

**CORSO DI BOTANICA SISTEMATICA**

# **LEZIONE 44**

**Sistematica e filogenesi**

# Phylogenetics

Phylogenetics is the estimation of the “tree” through “time” knowing only the “leaves”



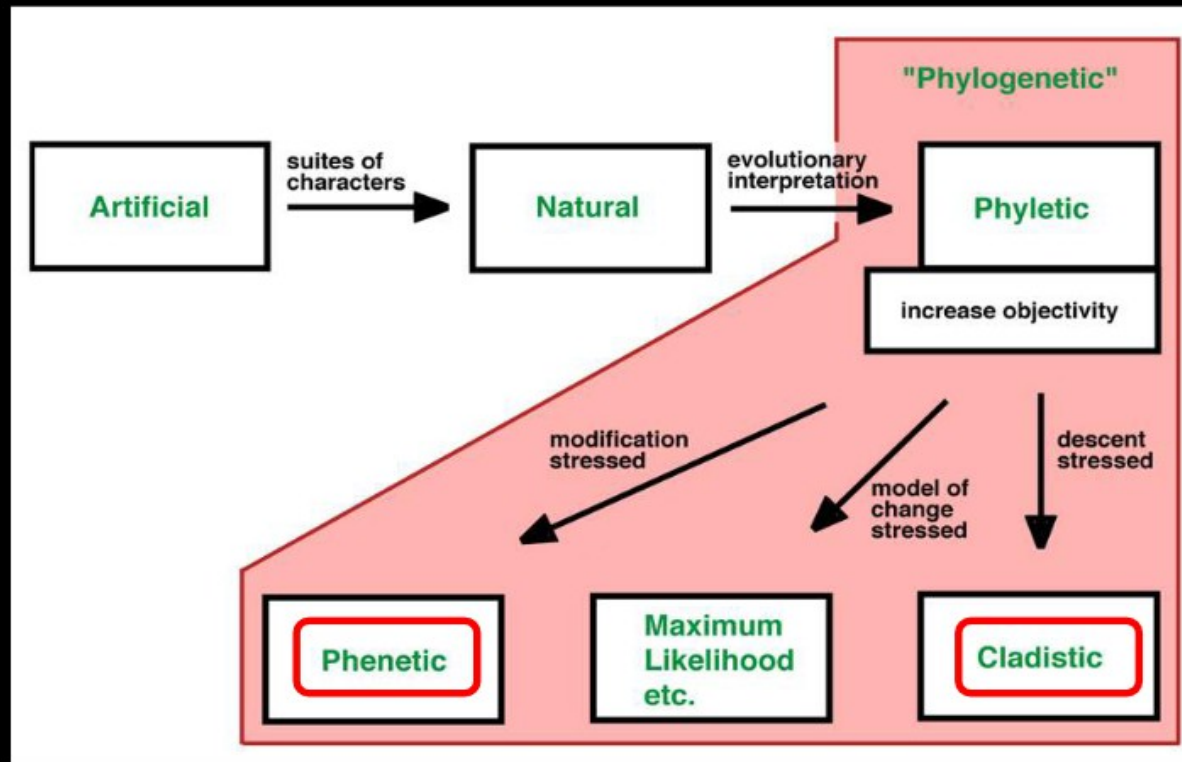
# Phylogenetics

However, the “leaves” are scattered over “space”. Some areas have related “leaves”, others have unrelated “leaves”. Thus, phylogenetics is compounded by issues of both “time” and “space”.



