Principles of Paleocurrent Analysis

Table 4.1. Facies classification. (Modified from Miall 1978c)

Facies code	Facies	Sedimentary structures	Interpretation
Gmm	Matrix-supported, massive gravel	Weak grading	Plastic debris flow (high-strength, viscous)
Gmg	Matrix-supported gravel	Inverse to normal grading	Pseudoplastic debris flow (low strength, viscous)
Gci	Clast-supported gravel	Inverse grading	Clast-rich debris flow (high strength) or pseudoplastic debris flow (low strength)
Gcm	Clast-supported massive gravel	~	Pseudoplastic debris flow (inertial bedload, turbulent flow)
Gh	Clast-supported, crudely bedded gravel	Horizontal bedding, imbrication	Longitudinal bedforms, lag deposits, sieve deposits
Gt	Gravel, stratified	Trough cross-beds	Minor channel fills
Gp	Gravel, stratified	Planar cross-beds	Transverse bedforms, deltaic growths from older bar remnants
St	Sand, fine to very coarse, may be pebbly	Solitary or grouped trough cross-beds	Sinuous-crested and linguoid (3-D) dunes
Sp	Sand, fine to very coarse, may be pebbly	Solitary or grouped planar cross-beds	Transverse and linguoid bedforms (2-D dunes)
Sr	Sand, very fine to coarse	Ripple cross-lamination	Ripples (lower flow regime)
Sh	Sand, very fine to coarse, may be pebbly	Horizontal lamination parting or streaming lineation	Plane-bed flow (critical flow)
SI	Sand, very fine to coarse, may be pebbly	Low-angle (< 15°) cross-beds	Scour fills, humpback or washed-out dunes, antidunes
Ss	Sand, fine to very coarse, may be pebbly	Broad, shallow scours	Scour fill
Sm	Sand, fine to coarse	Massive, or faint lamination	Sediment-gravity flow deposits
Fl	Sand, silt, mud	Fine lamination, very small ripples	Overbank, abandoned channel, or waning flood deposits
Fsm	Silt, mud	Massive	Backswamp or abandoned channel deposits
Fm	Mud, silt	Massive, desiccation cracks	Overbank, abandoned channel, or drape deposits
Fr	Mud, silt	Massive, roots, bioturbation	Root bed, incipient soil
С	Coal, carbon- aceous mud	Plant, mud films	Vegetated swamp deposits
P	Paleosol carbonate (calcite, siderite)	Pedogenic features: nodules, filaments	Soil with chemical precipitation

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