

M

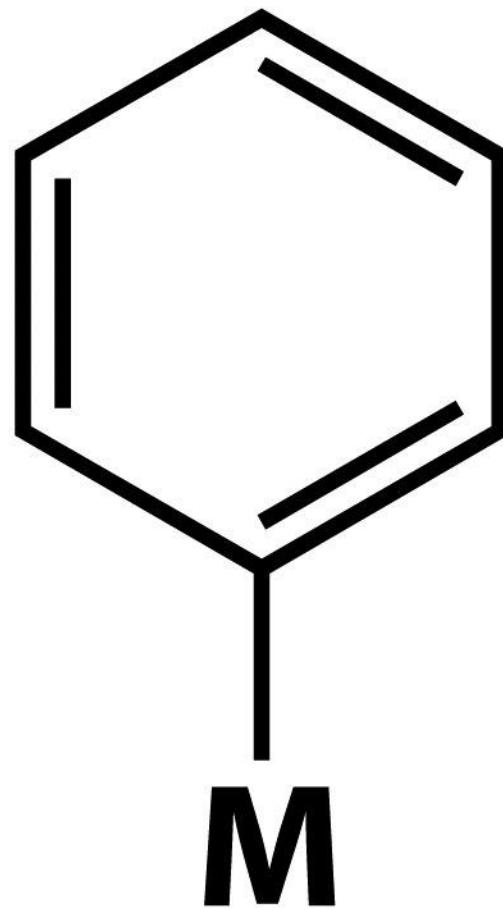
η^1 -alchenile

R



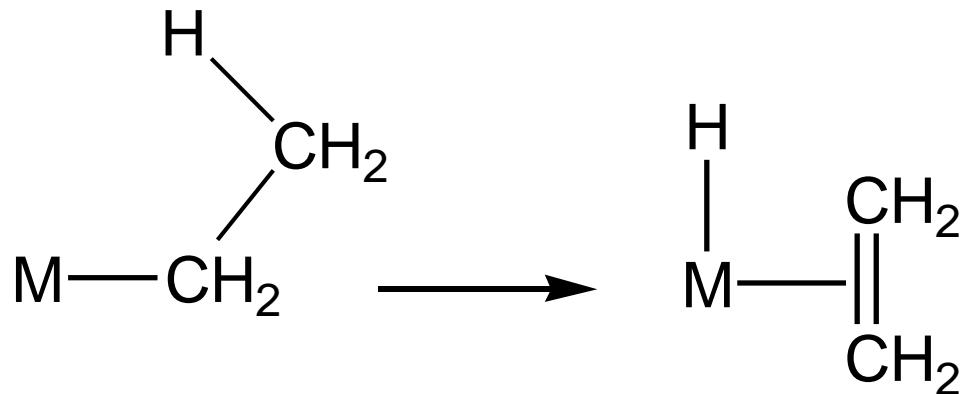
M

η^1 -alchinile



η^1 -arile

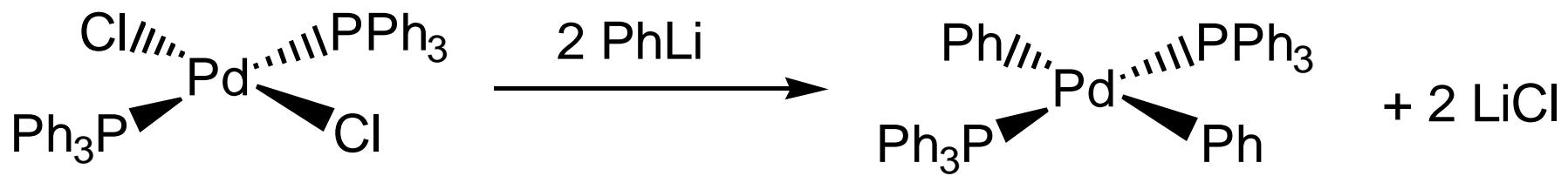
β -eliminazione di idruro



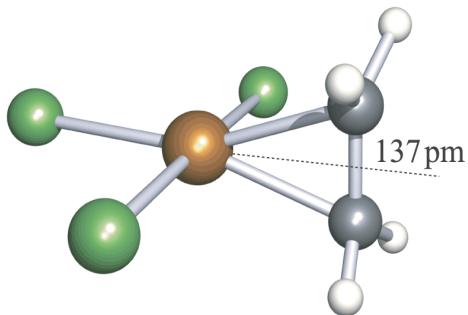
Gruppi stabili:

metile, benzile ($CH_2C_6H_5$), neopentile (CH_2CMe_3), e
trimetilsililmetile (CH_2SiMe_3)

Tipico processo di sintesi

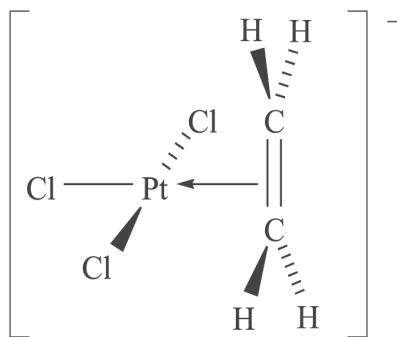


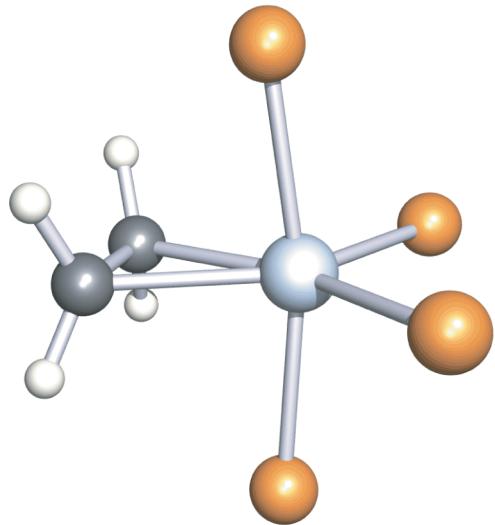
In alternativa si usano reattivi di Grignard



C–C = 137 pm vs 134 pm nell'etene

η^2 -alchene coordinazione *side-on*



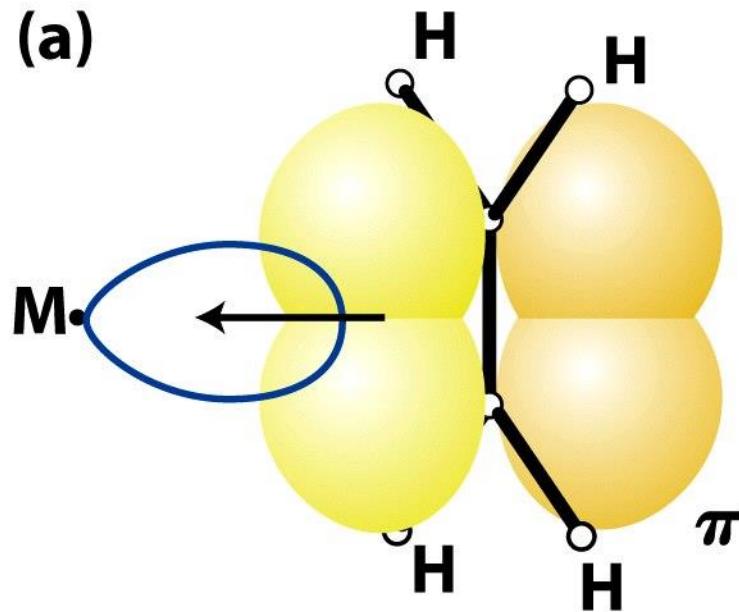


Struttura ai raggi-X di Ru(η^2 -C₂H₄)(PMe₃)

C-C = 144 pm vs 134 pm nell'etene

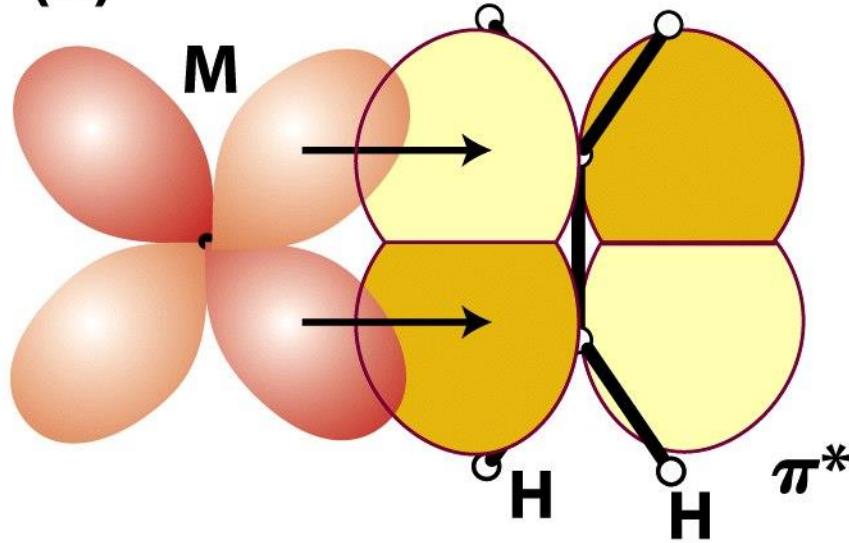
metallaciclopropano

(a)

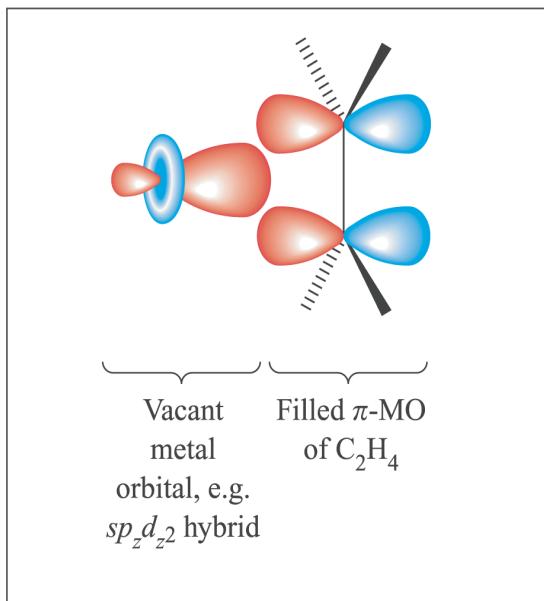
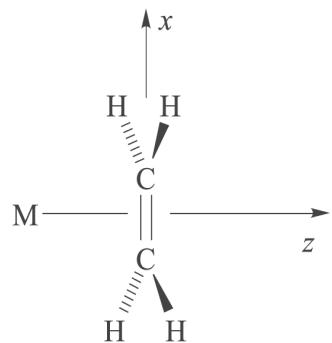


Orbitale di simmetria π per l'etene isolato, ma di simmetria σ quando l'etene è coordinato η^2 , cioè *side-on*

(b)

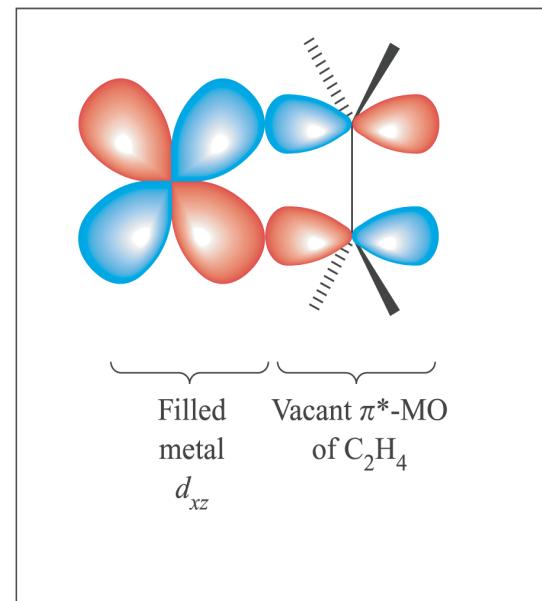


modello di Dewar – Chatt – Duncanson



Alkene-to-M donation

(a)