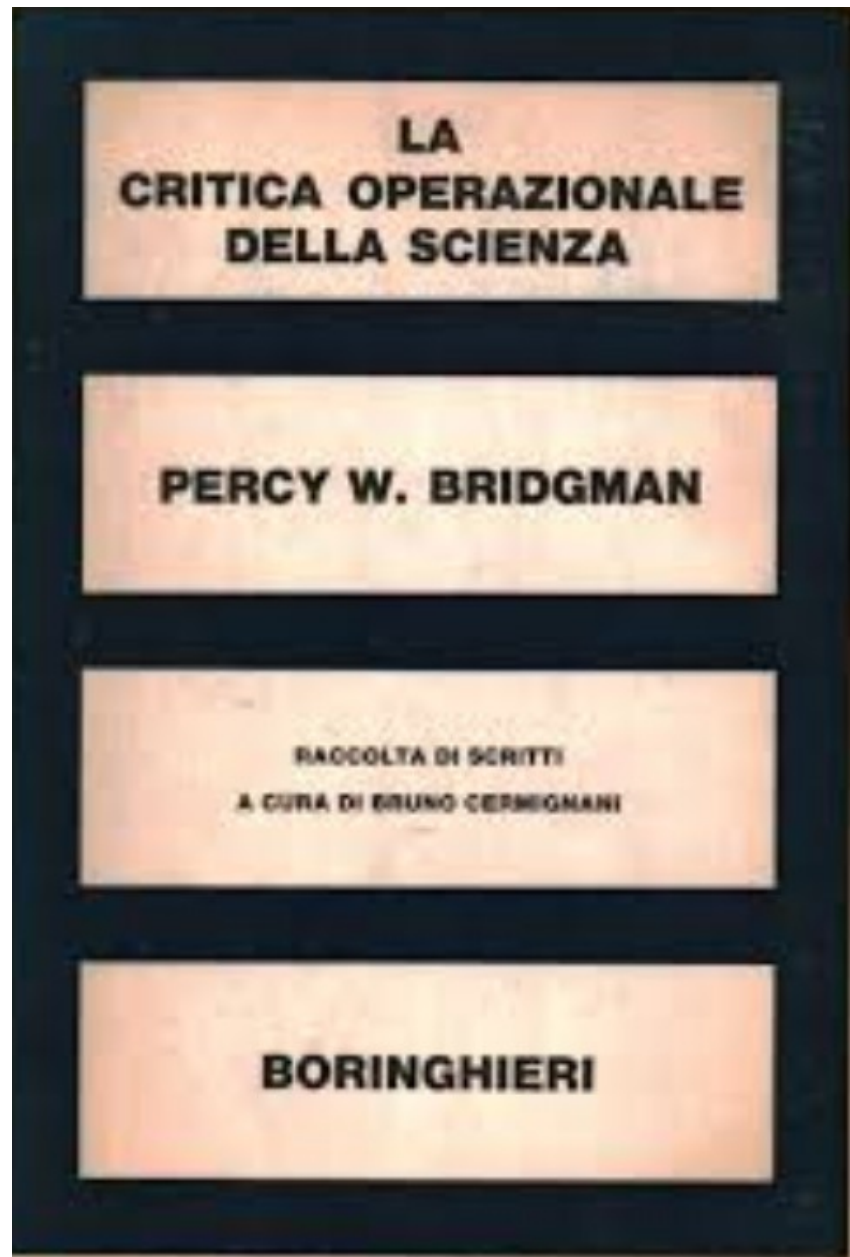
# Phylogenetics

In the 1960s, two main groups of systematists became dissatisfied with the phyletic approach and developed more **objective** methods: **phenetic** and **cladistic**





