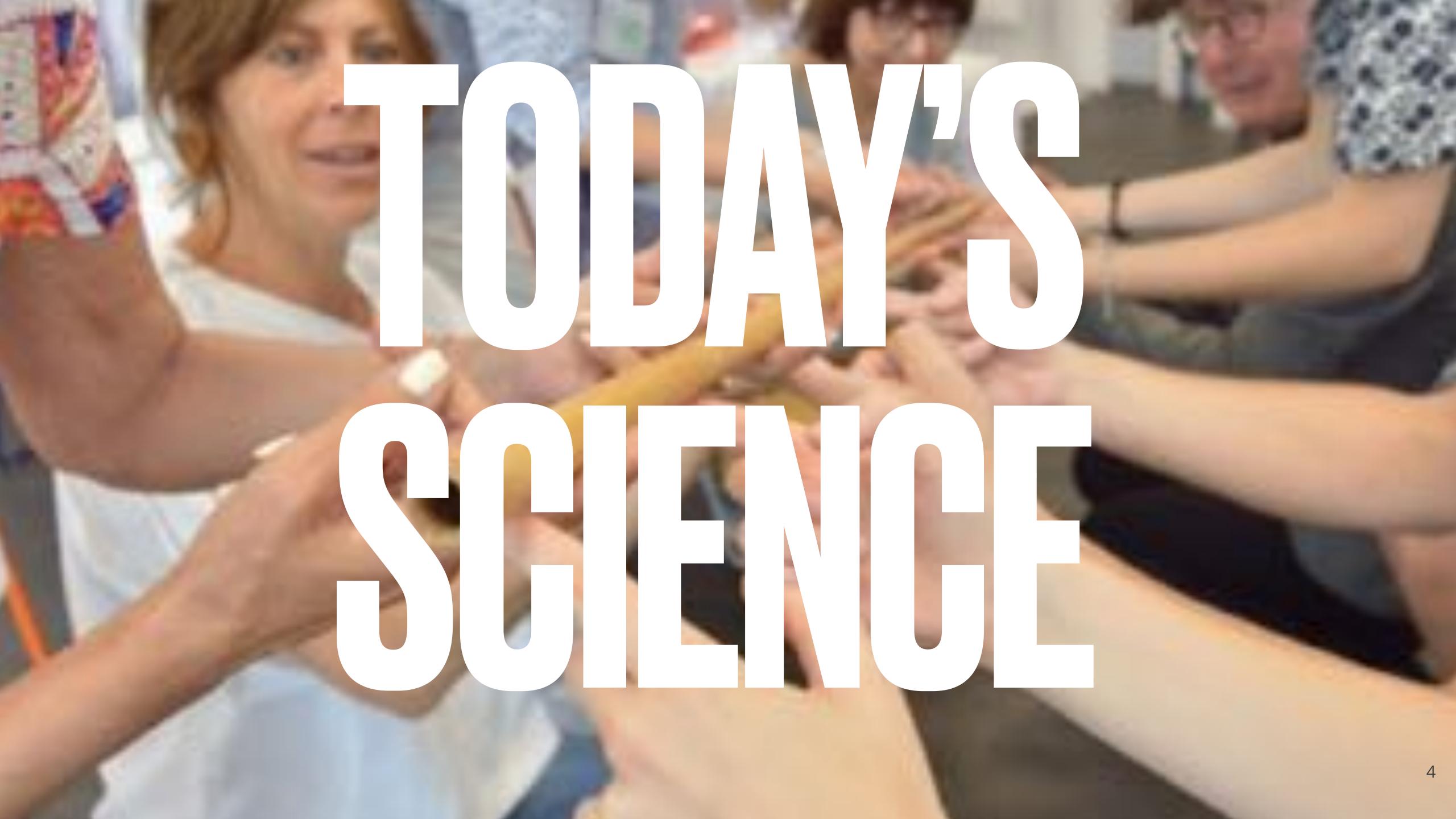


### WRAP UP OCTOBER - DECEMBER 201

# NO COMMUNICATION NO RESEARCH



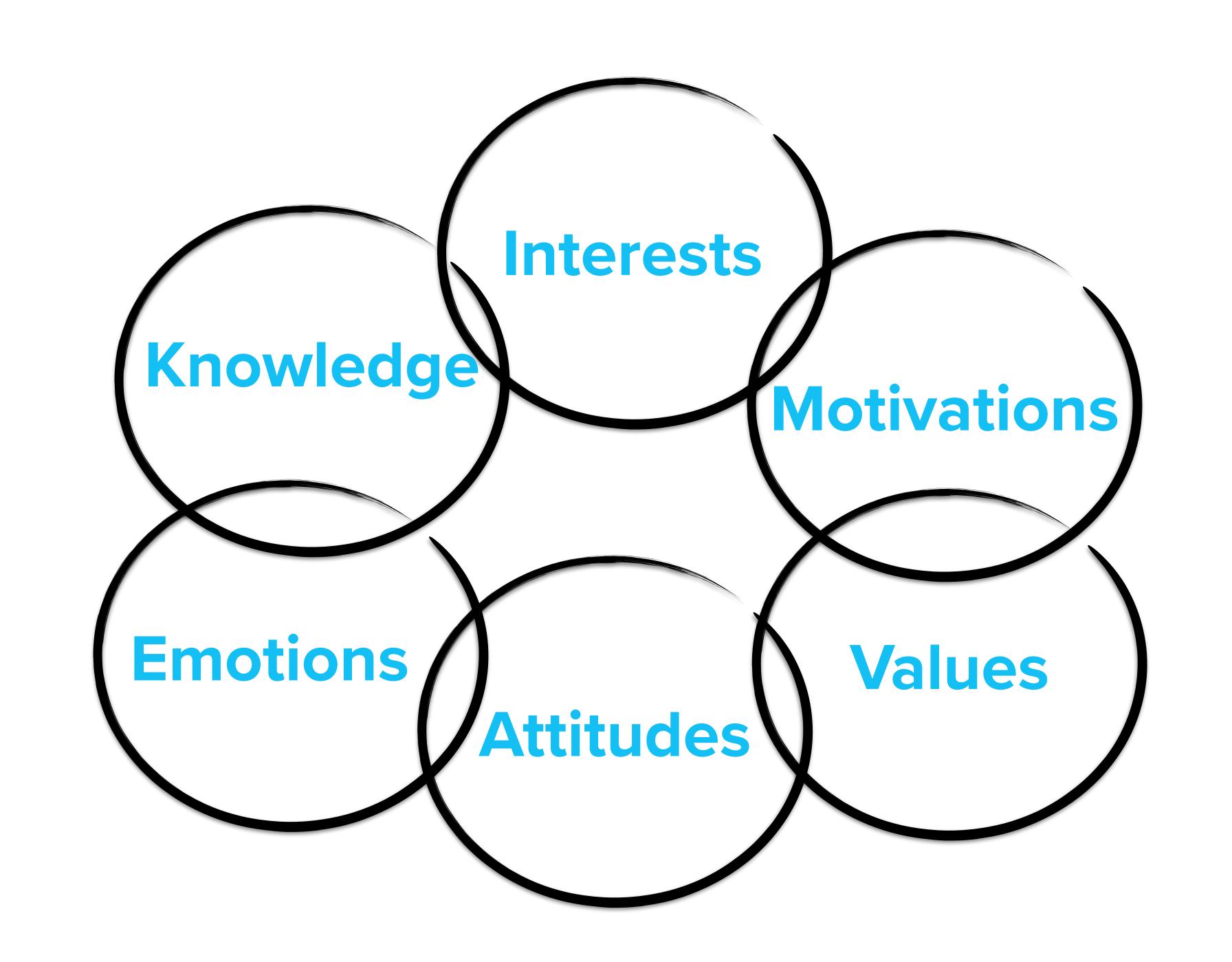
CONTEXTUALIZED APPLIED TRANSDISCIPLINARY DIFFUSED UNCERTAIN AMBIGUOUS

### CONTROVERSIAL AND COMPLEX ISSUES NEEDS NEW APPROACHES AND TOOLS

### 

	Deficit	Dialogue	Participation
Main Focus	Public ignorance and technical education	Dialogue, engagement, transparency, building trust	Direction, quality and need for sociotechnical change
Key Issues	Communicating science, informing debate, getting the facts straight	Re-establishing public confidence, building consensus, encouraging debate, addressing uncertainty	Setting science and technology in wider cultural context, enhancing reflexivity and critical analysis
Communication style	One-way, top-down	Two-way, bottom-up	Multiple stakeholders, multiple frameworks
Model of scientific governance	Science-led, 'science' and 'politics' kept apart	Transparent, responsive to public opinion, accountable	Open to contested problem definitions, beyond government alone, addressing societal concerns and priorities
Sociotechnical challenge	Maintaining rationality, encouraging scientific progress and expert independence	Establishing broad societal consensus	Viewing heterogeneity, conditionality and disagreement as a societal resource
Overall perspective	Focusing on science	Focusing on communication and engagement	Focusing on scientific / political cultures
Emphasis	Content	Context	Content and Context
Aims	Transferring knowledge	Discussing implications of research	Setting the aims, shaping the agenda of research
Ideological contexts	Scientism;Technocracy; Rhetoric of the knowledge economy	Social responsibility; Culture	Civic science; Democracy

Ref: Andrea Bandelli



### 



TOWHOMANI COMMUNICATING? HOW MILL MY MESSAGE BE WILL MY PUBLIC BE INTERESTED?

