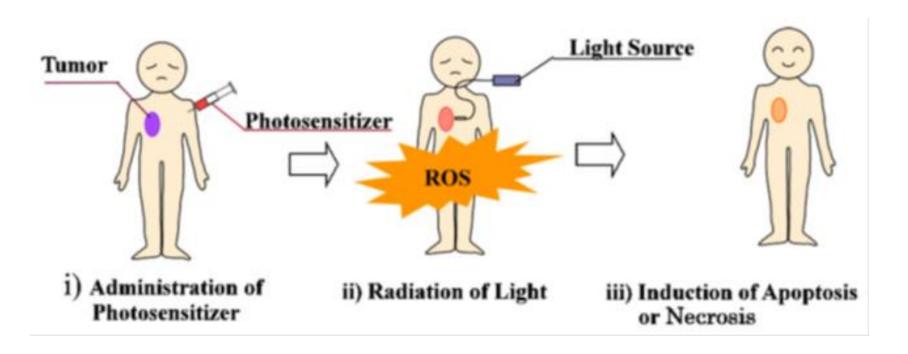
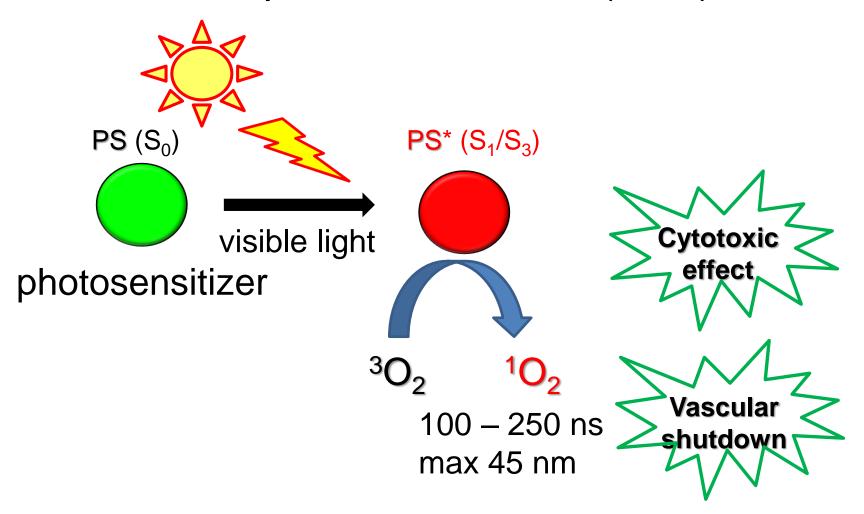
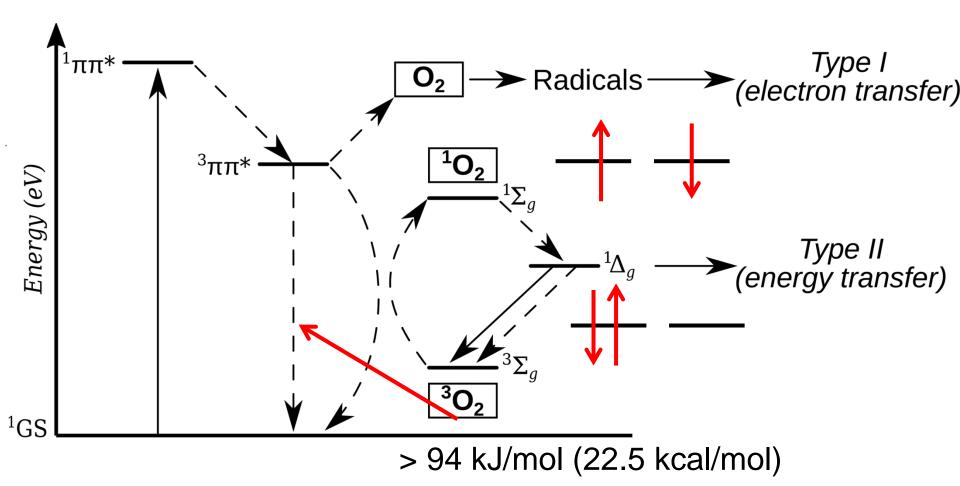
Terapia Fotodinamica (PDT) terapia ternaria