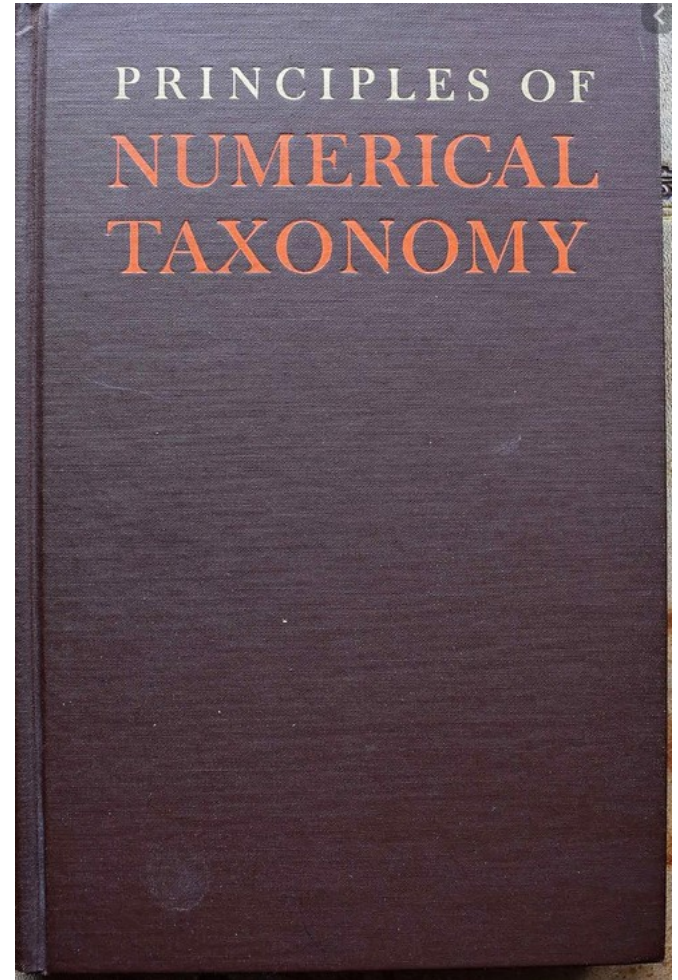
**P.W. Bridgman (1882-1961)**







R.R. Sokak & P.H.A. Sneath



1963

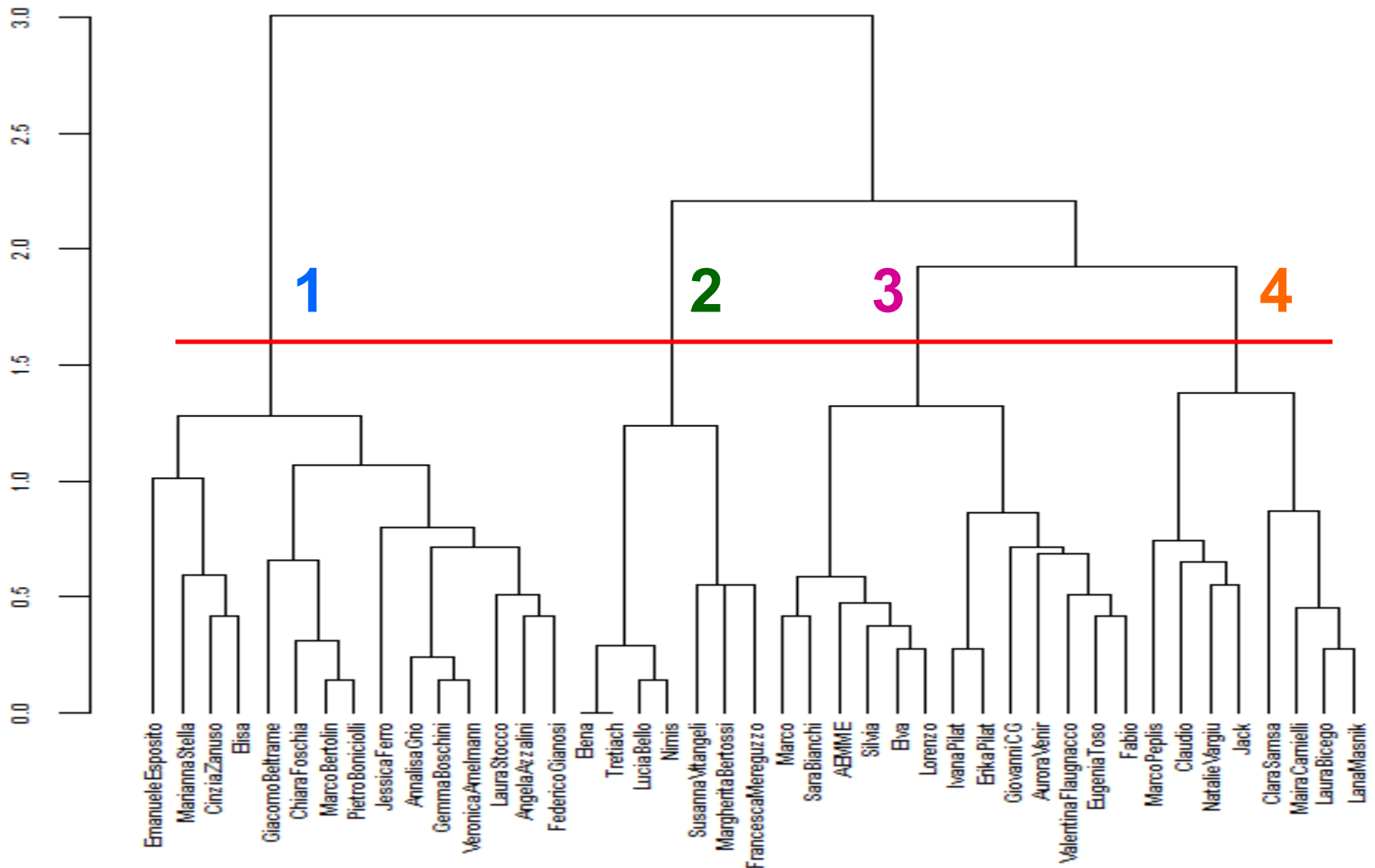
# Votanti

## Musici

	GemmaBoschini	NatalieVargiu	ClaraSamsa	GiovanniCG	Marco	SaraBianchi	JessicaFerro	EugeniaToso	EmanueleEsposito	MarcoBertolin	MargheritaBertossi	LauraBicego	CinziaZanuso	MariannaStella	VeronicaAmelmann	LuciaBello	FrancescaMereguzzo	IvanaPilat	AnnalisaGrio	SusannaVitageli	AngelaAzzalini	ChiaraFoschia	FedericoGianosi	MairaCarnielli	GiacomoBeltrame	PietroBoniciolli	LanaMasnik	LauraStocco	AuroraVenir	ErikaPilat	ValentinaFlaugnacco	MarcoPeplis	Claudio	Elva	Elena	Tretiach	Silvia	Fabio	Lorenzo	Elisa	Nimis	AEMME	Jack																		
Wagner					1	1										1																																													
Rossini				1												1																				1								1			1														
Vivaldi								1								1		1		1																			1						1		1														
Doors				1	1	1	1	1										1												1	1				1	1			1	1						1															
PesteNoir																																				1																									
DeAndre	1		1		1	1		1			1		1				1		1		1												1	1		1	1	1	1		1			1		1		1													
TheKillers		1										1	1											1			1								1									1				1													
Currents																										1																																			
Ramones		1	1	1				1										1														1		1	1	1												1		1											
ModenaCityRamblers				1	1				1		1										1					1																																			
Mannarino			1		1						1							1						1																																					
Elisa	1						1			1						1	1				1	1				1		1																		1	1			1											
LedZeppelin		1	1	1	1	1	1	1										1						1												1								1	1	1			1												
Oasis		1	1									1		1				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1		1	1													1		1															
LinkinPark		1	1						1	1		1										1	1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1	1											1					1											
Nickelback		1										1																																								1									
ImagineDragons	1		1				1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1				1	1	1	1	1		1	1								1													1		1											
EdSheeran	1						1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1		1																		1		1												
FlorenceTheMachine			1				1				1	1		1										1			1																							1											
Rihanna	1								1											1	1	1	1					1								1	1																								
PinkFloyd		1			1	1				1	1																1																						1	1	1		1	1							
Ultimo							1									1	1						1					1	1																																
LiIPeep									1																																																				
Queen	1	1		1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ArcticMonkeys		1		1					1			1	1	1									1				1												1	1							1	1			1										
ThirtySecondsToMars							1			1	1																																																		
Mozart									1								1	1			1																												1	1	1			1							
Soad						1																				1												1	1													1									
GunsNRoses			1	1				1			1		1											1	1			1																				1	1			1									
Ligabue	1										1						1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1	1	1	1																					1											
Emma	1						1															1																																							
MichaelJackson	1			1				1	1		1		1			1						1						1		1																				1	1			1							
Coldplay	1	1				1	1		1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1						
DeepPurple				1	1	1		1										1																																1											
Hozier			1							1		1	1	1										1			1	1																																	
Morricone					1			1	1			1					1	1				1																																	1	1			1	1	

