

# Model\_comparisons\_longData.R

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```
#####
## Model comparison
#####

library(rstan)

## Loading required package: StanHeaders
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## rstan (Version 2.19.3, GitRev: 2e1f913d3ca3)
## For execution on a local, multicore CPU with excess RAM we recommend calling
## options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores()).
## To avoid recompilation of unchanged Stan programs, we recommend calling
## rstan_options(auto_write = TRUE)
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##   filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(lubridate)

##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##   intersect, setdiff, union
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##   date, intersect, setdiff, union
library(ggplot2)
library(bayesplot)

## This is bayesplot version 1.7.1
## - Online documentation and vignettes at mc-stan.org/bayesplot
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## - bayesplot theme set to bayesplot::theme_default()
##   * Does _not_ affect other ggplot2 plots
##   * See ?bayesplot_theme_set for details on theme setting
library(loo)

## This is loo version 2.2.0
## - Online documentation and vignettes at mc-stan.org/loo
## - As of v2.0.0 loo defaults to 1 core but we recommend using as many as possible. Use the 'cores' arg
##
## Attaching package: 'loo'
## The following object is masked from 'package:rstan':
## 
##     loo
theme_set(bayesplot::theme_default())

# data
pest_data <- readRDS('data/pest_data_longer_stan_dat.RDS')
str(pest_data)

## List of 13
## $ complaints      : num [1:360] 1 0 1 1 0 1 2 0 4 4 ...
## $ traps           : num [1:360] 7 7 7 7 7 7 6 7 8 8 ...
## $ pred_mat        : num [1:360, 1:4] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##   ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
##   ... .$. : NULL
##   ... .$. : chr [1:4] "live_in_super" "" "" ""
## $ N               : int 360
## $ K               : num 4
## $ log_sq_foot    : num [1:360] 1.42 1.42 1.42 1.42 1.42 ...
## $ mo_idx          : int [1:360] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ M               : num 36
## $ J               : int 10
## $ building_idx   : int [1:360] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ log_sq_foot_pred: num [1:10] 1.42 1.54 1.96 1.56 1.75 ...
## $ M_forward       : num 12
## $ building_data   : num [1:10, 1:4] -0.3 -0.3 -0.3 -0.3 0.7 -0.3 -0.3 0.7 -0.3 0.7 ...
##   ..- attr(*, "scaled:center")= Named num [1:4] 0.3 49.4 3687.3 49.9
##   ... ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:4] "live_in_super" "age_of_building" "monthly_average_rent" "averag
##   ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
##   ... .$. : chr [1:10] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
##   ... .$. : chr [1:4] "live_in_super" "age_of_building" "monthly_average_rent" "average_tenant_age"
N_buildings <- length(unique(pest_data$building_idx))
N_buildings

## [1] 10
## Data acquisition

stan_dat_simple <- list(
  N = length(pest_data$complaints),
  complaints = pest_data$complaints,

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    traps = pest_data$traps
}

## Models fit

# simple poisson
comp_model_P <- stan_model('To_compare_models/simple_poisson_regression.stan')
fit_P_real_data <- sampling(comp_model_P, data = stan_dat_simple)

##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'simple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 5e-05 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.5 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 0.211448 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1: 0.183546 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1: 0.394994 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
## 
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'simple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 2.1e-05 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.21 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
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## Chain 2: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]  (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 0.184326 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:          0.185845 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:          0.370171 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
## 
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'simple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 2.8e-05 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.28 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 0.205297 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3:          0.18469 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3:          0.389987 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
## 
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'simple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 2.5e-05 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.25 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 0.182597 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4:          0.182051 seconds (Sampling)

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## Chain 4:          0.364648 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:

# multiple poisson
stan_dat_simple$log_sq_foot <- pest_data$log_sq_foot
stan_dat_simple$live_in_super <- pest_data$pred_mat[, "live_in_super"]
comp_model_P_mult <- stan_model('To_compare_models/multiple_poisson_regression.stan')
fit_model_P_mult_real <- sampling(comp_model_P_mult, data = stan_dat_simple)

##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 7.3e-05 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.73 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 0.358808 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:           0.351982 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:           0.71079 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
## 
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 3e-05 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.3 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
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## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 0.398161 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:           0.34907 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:          0.747231 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
## 
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 3e-05 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.3 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 0.411953 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3:           0.355761 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3:          0.767714 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
## 
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_poisson_regression' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 3e-05 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.3 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 0.410548 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4:           0.368655 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4:          0.779203 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:

```

```

# negative binomial
comp_model_NB <- stan_model('To_compare_models/multiple_NB_regression.stan')
fitted_model_NB <- sampling(comp_model_NB, data = stan_dat_simple)

## 
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_NB_regression' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.000132 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 1.32 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 1.31266 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1: 1.1441 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1: 2.45676 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
## 

## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_NB_regression' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.00014 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 1.4 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 1.3163 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2: 1.28008 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2: 2.59638 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:

```

```

##  

## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_NB_regression' NOW (CHAIN 3).  

