National Institute of Oceanography and Applied Geophysics - OGS

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National Institute of Oceanography and Applied Geophysics – OGS

- OGS' roots date back to the School of Astronomy and Navigation founded in Trieste by empress Maria Theresa of Austria in 1753
- OGS is a National Research Institute
 <u>https://www.istruzione.it/archivio/web/ricerca/enti-di-</u>
 <u>ricerca/elenco-enti.html</u>

- The National Institute of Oceanography and Applied Geophysics (OGS) is a public research institution, operating under the aegis of the Italian Ministry of Education, University and Research (MIUR) developing basic and applied research in the fields of oceanography, geophysics and seismology.
- Within its international mission, OGS promotes **cooperation** and dialogue amongst individuals, institutions and countries through the instrument of **Science Diplomacy**.
- OGS initiative on Sustainable Blue Growth represents a crosscutting support to the Western Mediterranean Forum on Higher Education, Research and Innovation (Dialogue 5+5) and for the benefit of all Mediterranean Countries.
- OGS Strategic Plan (2019-2021): <u>www.inogs.it/</u> <u>PTA%202019-2021_DEF_inviatoMIUR_12_febbraio_2019.pdf</u>

Type of Activities

- Publishable Research
- Institutional research
- Third Mission

Geographical Priorities

- · Central and South America
- Polar Regions
- <u>Mediterranean basin</u>

Technological Divisions

- Oceanography
- Geophysics
- Infrastructure
- Seismology

Human resources - 2018

- 287 researchers, technologists, technicians and administrative staff
- Around 40 PhD students and other trainees



Type of Activities

Publishable Research

Scientific and technological priorities in research

- Unveil and use the potential of seas and oceans;
- 2. Mitigate the impact of disasters on sea and on land;
- 3. What is behind out feet: knowledge and use of the Earth interior;
- Enlarge the community of data utilization: make marine data and products FAIR;
- 5. Predict the future climate response of polar areas.

Third Mission

Third Mission

- Economic valorisation of knowledge, which include research on behalf of third parties, the management of intellectual propriety, enterprise creation and, more generally, the relationships researchindustry;
- 2. Production of public goods for society, culture and education, aimed at enhance society welfare and resilience.

Institutional Research

Institutional Research

- Design, realization, management and maintenance of research infrastructures of high complexity;
- Creation and management of nonmaterial research infrastructures (databases);
- 3. High level consultancy activities.





Programma Nazionale per la Ricerca



Aerospazio Agrifood

Energia

Fabbrica



Heritage

Mobilità

intelligente sostenibile



growth





Chimica E verde cre Ma





ite Smart, Tecnologie Secure and per gli Inclusive Ambienti Communities di Vita

https://www.istruzione.it/allegati/2016/PNR 2015-2020.pdf

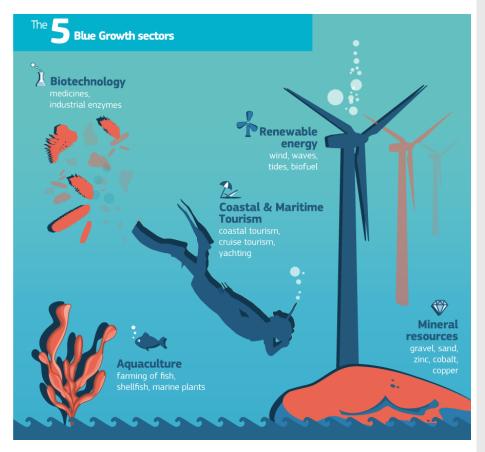
EUROPEAN BLUE GROWTH STRATEGY

- Blue Growth is the long term strategy to support sustainable growth in the marine and maritime sectors as a whole. Seas and oceans are drivers for the European economy and have great potential for innovation and growth. It is the maritime contribution to achieving the goals of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.
- The 'blue' economy represents roughly 5.4 million jobs and generates a gross added value of almost €500 billion a year. However, further growth is possible in a number of areas which are highlighted within the strategy.