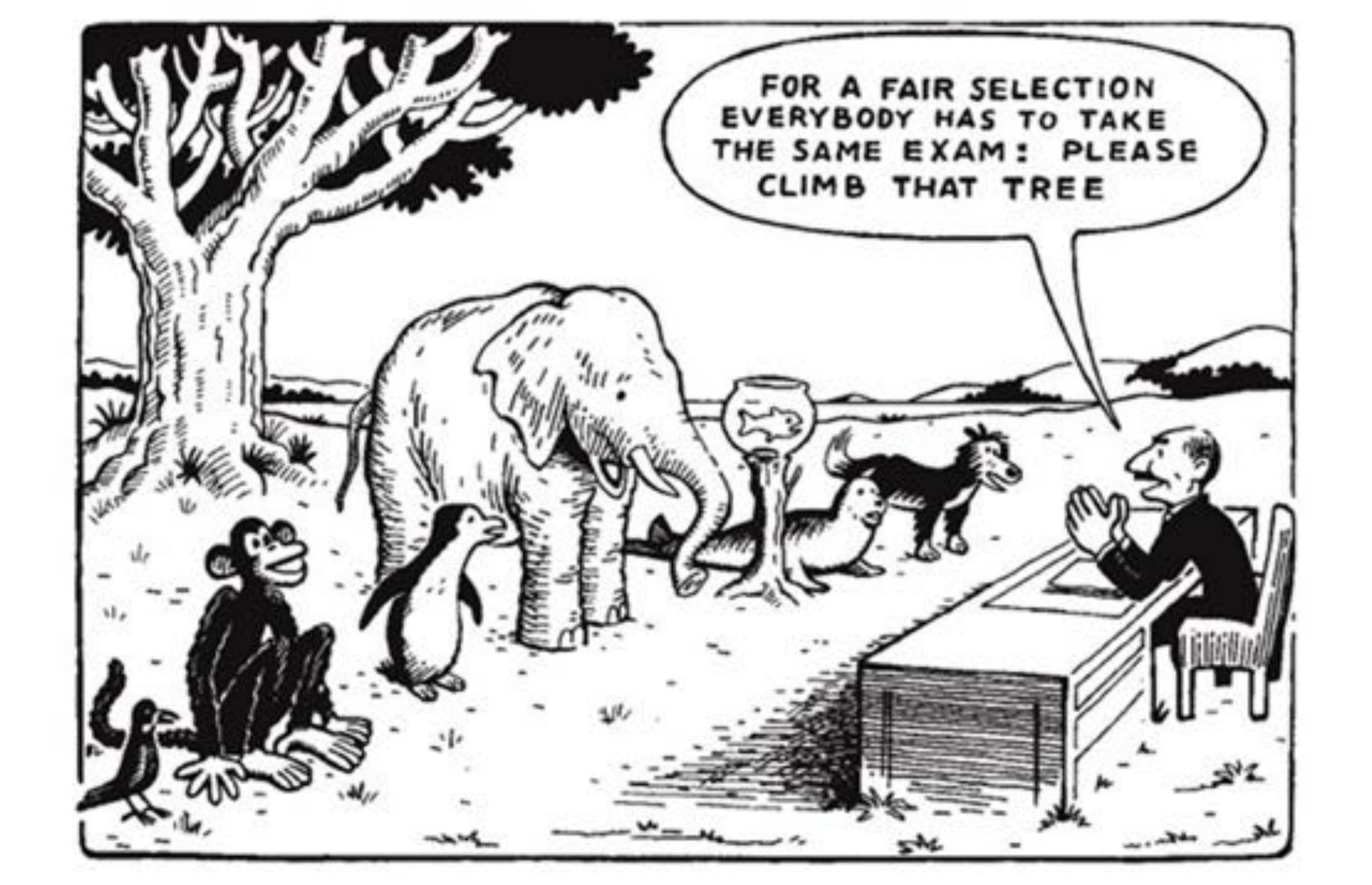
# 

#### Formal and informal learning

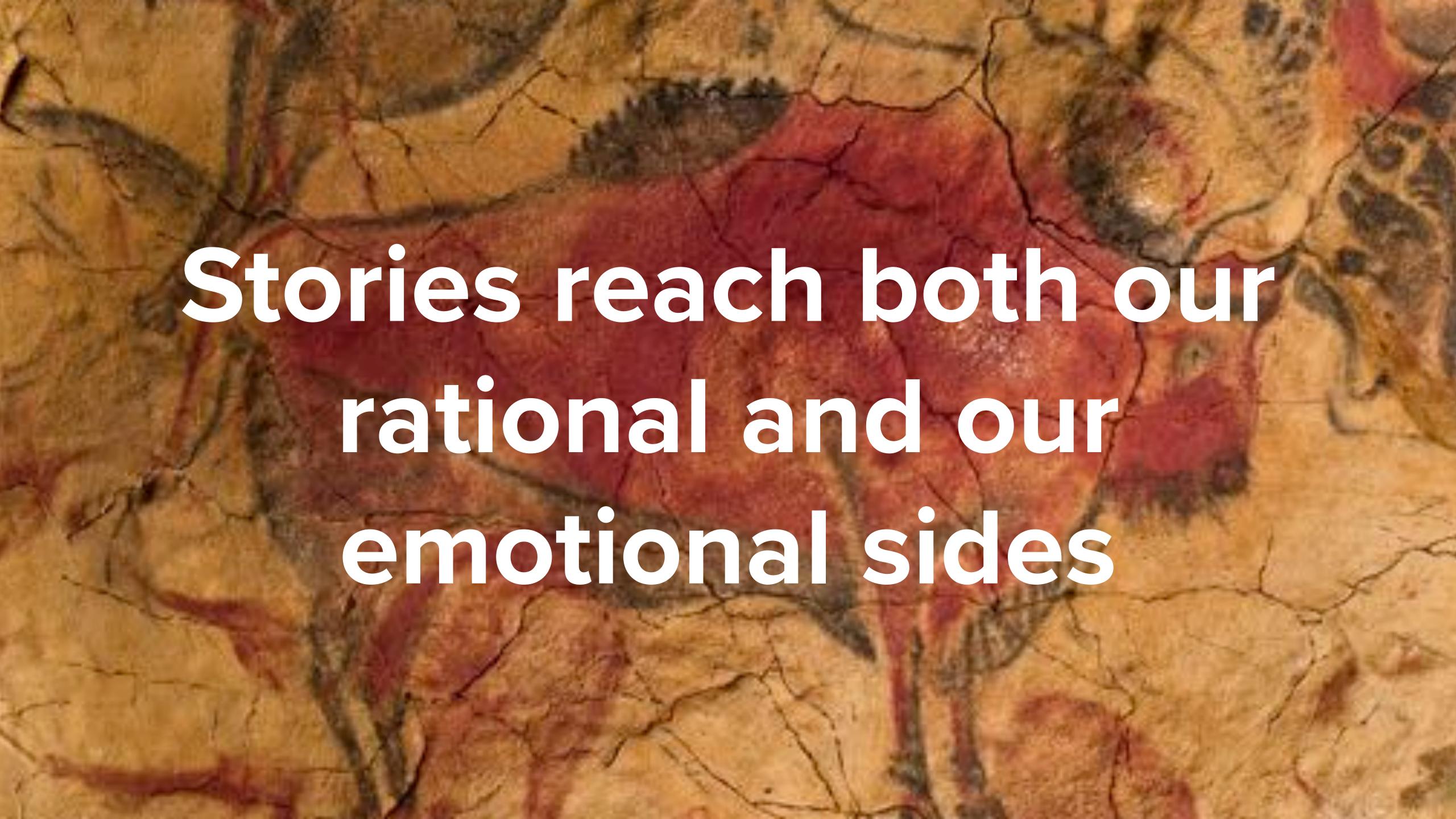
Formal	Informal	
Guided by the teacher	Guided by the learners	
Dependent on the type of school and class	Diverse and various environments	
Programmed and structured	Occasional and unpredictable	
Compulsory	Free	
Progressive	Non linear	
Based in verbalization and acquisition of a vocabulary	Based on experiences, hands-on, laboratories	
Few unexpected results	Many unexpected results	
Social aspects not crucial	Social aspects crucial	
Time not chosen by the learners	Time chosen by the learners	
Evaluated and certified	Not evaluated nor certified	