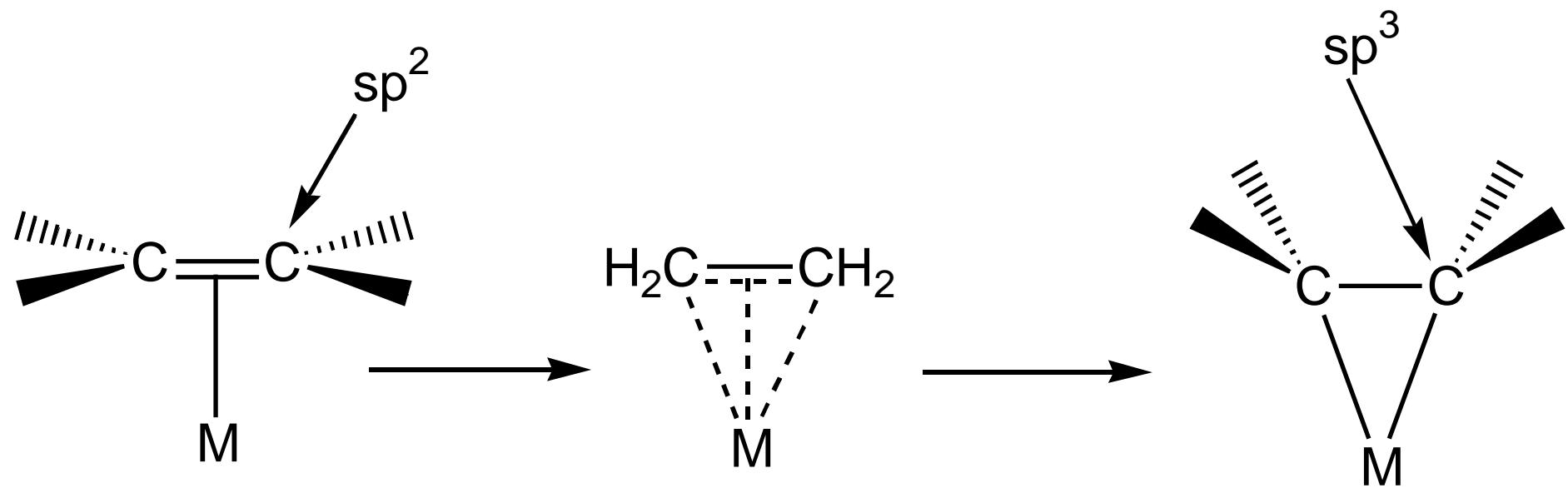


M-to-alkene back-donation

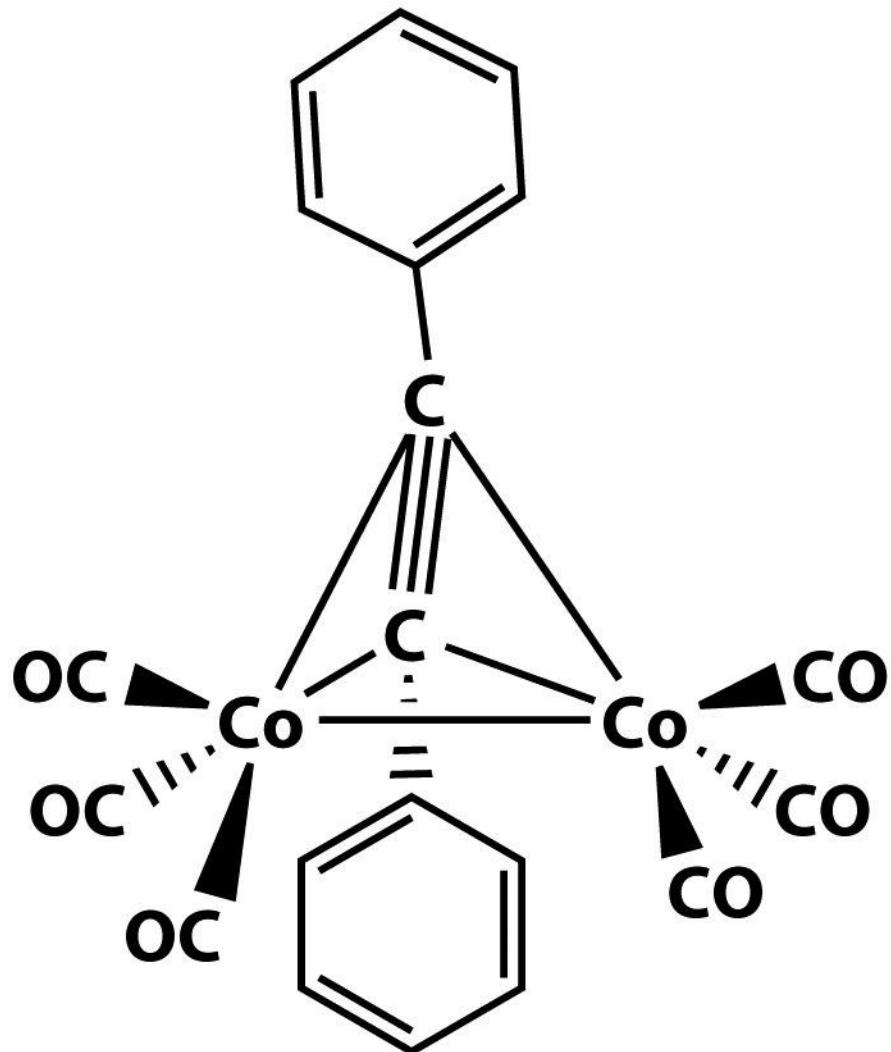
(b)

modello di Dewar – Chatt – Duncanson

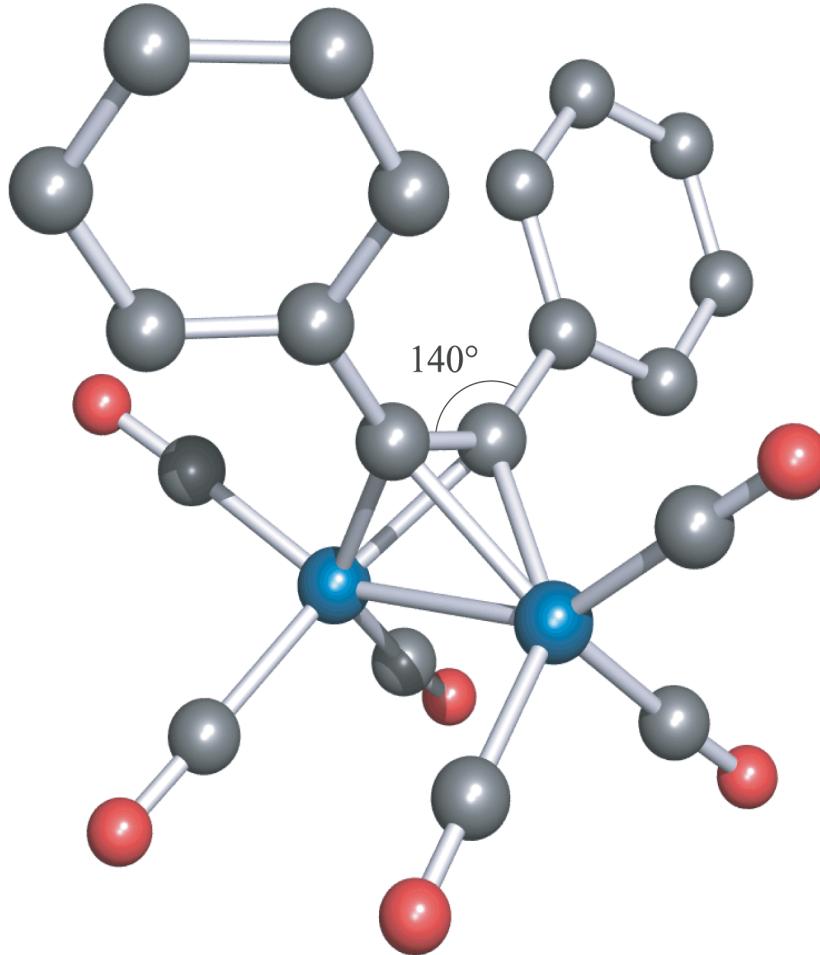
Retrodonazione π



metallociclopropano



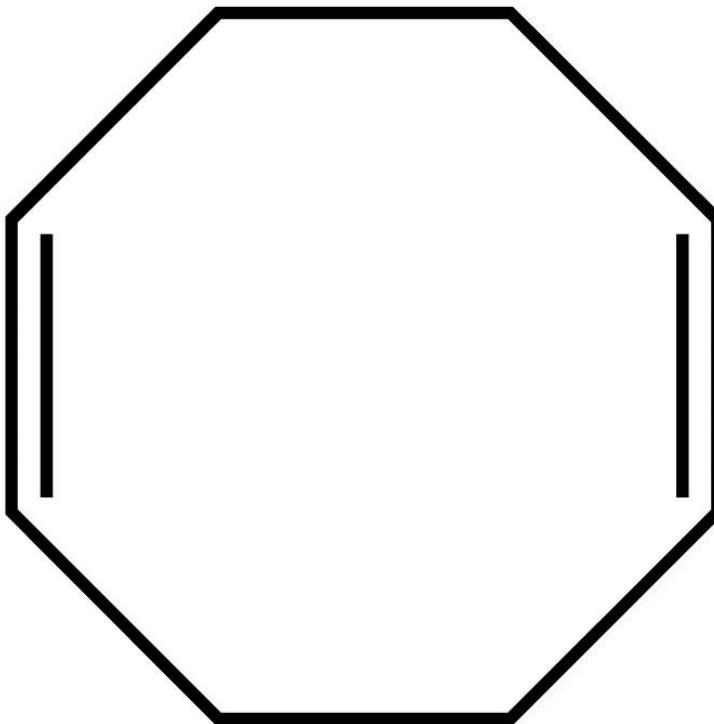
4-electron donor



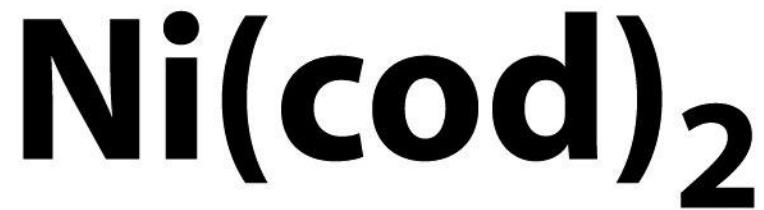
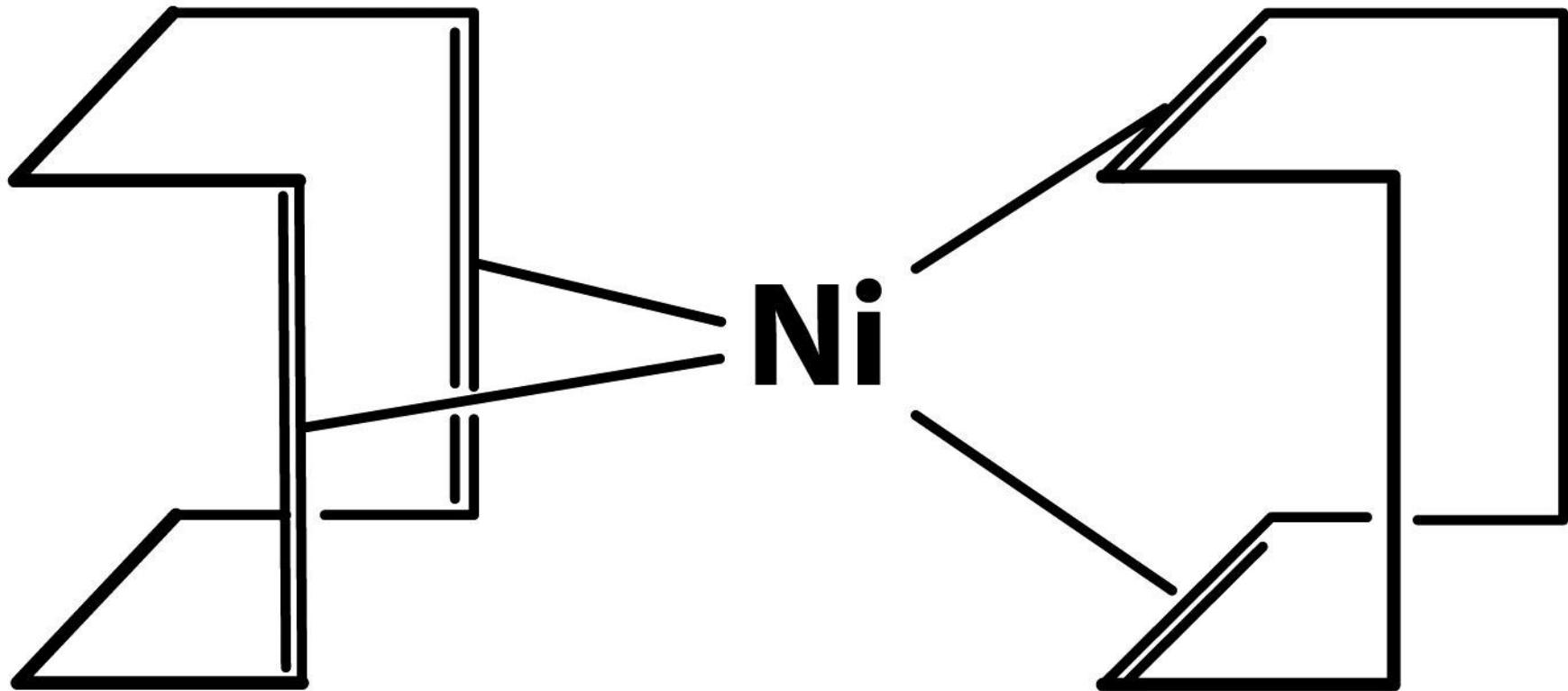
C—C in Co_2C_2 -unit = 136 pm vs 120 pm in C_2Ph_2

