

EX1

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$$A := S_{\alpha} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & -\cos \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

MATRICE ORTOGONALE S t.c. $\}^{\}$

${}^t S A S$ SIA DIAGONALE

TROVARE $S \Leftrightarrow$ TROVARE BASE ORTONORMALE DI AUTOVETTORI DI A .

SE METTIAMO $\sin \alpha = 0$
 $\Rightarrow A \in \mathbb{R}^n$ DIAGONALE
 $\Rightarrow S = I \checkmark$
 \rightarrow SI TROVANO $\sin \alpha \neq 0$

STEP 1: AUTOVALORI DI A

$$P_A(\lambda) = \det(A - \lambda I) = \begin{vmatrix} \cos \alpha - \lambda & \sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & -\cos \alpha - \lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (\cos \alpha - \lambda)(-\cos \alpha - \lambda) - \sin^2 \alpha =$$

$$= \lambda^2 - \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \lambda^2 - 1 = (\lambda + 1)(\lambda - 1)$$

\Rightarrow AUTOVALORI $\lambda_1 = +1, \lambda_2 = -1$.
 (\hookrightarrow RACICI DI $P_A(\lambda)$)

STEP 2: A DIAGONALIZZABILE?

(ABBIAMO VISTO IN GENERALE $A_{2 \times 2}$ SIMM. \Rightarrow DIAGV)

A DIAGONALIZZABILE $\Leftrightarrow m_A(\lambda_i) = m_G(\lambda_i) \forall i = 1, 2$.

$$1 \leq m_G(\lambda_i) \leq m_A(\lambda_i) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow m_G(\lambda_i) = m_A(\lambda_i) = 1 \forall i = 1, 2 \checkmark$$

STEP 3: AUTOSPAZI

• AUTOSPAZIO DI $\lambda_1 = 1$

$$A - \lambda_1 I = A - I = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha - 1 & \sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & -\cos \alpha - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_G(\lambda_1) = 1 \Rightarrow A - \lambda_1 I \text{ HA RANGO } 1 = 2 - 1$$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 $\text{rg}_{\text{mat}} \quad m_G(\lambda_1)$

\Rightarrow RIDUCENDO PER RIGHE SO O POTER OTTENERE

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha - 1 & \sin \alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Aut}(\lambda_1) = \left(\text{SOLUZIONI DI } \begin{matrix} (\cos \alpha - 1)x + \sin \alpha y = 0 \\ \sin \alpha \neq 0 \end{matrix} \right) =$$

$$= \left\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid y = -\frac{\cos \alpha - 1}{\sin \alpha} x \right\} =$$

$$= \left\langle \left(1, \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \right) \right\rangle = \left\langle \left(\sin \alpha, 1 - \cos \alpha \right) \right\rangle$$

• AUTOSPAZIO DI $\lambda_2 = -1$

$$A - \lambda_2 I = A + I = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha + 1 & \sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & -\cos \alpha + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{COME PRIMA, } \text{rg}(A + I) = 2 - \underbrace{m_G(\lambda_2)}_{=1} = 1$$

\Rightarrow POSSIAMO RIDURRE FINO AD OTTENERE

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha + 1 & \sin \alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Aut}(\lambda_2) = \left(\text{SOLUZIONI DI } \begin{matrix} (\cos \alpha + 1)x + \sin \alpha y = 0 \end{matrix} \right) =$$

$$= \left\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid y = -\frac{\cos \alpha + 1}{\sin \alpha} x \right\} =$$

$$= \left\{ \left(x, -\frac{\cos \alpha + 1}{\sin \alpha} x \right) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x \in \mathbb{R} \right\} =$$

$$= \left\langle \left(1, -\frac{\cos \alpha + 1}{\sin \alpha} \right) \right\rangle = \left\langle \left(-\sin \alpha, \cos \alpha + 1 \right) \right\rangle$$

\Rightarrow BASE DI AUTOVETTORI

$$B = \left\{ \underbrace{\left(\sin \alpha, 1 - \cos \alpha \right)}_{\text{Aut}(\lambda_1)}, \underbrace{\left(-\sin \alpha, \cos \alpha + 1 \right)}_{\text{Aut}(\lambda_2)} \right\}$$

STEP 4: ORTONORMALIZZIAMO

GLI AUTOSPAZI SONO \perp 2 A 2, QUINDI BASTA ORTONORMALIZZARE SU OGNI AUTOSPAZIO.

• ORTONORMALIZZIAMO $\text{Aut}(\lambda_1)$

$$\| \left(\sin \alpha, 1 - \cos \alpha \right) \| = \sin^2 \alpha + (1 - \cos \alpha)^2 =$$

$$= \sin^2 \alpha + 1 + \cos^2 \alpha - 2 \cos \alpha = 2(1 - \cos \alpha)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_1 = \frac{\left(\sin \alpha, 1 - \cos \alpha \right)}{\| \left(\sin \alpha, 1 - \cos \alpha \right) \|} = \left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{2(1 - \cos \alpha)}, \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

• ORTONORMALIZZIAMO $\text{Aut}(\lambda_2)$

$$\| \left(-\sin \alpha, 1 + \cos \alpha \right) \| = \sin^2 \alpha + (1 + \cos \alpha)^2 =$$

$$= \sin^2 \alpha + 1 + \cos^2 \alpha + 2 \cos \alpha = 2(1 + \cos \alpha)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_2 = \frac{\left(-\sin \alpha, 1 + \cos \alpha \right)}{\| \left(-\sin \alpha, 1 + \cos \alpha \right) \|} = \left(-\frac{\sin \alpha}{2(1 + \cos \alpha)}, \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

CONCLUSIONE

$B' = \{ \mu_1, \mu_2 \}$ BASE O.N. DI AUTOVETTORI

$$\Rightarrow S = \left(\mu_1 \mid \mu_2 \right) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sin \alpha}{2(1 - \cos \alpha)} & -\frac{\sin \alpha}{2(1 + \cos \alpha)} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$$

$${}^t S A S = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$