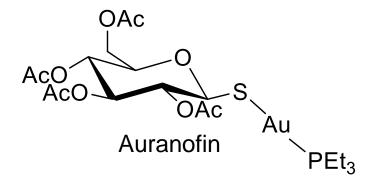
#### Metal-based Inhibitors of Enzymes

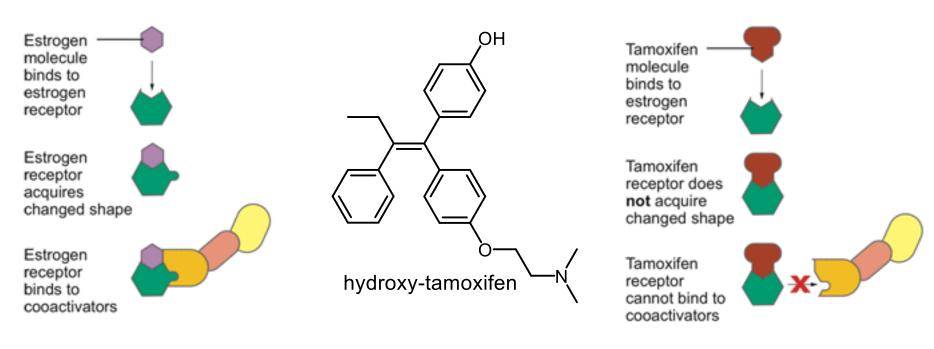
#### Auranofin: a serendipitous enzyme inhibitor



 Introduced in the late 1970s as oral substitute of gold antiarthritic agents (developed on the wrong assumption that arthritis was caused by a bacterial infection).

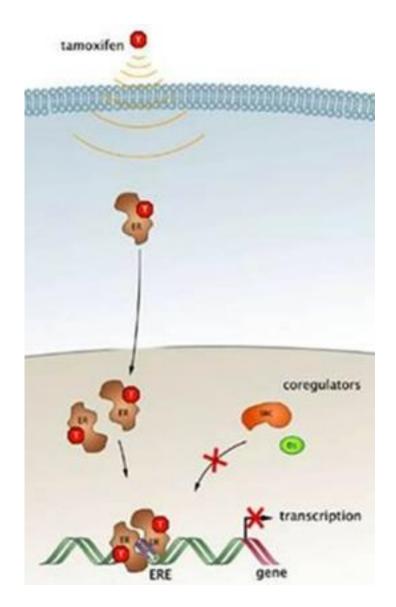
Au(I) from Auranofin strongly inhibits in vitro the seleno-cysteine enzymes Thioredoxin reductase and Glutatione peroxidase

#### Estrogen Receptor Inhibitors

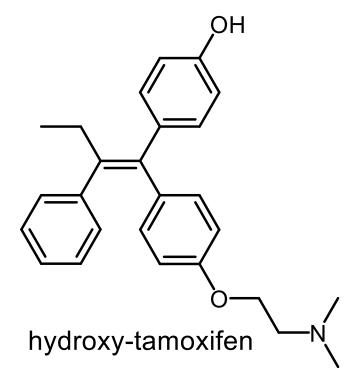


Proliferazione delle cellule tumorali

Inibizione delle cellule tumorali



ERE = estrogen response elements



Tamoxifen binds selectively to estrogen receptor  $\alpha$  subtype (ER $\alpha$ ) in tumor cells, repressing estradiol-mediated DNA transcription.

Thus tamoxifen is active only against those type of breast cancer that overexpress the ER $\alpha$  (ER $\alpha$ +, ca. 2/3 of total).

