La diffrenta tre il numero d' stati Bosonici e il numero d' stati Fernenouri è un INVARIANTE sotto def. continue (sury) della teoria.

Quest in è chiennet WITTEN INDEX

$$\dim \mathcal{H}_{co}^{B} - \dim \mathcal{H}_{co}^{F} = \operatorname{tr}\left[(-1)^{F} e^{-\beta H}\right]$$

qualificable come $Tr(-1)^{f}$

L'indice di Witten è insussibile al dettaglio di H (dyonnement cont. H, Tr(-1) + non combie) avi d'h.

Ossurazione:

[Complesso d: 5], rett.

... $\rightarrow V_1 \xrightarrow{\phi_{12}} V_2 \xrightarrow{\phi_{23}} V_3 \xrightarrow{\phi_{34}} \dots + .c.$ Im $\phi_{12} \subseteq \ker \phi_{23}$ $\hookrightarrow \text{divente mus sepurate esollo se Im } \phi_{12} = \ker \phi_{23}$... $Q \rightarrow \mathcal{H}^F \xrightarrow{Q} \mathcal{H}^B \xrightarrow{Q} \mathcal{H}^F \xrightarrow{Q} \mathcal{H}^B \xrightarrow{Q} \dots$ (*)

Possiamo de finire la comologia di questo compleso
$$\frac{H^{B}(Q) \equiv \frac{\text{Ker }Q: \mathcal{H}^{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}^{B}}{\text{Im }Q: \mathcal{H}^{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}^{B}} \qquad \begin{array}{c} v \in \text{Ker }_{BF} \\ \text{w} \in \text{Im}_{FB} \\ \text{L} \Rightarrow w \in Qu = \end{array}$$

Element d' HB(Q) sous dessi di equil. don le rulei. di equiv. e : dot: v, u E ker Q: NB -> NF NEW, SC N= D+W JWEIma: HF-HB · gli elem di Ker Q: NB ; NF sono detti CHIUSI · " " Im Q : HF -> NB " " ESATTI Es di complesso: $\bigwedge_{0} \xrightarrow{d} \bigwedge_{1} \xrightarrow{d} \bigwedge_{2} \xrightarrow{d} \bigwedge_{3} \xrightarrow{d} \dots$ 1 = 2 p-forme) - Le forme wtc. $d\omega = 0$ som delle chinge d : d'freurich - Le forme d la d= d2 sous delk esotte - > XF a XD a XF a XB -... $\begin{array}{ccc}
\mathcal{H}_{0} & \xrightarrow{Q} & \mathcal{H}_{0} \\
\mathcal{H}_{0} & \xrightarrow{Q} & \mathcal{H}_{0}
\end{array}$ Q uon mischia i livell' eugetici Possiano definire un compose po qui livello de enerie .. > NEW > HEW > REW > ... Se n =0 : il complesso dirente una SEQUENZA ESATTA: se ld> e Q-chiuso (cisè Q/d>=0), allono Siccome in $\mathcal{H}_{(m)}$ abbitus $Q\overline{Q} + \overline{Q}Q = 1$, applicated ad $|\mathcal{X}|$ Qā+QQ 12>= 127 L) Q[QK]= K) civé ld / e ZEM Q-essitio. → la coordoja è triviele V&W V/ = {0}) (tutti i puotienti sono travieli

Por
$$N=0$$
: $Q_{\{\mathcal{H}_{(0)}=0\}}=0$ \Rightarrow $Q_{\{\mathcal{H}_{(0)}=0\}}$ $\forall \{\mathcal{H}_{(0)}=0\}$ $\Rightarrow \mathcal{H}_{(0)}^{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_{(0)$

ms la comble del complesso (x) viene puramente doi
ground states:

$$H^{B}(Q) = \mathcal{H}^{B}_{(0)}$$
 $H^{F}(Q) = \mathcal{H}^{F}_{(0)}$

ns Lo SPAZIO DEI GROUND STATES Supersimmetrici è caratterissato dolla coomologia di Q.