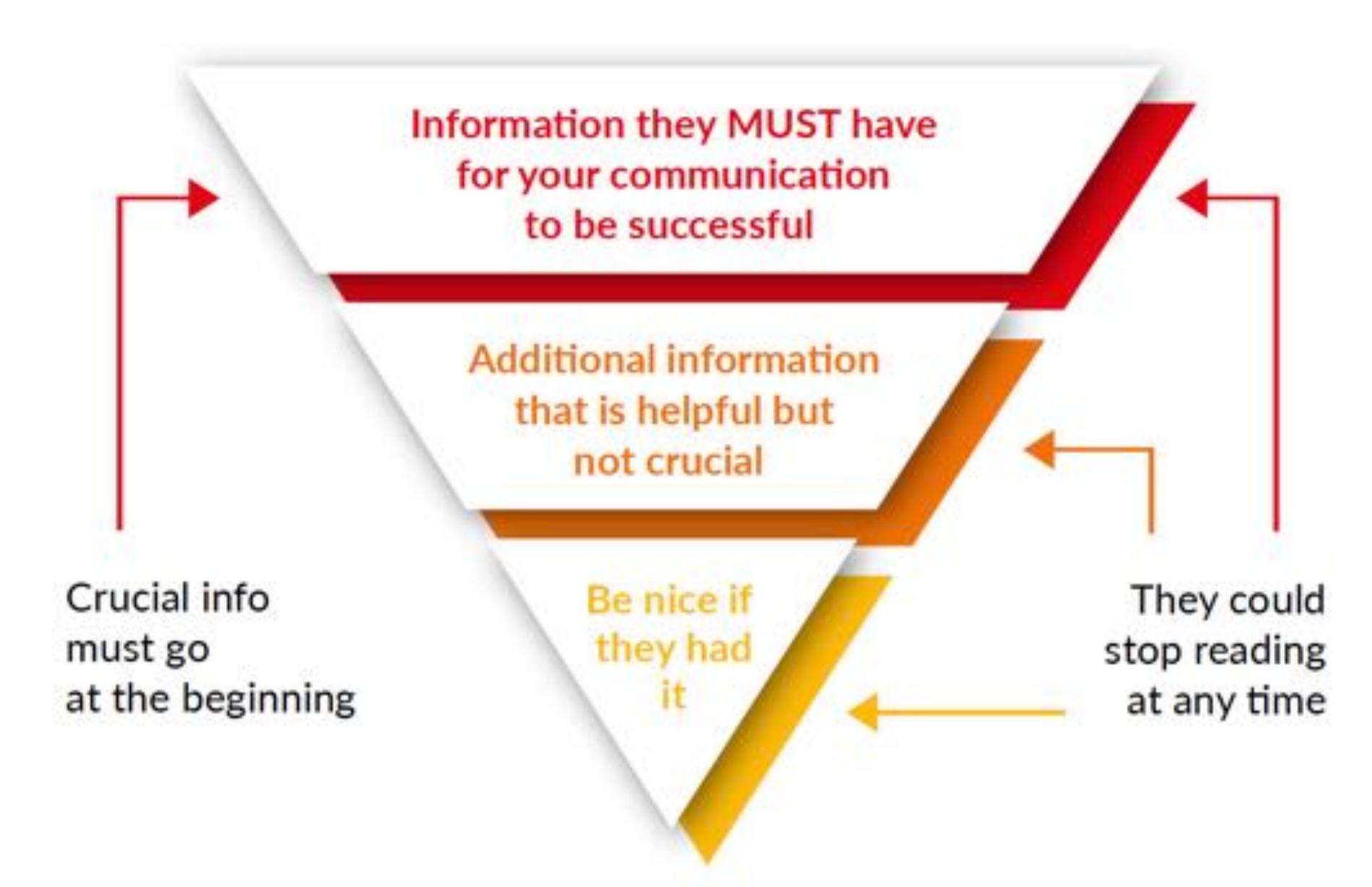
### OPEN SCHOOLING



# TELLING SCIENCE STORIES



#### The inverted pyramid



#### FOUR QUESTIONS

why...
what...
who...
who...

# SCIENCE IS NOT FOR ALL

### CAN SCIENCE BE A TOOL FOR SOCIAL INCLUSION?



# 

#### CAN WE DO SOMETHING?

#### CAN WEDO SOMETHING?

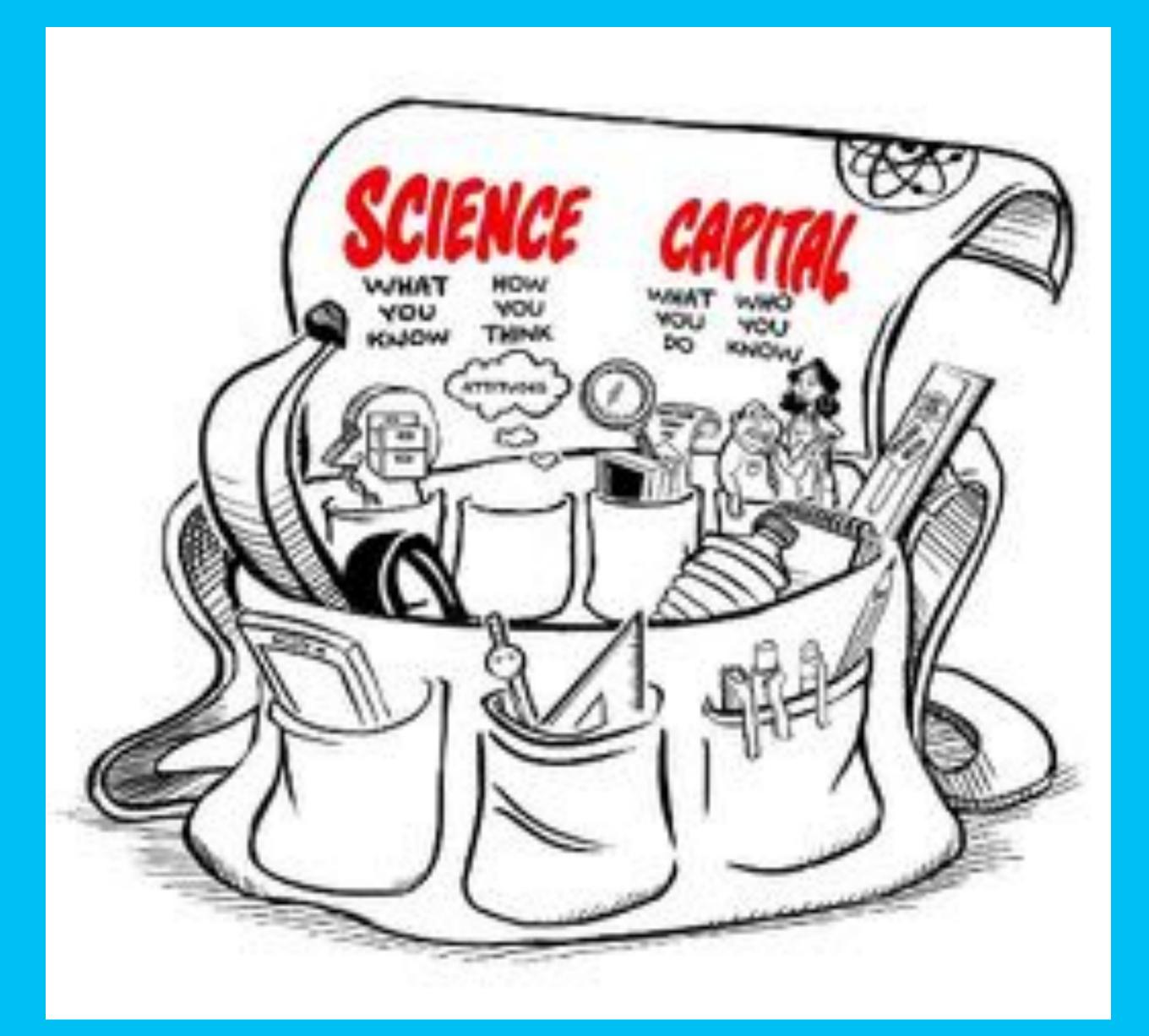
#### 1 -> OBSERVE

how would you describe yourself?