Source: https://ec.europa.eu/maritimeaffairs/policy/blue_growth_en

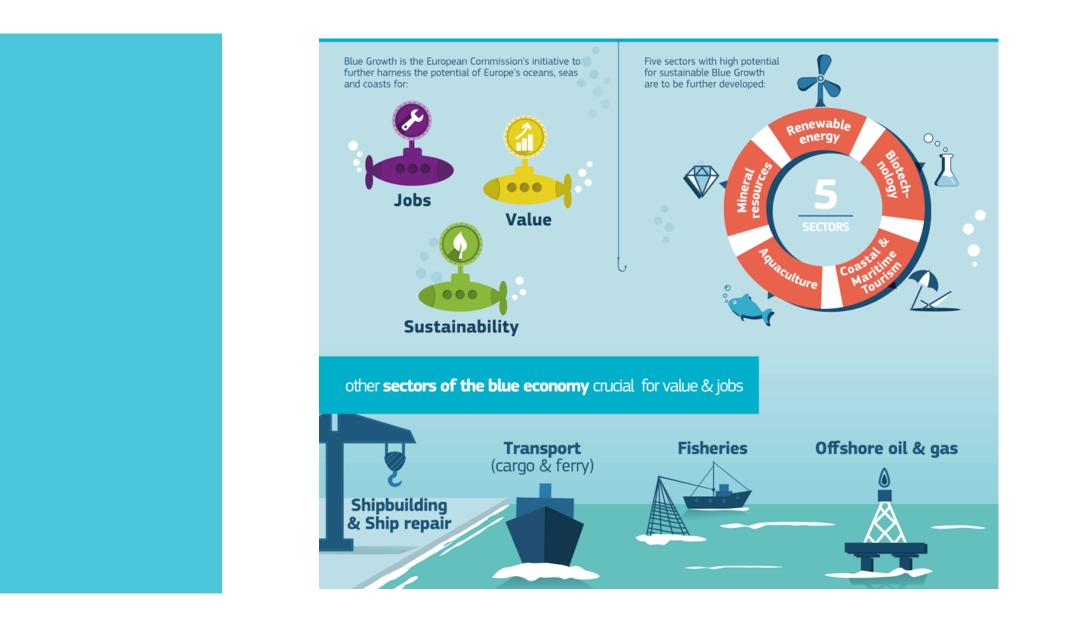
The strategy consists of three components:

- Develop sectors that have a high potential for sustainable jobs and growth:
- a) aquaculture (Fisheries website)
- b) coastal tourism
- c) marine biotechnology
- d) ocean energy
- e) seabed mining



- 2. Essential components to provide knowledge, legal certainty and security in the blue economy
- a) marine knowledge to improve access to information about the sea;
- b) maritime spatial planning to ensure an efficient and sustainable management of activities at sea;
- c) integrated maritime surveillance to give authorities a better picture of what is happening at sea.

- 3. Sea basin strategies to ensure tailor-made measures and to foster cooperation between countries
- a) a. Adriatic and Ionian Seas
- b) b. Arctic Ocean
- c) c. Atlantic Ocean
- d) d. Baltic Sea
- e) e. Black Sea
- f) f. Mediterranean Sea
- g) g. North Sea



BLUE ECONOMY: OVERVIEW

As a marine and coastal analogue to the Green Economy, the **Blue Economy** approach is based on a vision of "improved wellbeing and social equity, while significantly reducing environmental risks and ecological scarcities" (UNEP 2013).

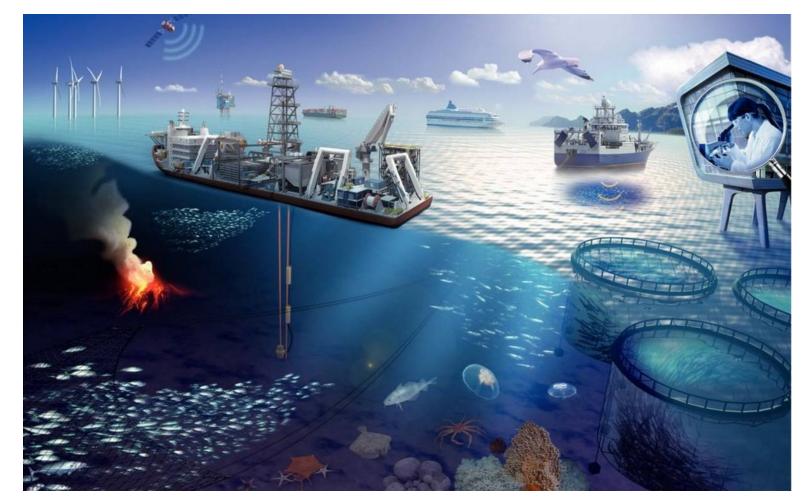
The concept of a "blue economy" emphasizes conservation and sustainable management, based on the premise that healthy ocean ecosystems are more productive and a must for sustainable oceanbased economies (FAO).