## Chain 3:  

## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0.000236 seconds  

## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 2.36 seconds.  

## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!  

## Chain 3:  

## Chain 3:  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 3: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 3:  

## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 1.30571 seconds (Warm-up)  

## Chain 3: 1.06747 seconds (Sampling)  

## Chain 3: 2.37318 seconds (Total)  

## Chain 3:  

##  

## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'multiple_NB_regression' NOW (CHAIN 4).  

## Chain 4:  

## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 9e-05 seconds  

## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.9 seconds.  

## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!  

## Chain 4:  

## Chain 4:  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 4: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)  

## Chain 4:  

## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 1.40379 seconds (Warm-up)  

## Chain 4: 1.16407 seconds (Sampling)  

## Chain 4: 2.56786 seconds (Total)  

## Chain 4:  

stan_dat_hier <- pest_data  

# hier NB regression  

comp_model_NB_hier <- stan_model('To_compare_models/hier_NB_regression.stan')

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```

fitted_model_NB_hier <-
  sampling(
    comp_model_NB_hier,
    data = stan_dat_hier,
    chains = 4,
    cores = 4,
    iter = 4000
  )

# hier NCP NB regression
comp_model_NB_hier_ncp <- stan_model('To_compare_models/hier_NB_regression_ncp.stan')
fitted_model_NB_hier_ncp <- sampling(comp_model_NB_hier_ncp,
                                       data = stan_dat_hier,
                                       chains = 4,
                                       cores = 4,
                                       iter=4000)

# hier NB slopes
comp_model_NB_hier_slopes <- stan_model('To_compare_models/hier_NB_regression_ncp_slopes_mod.stan')
fitted_model_NB_hier_slopes <-
  sampling(
    comp_model_NB_hier_slopes,
    data = stan_dat_hier,
    chains = 4, cores = 4,
    control = list(adapt_delta = 0.95)
  )

## Warning: There were 4 divergent transitions after warmup. Increasing adapt_delta above 0.95 may help
## http://mc-stan.org/misc/warnings.html#divergent-transitions-after-warmup

## Warning: Examine the pairs() plot to diagnose sampling problems
# hier NB slopes
comp_model_NB_hier_slopes_mos <- stan_model('To_compare_models/hier_NB_regression_ncp_slopes_mod_mos.stan')
fitted_model_NB_hier_slopes_mos <-
  sampling(
    comp_model_NB_hier_slopes_mos,
    data = stan_dat_hier,
    chains = 4, cores = 4,
    control = list(adapt_delta = 0.95)
  )

## Warning: There were 3 divergent transitions after warmup. Increasing adapt_delta above 0.95 may help
## http://mc-stan.org/misc/warnings.html#divergent-transitions-after-warmup

## Warning: Examine the pairs() plot to diagnose sampling problems
## 

library(shinystan)

## Loading required package: shiny
##
## This is shinystan version 2.5.0

```

```

y <- pest_data$complaints
launch_shinystan(fitted_model_NB_hier_slopes)

##
## Launching ShinyStan interface... for large models this may take some time.
##
## Listening on http://127.0.0.1:4148
## Extract pointwise log-likelihood and
## compute loo and waic

# loo
log_lik_pois <- extract_log_lik(fit_P_real_data)
loo_pois <- loo(log_lik_pois)

## Warning: Relative effective sample sizes ('r_eff' argument) not specified.
## For models fit with MCMC, the reported PSIS effective sample sizes and
## MCSE estimates will be over-optimistic.

## Warning: Some Pareto k diagnostic values are slightly high. See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
waic_pois <- waic(log_lik_pois)

## Warning:
## 11 (3.1%) p_waic estimates greater than 0.4. We recommend trying loo instead.
log_lik_mult_pois <- extract_log_lik(fit_model_P_mult_real)
loo_mult_pois <- loo(log_lik_mult_pois)

## Warning: Relative effective sample sizes ('r_eff' argument) not specified.
## For models fit with MCMC, the reported PSIS effective sample sizes and
## MCSE estimates will be over-optimistic.

## Warning: Some Pareto k diagnostic values are too high. See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
waic_mult_pois <- waic(log_lik_mult_pois)

## Warning:
## 19 (5.3%) p_waic estimates greater than 0.4. We recommend trying loo instead.
log_lik_mult_NB <- extract_log_lik(fitted_model_NB)
loo_mult_NB <- loo(log_lik_mult_NB)

## Warning: Relative effective sample sizes ('r_eff' argument) not specified.
## For models fit with MCMC, the reported PSIS effective sample sizes and
## MCSE estimates will be over-optimistic.

waic_mult_NB <- waic(log_lik_mult_NB)

## Warning:
## 1 (0.3%) p_waic estimates greater than 0.4. We recommend trying loo instead.
log_lik_hier_NB <- extract_log_lik(fitted_model_NB_hier)
loo_hier_NB <- loo(log_lik_hier_NB)

## Warning: Relative effective sample sizes ('r_eff' argument) not specified.
## For models fit with MCMC, the reported PSIS effective sample sizes and
## MCSE estimates will be over-optimistic.