#### 2 -> MEASURE

- Science literacy ("what you know")
- Attitudes and values ("how you think")
- Out of school behaviors ("what you do")
- Science at home ("who you know")





### SHARE YOUR PASSION FOR SCIENCE



# 

### "NO ONE WANTS TO TRAVEL A LONG DISTANCE, SPEND A LOT OF MONEY AND SOMEHOW END UP IN THE WRONG PLACE. EVALUATING YOUR COMMUNICATIONS ALONG THE WAY CAN HELP YOU TO STAY ON COURSE AND REACH YOUR DESTINATION"

ARE WE THERE YET? A COMMUNICATION EVALUATION GUIDE,
THE COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK, 2008, HTTPS://WWW.LUMINAFOUNDATION.ORG/FILES/RESOURCES/
AREWETHEREYET.PDF

#### TYPES OF EVALUATION

- front end evaluation
- formative evaluation
- summative evaluation



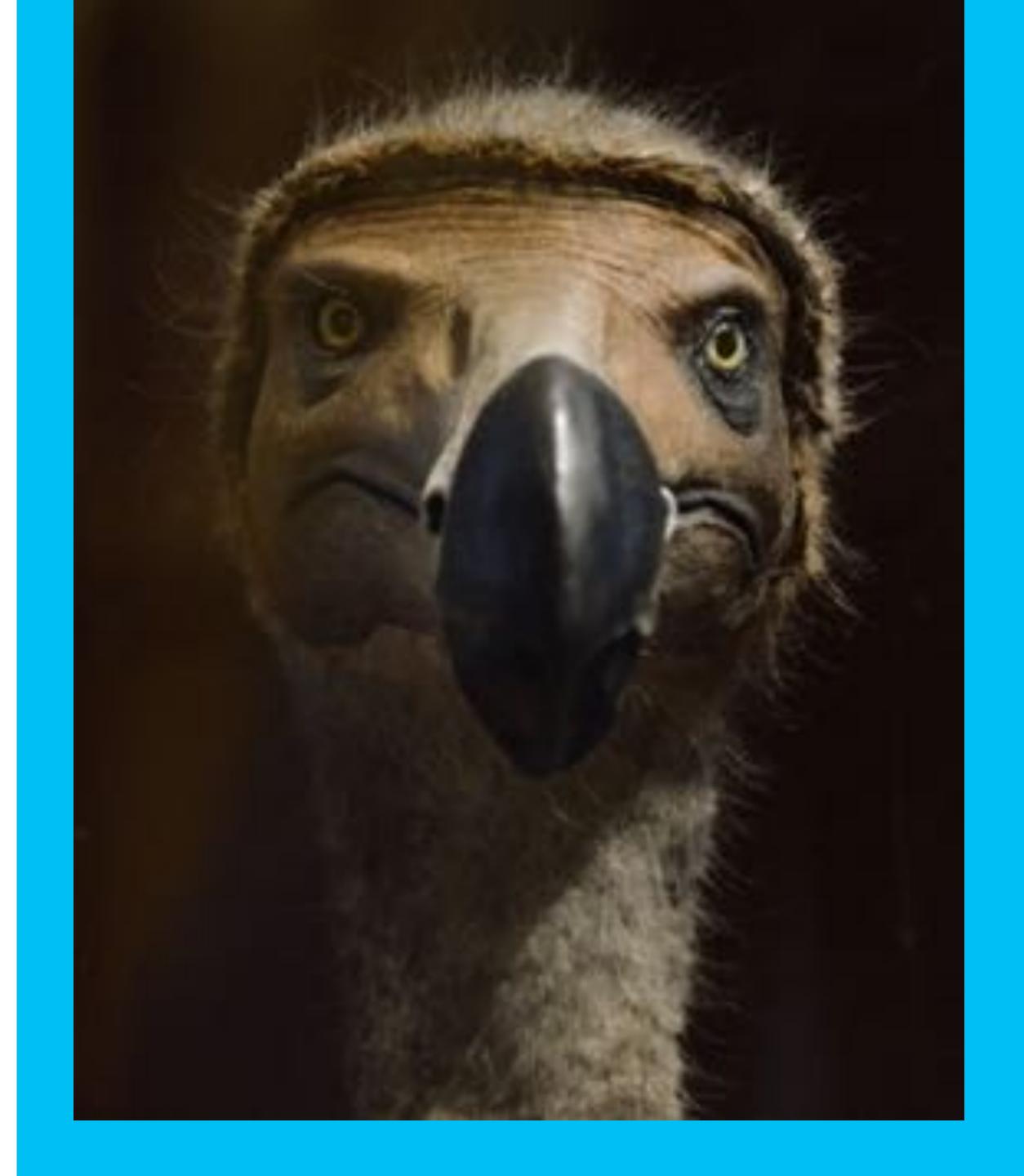
**EVALUATION STAGES - MUSEUM OF LONDON** 

#### FRONT END EVALUATION

when: before a project begins

why: finding out what people want, know, think or expect

example | developing an exhibition: finding out the best means of communicating with teachers, or discovering what preconceived ideas people have about the theme for an exhibition which is to be developed.