# Classificazione

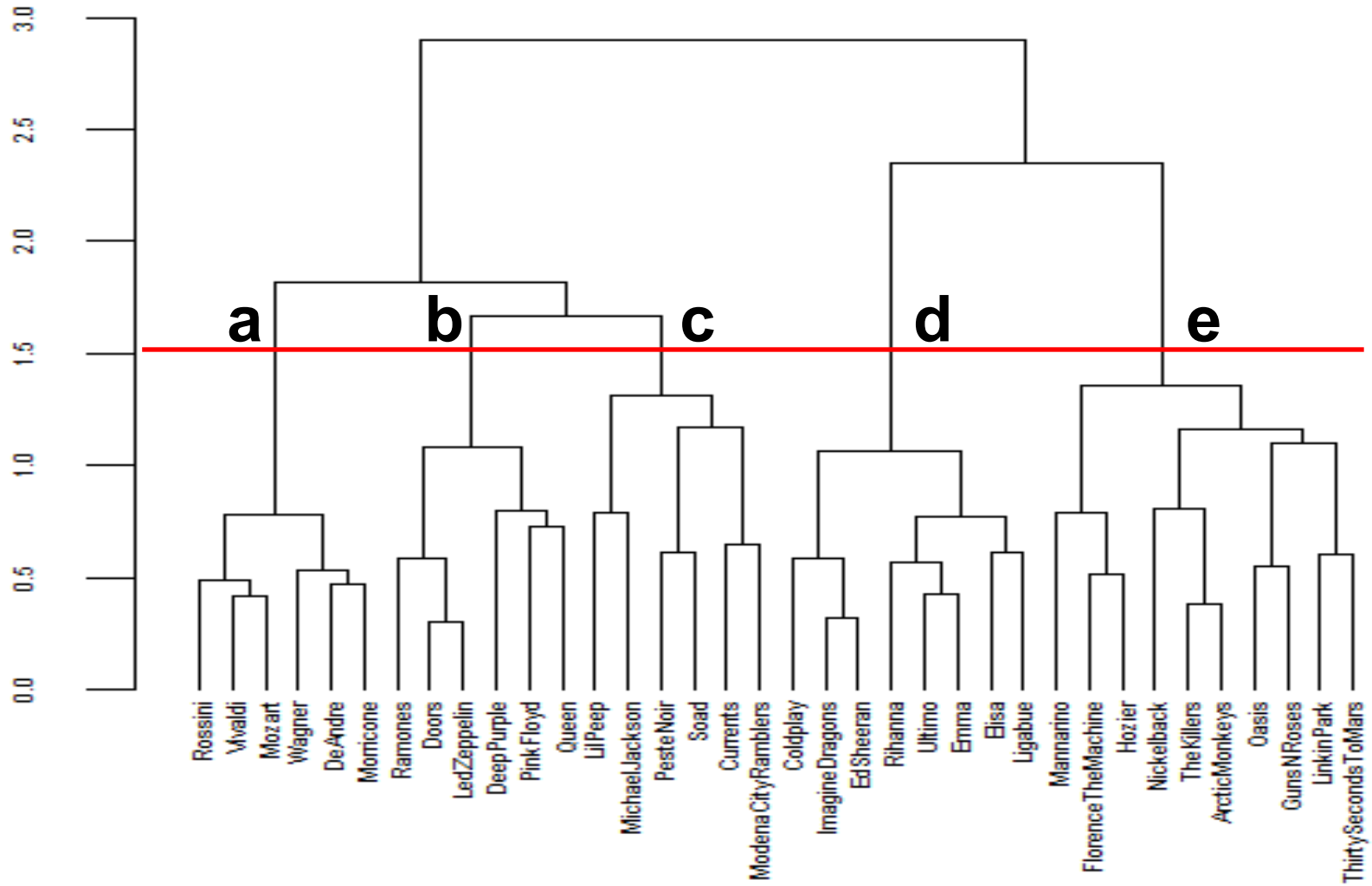
Dendrogramma votanti – coefficiente di correlazione – minimum variance