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```

waic_hier_NB <- waic(log_lik_hier_NB)

## Warning:
## 2 (0.6%) p_waic estimates greater than 0.4. We recommend trying loo instead.
log_lik_hier_NB_ncp <- extract_log_lik(fitted_model_NB_hier_ncp)
loo_hier_NB_ncp <- loo(log_lik_hier_NB_ncp)

## Warning: Relative effective sample sizes ('r_eff' argument) not specified.
## For models fit with MCMC, the reported PSIS effective sample sizes and
## MCSE estimates will be over-optimistic.

waic_hier_NB_ncp <- waic(log_lik_hier_NB_ncp)

## Warning:
## 2 (0.6%) p_waic estimates greater than 0.4. We recommend trying loo instead.
log_lik_slopes <- extract_log_lik(fitted_model_NB_hier_slopes)
loo_slopes <- loo(log_lik_slopes)

## Warning: Relative effective sample sizes ('r_eff' argument) not specified.
## For models fit with MCMC, the reported PSIS effective sample sizes and
## MCSE estimates will be over-optimistic.

## Warning: Some Pareto k diagnostic values are slightly high. See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
waic_slopes <- waic(log_lik_slopes)

## Warning:
## 4 (1.1%) p_waic estimates greater than 0.4. We recommend trying loo instead.
log_lik_mos <- extract_log_lik(fitted_model_NB_hier_slopes_mos)
loo_mos <- loo(log_lik_mos)

## Warning: Relative effective sample sizes ('r_eff' argument) not specified.
## For models fit with MCMC, the reported PSIS effective sample sizes and
## MCSE estimates will be over-optimistic.

## Warning: Some Pareto k diagnostic values are slightly high. See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
waic_mos <- waic(log_lik_mos)

## Warning:
## 25 (6.9%) p_waic estimates greater than 0.4. We recommend trying loo instead.
compare(loo_pois, loo_mult_pois,
        loo_mult_NB, loo_hier_NB,
        loo_hier_NB_ncp, loo_slopes,
        loo_mos)

## Warning: 'compare' is deprecated.
## Use 'loo_compare' instead.
## See help("Deprecated")

##          elpd_diff se_diff elpd_loo p_loo    looic
## loo_mos          0.0     0.0   -743.9    42.6  1487.8
## loo_slopes      -130.7    12.6  -874.6    16.8  1749.2
## loo_hier_NB      -158.7    13.2  -902.6    10.5  1805.2
## loo_hier_NB_ncp  -158.7    13.2  -902.6    10.5  1805.3
## loo_mult_NB      -236.9    16.2  -980.8     4.7  1961.5

```

```

## loo_pois      -1161.6      129.6 -1905.5      27.4  3811.0
## loo_mult_pois -1253.7      152.7 -1997.6      39.1  3995.1

looic1<-loo_pois$estimates[3,1]
looic2<-loo_mult_pois$estimates[3,1]
looic3<-loo_mult_NB$estimates[3,1]
looic4<-loo_hier_NB$estimates[3,1]
looic5<-loo_hier_NB_ncp$estimates[3,1]
looic6<-loo_slopes$estimates[3,1]
looic7<-loo_mos$estimates[3,1]

looics <-c(looic1, looic2, looic3, looic4, looic5,
          looic6, looic7)

waic1<-waic_pois$estimates[3,1]
waic2<-waic_mult_pois$estimates[3,1]
waic3<-waic_mult_NB$estimates[3,1]
waic4<-waic_hier_NB$estimates[3,1]
waic5<-waic_hier_NB_ncp$estimates[3,1]
waic6<-waic_slopes$estimates[3,1]
waic7<-waic_mos$estimates[3,1]

waics <-c(waic1, waic2, waic3, waic4, waic5, waic6,
           waic7)

par(xaxt="n", mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(looics, type="b", xlab="", ylab="LOOIC")
par(xaxt="s")
axis(1, c(1:7), c("Pois", "Pois mult", "NB",
                  "Hier NB", "Hier NB ncp", "NB slopes", "NB slopes mos"), las=2)
par(xaxt="n")
plot(waics, type="b", xlab="", ylab="WAIC")
par(xaxt="s")
axis(1, c(1:7), c("Pois", "Pois mult", "NB",
                  "Hier NB", "Hier NB ncp", "NB slopes", "NB slopes mos"), las=2)

```

