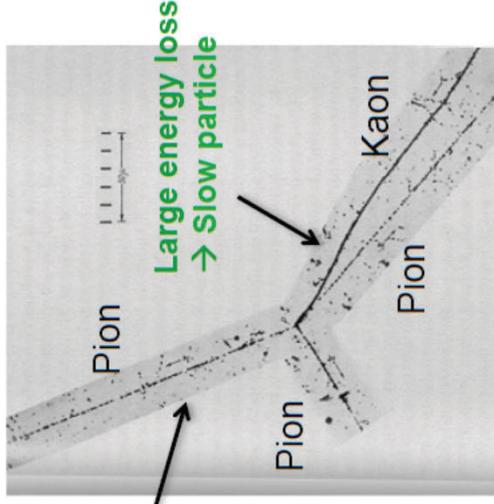
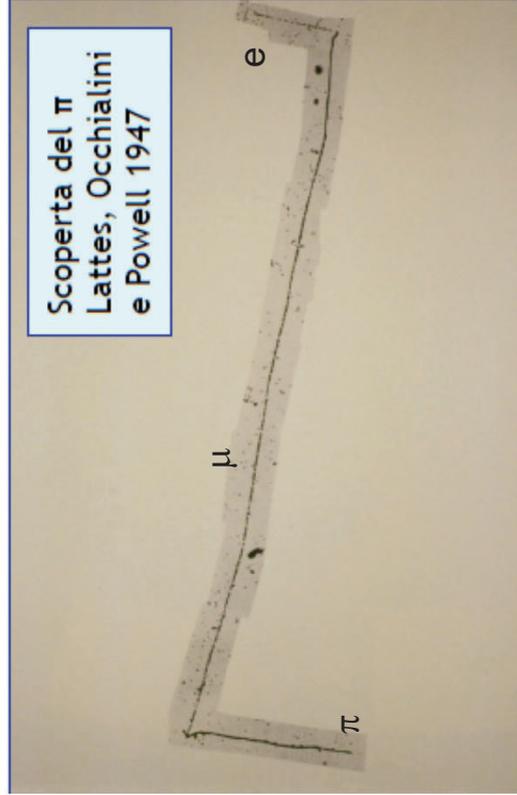


emulsioni



Anderson's cloud chamber picture of cosmic radiation from 1932

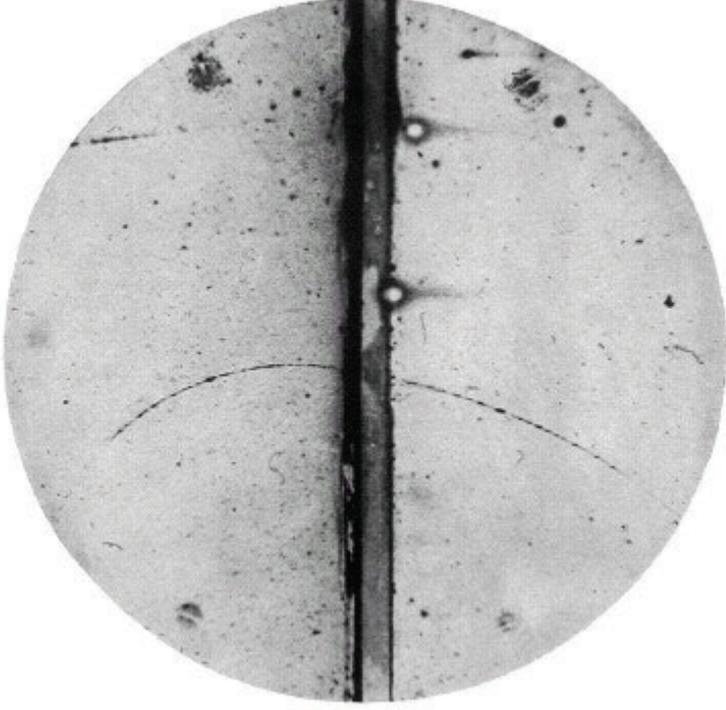


FIG. 1. A 63 million volt positron ($H_0 = 2.1 \times 10^6$ gauss-cm) passing through a 6 mm level plate and emerging as a 23 million volt positron ($H_0 = 7.5 \times 10^6$ gauss-cm). The length of this latter path is at least ten times greater than the possible length of a proton path of this curvature.

Positron discovery

Charge (and momentum) from the curvature in magn. field (and direction with help of absorber...)