# Classificazione

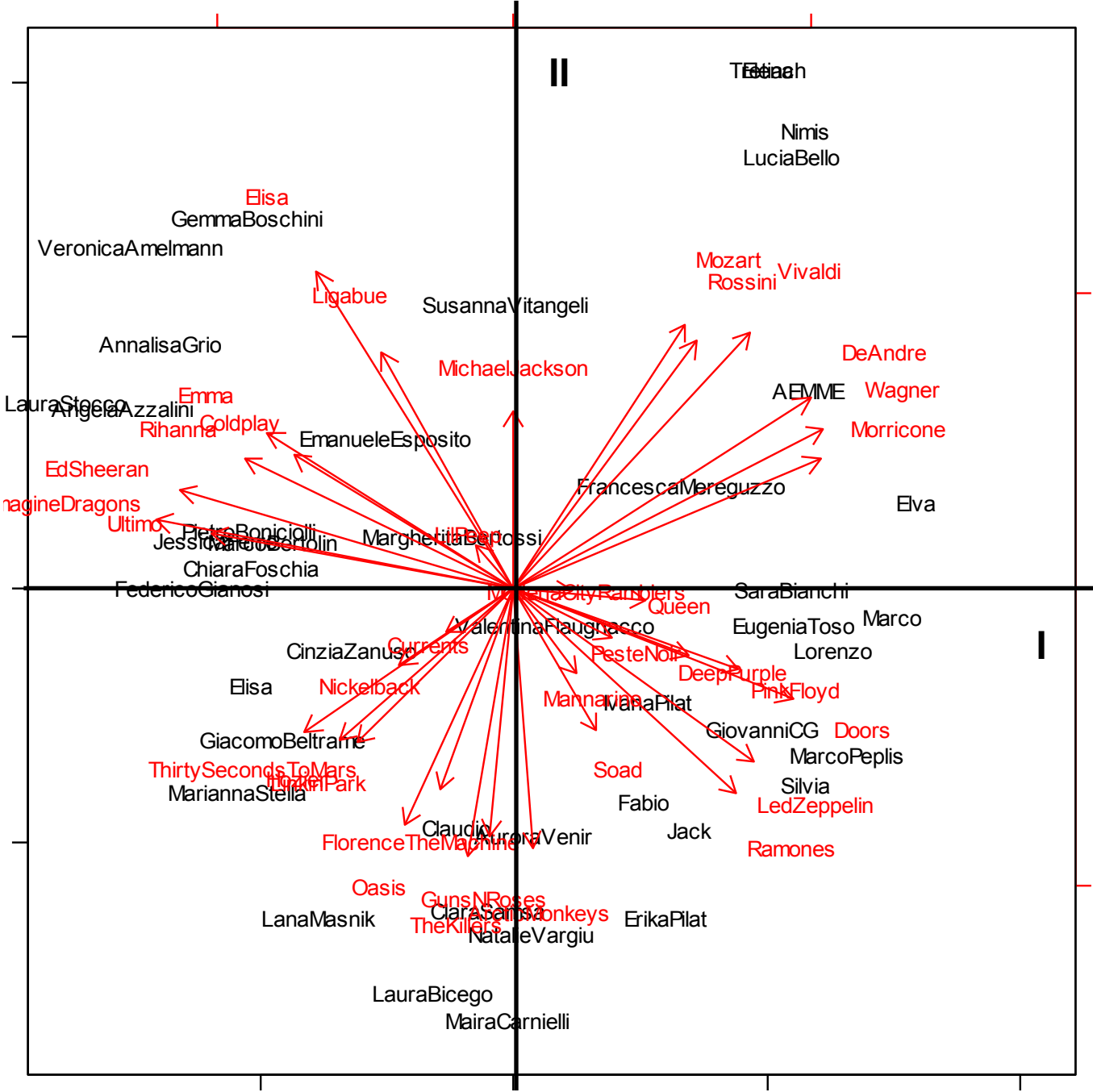
Dendrogramma musicisti – coefficiente di correlazione – minimum variance