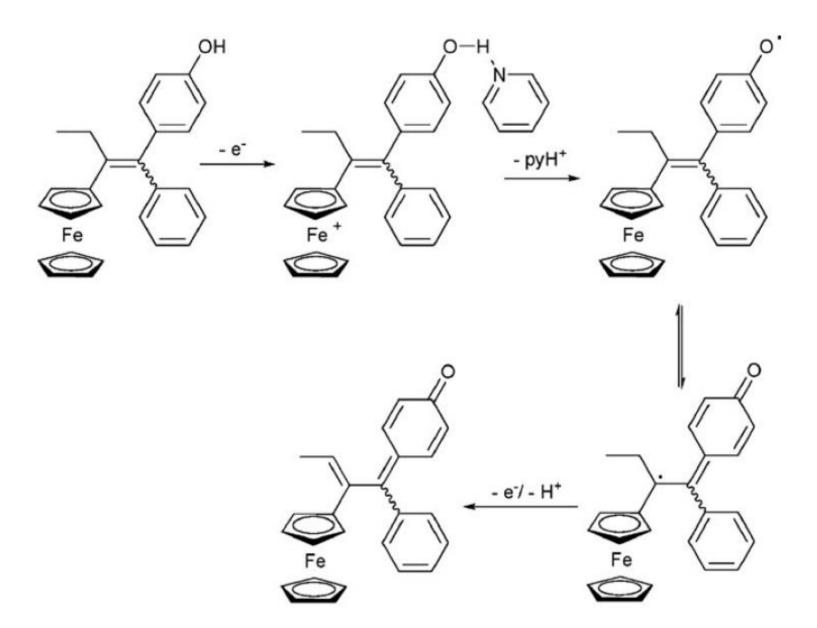
#### Bio-isosteric replacement of phenyl rings with metallocene fragments in bioactive molecules

## Bio-isosteric replacement applied to antimalarial drugs

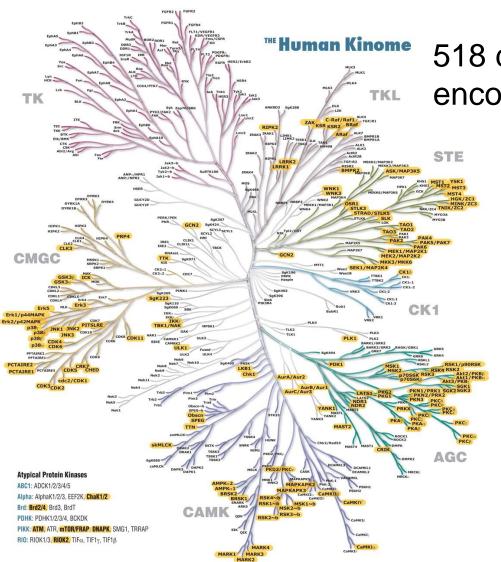
- Ferroquine is the ferrocenyl analogue of chloroquine, an established antimalarial drug.
- Ferroquine is active also against chloroquine-resistant strains and is due to enter clinical phase III trials.

## The metal fragment may lead to unexpected behaviors

- Some ferrocifens are active against both ERα+ and ERα- breast cancer cell lines
- The activity is linked to <u>reversible</u> redox behavior of the iron center
- Ru(II) analogues are active against ERα+ breast cancer cell lines only

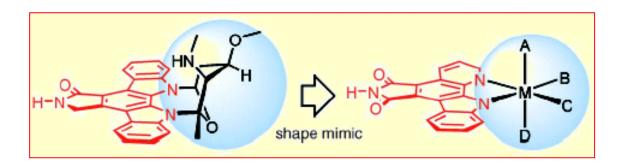


#### **Protein Kinase inhibitors**



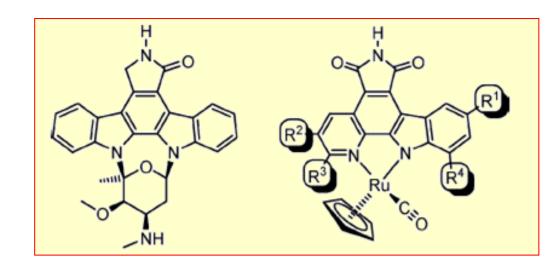
518 different kinases are encoded in the human genome