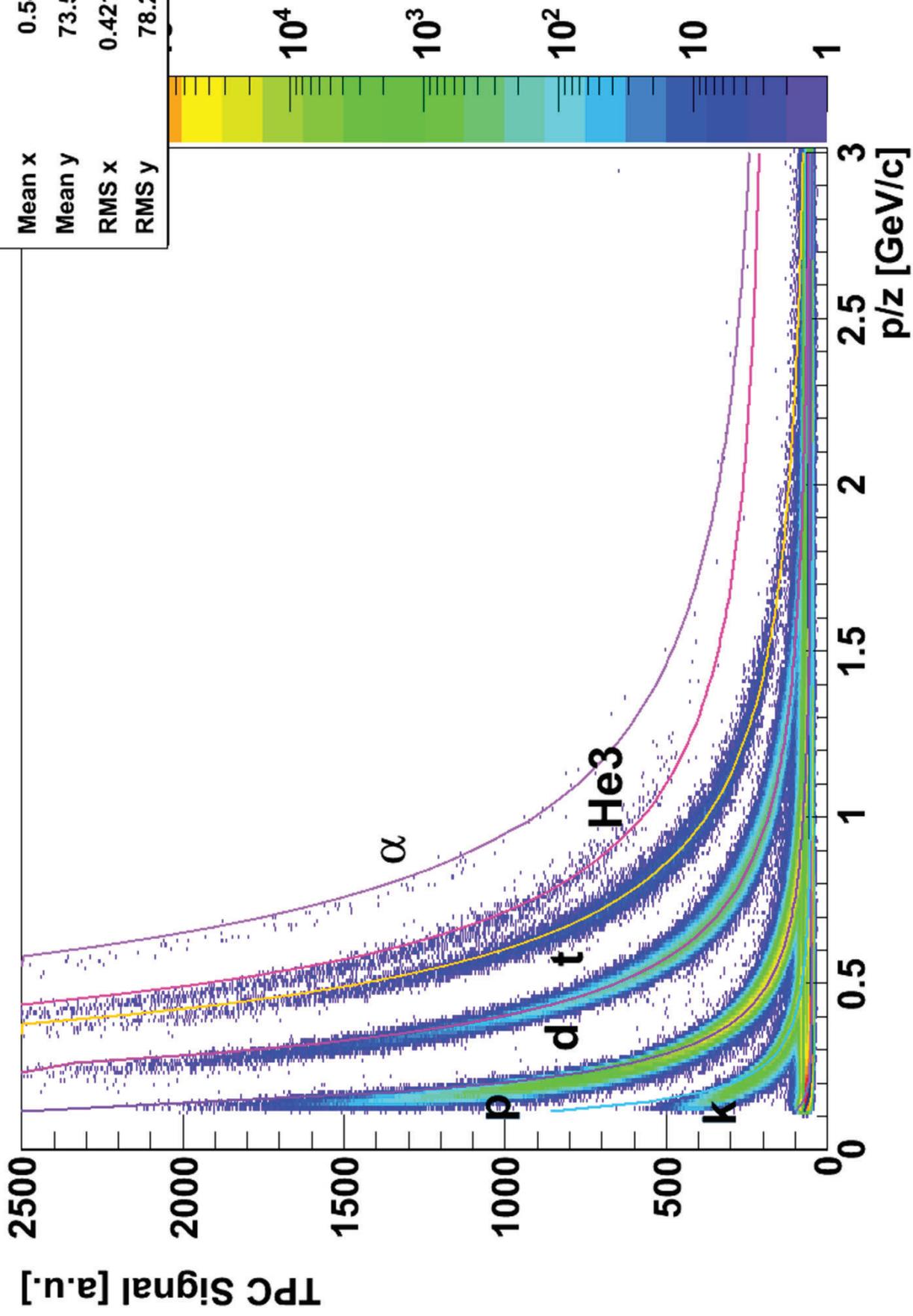
Mass from range vs. momentum

Measured quantities: track, i.e. position measurement (in several points along the trace)

Cloud chamber: sealed environment containing a supersaturated vapor of water or alcohol. When a charged particle interacts with the mixture, it ionizes it. The resulting ions act as condensation nuclei, around which a mist will form .

