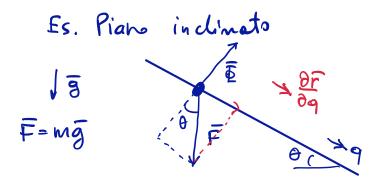
SISTEMA MECCANICO a N PTI HATERIALI UNCOCATI (riassunto) sagretto e re vivedi e desaito de n coordinate libre 911 - 19n (m = 3N - 7)- Ojui valor de q può assumer individua un pro rello sperib delle configuration Q < R3N - Opui pro di Q corrisponde a rura possibile confir del sistema. - Al vouine del beurfo t, il sistema (jenericem.) combre configuration Desnirieuro questo "moto" in Q con funt. del temp a qui t cornisponde (pu.) L'immerine di ple funcon in Q = nuo curva, chiamote TRAIETTORIA (o ORBITA) Il vett, for alle frometterion el kurp to è del de $\frac{d\tilde{q}(t_i)}{dt_i} = \left(\begin{array}{c} q_1(t_i) & , ..., \\ q_n(t_i) & \end{array} \right) \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{funt. dit.} \\ \text{funt.} \end{array} \right)$ Diverse travettorie possibili che possous al plo P ruel temp to danno d'versi vettori tonjenti E TPQ - L'insieure dei vett. fg prura mus sports attentele (T,Q), le cui coordinate (= compnenti dei vett.) sous diburate (q1,-,qn) - Lo stato del sistema è determinato de du numeri i (91, ..., 9n; 9, 1 -.., 9n) ~ SPA 26 DEGU STATI "FIBRATO portone vett, tg in Q a Q di P in P

Ci interesse trovan delle equationi d'Herentiali con incognite $q_n(t)$, che determination il moto del sistema in Q.

EQUAZIONI DI LAGRANGE



F foria ettina

T veaz. vincolore

Proiettiame l'ep. d' Newton sulla diretione to alla linea coordinate q:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{F} + \overline{\Phi} - u\overline{a} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{\partial \overline{r}}{\partial q} = 0$$

$$\text{ung sen} - u\overline{q} = 0 \qquad (*)^{v \in DI} \text{ All A FINE}$$

Ora fareme la stesso per un jeunico sistema de Nph. vincolati

Sistema donomo a n prodi d'll., N phi motoriali in Ti,..., Tu con masse m, ..., Mn Soggetto alle forte attive Fi e reat. vinc. Fi ideali

Ep. Newton: $m_i \bar{a}_i = \bar{F}_i + \bar{Q}_i$ i = 1, ..., NLeq. diff. per le fuer. $\bar{F}_i(t)$

Vincti ideal:
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} \overline{\mathfrak{d}}_{i} \cdot \underline{\mathfrak{d}}_{i} = 0 \quad \forall h=1,..., n$$

$$\overline{\mathfrak{f}}_{i} = \overline{\mathfrak{f}}_{i} (\overline{\mathfrak{q}}_{i}, t)$$
Proietiliamo le q . d'Uniton sulle objetion ty a Q .
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} (w_{i}\overline{\mathfrak{a}}_{i} - \overline{F}_{i} - \underline{\mathfrak{d}}_{i}) \cdot \underline{\mathfrak{d}}_{i} = 0 \quad \text{me pastion.}$$

$$\overline{\mathfrak{f}}_{i} = \overline{\mathfrak{f}}_{i} (\overline{\mathfrak{q}}_{i}, t) \quad \underline{\mathfrak{d}}_{i} = 0 \quad \text{melle in incognite}$$

$$q_{i}(t)$$

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$$\overline{\mathfrak{f}}_{i} = 0 \quad \underline{\mathfrak{$$

-
$$m_i \bar{q}_i \cdot \frac{\partial r_i}{\partial q_L} = m_i \cdot \frac{d}{dt} \left(\bar{V}_i \cdot \frac{\partial r_i}{\partial q_L} \right) - m_i \bar{V}_i \cdot \frac{\partial \bar{V}_i}{\partial q_L}$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{V}_i}{\partial q_L} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_L} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i k)}{\partial q_k} \right) \frac{\dot{q}_k}{\dot{q}_k} + \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})}{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_L} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i k)}{\partial q_k} \right) \frac{\dot{q}_k}{\dot{q}_k} + \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})}{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_L} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i k)}{\partial q_k} \right) \frac{\dot{q}_k}{\dot{q}_k} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_L} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i k)}{\partial q_k} \right) \frac{\dot{q}_k}{\dot{q}_i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_L} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i k)}{\partial q_k} \right) \frac{\dot{q}_k}{\dot{q}_i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_L} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i k)}{\partial q_k} \right) \frac{\dot{q}_k}{\dot{q}_i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})} \frac{\dot{q}_i}{\dot{q}_i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r_i(\bar{q}_i \bar{\lambda})$$