#### Selective protein kinase inhibitors

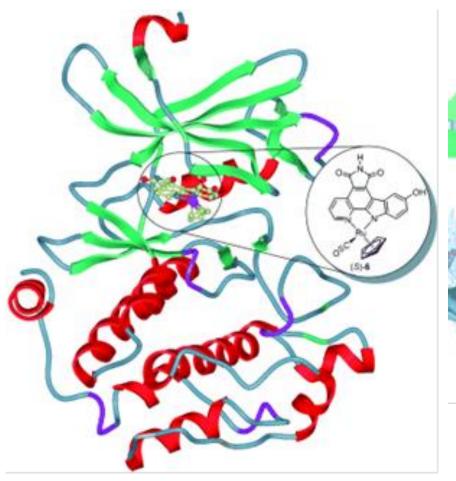


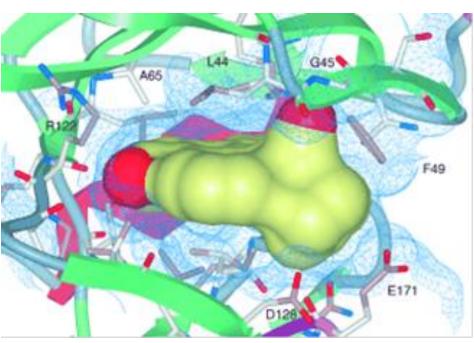
Staurosporine, unselective protein kinase inhibitor (ATP binding site)

- Great structural variety (geometry)
- Stereochemistry far more diverse than organic compounds
- Rational ligand design