# Ordinamento biplot votanti e musicisti

varianza I asse: 17%  
varianza II asse: 13%

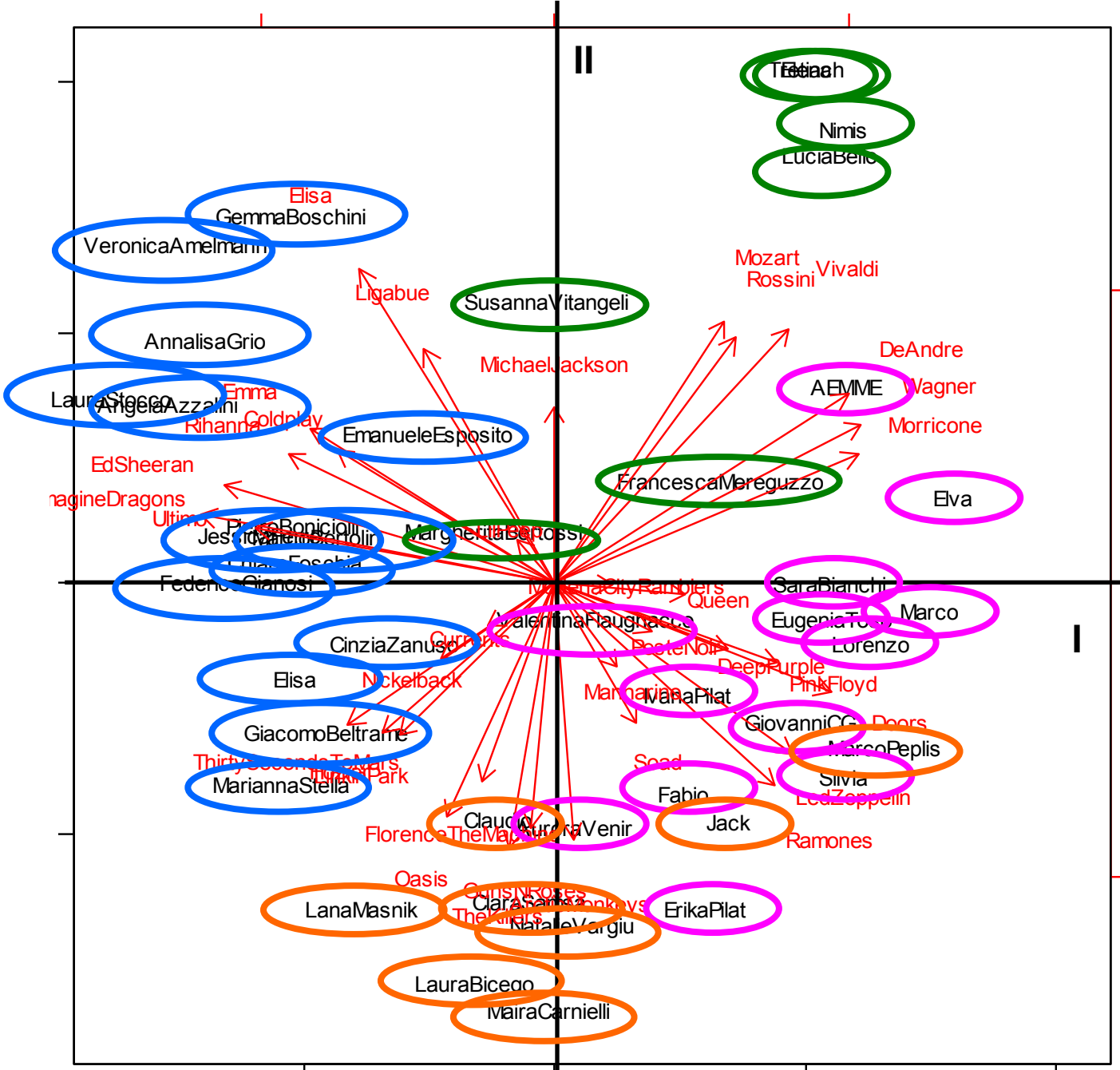


# Ordinamento biplot votanti e musicisti

varianza I asse: 17%  
varianza II asse: 13%

Gruppi derivanti  
dalla classificazione:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4



# Ordinamento biplot

# Tabella ordinata (I asse)

	ImagineDragons	EdSheeran	Ultimo	Rihanna	Emma	Coldplay	ThirtySecondsToMars	Elisa	Hozier	LinkinPark	Ligabue	Nickelback	Oasis	FlorenceTheMachine	Currents	TheKillers	LIPeep	GunsNRoses	MichaelJackson	ArcticMonkeys	ModenaCityRamblers	Mannarino	Soad	PesteNoir	Queen	Mozart	DeepPurple	Rossini	Ramones	PinkFloyd	Vivaldi	LedZeppelin	Doors	DeAndre	Morricone	Wagner			
Laura Stocco	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1																											
Angela Azzalini	1	1	1	1	1			1		1	1		1												1														
Veronica Amelmann	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1								1						1														
Annalisa Griò	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1		1								1						1														
Federico Gianosi	1	1	1	1		1				1	1		1					1											1										
Jessica Ferro	1	1	1		1	1	1	1						1																			1	1					
Marianna Stella	1	1	1			1			1				1	1				1		1					1														
Gemma Boschini	1	1		1	1	1		1			1								1						1											1			
Pietro Boniciolli	1	1				1	1	1	1	1	1														1					1									
Elisa	1	1				1		1				1	1			1		1	1	1																			
Chiara Foschia	1	1		1		1	1	1		1								1							1						1								
Marco Bertolin	1	1				1	1	1	1	1									1					1							1								
Giacomo Beltrame	1	1				1	1			1			1		1						1		1		1														
Lana Masnik			1			1		1	1	1	1		1	1		1		1	1	1					1														
Cinzia Zanuso	1	1				1			1			1				1			1	1					1												1		
Emanuele Esposito	1	1		1						1							1		1	1	1					1												1	
Laura Bicego							1		1	1			1	1		1		1	1	1					1													1	
Margherita Bertossi	1	1				1					1			1							1	1			1					1							1		
Claudio	1			1			1			1						1								1														1	
Clara Samsa	1								1	1			1	1				1					1		1				1					1				1	
Susanna Vitangeli	1	1				1					1		1								1					1								1			1	1	
Maira Carnielli							1		1				1	1		1				1		1			1					1		1							
Natalie Vargiu						1				1		1	1			1				1					1				1	1	1		1						
Aurora Venir						1				1		1	1						1	1					1		1			1				1					
Valentina Flaugnacco	1		1							1								1	1						1		1	1			1		1				1		
Fabio	1									1			1					1							1		1				1		1	1		1		1	
Ivana Pilat	1										1	1						1							1					1	1	1	1	1		1			
Erika Pilat											1	1				1								1		1				1	1		1	1		1			
Francesca Mereguzzi						1					1	1													1	1	1										1	1	
Jack										1						1			1					1	1	1												1	
Giovanni CG																		1	1	1	1				1		1	1	1	1					1	1			
Elena								1			1								1						1	1			1								1	1	1
Tretiach								1			1									1					1	1			1								1	1	1
Sara Bianchi						1												1						1		1				1					1	1	1		1
Lucia Bello						1		1																	1	1			1	1	1		1	1		1	1	1	
Eugenia Toso		1																1							1		1			1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Silvia														1						1	1				1					1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Nimis								1			1														1	1			1	1		1	1		1	1	1	1	
AEMME						1													1						1	1									1	1	1	1	
Lorenzo						1																			1									1	1	1	1	1	1
Marco Peplis										1										1						1				1	1				1	1	1	1	1
Marco																									1		1							1	1	1	1	1	1
Elva																				1						1								1	1	1	1	1	1