P. I. ph FERMIONI

Definisme is sequent state:
$$|\eta\rangle = e^{\frac{\pi}{4}\eta} |0\rangle \qquad \langle \bar{\eta}| = \langle 0|e^{\frac{\pi}{4}\hat{\psi}} \rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\psi}|\eta\rangle = \eta|\eta\rangle = \eta(1+\hat{\psi}\eta)|0\rangle \qquad \langle \bar{\eta}|\hat{\psi}| = \langle \bar{\eta}|\bar{\eta}|$$

$$= \hat{\psi}(1+\hat{\psi}\eta)|0\rangle = \hat{\psi}|0\rangle + (1-\hat{\psi}\hat{\psi})|0\rangle =$$
Quest state obtadisons allo consumbly to how
$$\langle \bar{\eta}|\eta\rangle = \langle 0|(1+\bar{\eta}\hat{\psi})(1+\hat{\psi}\eta)|0\rangle =$$

$$= \langle 0|0\rangle + \bar{\eta}\eta \langle 0|\hat{\psi}\hat{\psi}|0\rangle = (1+\bar{\eta}\eta) = e^{\bar{\eta}\eta}$$
Gli state $|\eta\rangle$ formous was box $|\mu| V_F$, assorbed:
$$1_{V_f} = \int d^2\eta e^{-\bar{\eta}\eta} |\eta\rangle \langle \bar{\eta}| \qquad \int d^2\eta \eta \bar{\eta} = 1$$

$$\int D^{1}_{V_f} |\psi\rangle = \int d^2\eta e^{-\bar{\eta}\eta} |\eta\rangle \langle \bar{\eta}| = \int d^2\eta (1+\hat{\psi}\eta)|0\rangle \langle \bar{\eta}|0\rangle = |0\rangle$$

$$1_{V_f} |\psi\rangle = \int d^2\eta e^{-\bar{\eta}\eta} |\eta\rangle \langle \bar{\eta}| = 0$$

$$1_{V_f} |\psi\rangle = \int d^2\eta e^{-\bar{\eta}\eta} |\eta\rangle \langle \bar{\eta}| = 0$$

$$1_{V_{f}} \hat{\Psi}_{107} = \int d\hat{\eta} (1 - \bar{\eta} \hat{\eta}) (1 + \hat{\Psi}_{\eta}) 10 \times \bar{\eta} |\hat{\Psi}_{107}| = \hat{\Psi}_{107}$$

$$201(1 + \bar{\eta} \hat{\Psi}) \bar{\Psi}_{107} = \bar{\eta}$$

Ore, $Tr_{V_{f}}(A) = \int d^{2}\eta e^{-\bar{\eta}\eta} < -\bar{\eta} |A| \eta 7$ $Dim. \int d^{2}\eta e^{-\bar{\eta}\eta} < \bar{\eta} |A| \eta 7 = \int d^{2}\eta (1 - \bar{\eta}\eta) < O(1 - \bar{\eta}\hat{\psi}) A(1 + \hat{\psi}\eta) |O\rangle =$ $= \int d^{2}\eta (1 - \bar{\eta}\eta) \left[< O(A|O\rangle - \bar{\eta} < O(\hat{\psi} A|O\rangle - < O(A\hat{\psi}|O\rangle) \right] =$ $-\bar{\eta}\eta < O(\hat{\psi} A\hat{\psi}|O\rangle) =$

=
$$\langle O|A|O\rangle + \langle \langle O(\hat{\psi})A(\hat{\psi}|O\rangle) = Tr_{V_{f}}A$$

Check:
$$Tr 1_{V_{f}} = \int d^{2}\eta e^{-\tilde{\eta}\eta} < -\tilde{\eta} | \eta \rangle = \int d^{2}\eta e^{-\tilde{\eta}\eta} \cdot e^{-\tilde{\eta}\eta} =$$

$$= \int d^{2}\eta \left(1 - \tilde{\eta}\eta \right) (1 - \tilde{\eta}\eta) = \int d^{2}\eta \left(1 - \tilde{\eta}\eta \right) = 0$$

$$Tr_{V_{f}} = \int d^{2}\eta e^{-\tilde{\eta}\eta} < -\tilde{\eta} | (-1)^{\beta} | \eta \rangle = \int d^{2}\eta e^{-\tilde{\eta}\eta} < \tilde{\eta} | \eta \rangle =$$

$$= \int d^{2}\eta e^{-\tilde{\eta}\eta} e^{\tilde{\eta}\eta} = \int d^{2}\eta 1 = 0$$

One possions definin l'HEAT KERNEL μ famioni : $<\overline{\chi}'|e^{-\beta H}|\chi>$