FAO:

http://www.fao.org/policy-support/policy-themes/blue-growth/en/

UNEP:

https://www.unenvironment.org/resources/report/blue-growthopportunities-marine-and-maritime-sustainable-growth



OECD: http://www.oecd.org/innovation/inno/ocean-economy/

EMPLOYMENT AND "BLUE" CAREERS

There is a mismatch between the needs of policy and industry in a changing world, and the typically more traditional approach to educating graduates within the University system. There is strong emphasis on Blue Growth in Europe. However traditional marine-based graduate programmes do not equip our future marine professionals with the ability to realize the potential of a sustainable blue economy.

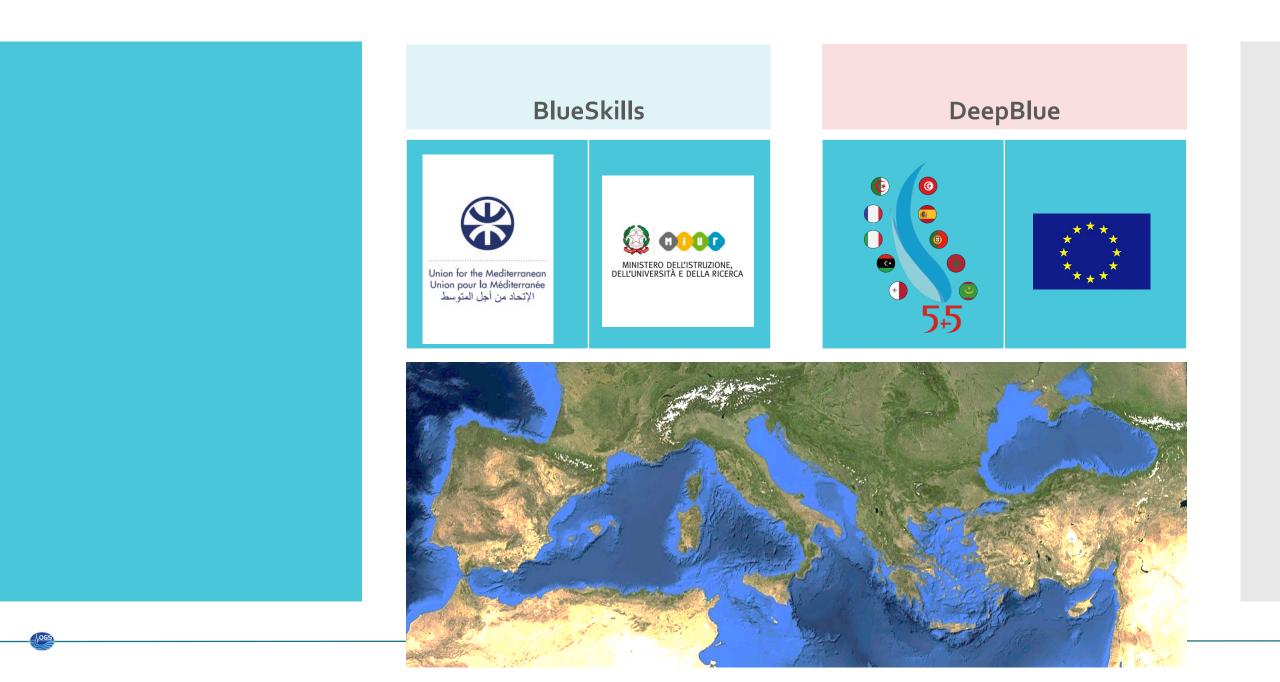
We need graduates who:

- understand the needs and requirements of blue industries, and have had exposure to both academic and non-academic careers;
- have and can apply multi-disciplinary knowledge to complex marine systems;
- have a good range of transferrable skills and experience; and
- can ensure innovation and bring new ideas to address new challenges.