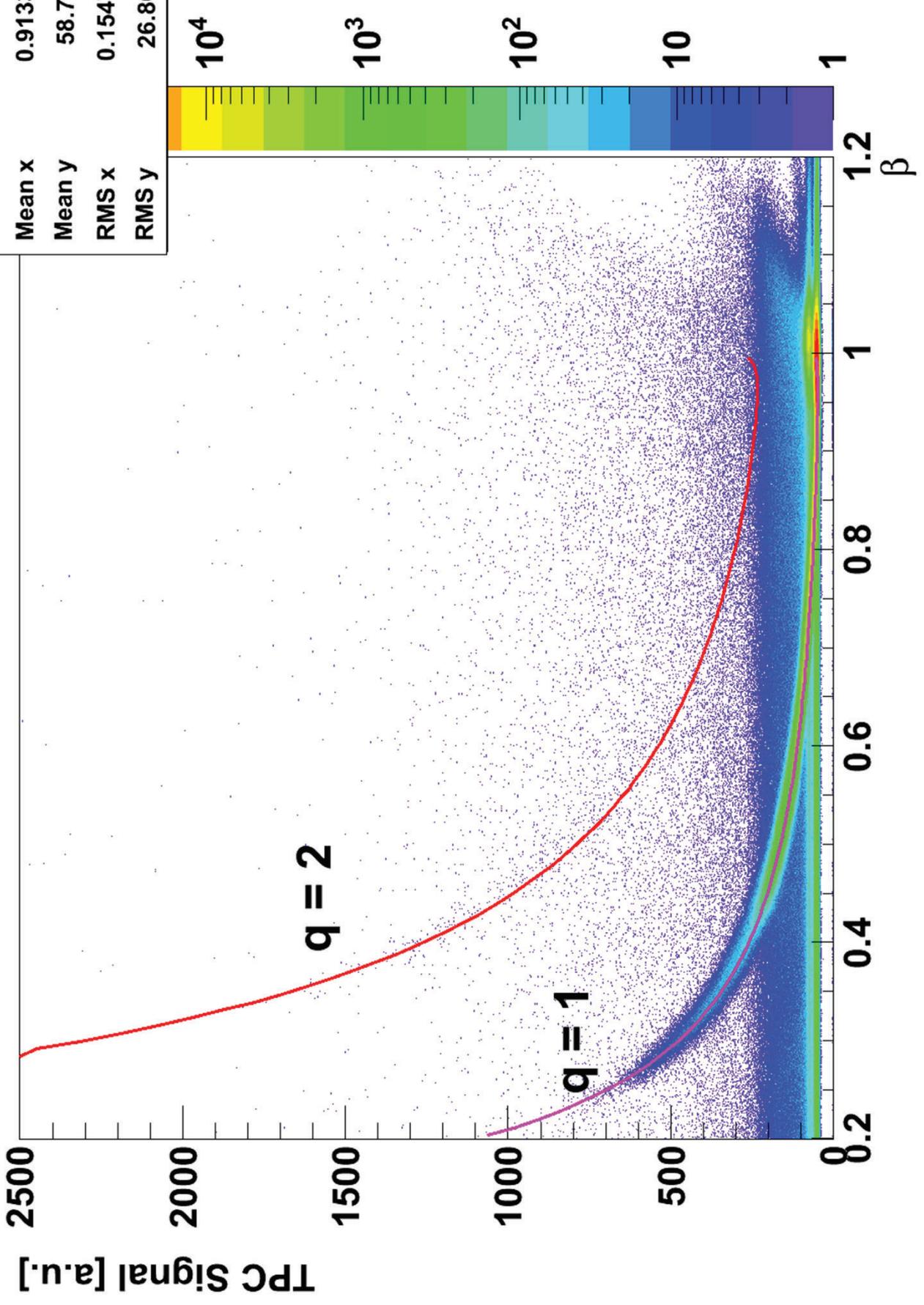
BetheBlochTPC

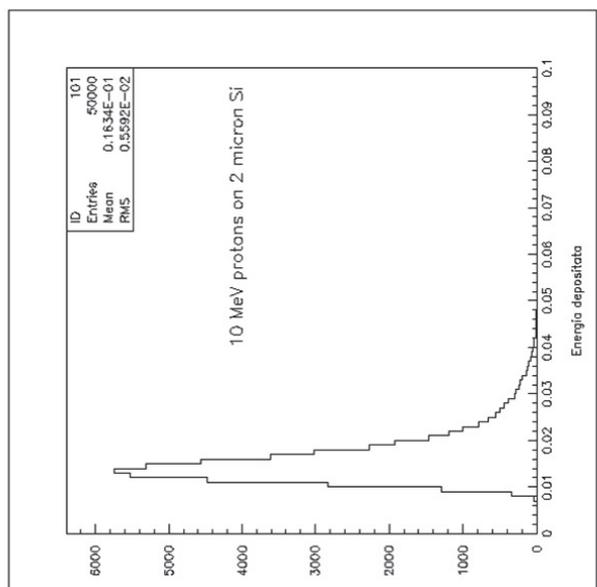
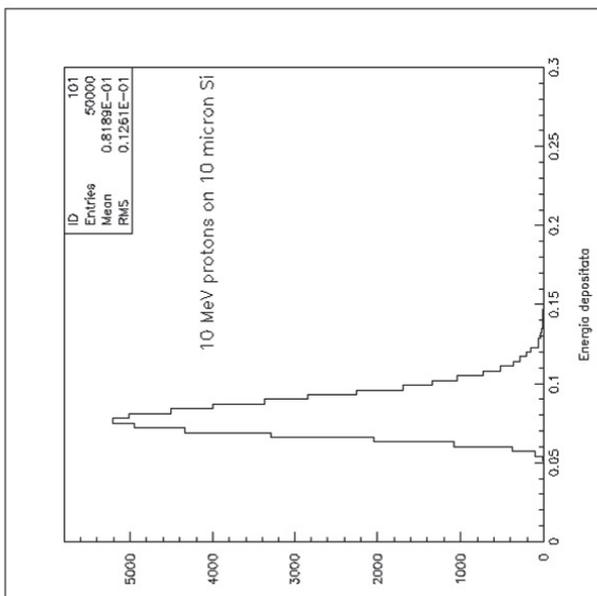
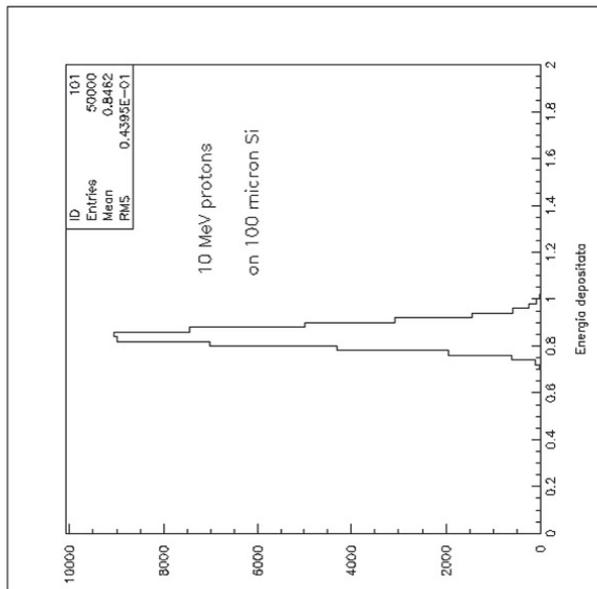
fhBB	
Entries	3.033383e+08
Mean x	0.541
Mean y	73.57
RMS x	0.4212
RMS y	78.27



fBetavsTPCsignalPos

fBetavsTPCsignalPos	
Entries	3.988012e+07
Mean x	0.9133
Mean y	58.71
RMS x	0.1547
RMS y	26.86