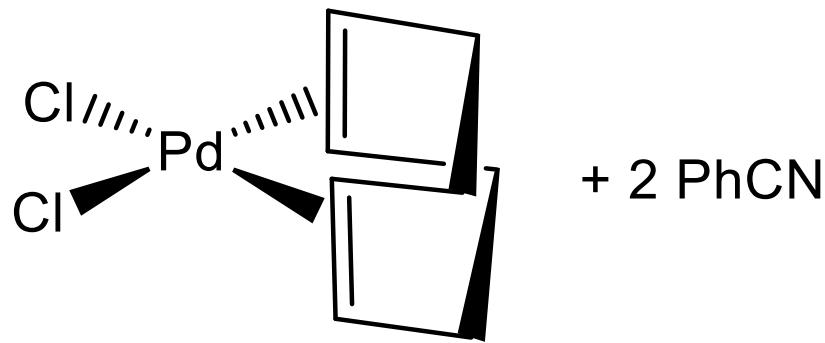
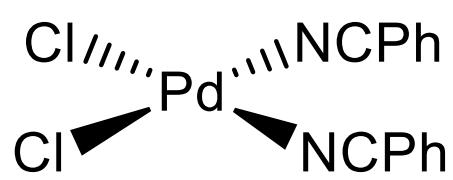
I due piani C_2Co , cioè i due legami η^2 , sono circa ortogonali

Dieni non-coniugati

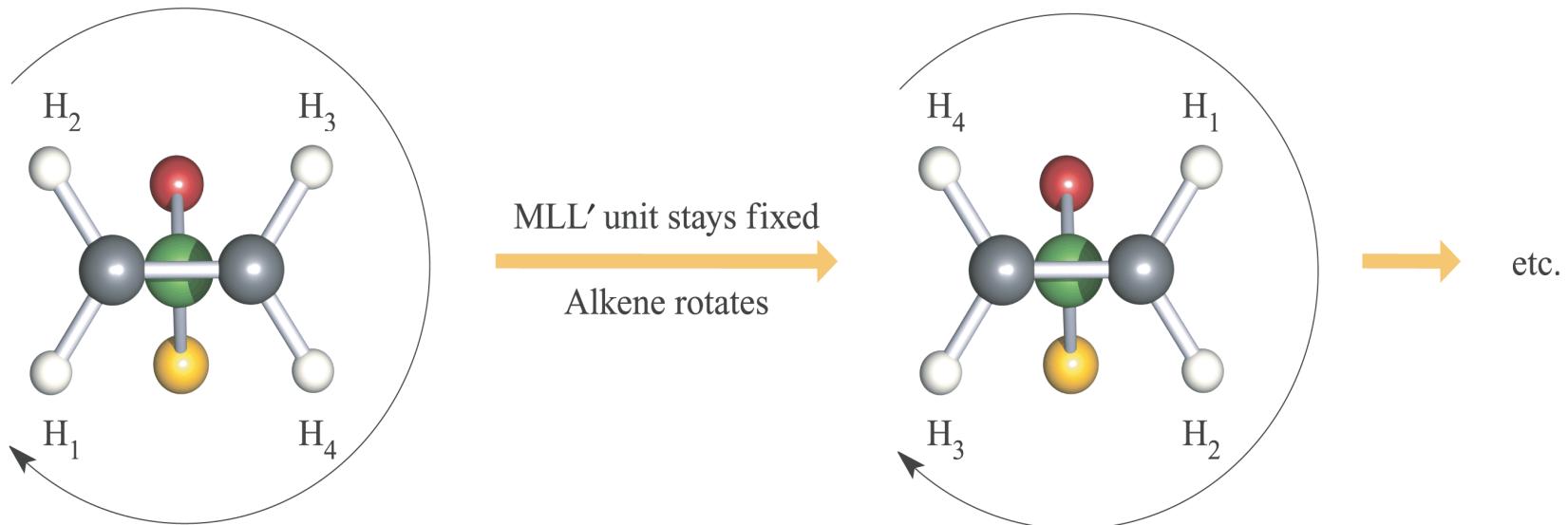


Cycloocta-1,5-diene, cod

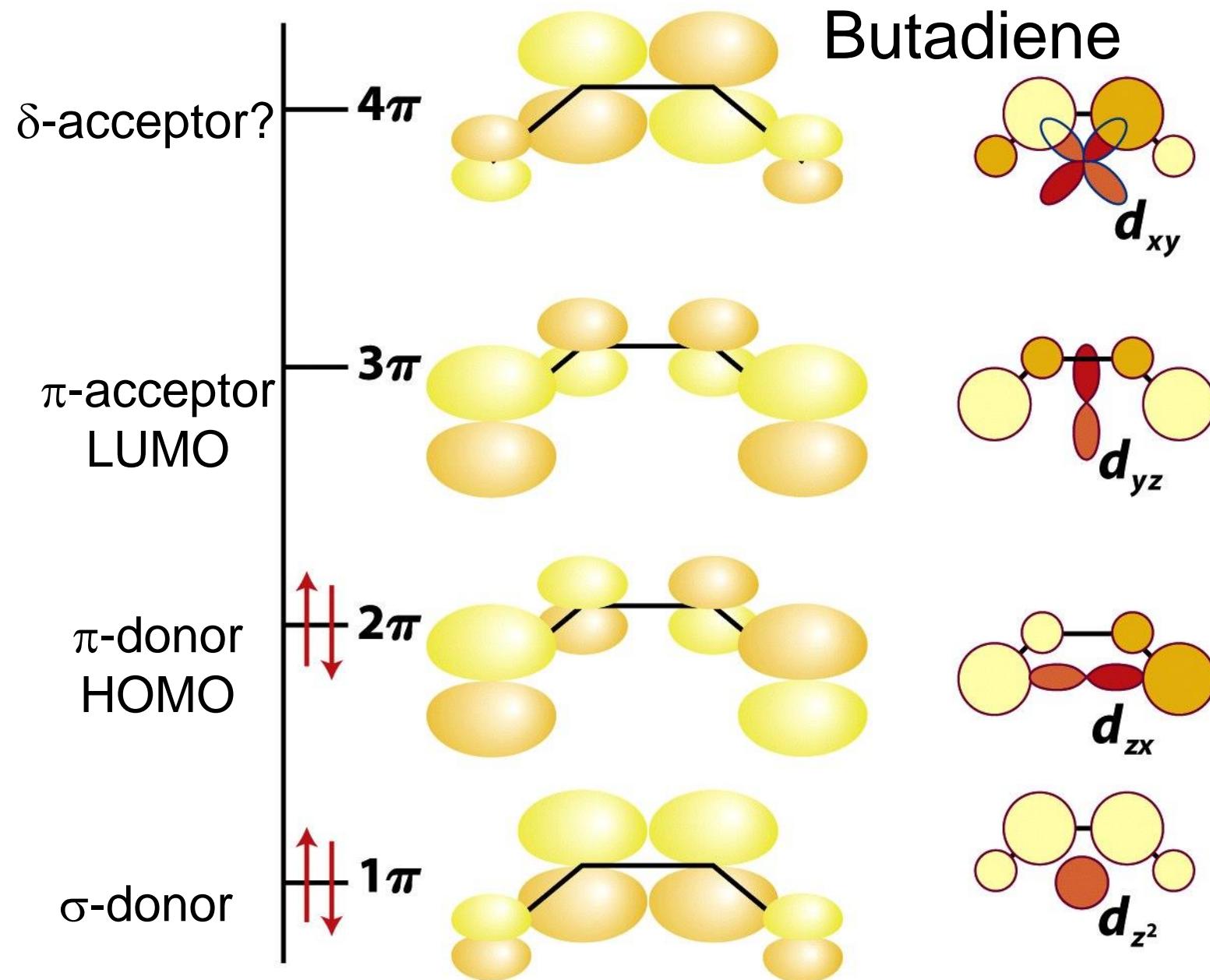




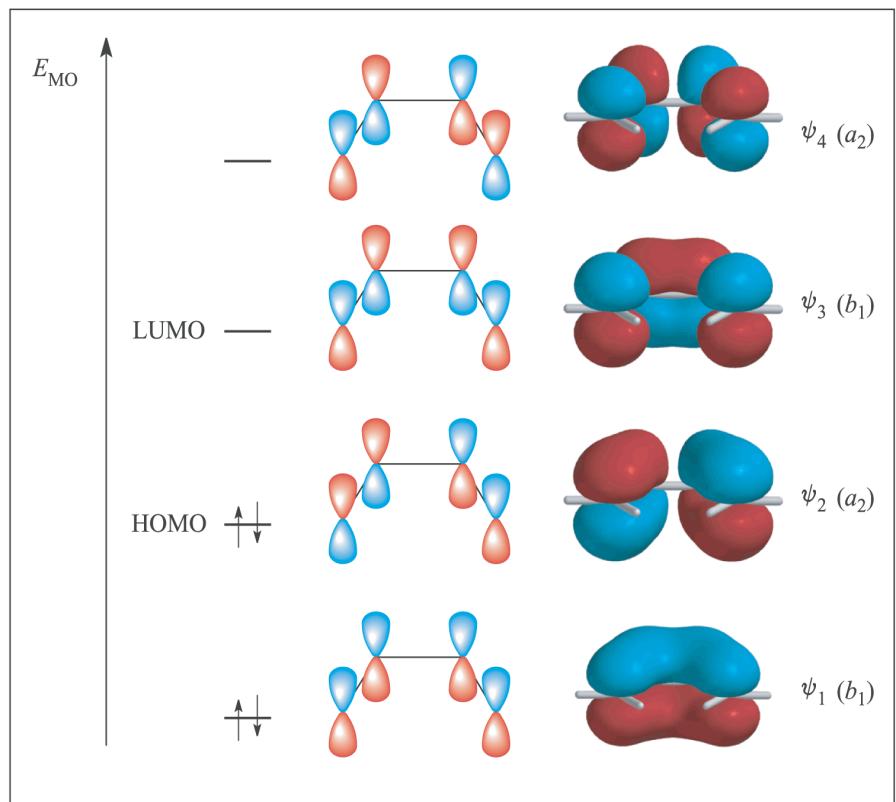
Flussionalità del legame η^2 -alchene



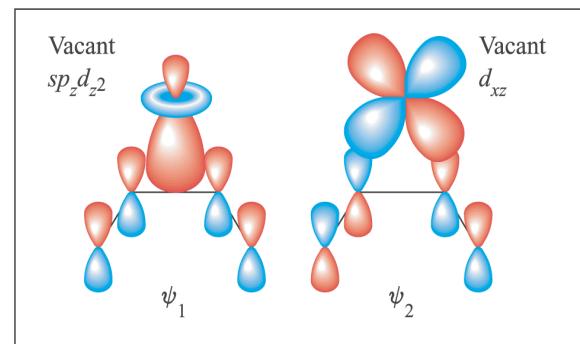
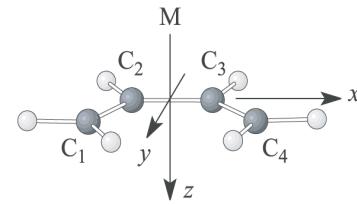
Butadiene