Source: EMB Future Science Brief 2 "Training the 21st Century Marine Professional", free to download at: <u>http://www.marineboard.eu/science-strategy-publications</u>

Type of activity	Ocean service	Established industries	Emerging industries	New industries	Drivers of future growt
Harvesting of living resources	Seafood	Fisheries	Sustainable fisheries		Food security
			Aquaculture	Multi-species aquaculture	Demand for protein
	Marine bio-technology		Pharmaceuticals, chemicals		R&D in healthcare and industry
Extraction of non-living resources, generation of new resources	Minerals	Seabed mining			Demand for minerals
			Deep seabed mining		
	Energy	Oil and gas			Demand for alternative energy sources
			Renewables		
	Fresh water		Desalination		Freshwater shortages
Commerce and trade in	Transport and trade	Shipping			Growth in seaborne trad
and around the ocean		Port infrastructure and services			International regulation
	Tourism and recreation	Tourism			Growth of global touris
		Coastaldevelopment			Coastal urbanisation
			Eco-tourism		Domestic regulations
Response to ocean health challenges	Ocean monitoring and surveillance		Technology and R&D		R&D in ocean technologies
	Carbon sequestration		Blue carbon (i.e. coastal vegetated habitats)		Growth in coastal and ocean protection and conservation activitie
	Coastal protection		Habitat protection, restoration		
	Waste disposal			Assimilation of nutrients, solid waste	

Activities that can contribute to restoring ocean health



The 5+5 Dialogue: Western Mediterranean Forum for Research Innovation and Higher Education

OGS represents Italy in the Western Mediterranean Forum for Higher Education, Research and Innovation (Dialogue 5+5)

The 5+5 Dialogue is a sub-regional forum for dialogue between Western Mediterranean countries and a 'space' for research and innovation to promote cooperation in science, technology and higher education. The Maghreb countries involved are Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia, and the European nations are France, Italy, Malta, Portugal and Spain.

Rome Declaration, 2019 (<u>link</u>)

Website and updates: http://www.fiveplusfiverihe.org/





The 5+5 Dialogue: Western Mediterranean Forum for Research Innovation and Higher Education

The 5+5 Dialogue is a sub-regional forum for dialogue between Western Mediterranean countries and a 'space' for research and innovation to promote cooperation in science, technology and higher education. The Maghreb countries involved are Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia, and the European nations are France, Italy, Malta, Portugal and Spain. Its main goals are:

- Fostering the synergies between higher education, research and innovation programmes in the Western Mediterranean Area;
- Enhancing the role of higher education, research and innovation for contributing to the job creation within the Western Mediterranean Area.

Rome Declaration and Work Plan, 2019 (<u>link</u>) Website and updates: <u>http://www.fiveplusfiverihe.org/</u>



Science Diplomacy

«Bridging the World through Science»

International science cooperation strengthens countries' excellence and attentiveness in research and innovation as well as their economics and industrial competitiveness. It allows better tackling global societal challenges as international cooperation allows developing multiannual roadmaps for cooperation with key partner countries and neighboring regions (source: <u>EEAS</u>).

- Science in diplomacy: Science can provide advice to inform and support foreign policy objectives.
- **Diplomacy for science**: Diplomacy can facilitate international scientific cooperation.
- Science for diplomacy: Scientific cooperation can improve international relations.

The "Trieste System"



The "Trieste System"

- The city of Trieste and its surrounding territory comprise an area with the highest development potential that aims to become a European reference point, to attract an increasingly higher number of international students and researchers, to develop tangible interactions with the business world, thereby achieving a positive spin-off on the local society and economy.
- This Network which identifies itself in the name Trieste City of Knowledge - operates in order to provide functional responses to the objectives outlined above, developing the relations between the local territory and its scientific excellence.

ACTIVITIES

- Dissemination of scientific culture
- Knowledge and innovation-based activities in support of the local economy
- Training
- Activities aimed at attracting Italian and foreign researchers and students
- Services for resident researchers and students
- Relations between researchers and the corporate world
- Organization of urban and territorial spaces
- Social participation by organizing events, tours and other initiatives

BlueSkills

Blue Jobs and Responsible Growth in the Mediterranean throughout Enhancing Skills and Developing Capacities



Who we are What we do Work with us Info center Contact Q



The UfM endorses two new regional projects to support Member States in their transition to climate-resilient economies and to promote blue employment

Ahead of the 4th UfM Ministerial Meeting on Employment and Labour, the UfM endorses initiatives to promote blue and sustainable economic growth in order to improve livelihood and create jobs

Brussels, **28** March **2019**. The Senior Officials of the Union for the Mediterranean (UfM) endorsed today two new regional projects to contribute to the transition towards sustainable, low-carbon and climate-resilient development (Clima-Med) and on encouraging the development of skills, knowledge and research in the field of Blue Economy (Blue Skills). The UfM will join forces for these projects with the European Union and Italian National Institute of Oceanography and Applied Geophysics – OGS in Italy, respectively.