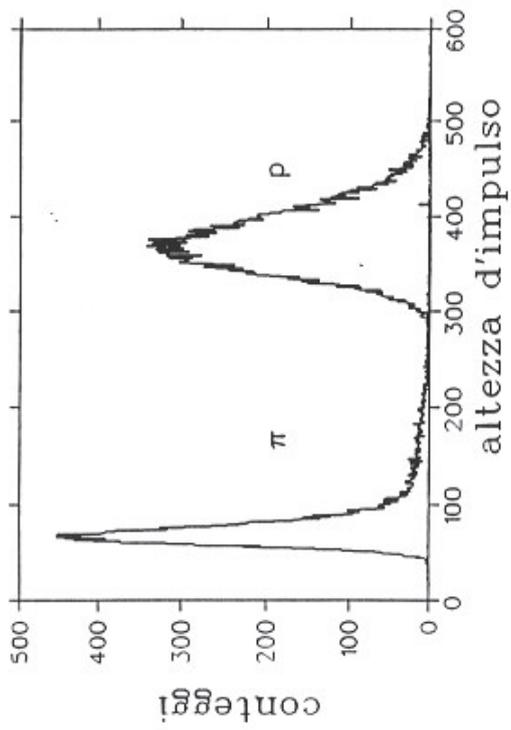


Fig.5.6- Altezza d'impulso di π^+ , p in $\Delta E1$ per $p=400$ MeV/c.

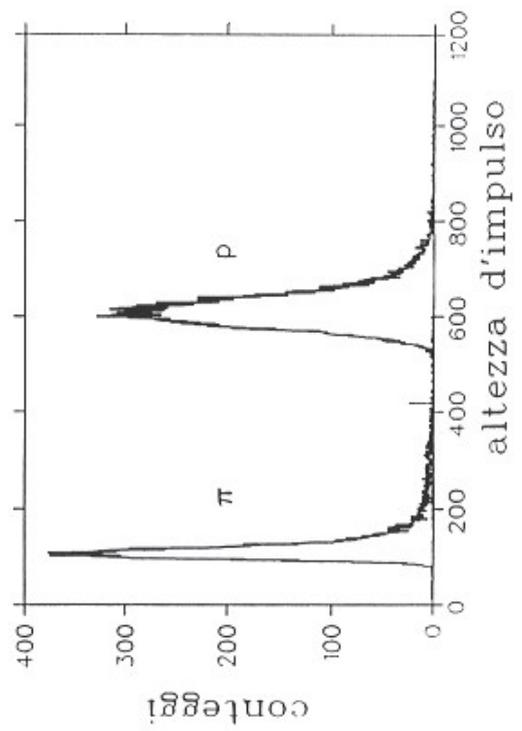
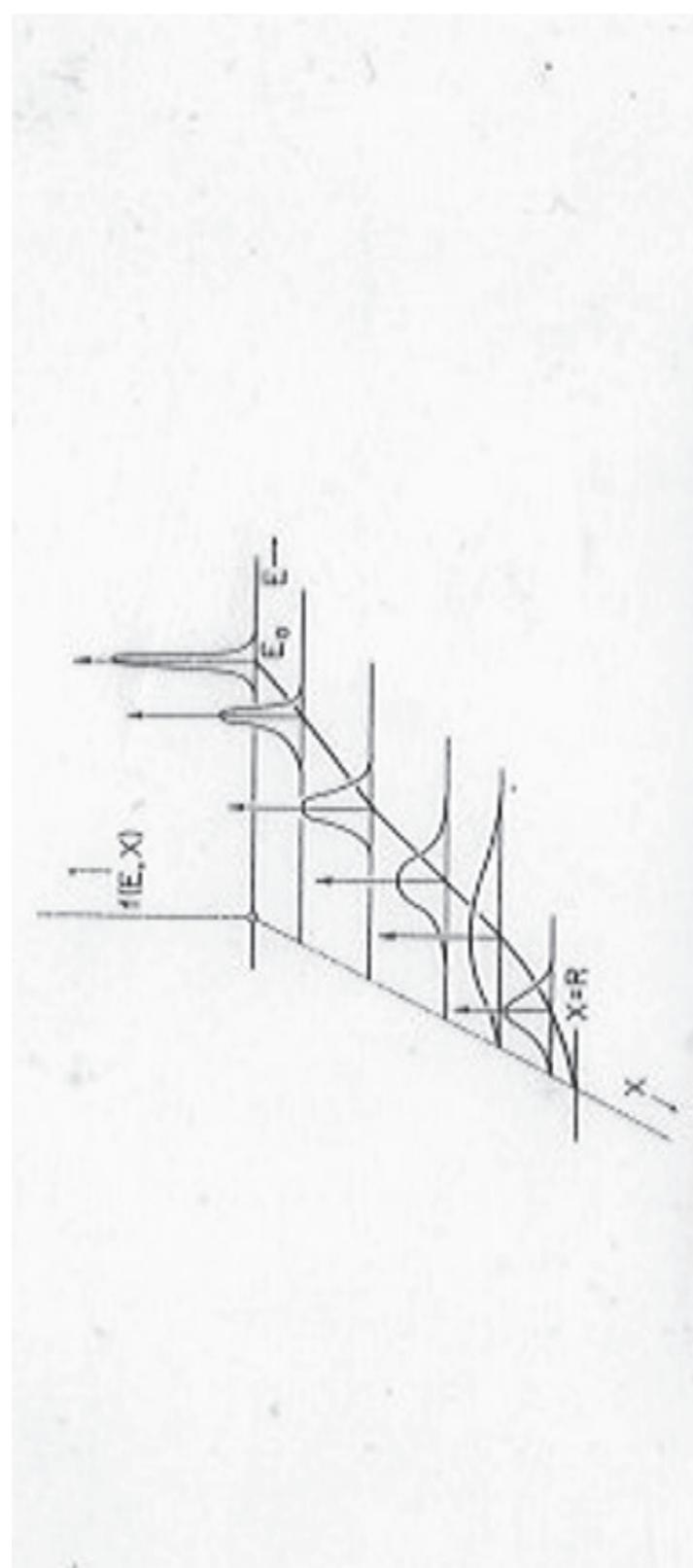
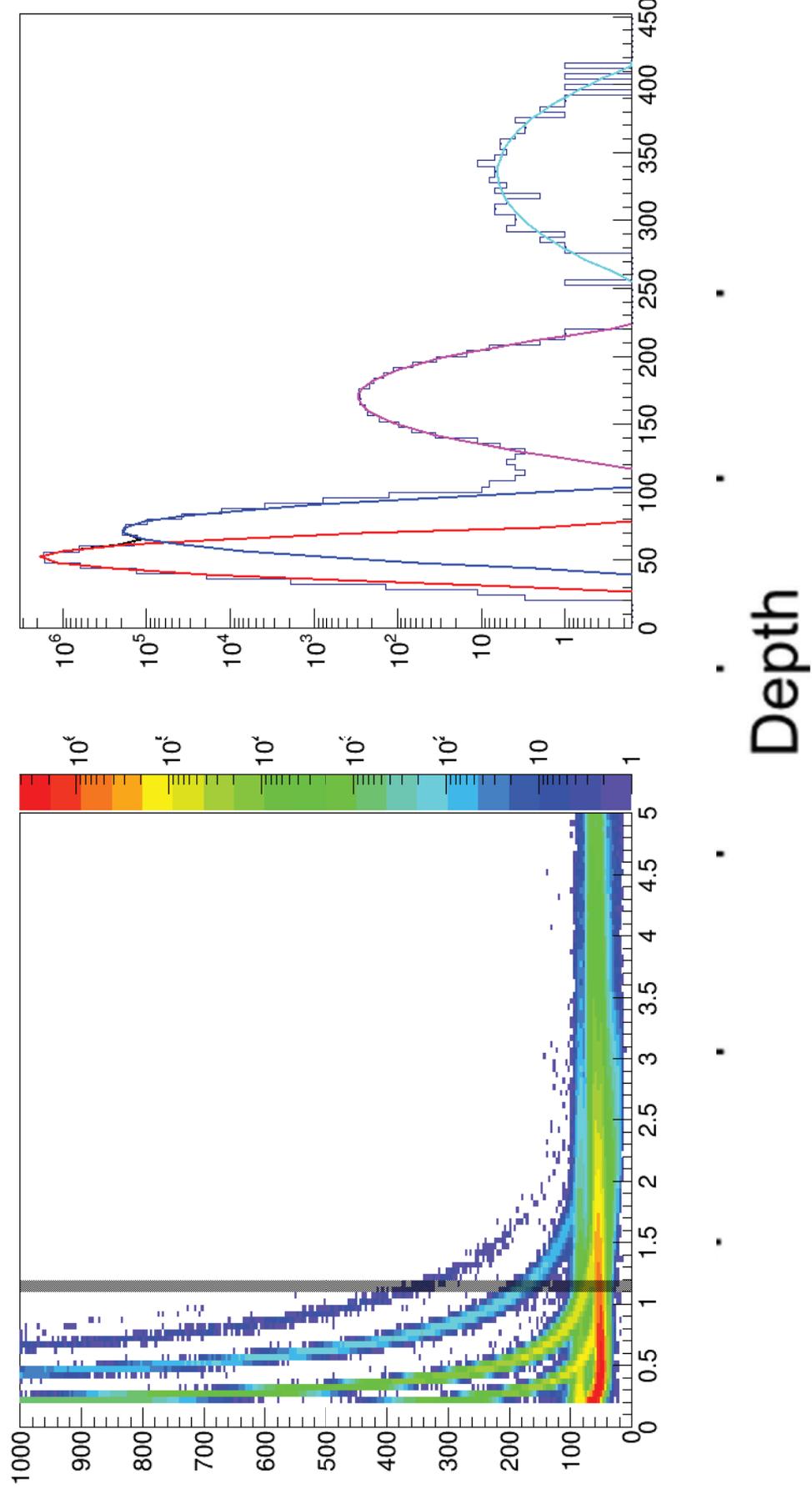