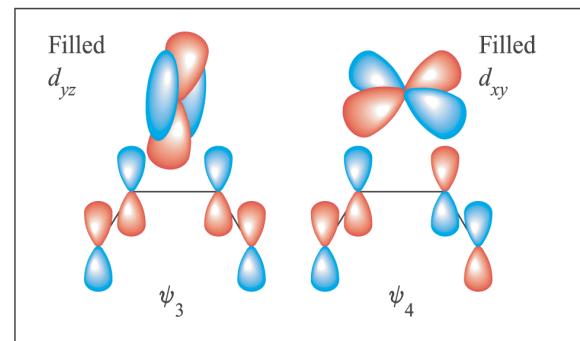
Il butadiene giace nel piano xy , sopra al metallo

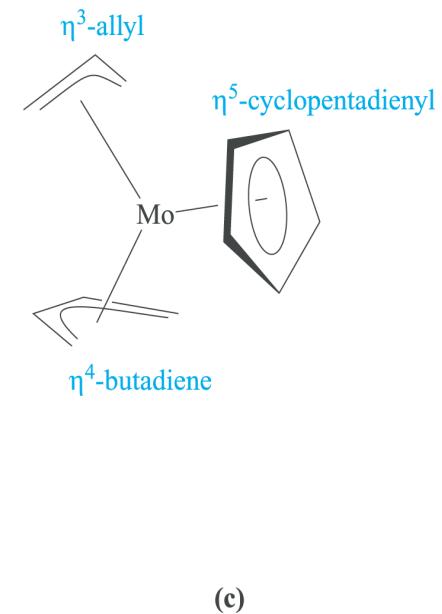
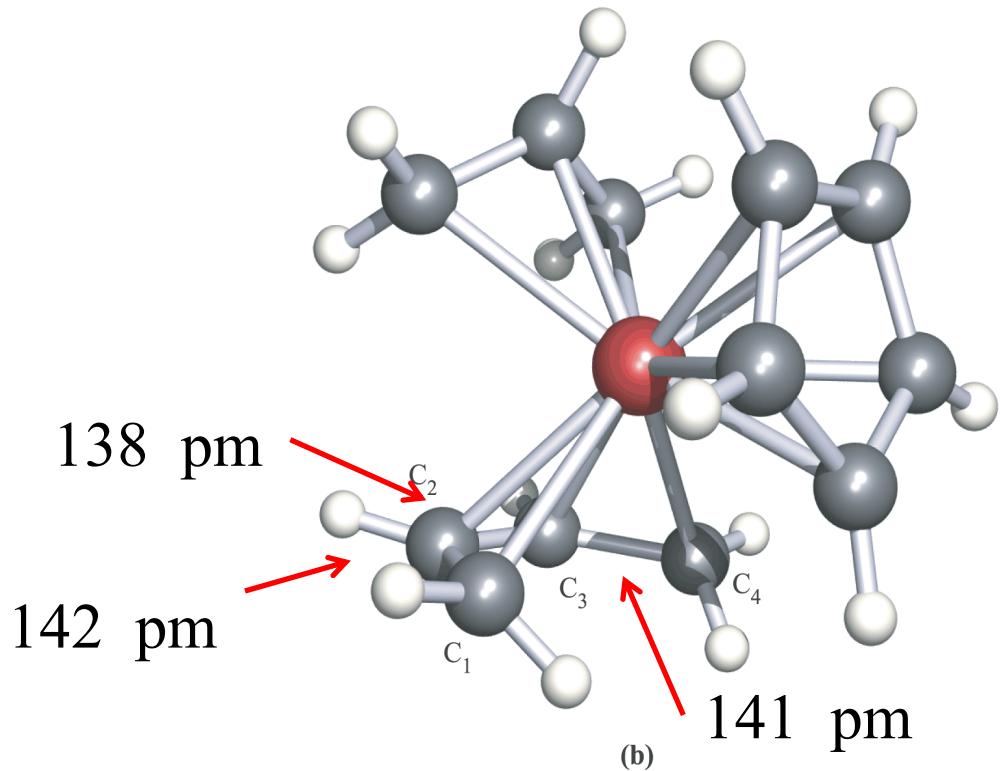


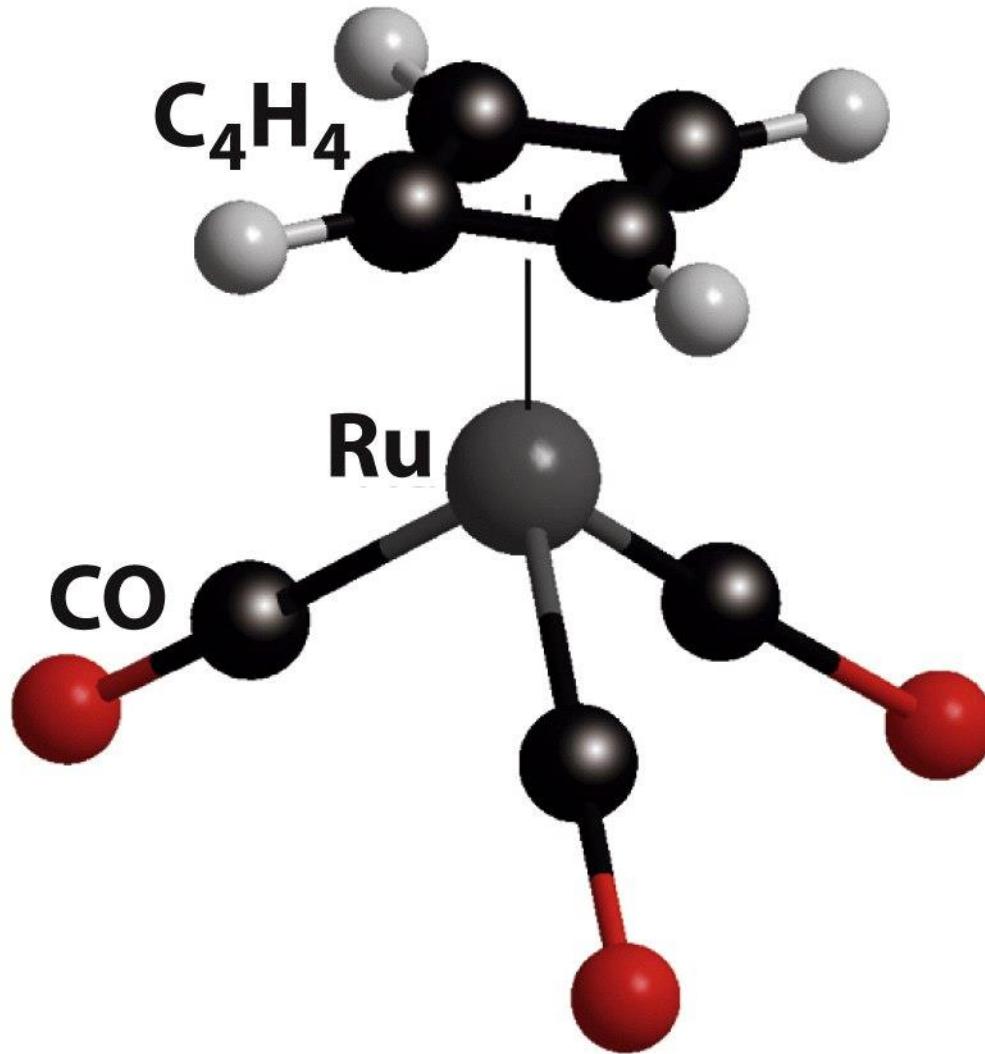
(a)



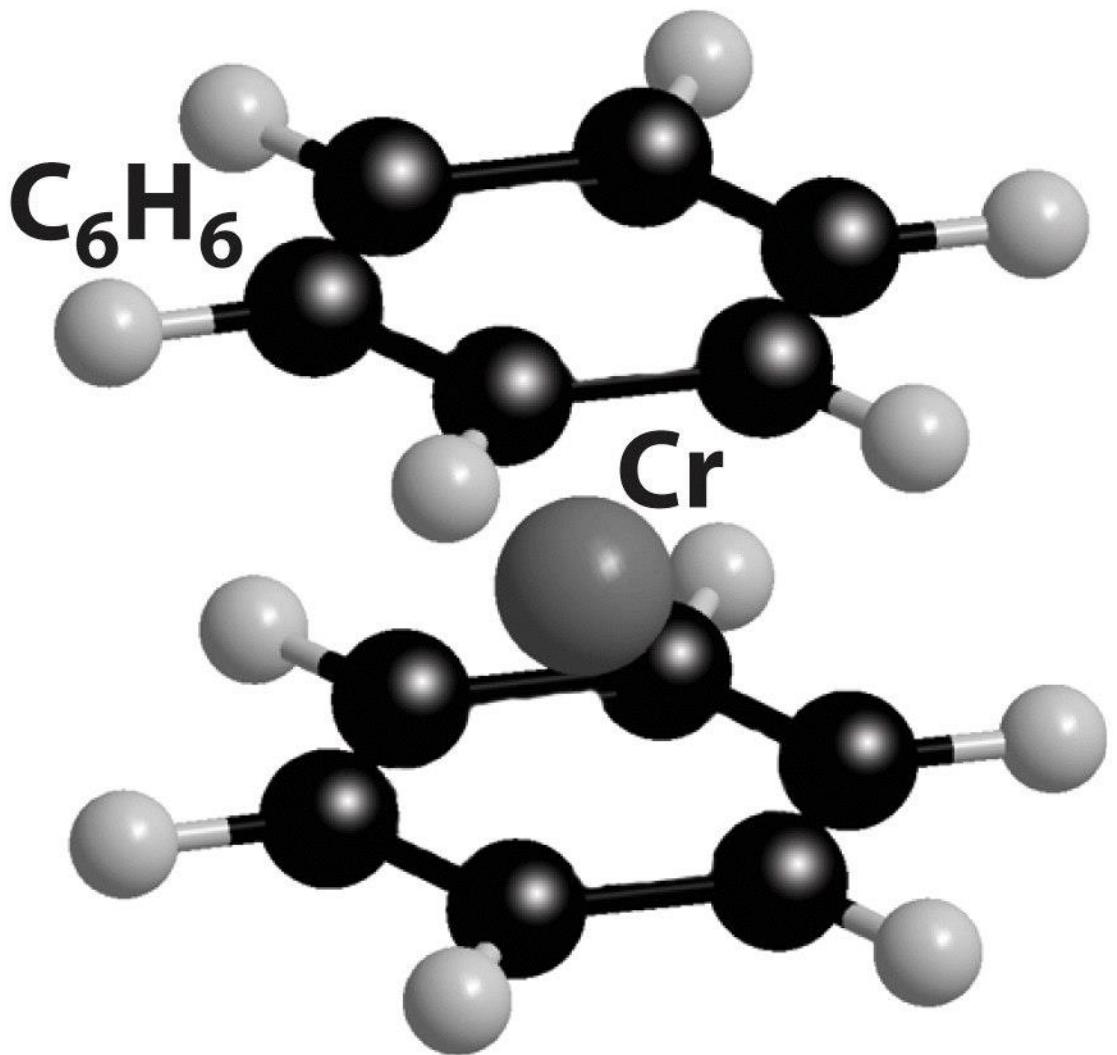
(b)