# Cladistics

Issue #1- ordering or polarizing character states (primitive or derived)

vessels (+) → no vessels (-)

OR

no vessels (-) → vessels (+)



1. *Magnolia*

+



2. *Nymphaea*

-



3. *Rosa*

+



4. *Primula*

+



5. *Gentiana*

+



6. *Aster*

+

vessels

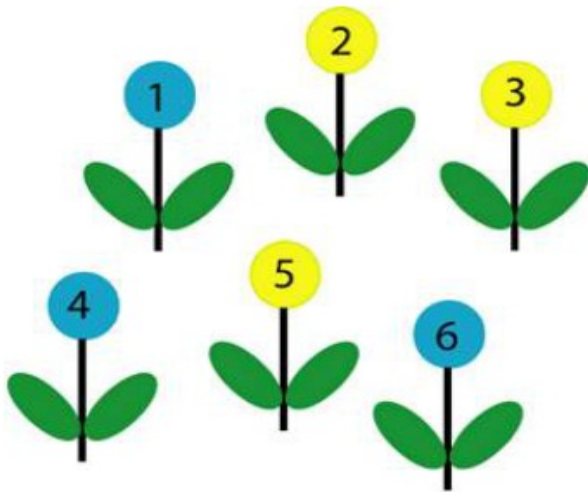
- can be subjective
- fossil record
- development, ontogeny
- look at groups most closely related to your group of interest (**outgroup**)

# Cladistics

Issue #1- ordering or polarizing character states (primitive or derived)

plesiomorph - primitive state

apomorph - derived state



Are blue flowers derived (apomorphic),  
or are yellow flowers derived?

**- use outgroups**

Use closely related genus *Alternifolia* as outgroup -  
yellow flowers are primitive or plesiomorphic

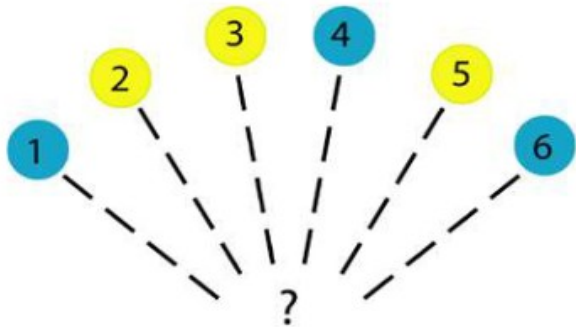


# Cladistics

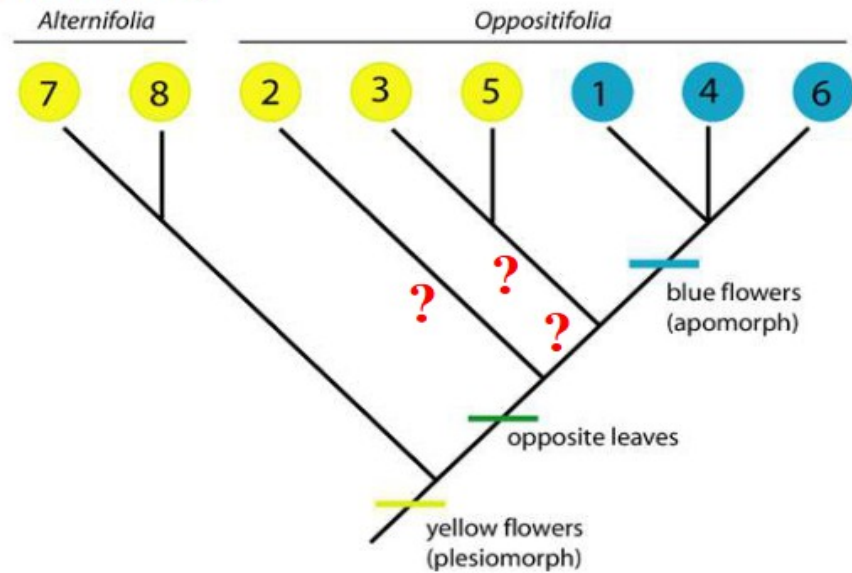
Issue #1- ordering or polarizing character states (primitive or derived)

Blue flowers = synapomorph - shared derived state

How are these 6 species of genus *Oppositifolia* related?



sister group



# Cladistics

Primitive 0

Derived 1

No vessels -  
vessels

Apocarp -  
syncarpy

Polypetal -  
sympetal

Free stamens -  
epipetal

Trees -  
herbs

Hypogyn -  
epigyn

beetle poll. - other  
poll.