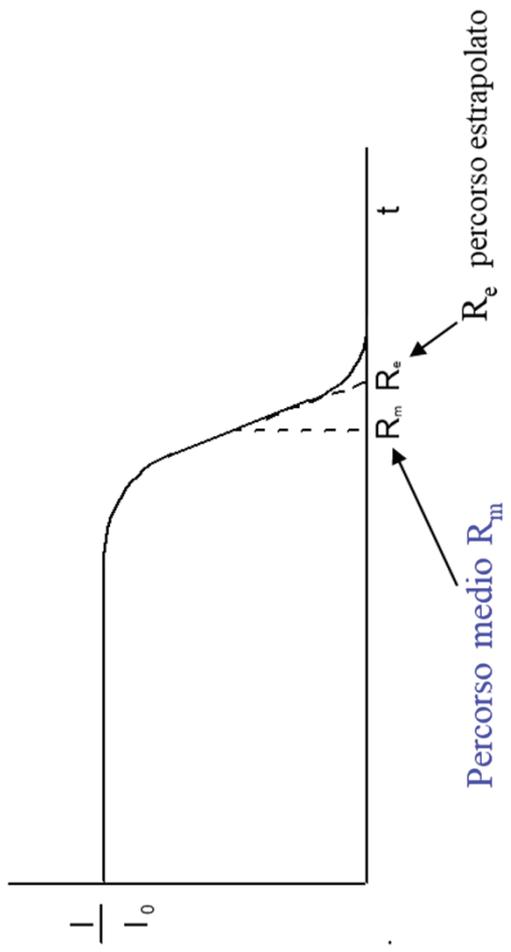
Fig.5.7- Altezza d'impulso di π^+ , p in $\Delta E2$ per $p=400$ MeV/c.