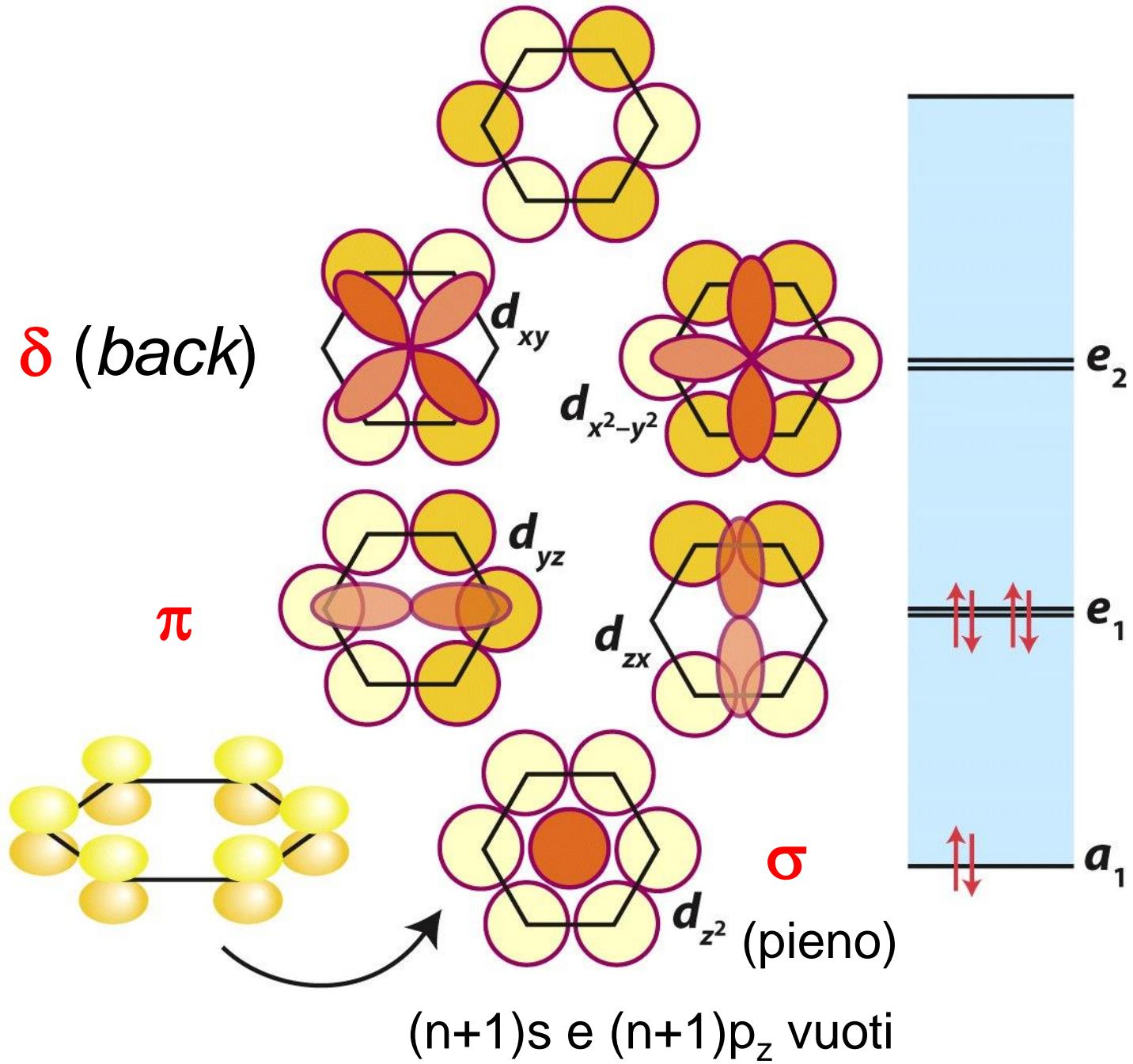


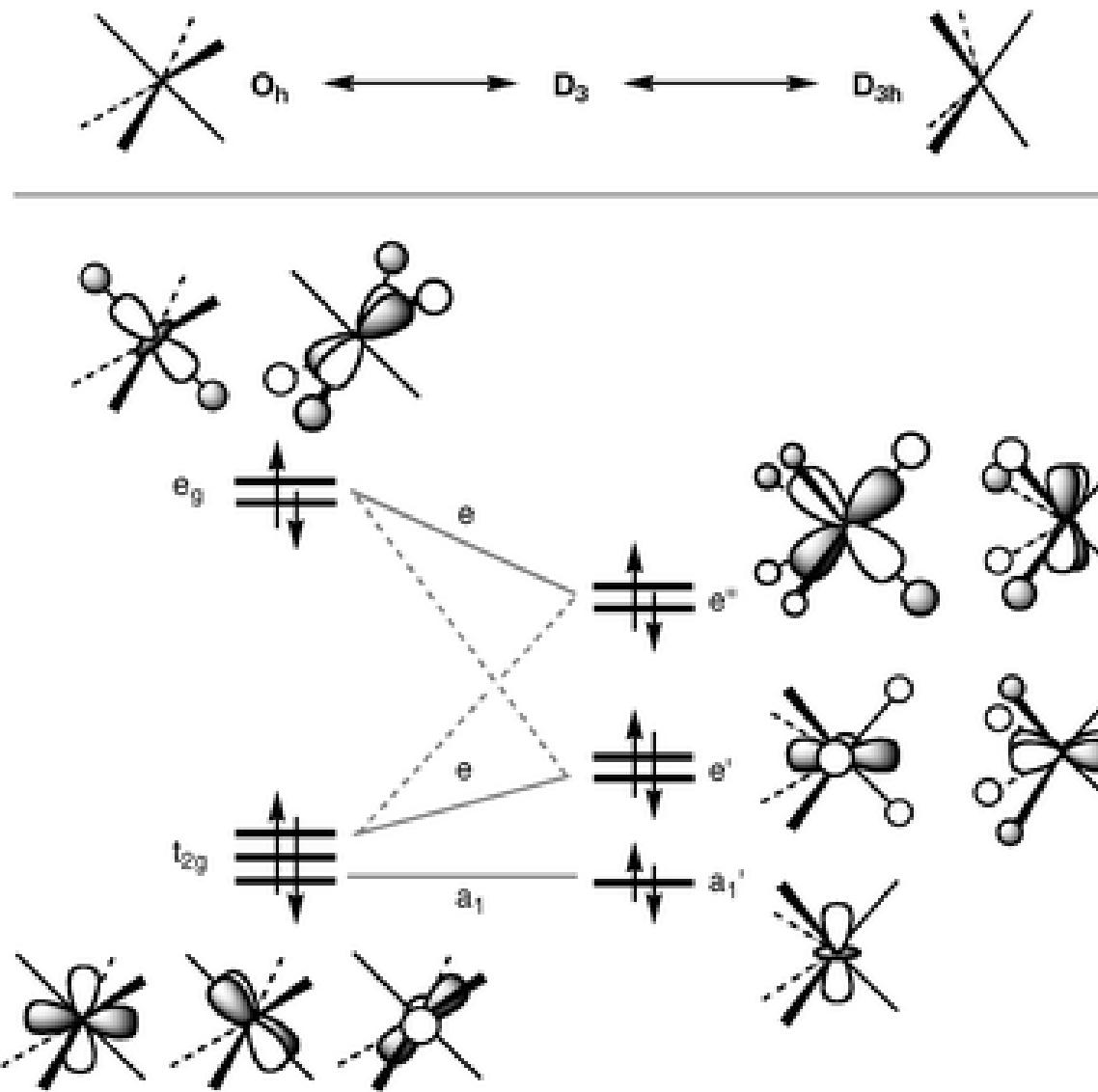


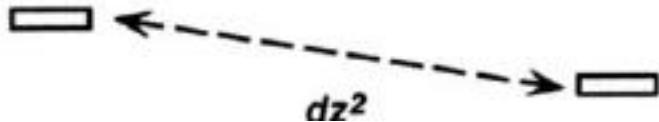
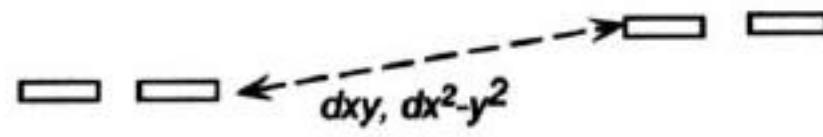
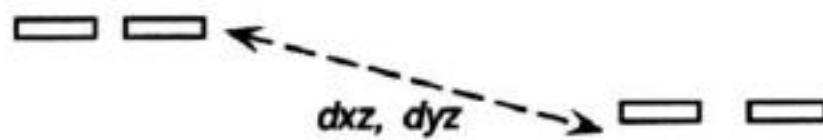
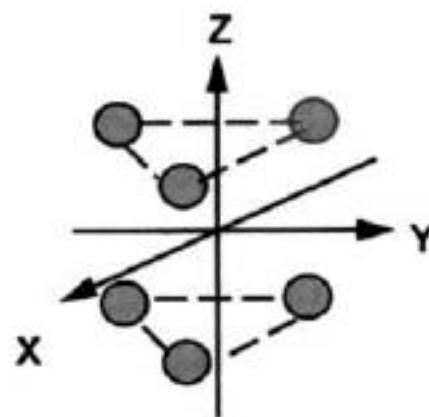
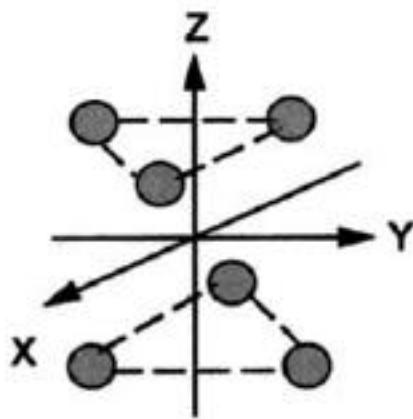


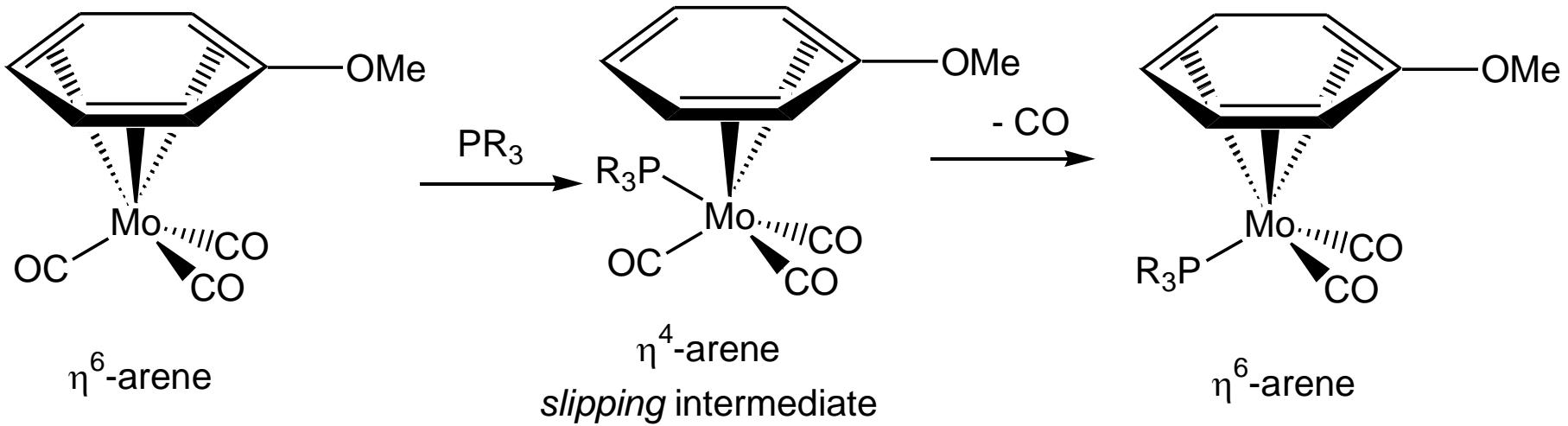
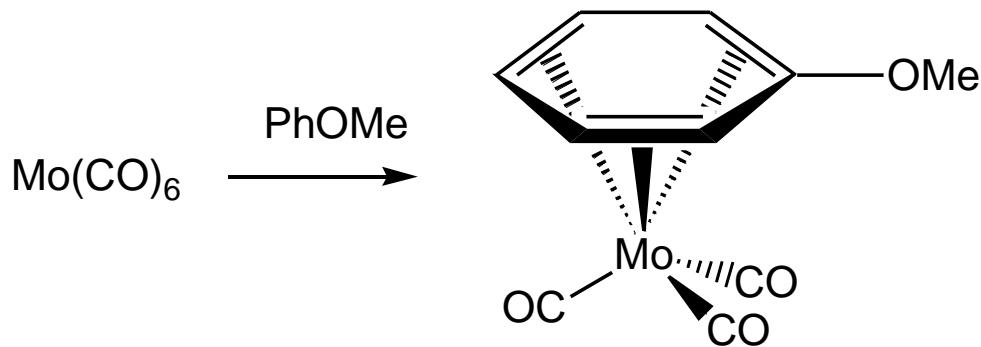
[Ru(C₄H₄)](CO)₃]





