

## 4 One-dimensional electron gas

Consider a system of  $N$  noninteracting point fermions moving in 1D in  $[0, L]$ . Let's study the problem with each of the following boundary conditions:

- (a) Born — von Karman (also known as PBC):  $\psi(x + L) = \psi(x)$
- (b) Hard wall  $\psi(L) = \psi(0) = 0$ .

In each of cases (a) and (b):

1. Give eigenfunctions and eigenvalues.
2. Calculate the one body density  $n(x)$  giving also a qualitative plot and discussing what happens in the thermodynamic limit ( $N, L \rightarrow \infty; N/L = n$ ).
3. Calculate the Fermi energy  $E_F(N, L)$  and its behavior in the thermodynamic limit.
4. Calculate the total energy  $E_{tot}(N, L)$ . Discuss whether it is possible to break it in a *volume* term

$$E_V(N, L) = N\mathcal{E}_V\left(\frac{N}{L}\right)$$

and a *surface* term

$$E_S(N, L) = \mathcal{E}_S\left(\frac{N}{L}\right),$$

plus terms that vanish in the thermodynamic limit. Check if there is a relation between the total energy and the Fermi energy.

### Suggestion

1. It might be useful to remember:

$$\sum_{n=1}^m n^2 = \frac{1}{6}m(m+1)(2m+1)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^m a^n = \frac{a - a^{m+1}}{1 - a}$$

2. and the definition of the Bessel function:

$$j_0(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$