Latest news

The UfM endorses three new regional projects ahead of the Forum of Ministers of Foreign Affairs 04/10/2019

UfM conference takes place in

https://ufmsecretariat.org/ufm-endorses-two-new-regional-projects/



Southern and Eastern Mediterranean countries



#visibility #fundraising #win-win strategy UfM projects and initiative database: <u>https://ufmsecretariat.org/what-we-do/projects/</u>

OVERVIEW

- Promoter Consortium of 10 countries led by the Italian National Institute of Oceanography and Applied Geophysics - OGS (Italy)
- **Countries** 5+5 Dialogue member countries
- Geographical scope: Mediterranean area
- Funding: 100% funded by the Italian Ministry for Education, University and Research (MIUR) -Additional funding envisaged for increasing beneficiaries and scaling up impact.
- BlueSkills is a UfM labelled project.

Framework

- UfM Ministerial Declaration on Blue Economy (2015)
- Valletta Declaration on Strengthening Euro-Mediterranean Cooperation through Research and Innovation (2017)
- UfM Roadmap: UfM Agenda on Sustainable Development (2017)

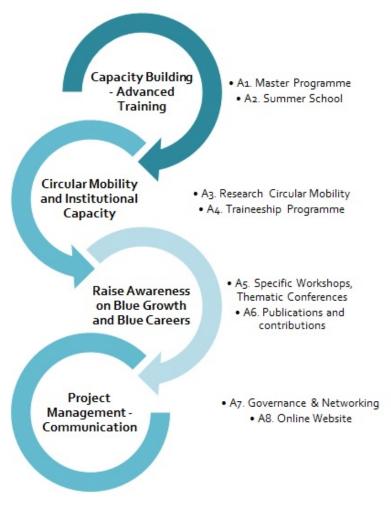
Algeria Italy Malta Mauritania Morocco Libya Portugal Spain France Tunisia

Partnership

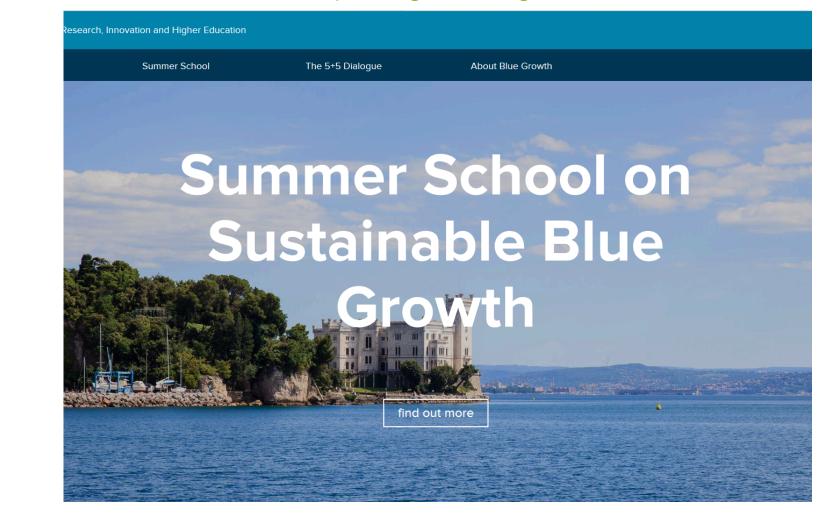
- 1. National Institute of Oceanography and Applied Geophysics OGS (Italy)
- 2. Algerian National School of Marine Sciences and Coastal Management- ENSSMAL (Algeria)
- 3. Libyan Authority of Natural Science Research and Technology - ANSRT (Libya)
- 4. University of Malta (Malta) University of Nouakchott Al Aasriya UNAA (Mauritania)
- 5. National Institute of Oceanography and Fisheries of Mauritania IMROP (Mauritania)
- 6. Polytechnic University of Madrid UPM (Spain)
- 7. Higher Institute of Fisheries and Aquaculture of Bizerte ISPAB (Tunisia)
- 8. Euro-Mediterranean University of Fez EUMF (Morocco)
- 9. Chouhaib Doukkali University UCD (Morocco)
- 10. Centre for Marine Sciences of the Algarve CCMAR (Portugal)
- 11. Aix Marseille University AMU (France)