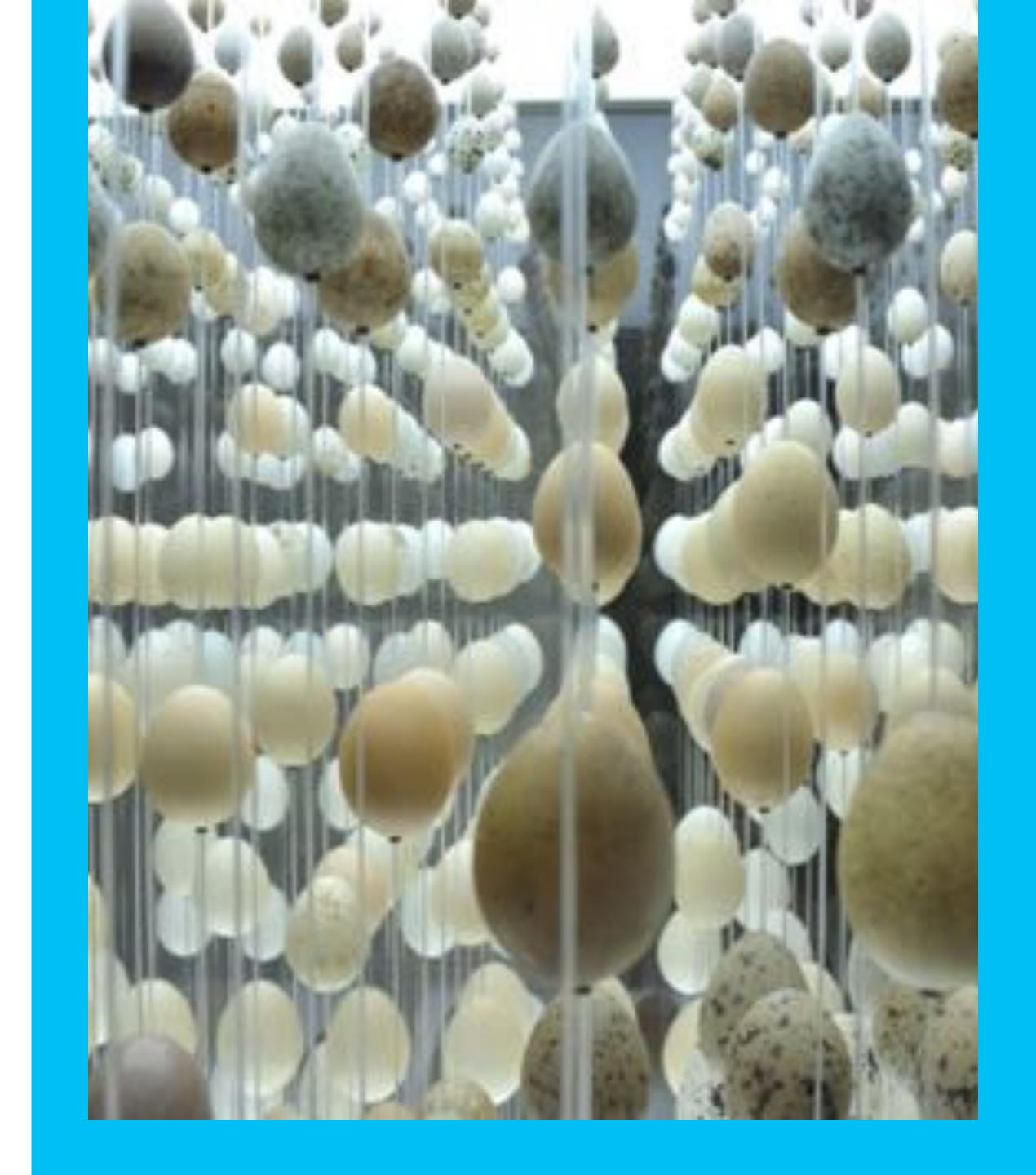
**EVALUATION STAGES - MUSEUM OF LONDON** 

#### FORMATIVE EVALUATION

when: during the process

why: to step back and look at something afresh to ensure that it is as good as you can make it

example I developing an exhibition: mock-ups of interactive exhibits to see if they work properly and achieve their learning objectives, sending a draft of a publication to teachers for comments or piloting text panels with a group of visitors



**EVALUATION STAGES - MUSEUM OF LONDON** 

#### SUMMATIVE EVALUATION

when: after the process

why: to find out at the end of a project whether it met its original objectives, and if not, why not

example | developing an exhibition: include asking pupils what they thought about a workshop they participated in, asking visitors to fill in a questionnaire after their visit or observing what visitors do in an exhibition



1. First of all, as I would like to become a teacher, I hope that after this course I will be able to communicate the discipline of science correctly with students of different ages, with the aim of making them understand the importance of sharing opinions in this specific field but not only.

I also would like to become more conscious about which are the main techniques used nowadays to communicate.

2. From this course I hope to learn how to speak in front of an audience, to share information (especially in science fields, such as mathematics), the way to approach and get the attention. I hope that all this will also be useful for the teaching profession, especially to make a possible class active and participating, but also for myself to have more confidence and awareness.

3. I am not interested in becoming a teacher, rather I would like to work in the Analytics Department of an organization or start-up; but I am a Public Discourse enthusiast, and I would like to know more about Science Communication and how to actively take part to the conversation. Also, even when working in an office, I know that I will be asked to share my discoveries and insights with people coming from different departments and it is important to avoid misunderstandings and

learn how to proper communicate with each other in order to make significant improvements in the workplace or in the business strategy and to make well informed decisions.

So, after looking at the program on Moodle, I am expecting to learn more about the language and the tools of science communication, about what makes science controversial and what the ethical implications are, how we can embrace diversity and work for inclusivity and participation.

4. I hope this course will give me the opportunity to think about the meaning and the purpose of communication, especially science communication; I hope to learn how to distinguish between a poor and a good (science) communication; and last but not least I wish to learn how to communicate in a correct and effective way, in particular for what concerns the teacher's role in students' education to science.

5. I hope that this course will make me aware of the importance of teaching mathematics and sharing my passion with others so that they enjoy studying it instead of thinking that it is useless and not too interesting. I think that this course will make me more open-minded and flexible than I am now.

Reading the program, I'm interested in women in mathematics because I see that there are a lot of prejudices every time I tell someone that i'm graduated in mathematics. I'm ready to learn good methods and techniques to apply when I'll be a teacher in terms of being enthusiastic and entertaining.