### The binding of an organometallic ruthenium inhibitor to the ATP binding site of protein kinase Pim-1





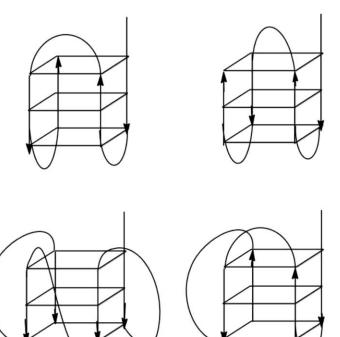
#### Commercially available

#### **Telomerase**

#### G quartet

# R N N H N H N H N H N H N R

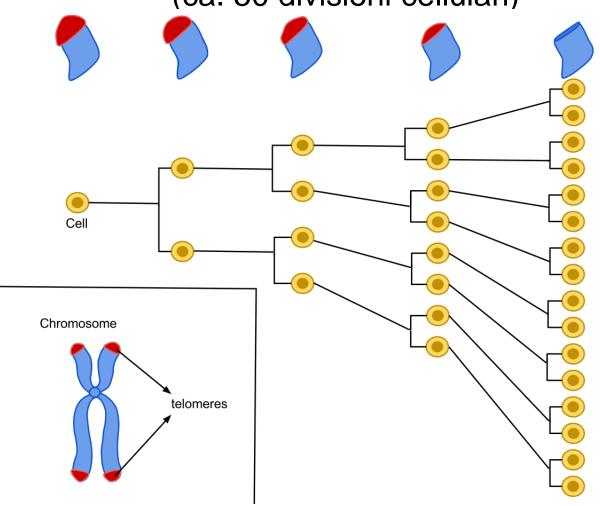
#### G quadruplexes

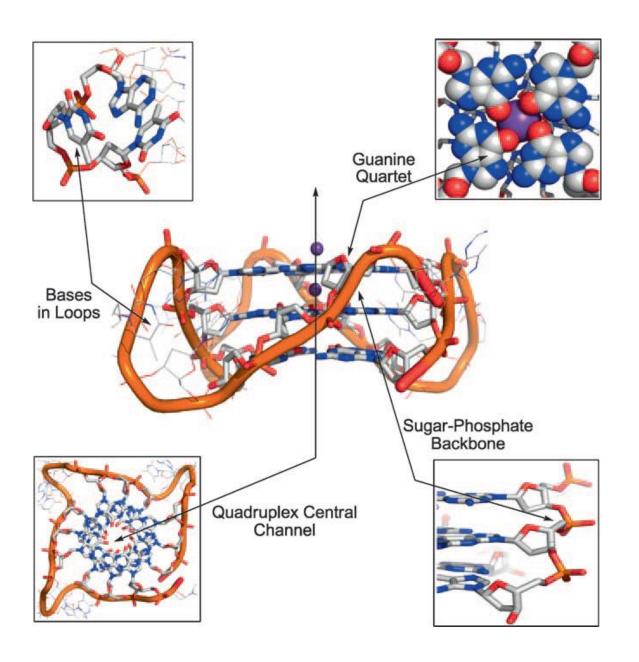


d(TTAGGG) sequences

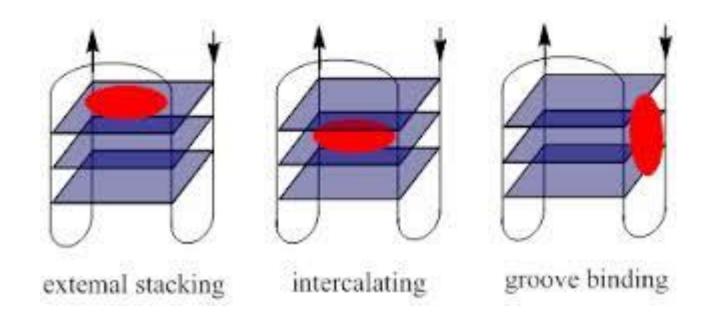
#### The Hayflick limit

(ca. 50 divisioni cellulari)





## G-quadruplex stabilization for telomerase inhibition



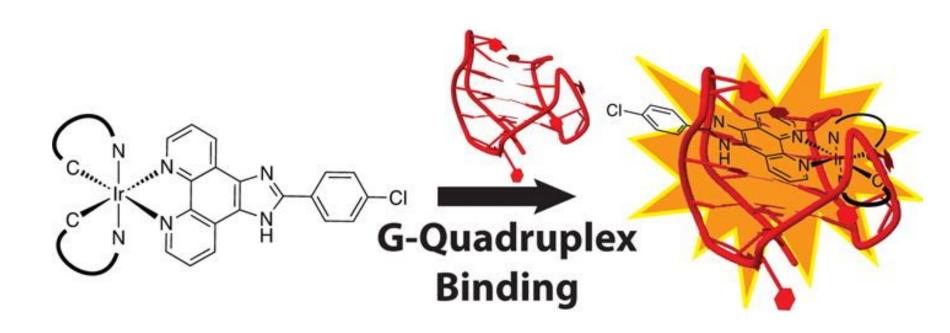
#### **Telomerase Inhibitors**

 $\pi$  stacking on G quartets

#### Telomestatin

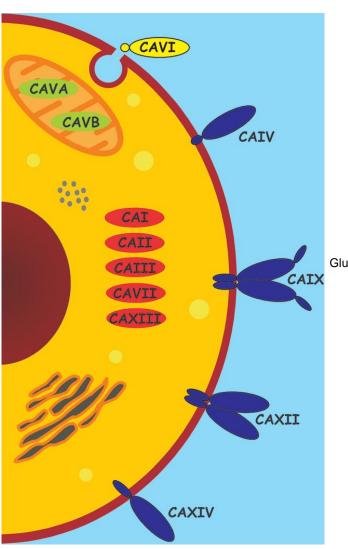
TmPyP4

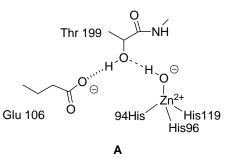
#### G-quadruplex sensing



# Metal-based Inhibitors of Metallo-Enzymes

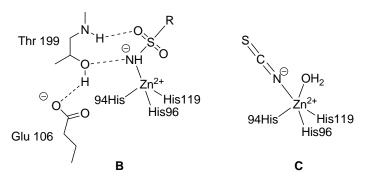
#### Human Carbonic Anhydrase (hCA) inhibitors





