READING COMPREHENSION: COMPETITION

Brussels files suit over bilateral aviation deals

By Michael Smith in Brussels

The European Commission is taking eight European countries to the European Court of Justice over their bilateral aviation deals 5 with the US. The EU's executive said yesterday that the deals distorted the EU air market to the detriment of European carriers.

Disclosure of the move coincid-10 ed with confirmation by British 40 EU Airways (BA) that it was scaling back plans for a full alliance with American Airlines because of regulatory difficulties. BA is also 15 pressing the British government to reach an agreement with the US for a gradual liberalisation of the US air market. Talks between Brussels and Washington on a full 20 open skies policy broke down last 50 then. However, the Commission month.

The European Commission's decision to file suit against the UK, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, 25 Finland, Germany, Luxembourg and Sweden follows a long campaign to win the approval of EU member states for seeking an EU-

wide deal with the US. 'There need 30 be no roll-back,' the Commission 60 another country's territory - and said. 'These individual agreements can be written into a wider

European Transport 35 Commissioner said member states created serious competition distortions by unilaterally granting US carriers rights while ensuring exclusivity for their own carriers. rules were rendered ineffective2 by the deals, he said. The Commission warned member states four years ago that bilateral deals with the US would be illegal 45 and would jeopardise3 the creation Ell-wide deal of an Washington.

Most of the bilateral agreements have been signed since held off taking legal action after winning approval from member states for starting 'open sky' talks. It re-activated legal proceedings 55 after EU countries last spring rejected its request for widening the scope of the talks to include market access and traffic rights -

the rights to fly to and inside will not negotiate a deal unless the terms are widened.

In London, BA said it was still committed to getting a full deal 65 with American Airlines in the long run, 'We want an alliance with American because the customer now thinks and travels globally,' it said. 'But the terms put 70 forward by the European Competition Commissioner are not acceptable to us commercially."

The Competition Commissioner has demanded that BA and 75 American should give up 267 weekly slots free of charge at London's Heathrow and Gatwick airports. In the transition period towards full liberalisation, BA plans to con-80 clude a code-sharing agreement with American. This would allow them to sell seats on each other's flights, but they would not set fares jointly.

FINANCIAL TIMES World business newspaper.

1 disadvantage

2 made useless

3 put at risk

Reading tasks

A Understanding main points

Mark these statements T (true) or F (false) according to the information in the text on the opposite page. Find the part of the text that gives the correct information.

- 1 The European Commission is in Brussels. T
- 2 An alliance is the same as a merger.
- 3 Washington and Brussels are holding discussions at the moment on an open skies policy.
- 4 Open skies policy means any airline can fly anywhere.
- 5 BA and American Airlines agree how much the fares should be on each other's flights.

B Understanding details

Answer these questions.

- 1 Which organisation is taking eight European countries to court?
- 2 Find the exact words that say what aspect of the law has been broken.
- 3 Why does the EU object to agreements between an individual European country and the US?
- 4 What does BA hope to do with American Airlines?
- 5 What does the Competition Commissioner do in the European Commission?
- 6 When does BA intend to conclude a code-sharing deal with American Airlines?

C How the text is organised

What do these underlined words refer to in the text?

- 1 disclosure of the move (line 9) taking eight European countries to court
- 2 it was scaling back plans (line 11)
- 3 These individual agreements (line 31)
- 4 their own carriers (line 39)
- 5 It re-activated legal proceedings (line 54)
- 6 its request for widening the scope (line 56)

Vocabulary tasks

A Understanding expressions

Choose the best explanation for each of these words and phrases from the text.

- 1 disclosure (line 9)
 - a) telling the public
 - b) keeping a secret
 - c) ending a meeting
- 2 regulatory difficulties (line 13)
 - a) problems with the authorities
 - b) rivalry between competitors
 - c) financial disputes
- 3 gradual liberalisation (line 17)
 - a) rapid change of policy
 - b) refusal to change policy
 - c) slow relaxation of policy

- 4 roll-back (line 30)
 - a) delay
 - b) going back on present deals
 - c) limiting the agreements
- 5 ensuring exclusivity (line 38)
 - a) paying insurance
 - b) offering deals to several parties
 - c) guaranteeing a deal with only one partner
- 6 transition period (line 78)
 - a) time of no change
 - b) in the middle of change
 - c) after change has finished

B Definitions

Match these terms with their definitions.

- 1 bilateral (line 4)
- 2 distort (line 6)
- 3 detriment (line 8)
- 4 file suit (line 23)
- 5 unilateral (line 37)
- 6 rendered ineffective (line 40)
- 7 held off (line 51)
- 8 widen the scope (line 56)

- a) go to court
- b) two sides
- c) extend the limits
- d) negative effect
- e) made useless
- f) changed, in a bad way
- g) waited to act
- h) done by one person or company

C Competition words

Use an appropriate word or phrase from the box to complete each sentence.

monopoly competition regulation regulated deregulated free trade unfair competition protectionism

- 1 Tobacco can only be sold at state shops in Spain: it is a .. monopoly.....
- 2 When two or more companies want to sell their goods to the same customers, they are in with each other.
- 3 It is when the rules of business do not apply equally to all participants.
- 4 When the European Commission issues rules about how firms do business, the market is said to be
- 5 When those rules are removed and the market is free, the market is said to be
- 6 is the concept of doing international business with no barriers or restrictions.
- 8 The concept of is that of ordering and controlling how business is conducted.