

MASTER DEGREE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS, A.Y. 2018/19
ADVANCED GEOMETRY 3 - WORKSHEET 1

To be returned by March 19th.

1. Let $F \in K[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ be a non-constant polynomial. The set $\mathbb{A}^n \setminus V(F)$ will be denoted \mathbb{A}_F^n . Prove that $\{\mathbb{A}_F^n \mid F \in K[x_1, \dots, x_n] \setminus K\}$ is a topology basis for the Zariski topology.

2. Let $n \geq 2$. Let K be an algebraically closed field. Prove that, in the n -dimensional affine space over K , \mathbb{A}_K^n , both any hypersurface $V(F)$ and its complement set \mathbb{A}_F^n have infinitely many points.

3. Prove that the map $\varphi : \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^3$ defined by $t \rightarrow (t, t^2, t^3)$ is a homeomorphism between \mathbb{A}^1 and its image X , for the Zariski topology. Prove that the image X is an affine algebraic set.

4. Let K be an infinite field. Let T be a subset of the polynomial ring $K[x_0, x_1, \dots, x_n]$, and T' be the set of homogeneous components of the polynomials of T . Prove that $V_P(T) = V_P(T')$.

5. Let $\sigma : \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^3$ be the Segre map, defined by

$$\sigma([a_0, a_1], [b_0, b_1]) = [a_0b_0, a_0b_1, a_1b_0, a_1b_1].$$

Prove that σ is a bijection between $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$ and the quadric of \mathbb{P}^3 of equation $x_0x_3 - x_1x_2 = 0$.