Zn(II) ion coordination in the hCA II active site

#### sulfonamidi anioni coordinanti



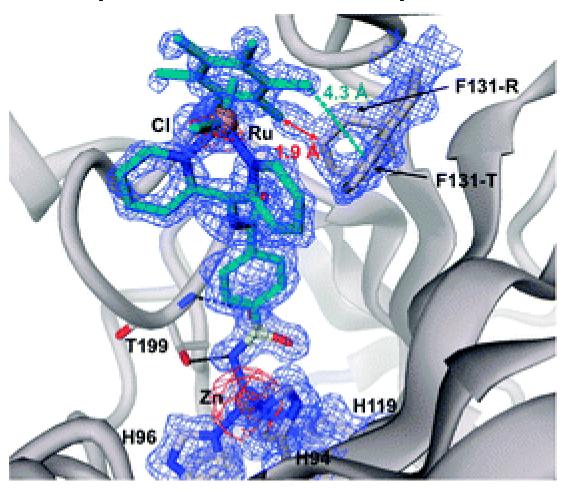
Tetrahedral adduct (sulfonamide)

Trigonal-bipyramidal adduct (thiocyanate)

#### Sulfonamides as CA inhibitors

## Inert organometallic compounds as hCA inhibitors

#### Ru-arene piano-stool complex @ hCA II

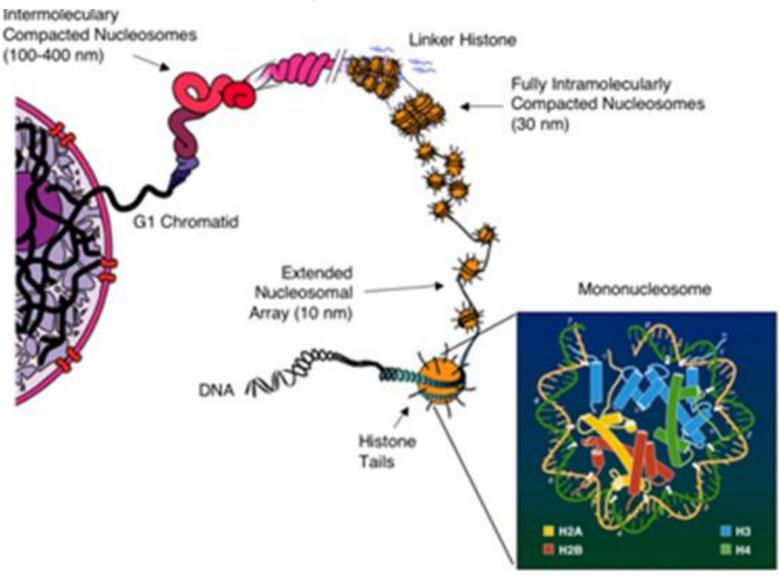


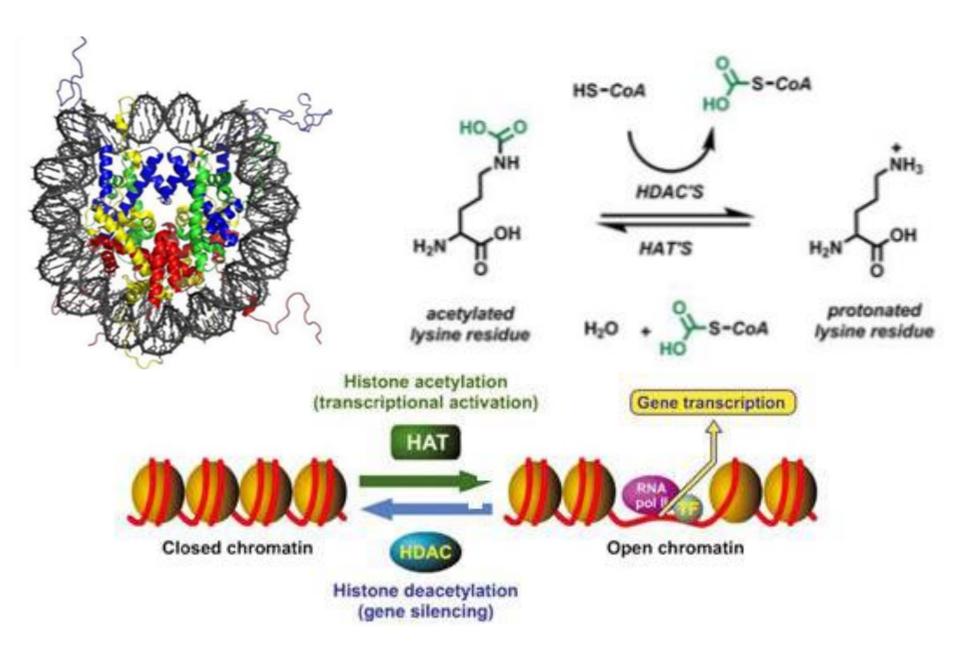
#### COX (cyclooxygenase) inhibitors

Alkyne hexacarbonyldicobalt 
$$(Co_2(CO)_6)$$