6. Credo che questo corso fondamentalmente mi darà una prospettiva più chiara su cosa sia e come nella pratica funzioni la divulgazione scientifica, fornendomi al contempo, anche solo vedendo i metodi didattici stessi che lei adopera a lezione, qualche spunto su cosa sia "efficace" per intrattenere un pubblico e veicolare un contenuto. Da ultimo, ma evidentemente non meno importante, mi ha sinceramente attratto il suo percorso formativo/lavorativo,

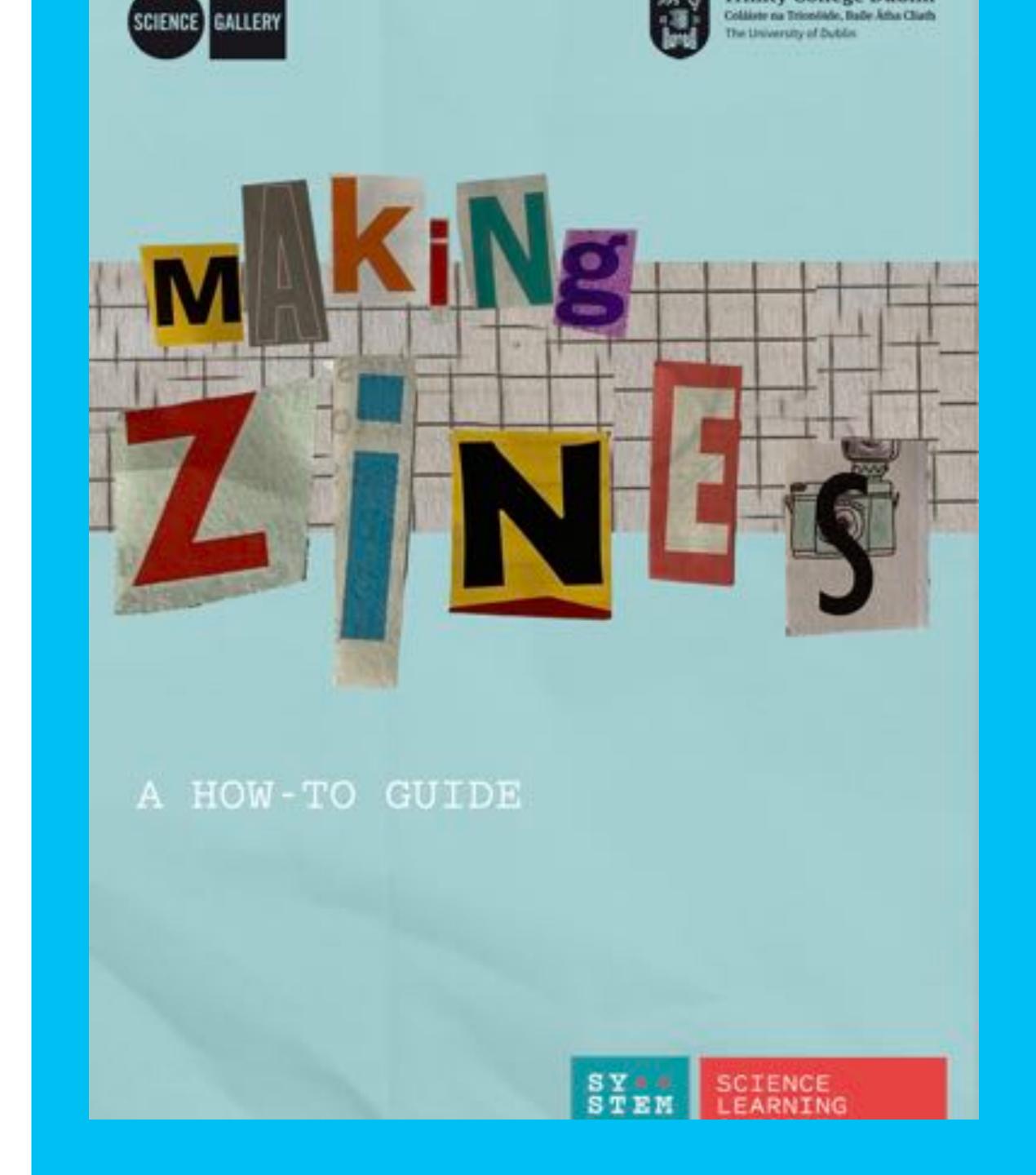
la divulgazione scientifica mi piace, voglio che abbia un ruolo nella mia vita, devo solo stabilire quale, e non so, sono fiducioso che lei potrà darmi qualche buon consiglio.

7. Ho riflettuto sulla domanda che ci ha posto a lezione e penso che, grazie al corso, riuscirò a migliorare l'efficacia delle mie abilità comunicative ed espositive. Di potermi esprimere in maniera più chiara.

