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2) $|\phi\rangle \in \mathbb{C}^d$ $P_\psi = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi|$

$H|\phi\rangle = \hbar\omega P_\psi|\phi\rangle = \hbar\omega \langle\psi|\phi\rangle |\psi\rangle$

L'unico autovalore è $\hbar\omega$ con autovettore $|\psi\rangle$ quindi solo se $|\phi\rangle = |\psi\rangle$

3) $U_\pm = e^{-\frac{i\pm}{\hbar} H} = e^{-\frac{i\pm}{\hbar} \hbar\omega P_\psi} = e^{-i\pm\omega P_\psi} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\pm\omega)^k}{k!} P_\psi^k$ $P_\psi^k = P_\psi$

4) Prob ($|\phi_\pm\rangle = |\chi\rangle$) = $|\langle\chi|\phi_\pm\rangle|^2$

$|\phi_\pm\rangle = U_\pm|\phi\rangle$

$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\pm\omega)^k}{k!} P_\psi^k|\phi\rangle$

$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\pm\omega)^k}{k!} \langle\psi|\phi\rangle |\psi\rangle$

2) Prob ($|\phi_\pm\rangle = |\psi\rangle$) = $|\langle\psi|\phi_\pm\rangle|^2 = 1$

3) Prob ($|\phi_\pm\rangle = |\psi_\perp\rangle$) = $|\langle\psi_\perp|\phi_\pm\rangle|^2 = 0$

1) $|\langle\chi|\phi_\pm\rangle|^2 = \langle\chi|\phi_\pm\rangle \overline{\langle\psi_\perp|\phi_\pm\rangle}$

$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\pm\omega)^k}{k!} \langle\psi|\phi\rangle \langle\chi|\psi\rangle \cdot \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(i\pm\omega)^m}{m!} \langle\psi|\phi\rangle \overline{\langle\psi_\perp|\chi\rangle}$

$= e^{-i\pm\omega} \langle\psi|\phi\rangle \langle\chi|\psi\rangle e^{i\pm\omega} \langle\psi|\phi\rangle \overline{\langle\psi_\perp|\chi\rangle}$

$= \langle\psi|\phi\rangle^2 |\langle\chi|\psi\rangle|^2$

2) $|\langle\psi|\phi_\pm\rangle|^2 = \langle\psi|\phi\rangle^2 |\langle\psi|\psi\rangle|^2 = \langle\psi|\phi\rangle^2$

3) $|\langle\psi_\perp|\phi_\pm\rangle|^2 = \langle\psi_\perp|\phi\rangle^2 \underbrace{|\langle\psi_\perp|\psi\rangle|^2}_{=0} = 0$