$$= \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial \vec{r}_{l}}{\partial q_{l}} \frac{\partial \dot{q}_{l}}{\partial q_{l}} \left[\begin{pmatrix} x_{l} y_{l} \end{pmatrix} \frac{f(x_{l}y) = x}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$= \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial \vec{r}_{l}}{\partial q_{l}} \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial q_{l}} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{l}}{\partial x}$$

Prop. Dato il sistema come sopra. Allone le function.

96 (t) soddisfans le EQUAZIONI DI LAGRANGE

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{q}_{h}} T(\bar{q}(t), \dot{q}(t), t) - \underbrace{\partial}_{Q_{h}} T(\bar{q}(t), \dot{q}(t), t) = Q_{h}(\bar{q}(t), \dot{q}(t), t)$$

Corolleus Se le fonte attire sons fonte duivont de rui en potentielle $V(\overline{q},t)$ allone

le ef. d'hagnouge diventeur

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L(q(H), \dot{q}(H), f)}{\partial \dot{q}_{h}} - \frac{\partial L(q(H), \dot{q}(H), f)}{\partial \dot{q}_{h}} = 0$$

dove $L(q_1\dot{q},t) = T(q_1\dot{q},t) - V(q_1t)$ LAGRANGIANA $L: \mathbb{R}^{2n+1} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$

ES Dec. armonies
$$L = \frac{1}{2}m\dot{q}^2 - \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2q^2 = T - V$$

Eq. Lap.
$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}} = m\dot{q}$$
 $\frac{\partial L}{\partial q} = -u\omega^2 q$

$$0 = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}} (q(t), \dot{q}(t)) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial q} (q(t), \dot{q}(t)) = \frac{d}{dt} (m \dot{q}(t)) + m \omega^2 q(t) = m \ddot{q}(t) + m \omega^2 q(t)$$

Formalismo Lajrongiano però essue applicato anche a problemi che esclavo la meccarica; in questi cosi, generalm. L' non he la forma T-V. Se invece L' è della forma T-V il sistema è detto SIST. CAGRANGIAMO NATURALE.

Eq. di LAGRANGE son EQ, DIFF. del 2° ord rule incognite
91(+), ..., 9,1(1).

$$T(\bar{q}_{1}\bar{q}_{1}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{h_{1},k=1}^{\infty} a_{h_{k}}(\bar{q}_{1}t) \, \dot{q}_{h} \, \dot{q}_{k} + \sum_{h=1}^{\infty} b_{h}(\bar{q}_{1}h) \, \dot{q}_{h} + \frac{1}{2}c(\bar{q}_{1}h)$$

$$T_{2}$$

$$T_{3}$$

$$T_{4}$$

$$T_{5}$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{q}_{e}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,n} a_{nk} \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{q}_{e}} (\dot{q}_{n} \dot{q}_{k}) + \sum_{n} b_{n} \frac{\partial \dot{q}_{n}}{\partial \dot{q}_{e}} = \delta_{ne}$$

=
$$\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k=1}^{m}a_{k}\dot{q}_{k}$$
 + $\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k=1}^{m}a_{k}\dot{q}_{k}$ + $\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k=1}^{m}a_{k}\dot{q}$

$$= \sum_{h=1}^{\infty} \alpha_{eh}[q_{i,h}|q_{h} + b_{e}(q_{i,h})]$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial T}{\partial q_{e}} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\sum_{h=1}^{\infty} \alpha_{eh}[q_{i,h}|q_{i,h}] + b_{e}(q_{i,h}|q_{i,h}) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{h=1}^{\infty} \alpha_{eh}[q_{i,h}|q_{i,h}] + b_{e}(q_{i,h}|q_{i,h})$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial q_{e}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,k} \frac{\partial a_{nk}}{\partial q_{e}} \dot{q}_{n}\dot{q}_{k} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial c}{\partial q_{e}} \dot{q}_{k} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial c}{\partial q_{e}}$$