Tepals -  
sepals + peals

Various carpels -  
bicarpellate

Homostyly -  
heterostyly



*Amborella*

1. *Magnolia*

2. *Nymphaea*

3. *Rosa*

4. *Primula*

5. *Gentiana*

6. *Aster*

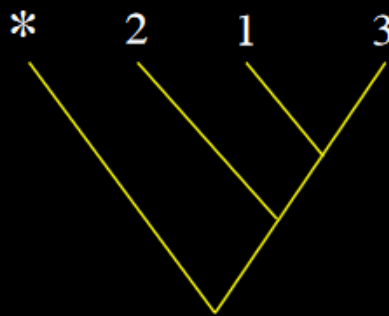
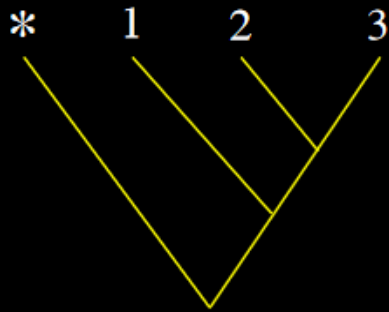
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

“shared derived” character states

# Cladistics

**Issue #2** - how do you select the “best” tree?

- with 3 ingroup species and one outgroup (\*), there are 3 trees possible





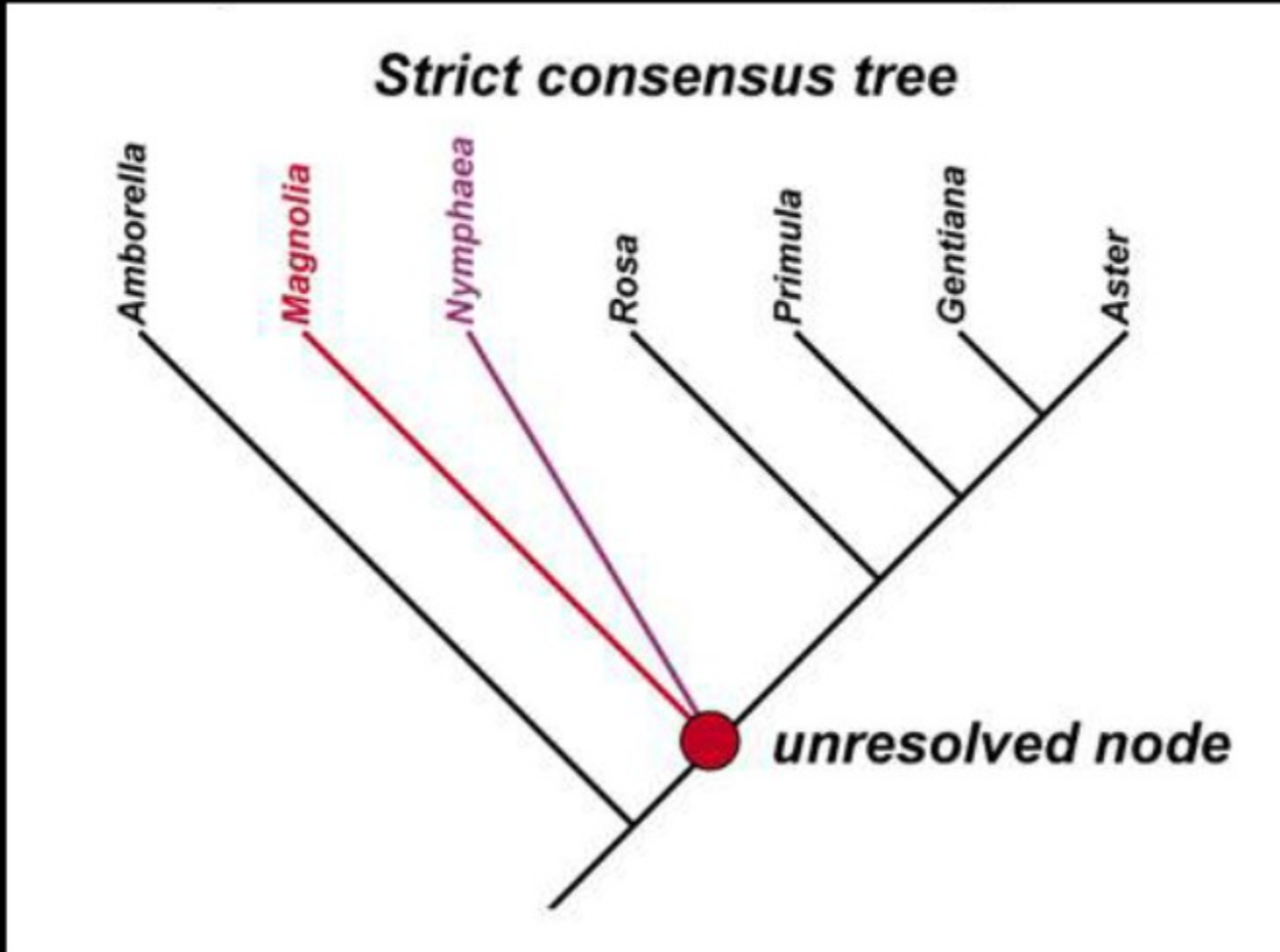
# Cladistics

Issue #2 - how do you select the “best” tree?

- in the context of evolution, **maximum parsimony** = choosing the tree that requires the **fewest number of evolutionary changes** (apomorphies)
- choose the tree with the **least amount of homoplasy** - convergences or reversals or character conflict
- choose the **shortest**, simplest, most efficient tree



- a **consensus tree** depicts the maximum information possible from all most parsimonious trees (note: **not equal to phenogram**)



# Cladistics

Issue #2 - how do you select the “best” tree?



<http://evolution.genetics.washington.edu/phylip/software.html>

- 36 of the around 370 phylogenetic software programs available!
- many can be used on about 50 free web servers (including supercomputers or tera-grids)

# Phylogenetics

Phylogenetics is the estimation of the “tree” through “time” knowing only the “leaves”