Expected Results

- A1. Master Programme: 20 to 25 students per year
- A2. Summer School: 30 to 35 students per year
- A3. Research Mobility: 1-2 Researchers hosted by a Project Partner per year
- A4. Professional Traineeship: 1-2 Researchers hosted by a Project Partner per year
- A5. Specific Workshops, Conferences: Minimum one conference per year (General outreach: approx. 50 per year) / Minimum one thematic workshop per year (20 to 25 participants per year)
- A6. Further contributions, Publications
- A7. Project Management: A network of 11 Mediterranean institutions actively engaged in the euro-med region
- A8. Online Portal Management: Content creation on the www.bluegrowth.inogs.it official portal



http://bluegrowth.inogs.it/



SUMMER SCHOOL 2018



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HOOL 2018		SUMME	sc	H
10 days		5 days	5	
197 applications	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	600+ applications		
27 participants		36 participa	nts	36
18 Countries	\bigotimes	24 Countri	e s	A
15 12 Women Men	† †	22 Women	14 Men	2
12 10 Master PhD		19 Master	12 PhD	

IER SCHOOL 2019







SUSTAINABLE BLUE ECONOMY

SUMMER SCHOOL 2014 - 2019



4000 applications

> 244 participants











27 Countries

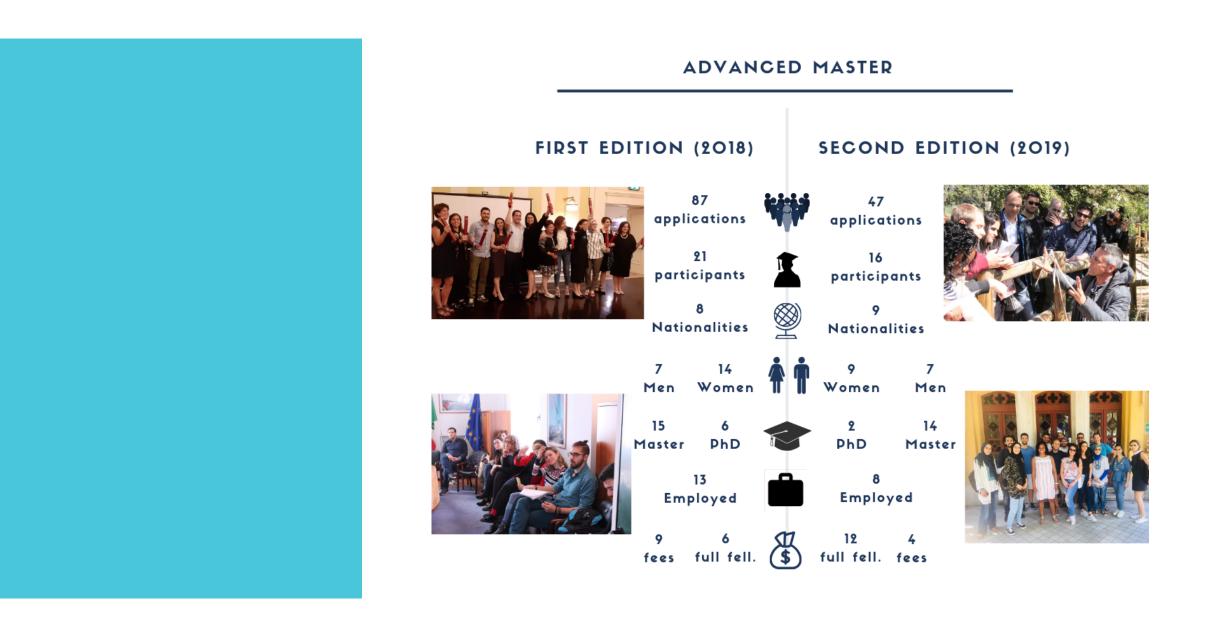




24-50 Years old



100% Fellowship



KEY FEATURES

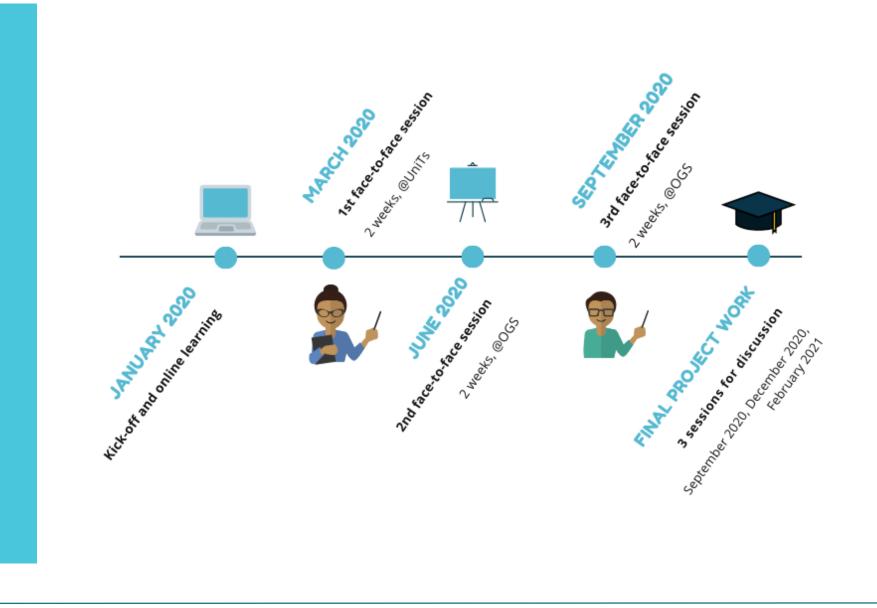


DIDACTIC CONTENTS

Soft skills enhancement, traineeships, job-oriented activities, networking events