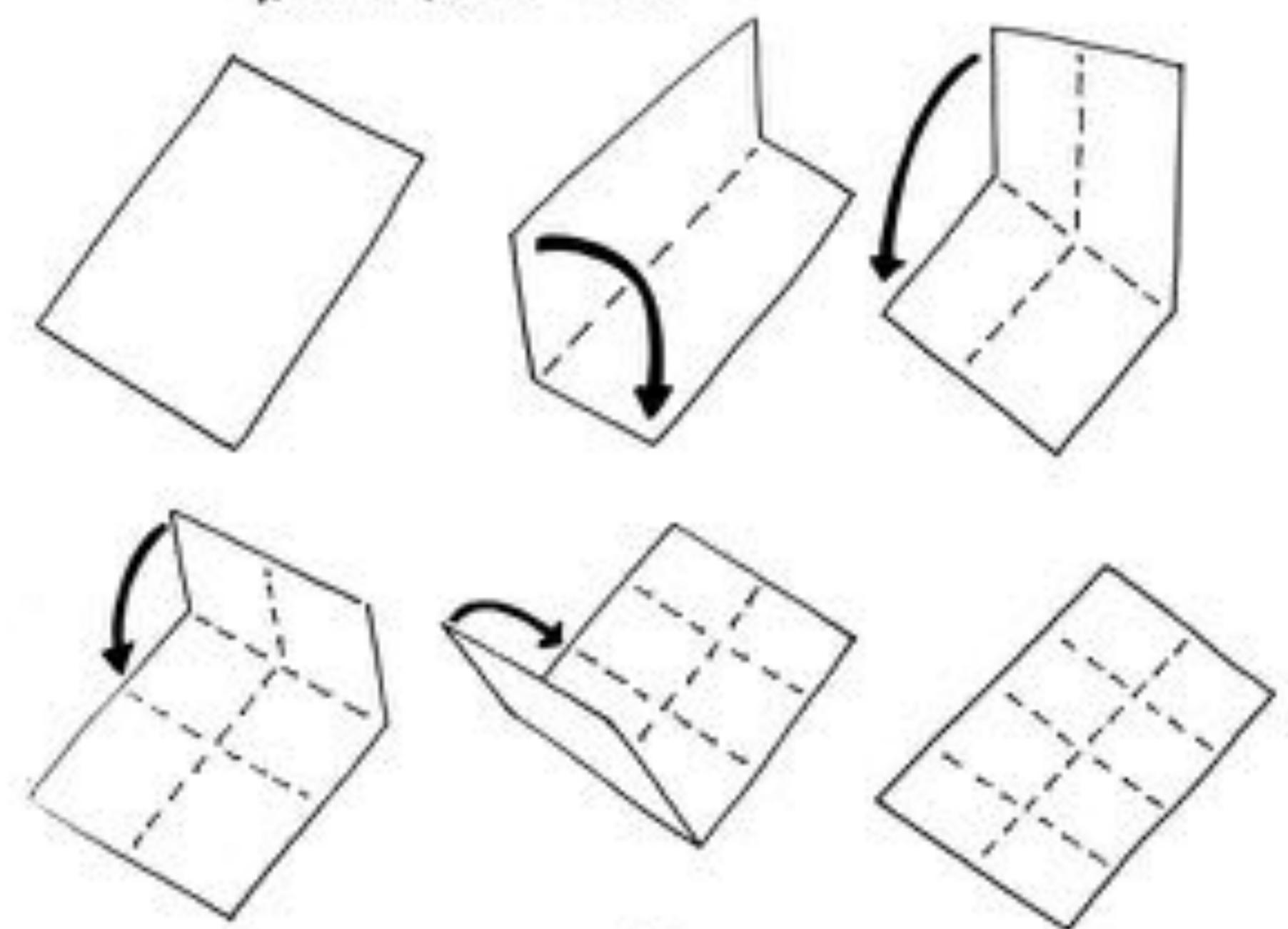
8. Innanzitutto spero di migliorare le mie capacità comunicative. Poi sono interessato principalmente agli aspetti didattici e di come esprimere un concetto nel modo più semplice e chiaro possibile. Quindi quali sono le varie metodologia per trasmettere tali idee e come utilizzarle.

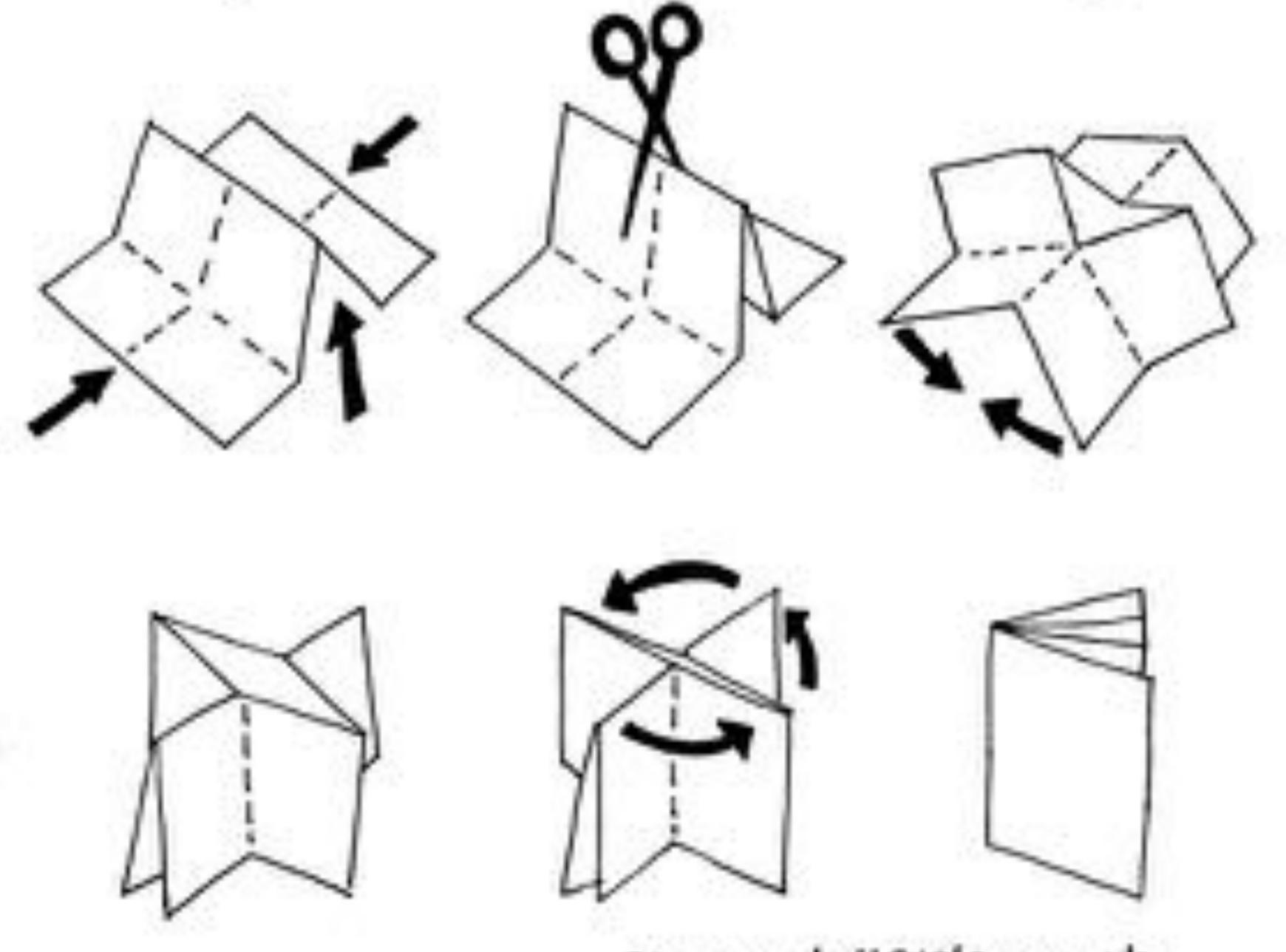
#### CREATIVE CONCLUSION

- paper
- scissor
- colors
- pens
- anything taken from your memories, experiences, emotions, learning, thinking



How to fold a zine





By www.tellatale.org.uk