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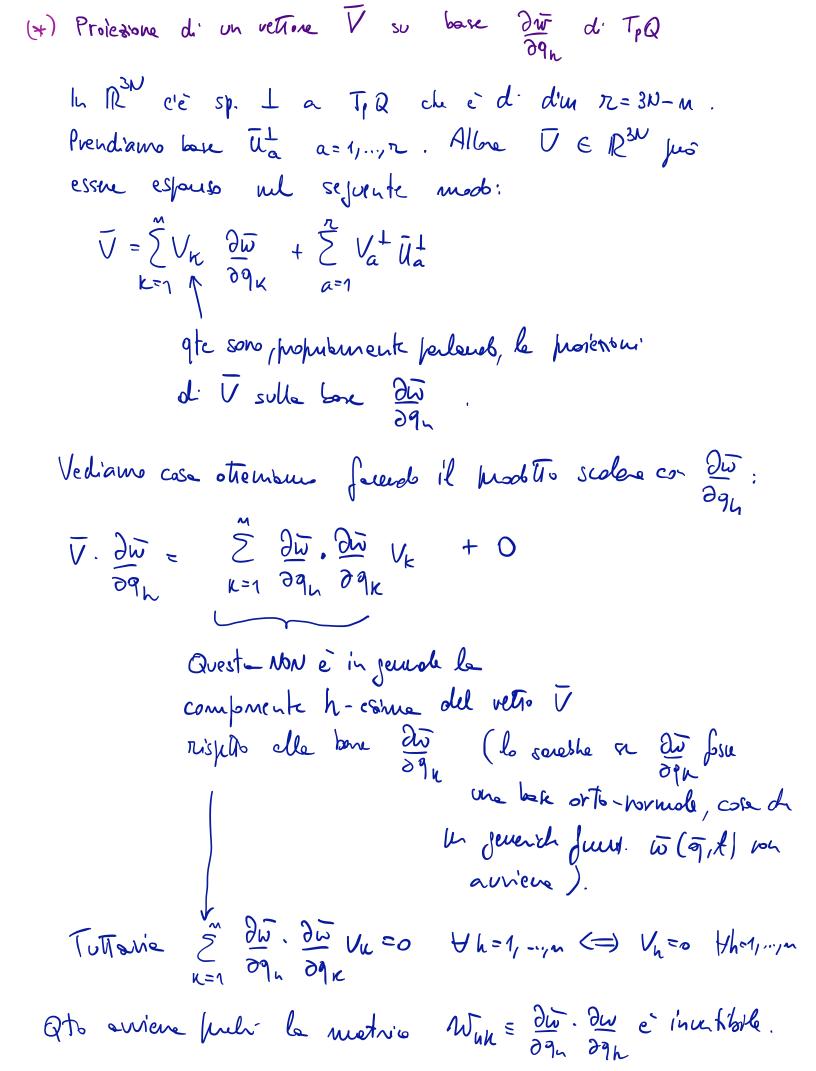
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Phop. Dato un sist. donouro di N phi materiali a m gradi di libertai, con assezuato dato initiale ($\overline{r}_{i}^{(b)}$, $\overline{v}_{i}^{(b)}$) compatibili con il vinedo, albra le ep. di lapronje ($\overline{r}_{i}^{(b)}$) determinano univocatiente le $\overline{r}_{i}^{(c)}(t)$ i=1,...,Ne ai prinetiono di trone le reed. vinedori $\overline{\Phi}_{i}^{(c)}$. Dim $\overline{r}_{i}^{(c)} = \overline{r}_{i}^{(c)}(\overline{\sigma}_{i}, \overline{\sigma}_{i}, t)$

e a princhous of frame le reed. Vincolari \mathcal{Q}_{i} .

Dim. $\overline{r}_{i} = \overline{r}_{i} (\overline{q}_{1}A)$ $\overline{V}_{i} = \overline{V}_{i}(\overline{q}_{1}\overline{q}_{1}A)$ Det $\overline{V}_{i}^{(o)}$ e $\overline{V}_{i}^{(o)}$ compatibility of vincolor $f_{i}^{(o)}$ of $f_{i}^{(o)}$ for descension $f_{i}^{(o)}$ and an $f_{i}^{(o)}$ for determinant univorse. $f_{i}^{(o)}$ and f_{i



= mgsmo - 9