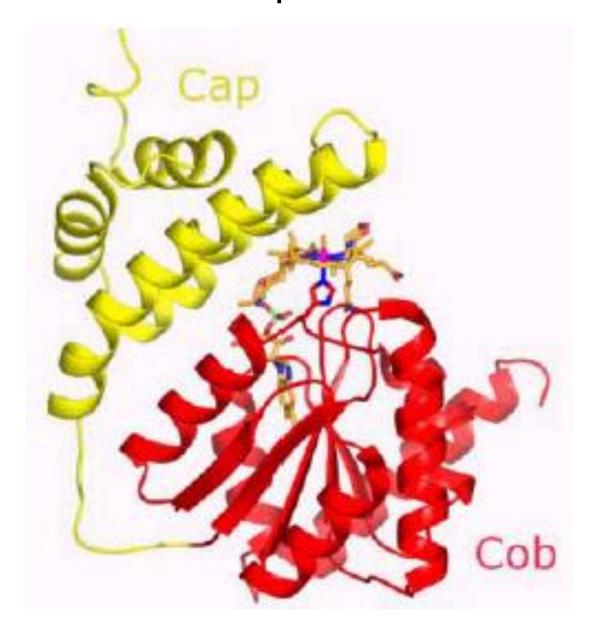
Metionina Sintasi



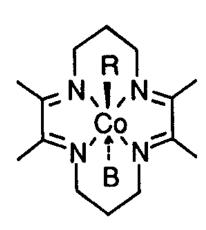
Variazioni conformazionali della metionina sintasi



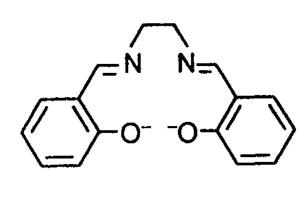
Metilcobalamina in Cap-Cob: base-off/His-on



Modelli

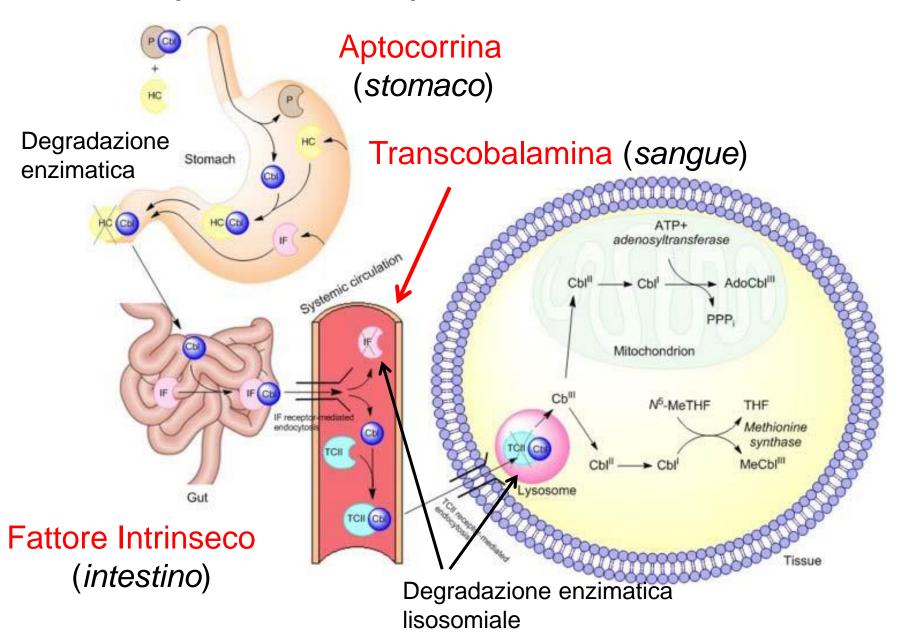


a Costa complex

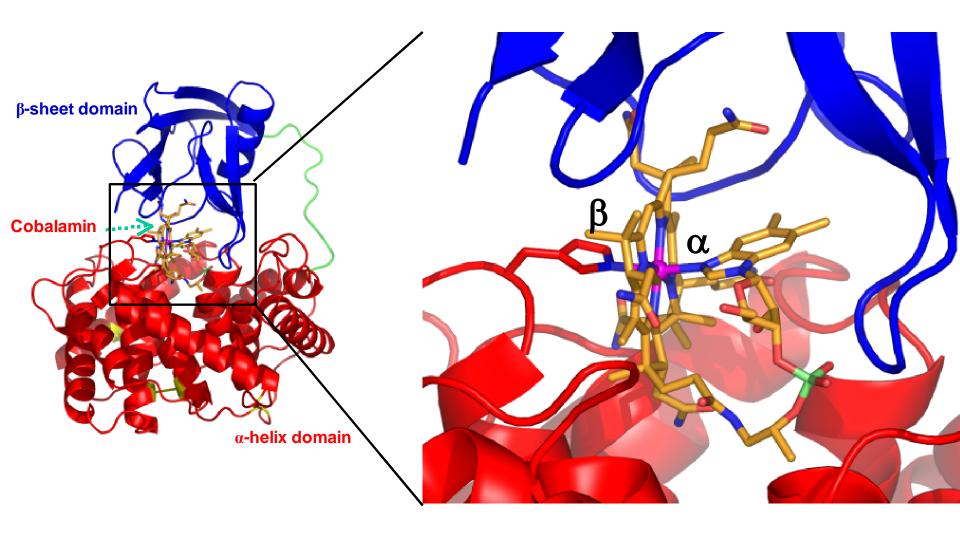


salen ligand

Uptake e Trasporto della Cobalamina

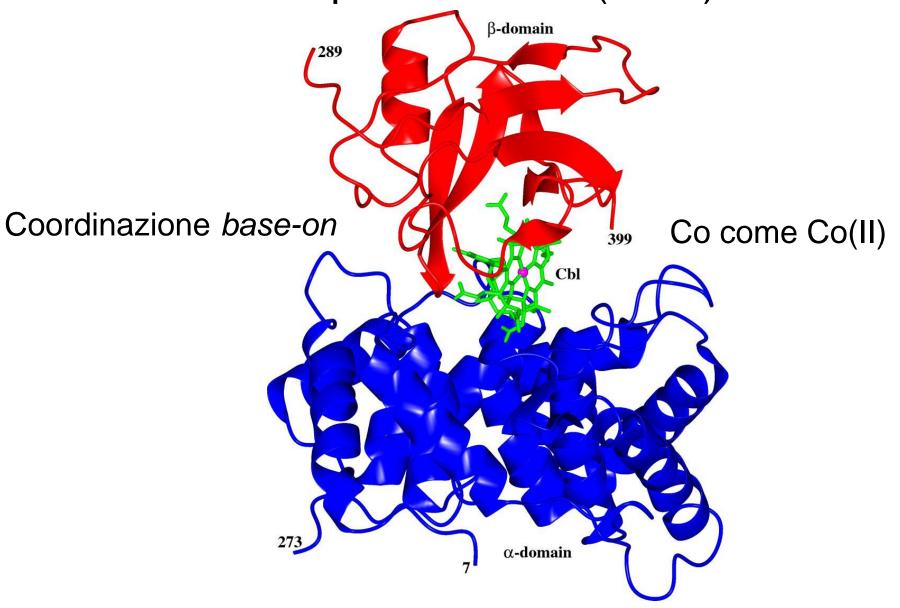


Struttura TC+Cobalamina (2006)



Coordinazione *base-on/His-on* (su β)

Complesso IF-Cbl (2007)



Addotto IF-Cbl con CUB₅₋₈ recettori della cubilina