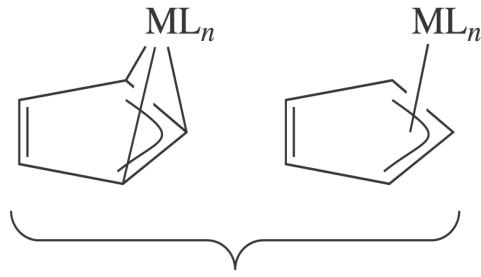




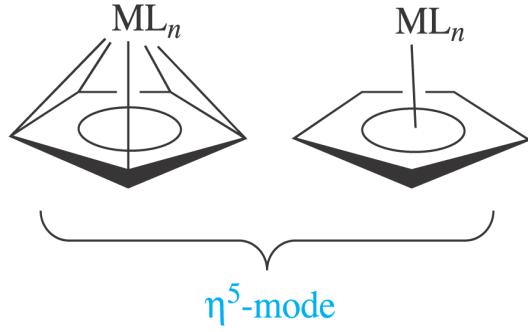




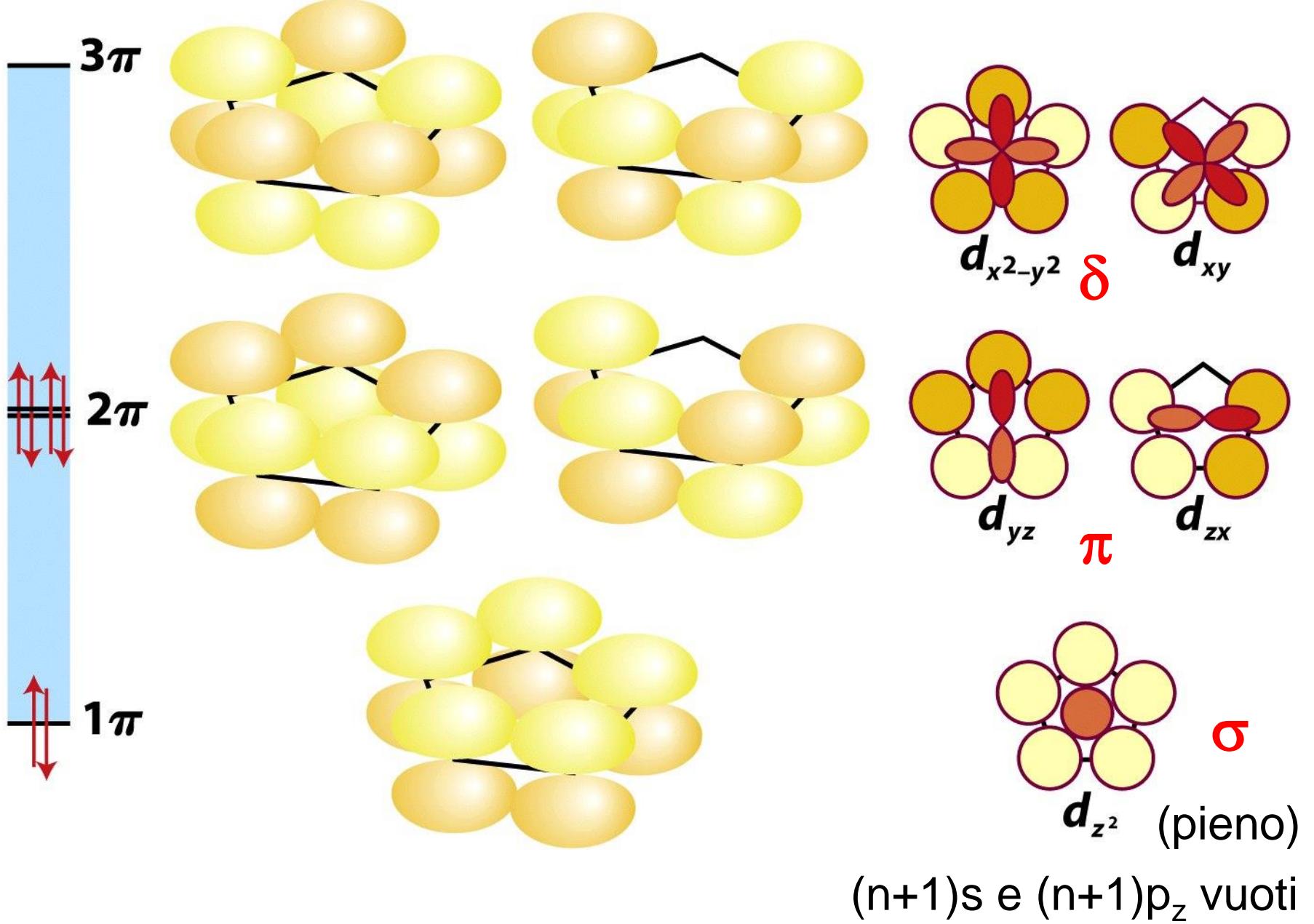
η^1 -mode

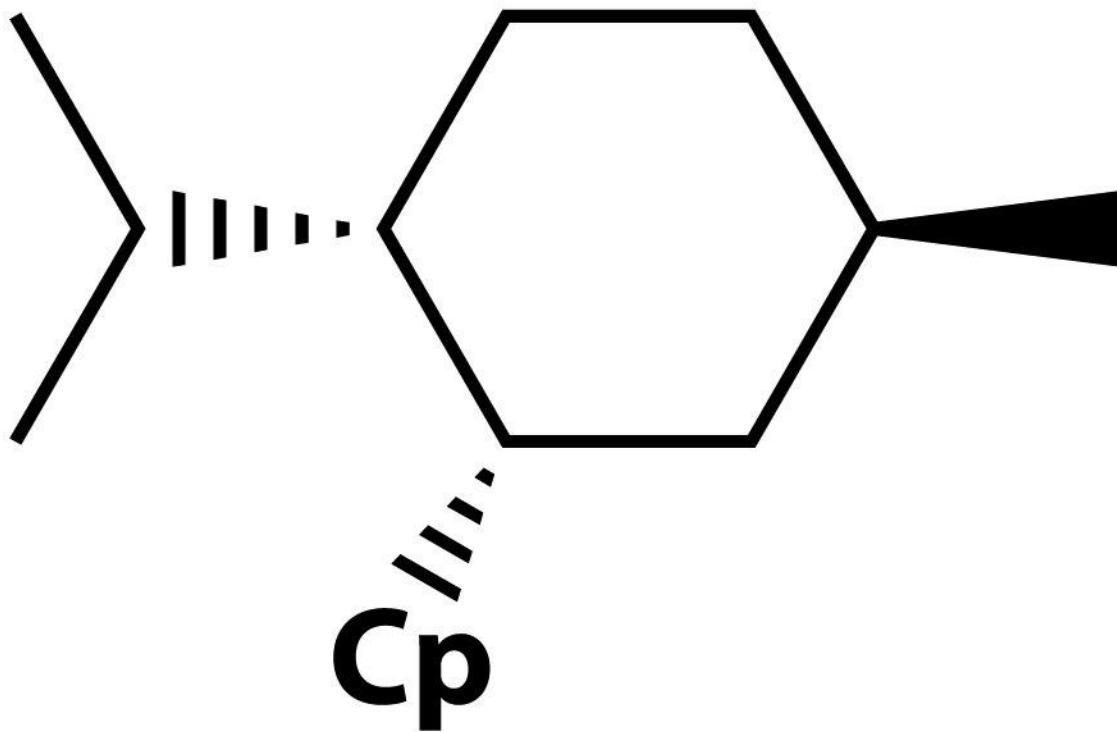


η^3 -mode



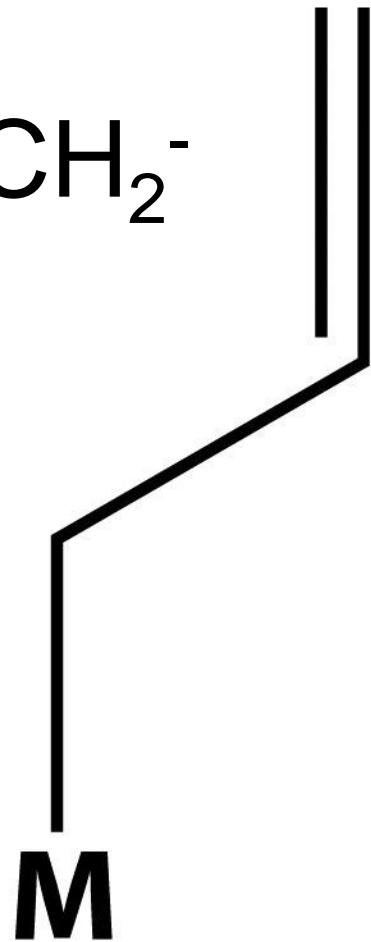
η^5 -mode



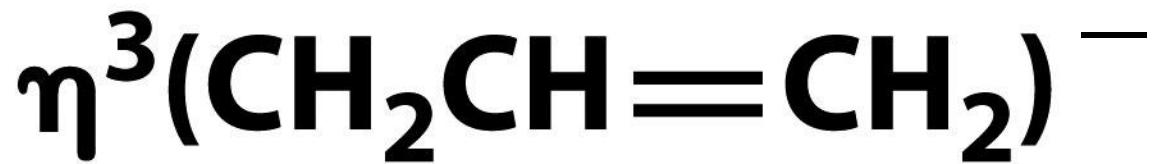
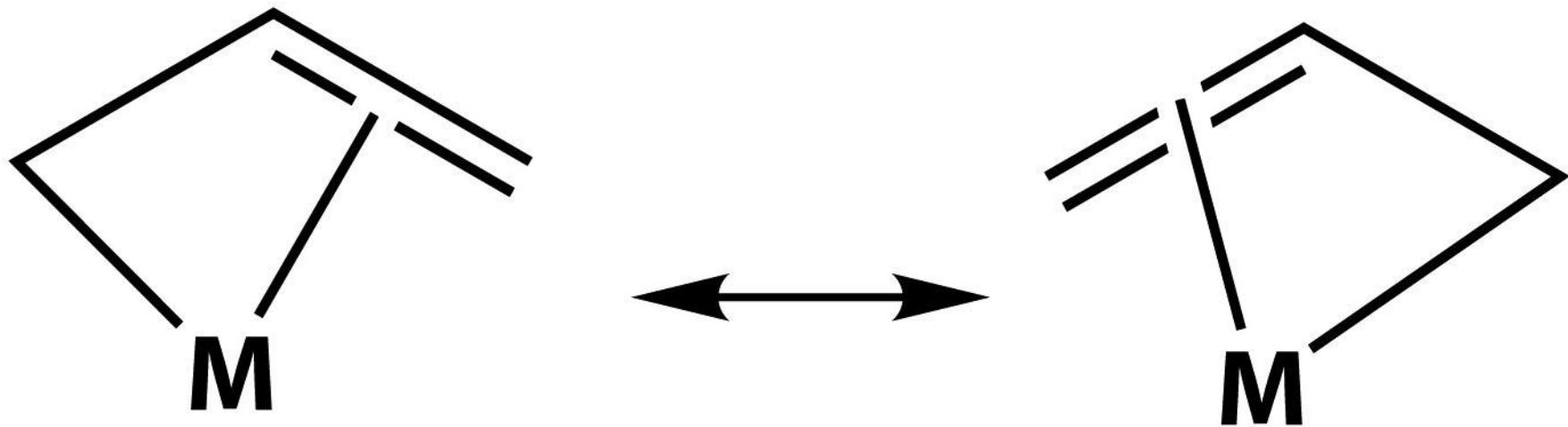