 Species

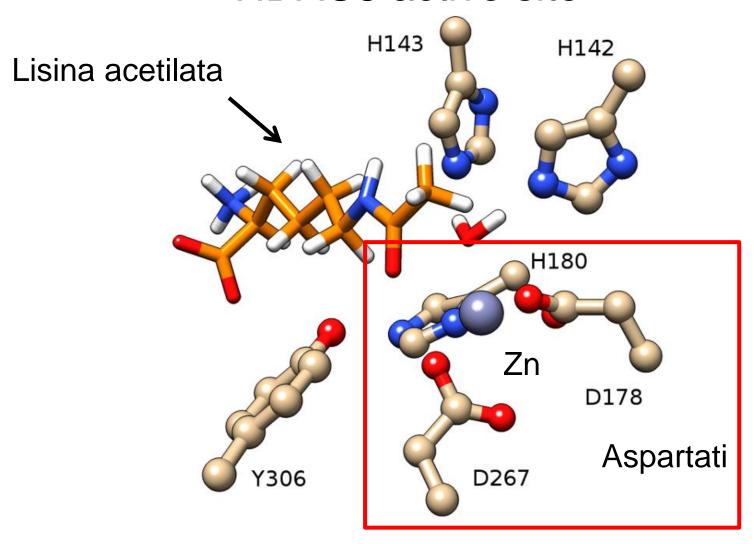
Powerful inhibitor of cyclooxygenases 1 and 2 (COX-1 and COX-2), the main target enzymes of NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)

#### Cromatina, Nucleosomi e Istoni

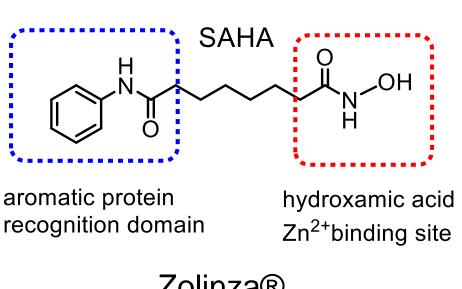


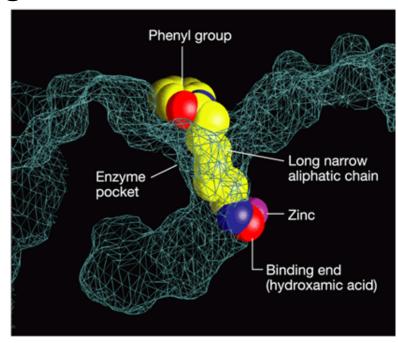


#### HDAC8 active site



#### HDAC Inhibitors (HDACi) anticancer agents





Zolinza®

Treatment of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma

#### Metal-based HDAC Inhibitors