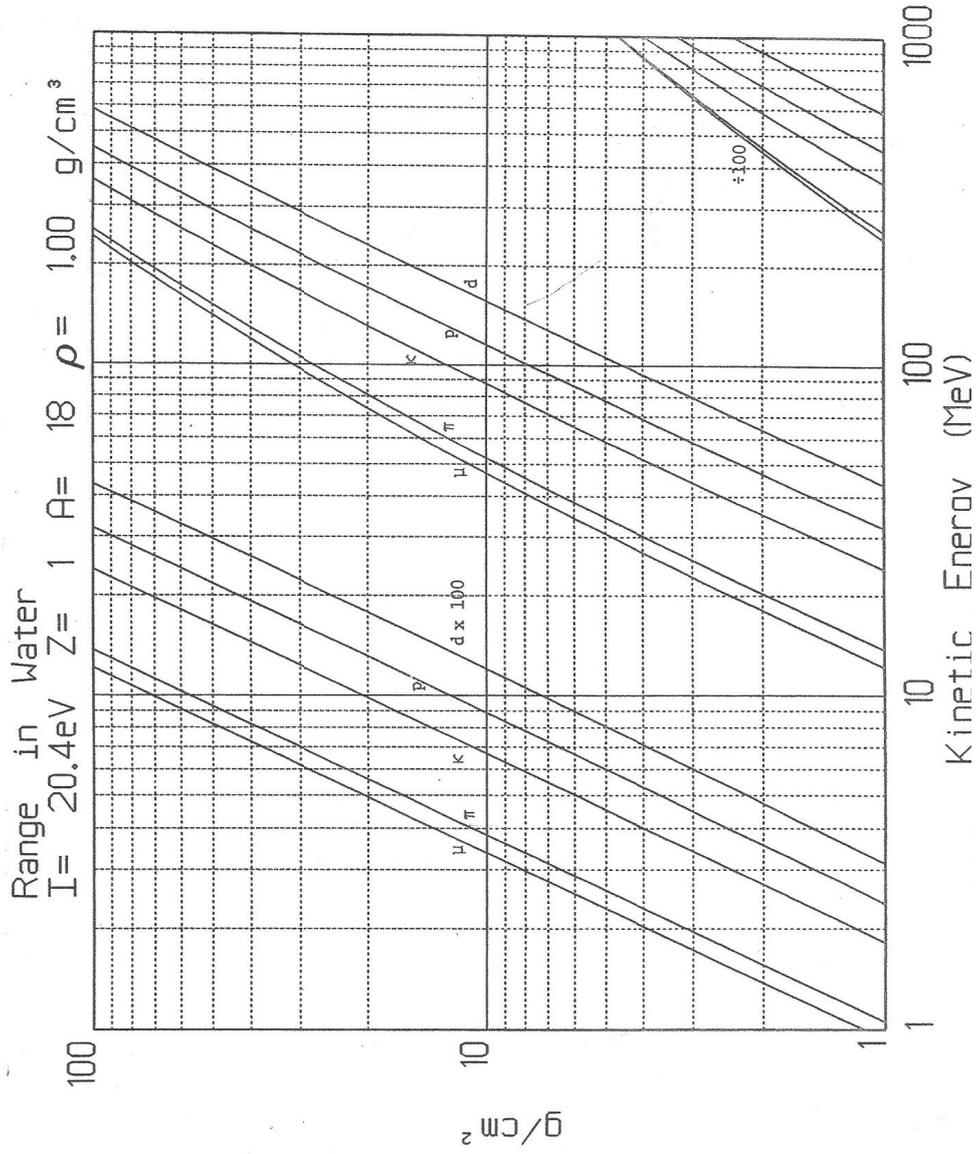
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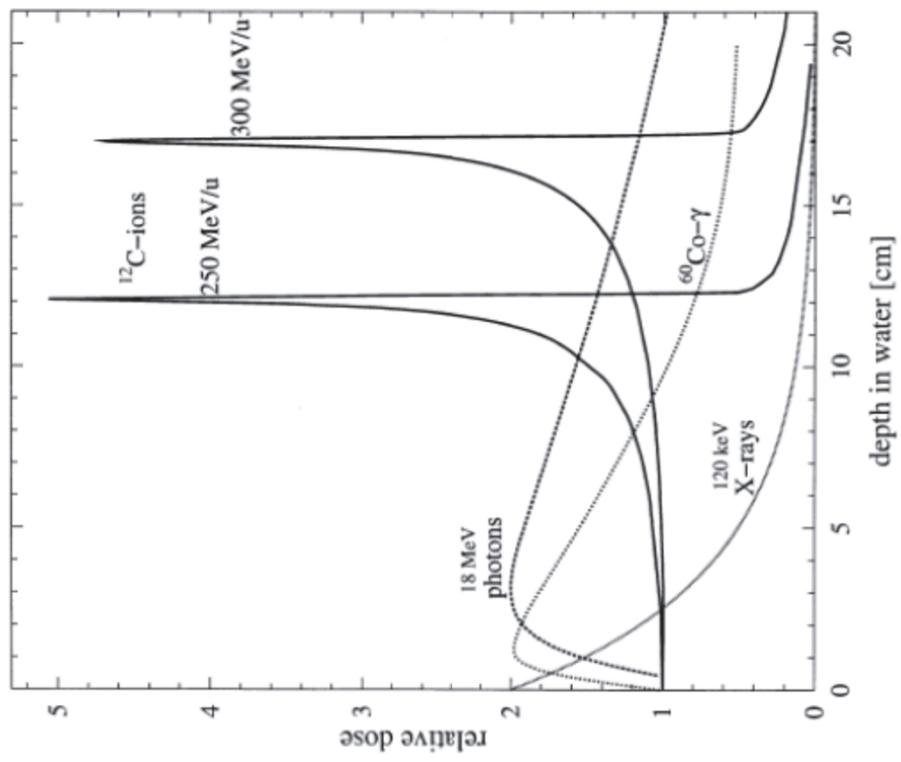
Protons