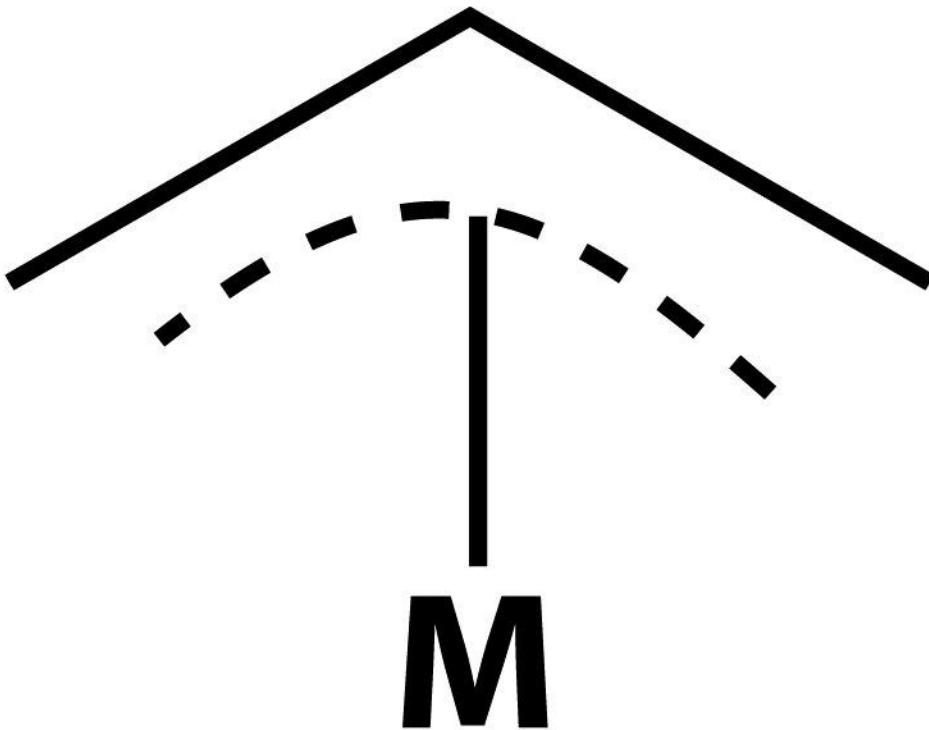
neo-Menthylcyclopentadienyl

Allile, $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2^-$



$\eta^1-(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2)$

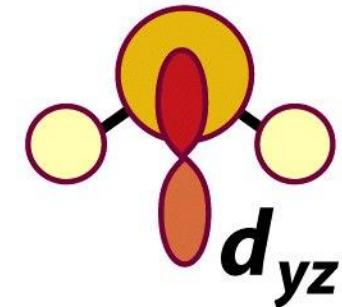
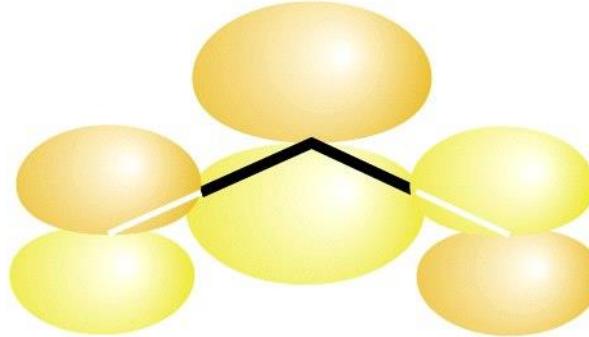




$\eta^3\text{-}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2)^-$

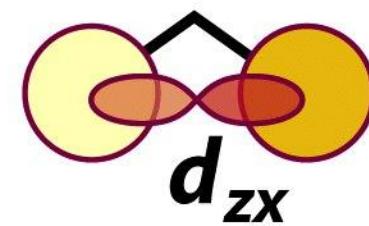
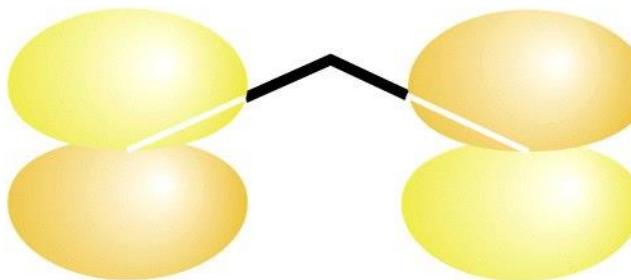
Accettore π

3π



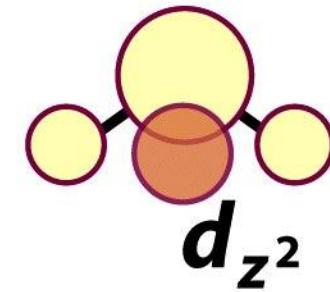
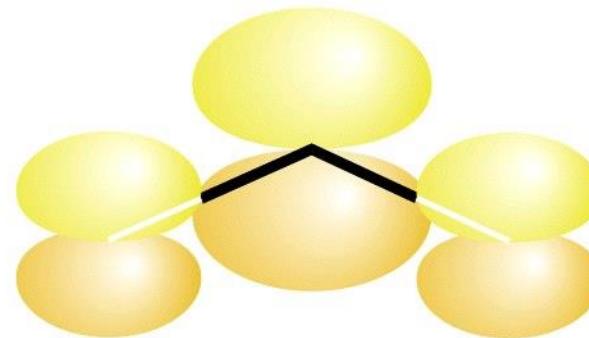
Donatore π

2π

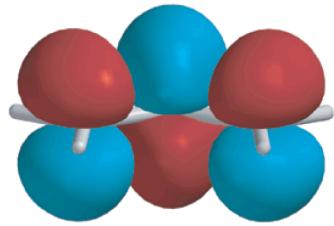
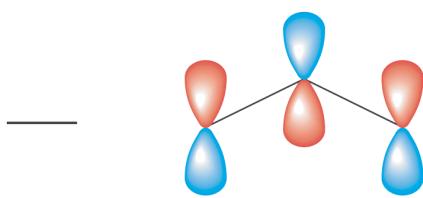


Donatore σ

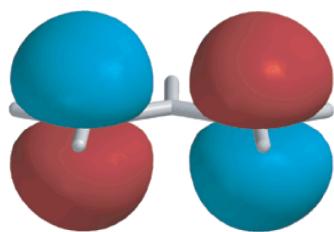
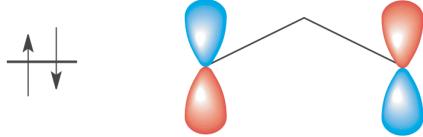
1π



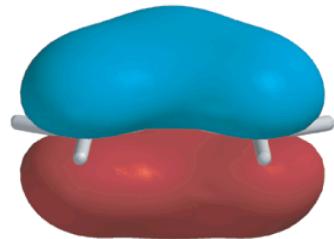
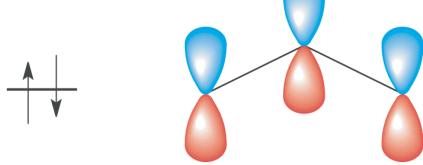
E_{MO}