E-learning platform: virtual classroom - online tests and evaluations



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SUPPORTING INSTITUTIONS



MINISTERO DELL'ISTRUZIONE DELL'UNIVERSITA' E DELLA RICERCA







Union for the Mediterranean Union pour la Méditerranée الإتحاد من أجل المتوسط











Deep Blue

Developing Education and Employment Partnerships for a Sustainable Blue Growth in the Western Mediterranean Region

PARTNERSHIP

OGS	National Institute of Oceanography and Applied Geophysics	ITALY
USFAX	University of Sfax	TUNISIA
UPM	Polytechnic University of Madrid	SPAIN
ISPA	Higher Institute of Fishing Technologies and Aquaculture	TUNISIA



KEY FIGURES

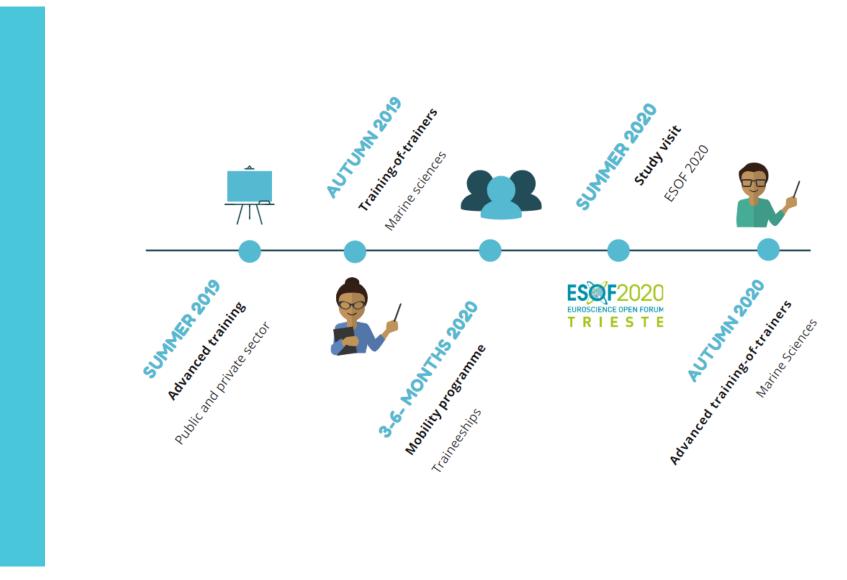
- January 2019 December 2020 - 24 months
- 4 Partners
- 3 Mediterranean Countries
- 3 Advanced Trainings
- 1 Study Visit
- 30 Fellowships (from 3 to 6 months)
- 3 Final dissemination events

CONTEXT/OBJECTIVE

- It focuses on the main concerns related to a sustainable marine environment, such as the development and sharing of tools for monitoring and assessing environmental impacts of specific maritime activities, the use of marine spatial planning, and the correct exploitation of marine resources.
- The DEEP BLUE project aims at developing skills, building capacities, and enhancing the geopolitical dialogue through increased international scientific cooperation (Science Diplomacy).