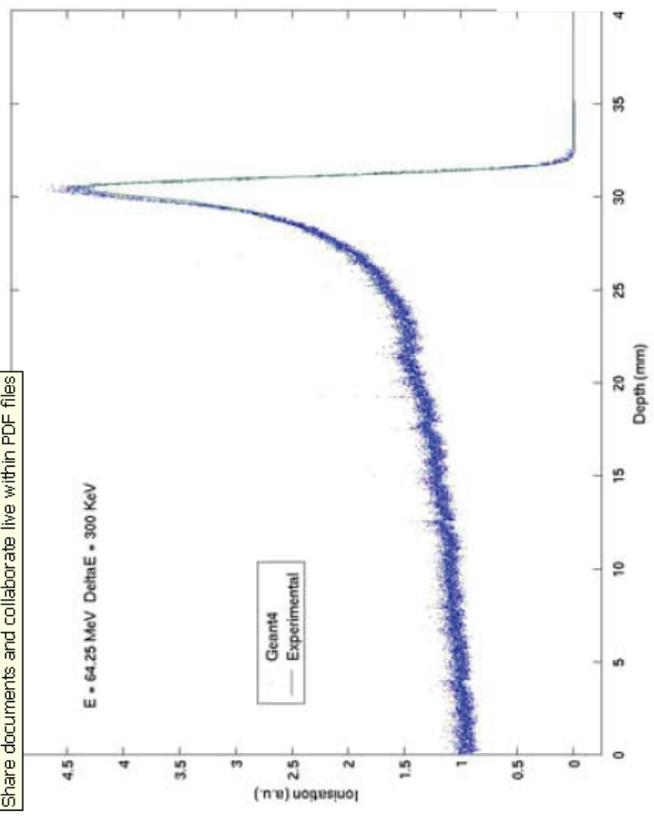


Mass discrimination also possible by making RANGE measurements



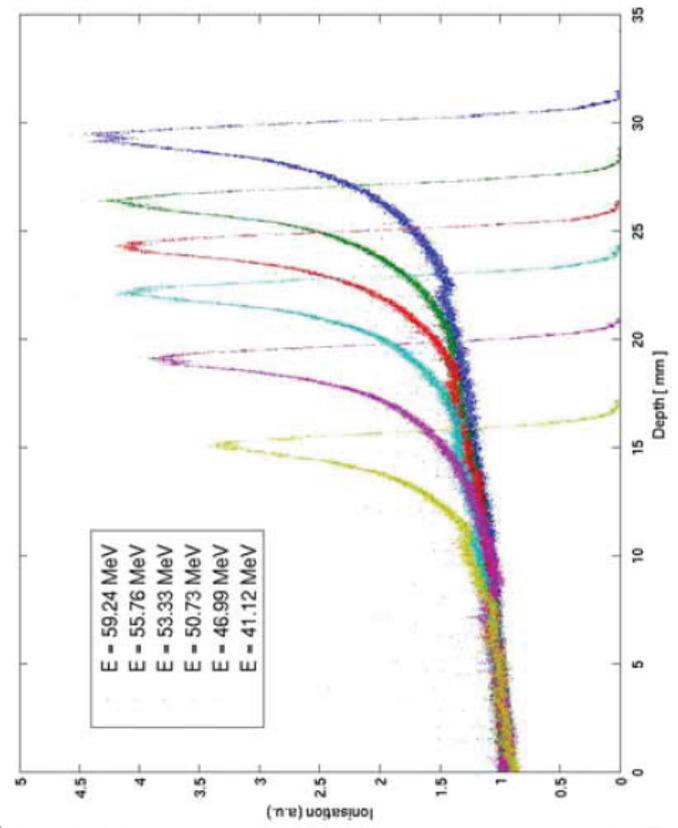


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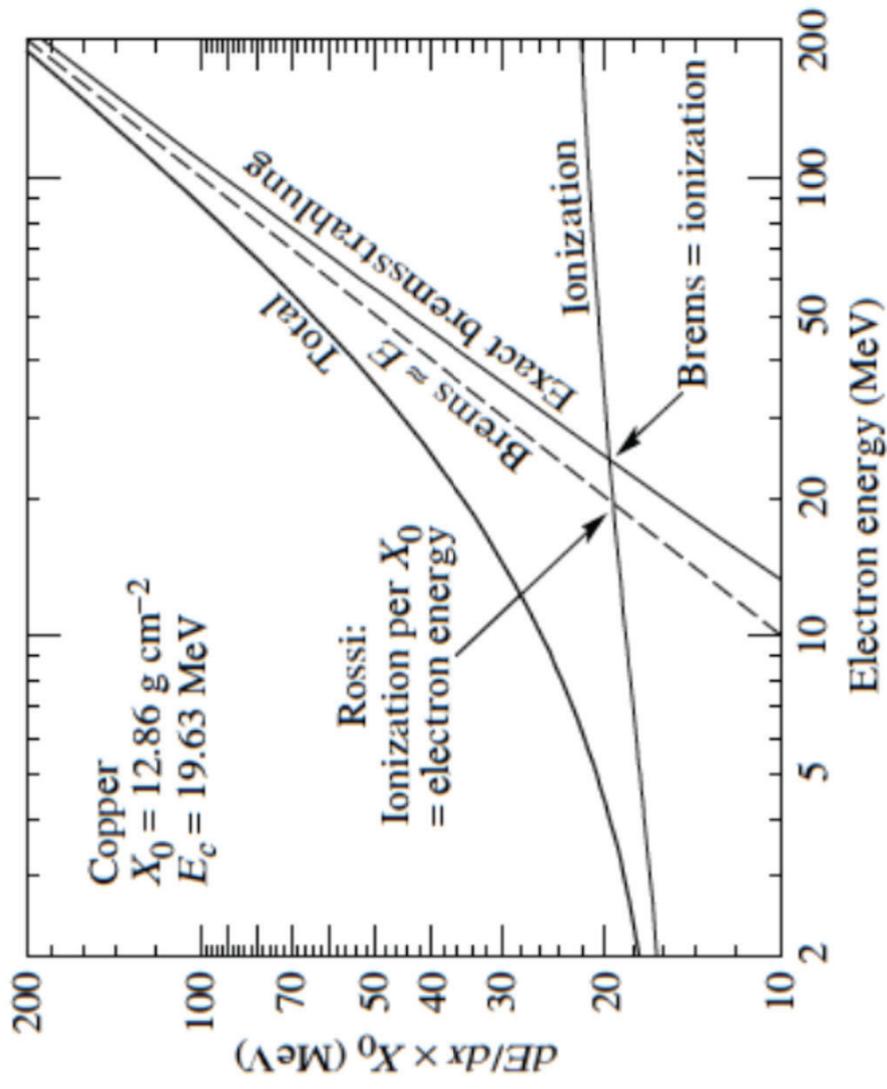
Physic models: comparison vs experimental data

Low energy libraries and hadronic physics

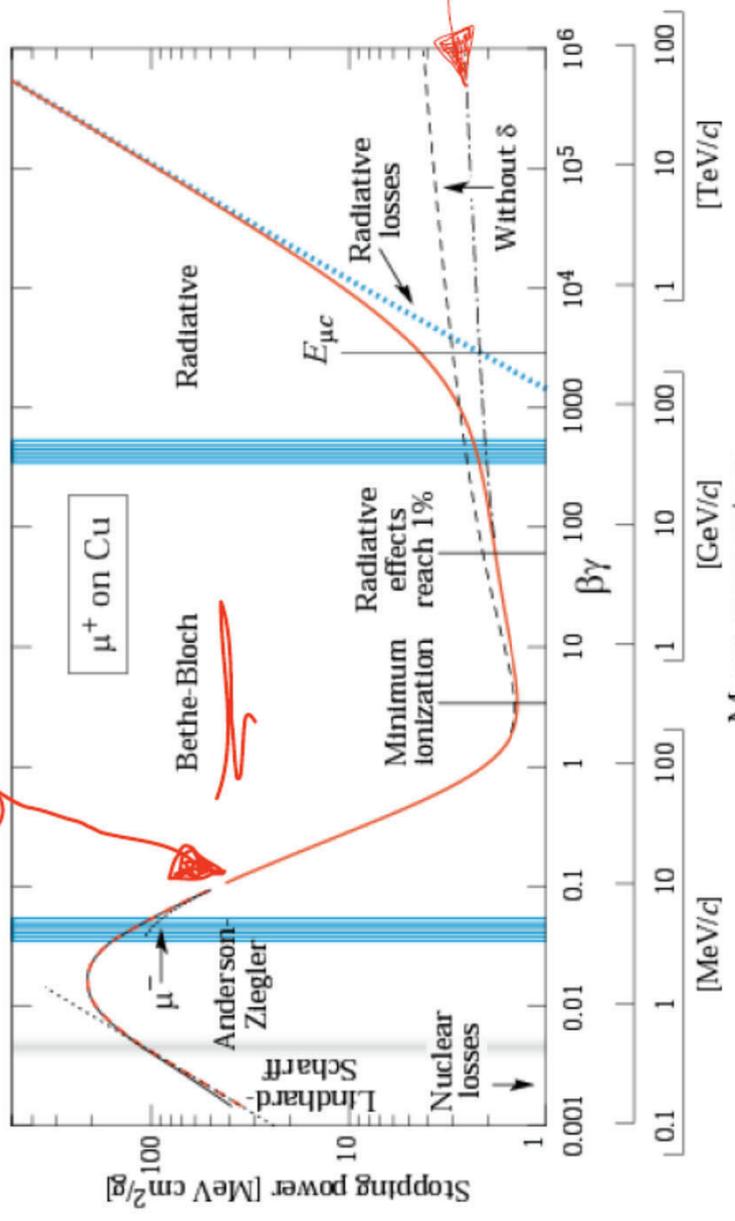


Bragg peaks at different energies

RADIAZIONE DI FRENAMENTO



$$\frac{dE}{dx} = Kz^2 \frac{Z}{A} \frac{1}{\beta^2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{2m_e c^2 \beta^2 \gamma^2 T_{\max}}{I^2} - \beta^2 - \frac{\delta}{2} \right]$$



Stopping power ($\equiv \langle dE/dx \rangle$) for positive muons in copper as a function of $\beta\gamma = p/Mc$ over nine orders of magnitude in momentum (12 orders of magnitude in kinetic energy). Solid curves indicate the total stopping power.