## MASTER DEGREE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS, A.Y. 2018/19 ADVANCED GEOMETRY 3 - WORKSHEET 5

To be returned by May 17 2019.

1. Let X, Y be quasi-projective varieties. We identify  $X \times Y$  with its image via the Segre map. Prove that the two projection maps

$$X \times Y \xrightarrow{p_1} X, \quad X \times Y \xrightarrow{p_2} Y$$

are regular. (Hint: use the open covering of the Segre variety  $\Sigma$  by  $\Sigma \cap U_{ij}$ .)

2. Let L, M be the lines in  $\mathbb{P}^3$  defined by the equations:

 $L: x_0 = x_1 = 0; \ M: x_2 = x_3 = 0.$ 

- (1) Find the Plücker coordinates of the points of the Grassmannian  $\mathbb{G}(1,3)$  corresponding to the lines of  $\mathbb{P}^3$  meeting both L and M.
- (2) Prove that these points describe a quadric surface Q of rank 4 contained in  $\mathbb{G}(1,3) \subset \mathbb{P}^5$  and write its equation.
- (3) Describe geometrically the two families of lines contained in Q.

3. Let  $X = V_P(F) \subset \mathbb{P}^3$ , with  $F = x_0 x_3^2 - x_1 x_2^2$ .

- (1) Check that the line  $M: x_2 = x_3 = 0$  is contained in X. Let  $\Phi$  be the pencil of planes containing M.
- (2) Prove that the intersection of X with any plane  $\pi$  of  $\Phi$  is the union of M with another line  $L_{\pi}$ .
- (3) Prove that, as  $\pi$  varies in  $\Phi$ , the points of  $\mathbb{G}(1,3)$  corresponding to the lines  $L_{\pi}$  describe a skew cubic.