EXPECTED RESULTS

- Consolidate a network of Western Mediterranean partner countries higher education institutions, research centres and private companies in the marine and maritime sector.
- Establish new innovative ideas based on collaborations from public and private stakeholders
- Share existing data and adopt common methodologies in field related to marine science for a common knowledge
- Promote the mobility of young professionals in the region, increasing brain circulation and exchanging good practices in the sectors related to Blue Economy
- Raise awareness on Blue Economy challenges and opportunities across the Mediterranean
- Increase the visibility of the scientific work in fields related to Sustainable Blue Growth





(1) Advanced training for local authorities, municipality officers and representatives of the private sector, on marine spatial planning and its application for fisheries and aquaculture. Lead: OGS



(2) **Training-of-trainers** for young professionals in the field of marine sciences on environmental monitoring techniques to manage the environmental impacts on fisheries and aquaculture. "Advanced Lead: Uni Sfax



Study Visit to the "Trieste System" a hub for science, business and society interactions in a wide geographical area such as North-East of Italy and Central Eastern Europe during the European Science Open Forum (ESOF 2020). Lead: OGS

Professional and Research scholarships: Job Shadowing programme for young professionals in the marine and maritime field (PhD students, researchers, high qualified professors). Lead: OGS-UPM





(3) Advanced training for trainers on the effective nanagement and sustainable development of fisheries resources. Lead: ISPA



Co-funded by the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund

European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF)

- The EMFF is the fund for the EU's maritime and fisheries policies for 2014-2020. (Information on funding after 2020 is available here: EU budget: Commission proposes a new fund to invest in the maritime economy and support fishing communities)
- It is one of the five European Structural and Investment (ESI) Funds which complement each other and seek to promote a growth and job based recovery in Europe.

Source: https://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/cfp/emff_en

• European Maritime and Fishery Fund (EMFF)

- European Agency for Small and Medium-sized enterprises (EASME)
- Sustainable Blue Economy
 Call 2017
- Strand 3: Blue networks in the Med. Job creation, innovation and entrepreneurship in the blue economy of the Mediterranean Sea.

- AIM To accelerate the development of the blue economy in the Mediterranean through closer cooperation between public and private maritime stakeholders.
- It will support skills, innovation, entrepreneurship as well as job diversification and local communities' empowerment.
- Specific Objective A: Education and Skills



The funded projects: database <u>https://ec.europa.eu/easme/en/emff-projects</u>

The European Maritime And Fisheries Fund 2014-2020

E5400 M

To help fishermen adapt to sustainable fishing, create jobs for the sector and diversify economies in coastal communities. The EMFF assists Member States to co-finance operational programmes and projects, to reach the objectives of the reformed Common Fisheries Policy.

● **-** | ‡

It is one of the five European Structural and Investment Funds which complement each other to deliver more jobs, welfare and growth in the EU.





€4340 €58

Sustainable Fisheries Making fisheries and aquaculture more sustainable and profitable:

Ensuring and creating sustainable jobs Local development and support to fisheries areas Marketing and processing

Controlling fishing effort, TACs and quotas Other technical measures to improve

Access to fishing grounds

Control and Enforcement

To monitor compliance with the

selectivity and sustainability

European Common Fisheries Policy and

protect a fair access to healthy stocks:

€520м

Data Collection

To collect the data the scientists need to improve our knowledge of the seas and the long term management of ou fisheries:

Understanding and monitoring of commercial species Dynamics of single stocks and mixed fisheries Ecological modelling of regional basin



Blue Economy

To unlock sustainable growth and job creation from our seas and oceans, in areas such as:

Maritime surveillance (CISE) Improved knowledge of the seas and ecosystems Enabling rational exploitation of new

marine resources (e.g. energy, biotech)

thank you!