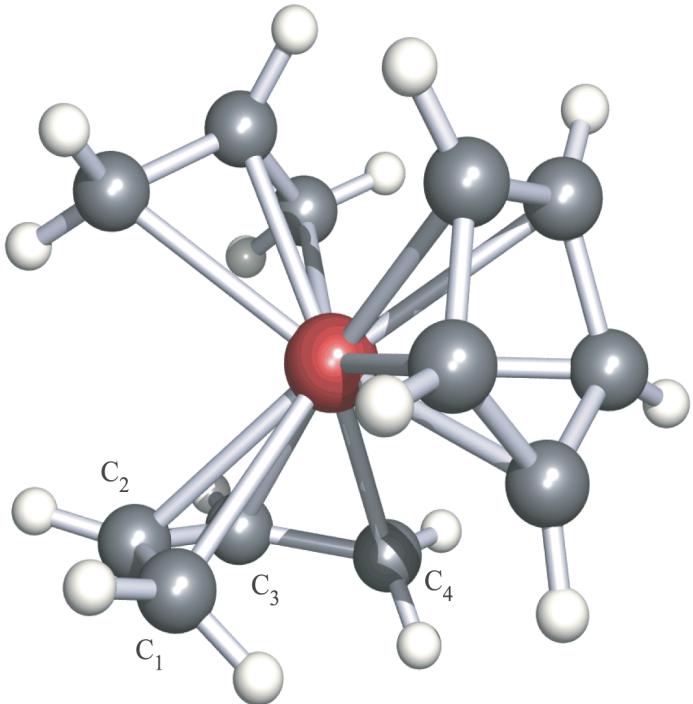
$\psi_3 (b_1)$ Antibonding



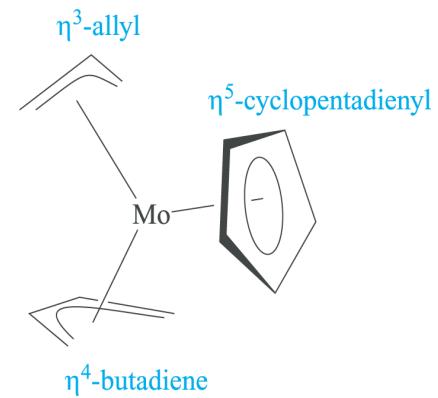
$\psi_2 (a_2)$ Non-bonding



$\psi_1 (b_1)$ Bonding

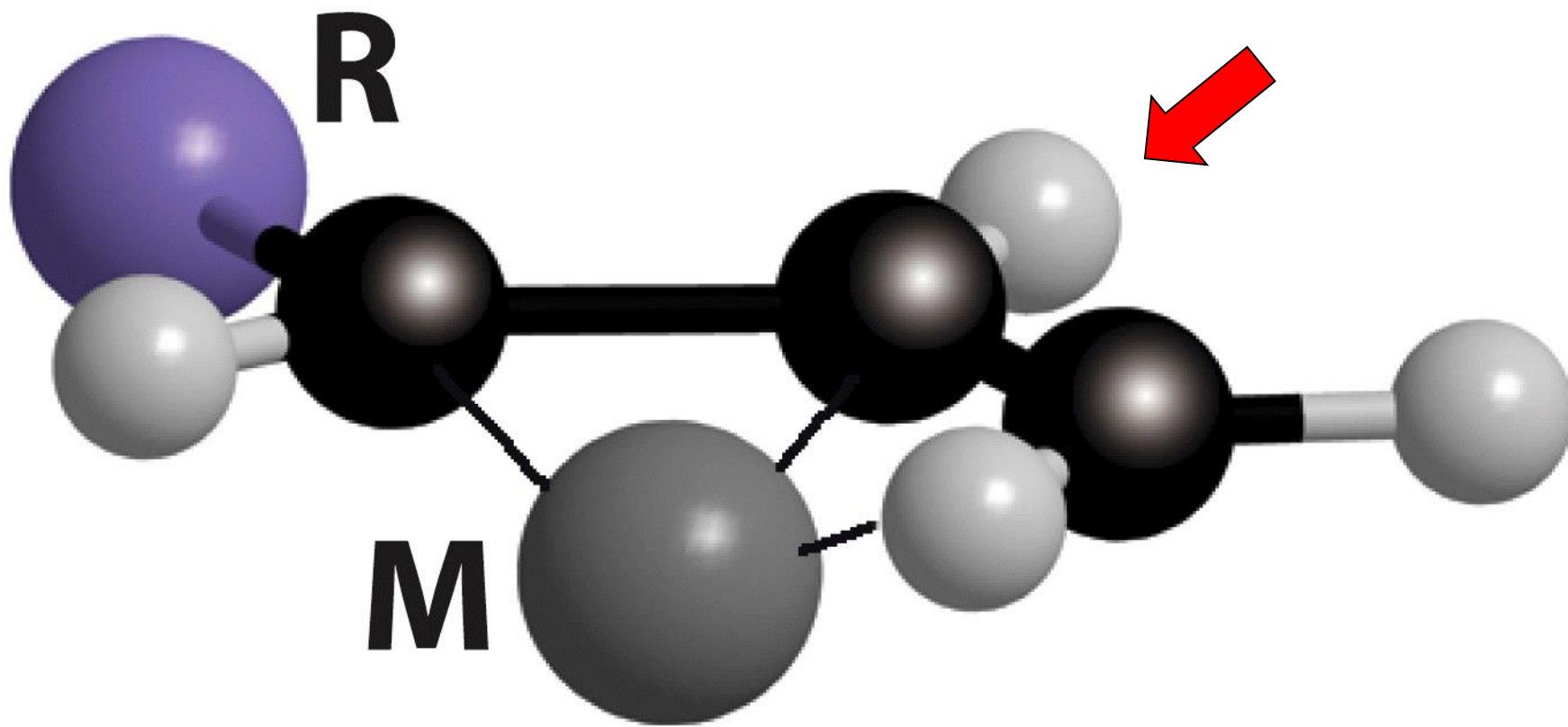


(b)

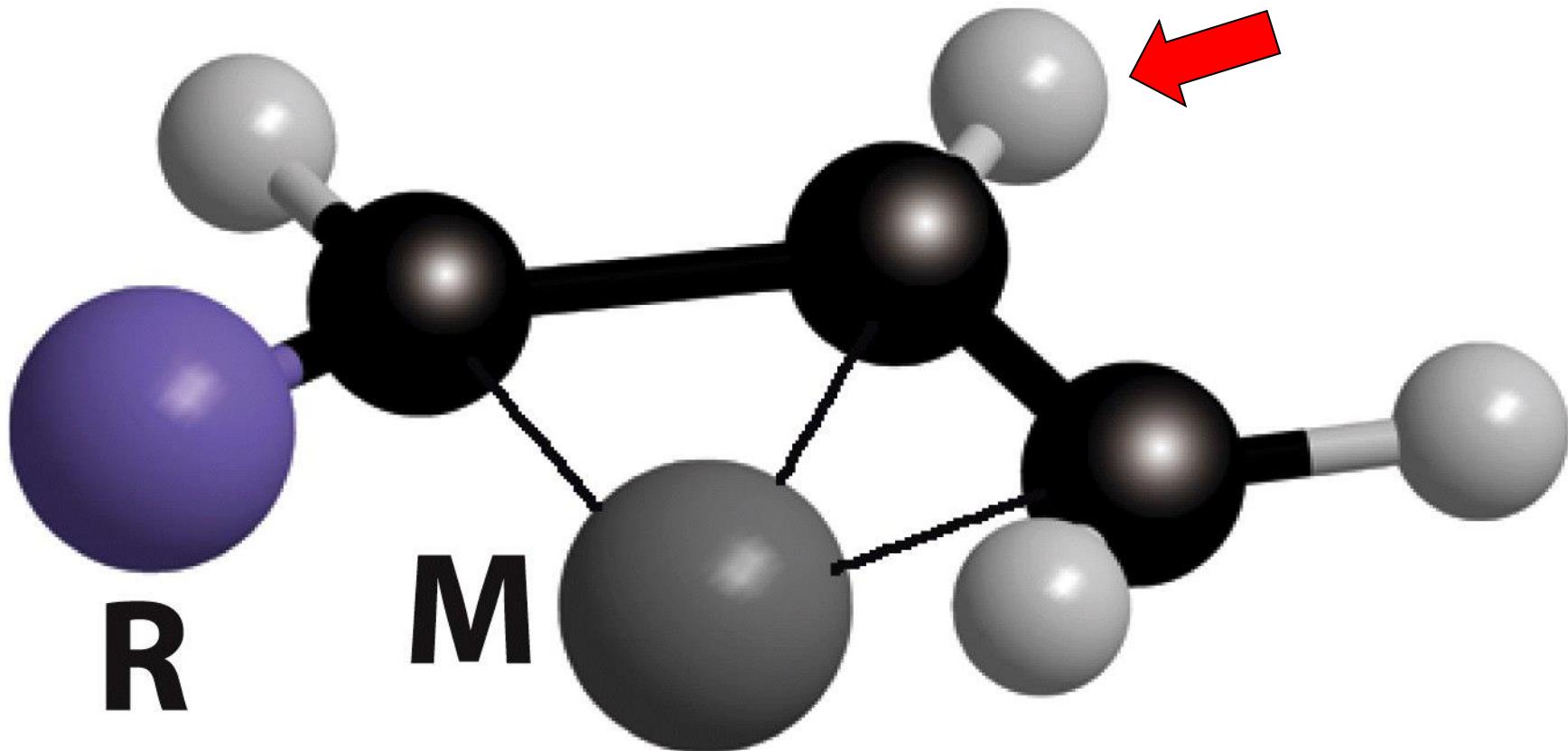


(c)



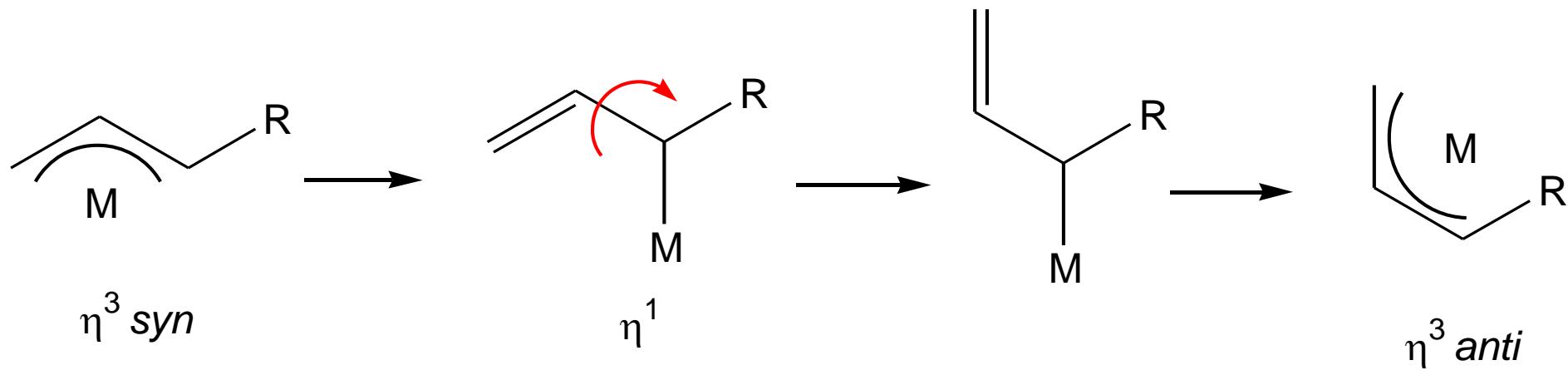


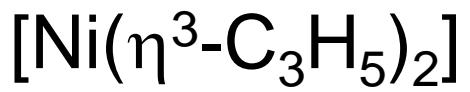
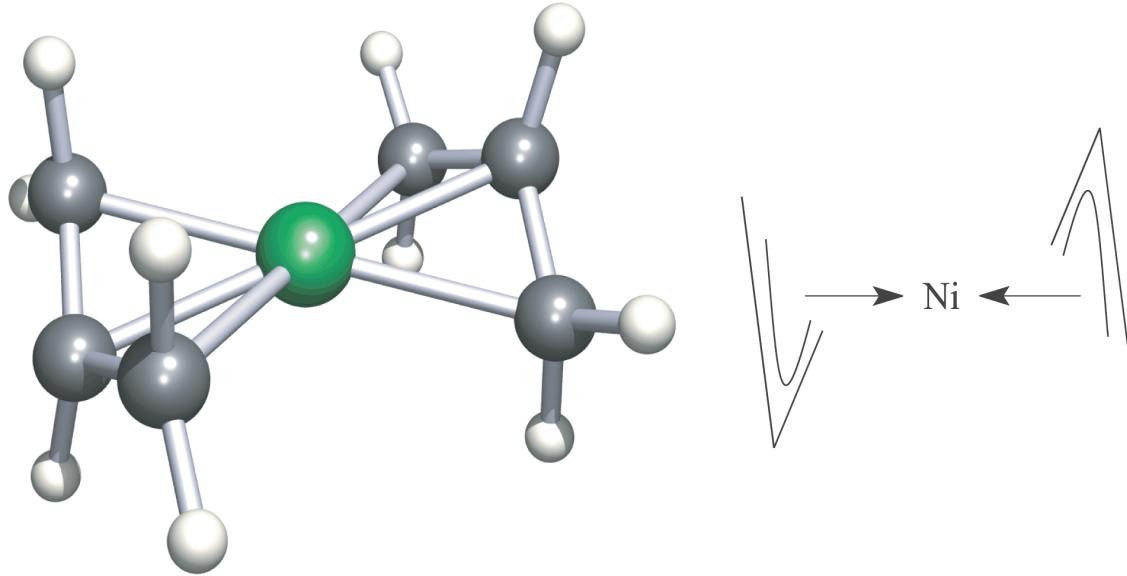
syn

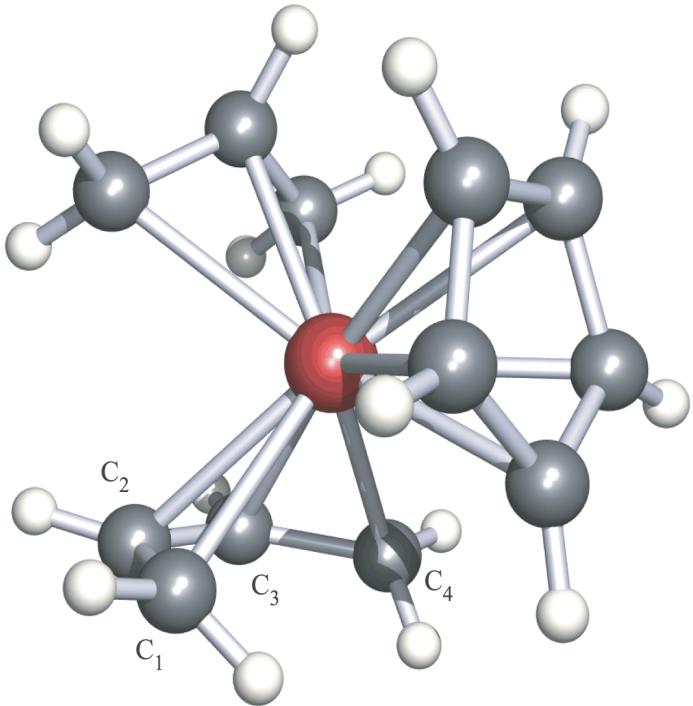


anti

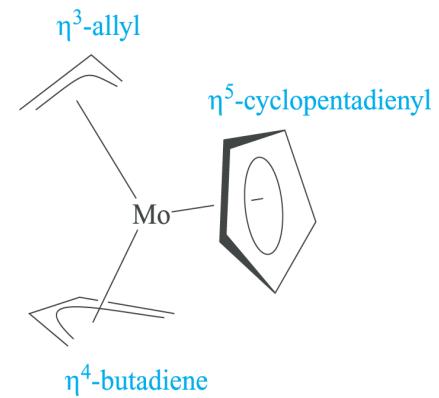
Meccanismo di scambio *syn-anti*







(b)



(c)