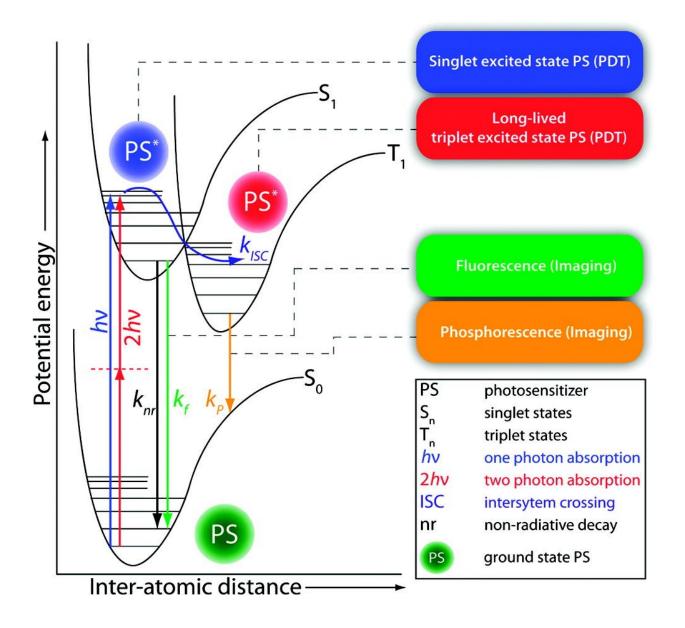


Controllo spazio-temporale

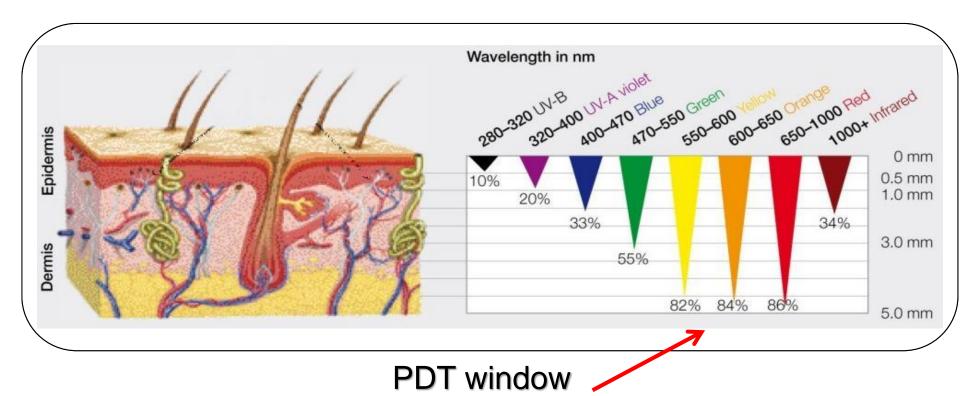
Terapia Fotodinamica (PDT)







Tissue penetration of light

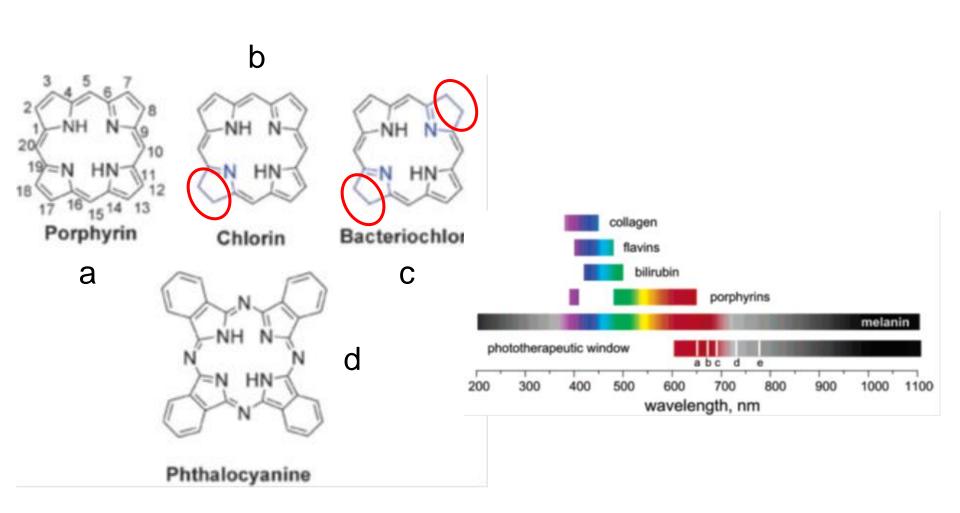


 Δ E between $^{1}O_{2}$ and $^{3}O_{2}$ = 22.5 kcal/mol This energy gap is compatible with photosensitizers that have absorption maxima up to over 800 nm (their triplet excited state is still higher in energy than the ground state of $^{3}O_{2}$.

The ideal photosensitizer

- Absorbs strongly in the PDT window (600 900 nm)
- Has a high ¹O₂ quantum yield
- Is photostable (no photo-bleaching)
- Is non-toxic in the dark
- Localizes selectively in the diseased tissue
- Has a rapid clearance

Macrocicli tetrapirrolici come PS



Fotosensibilizzatori per PDT di prima e seconda generazione

$$\lambda = 652$$

$$\varepsilon = 3 \times 10^4 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$$

$$Photofrin$$

$$R = 1 - 6$$

$$R = HO CH \text{ or } -CH - CH_2$$

$$R = 1170 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$$

$$R = 10 - CO_2Na$$

$$R = 1170 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$$

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$$R = 1170 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$$

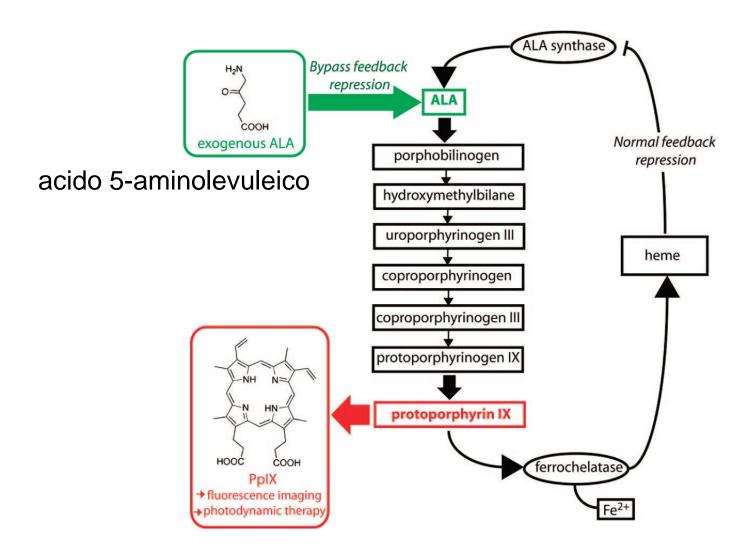
$$R = 10 - CO_2Na$$

$$R = 1170 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$$

$$R = 10 - CO_2Na$$

$$R = 10 -$$

Tumori della pelle non-pigmentati: ALA-PDT



TOOKAD-solubile

(palladio-batteriofeoforbide)

Fotosensibilizzatori per PDT di terza generazione (targeted)

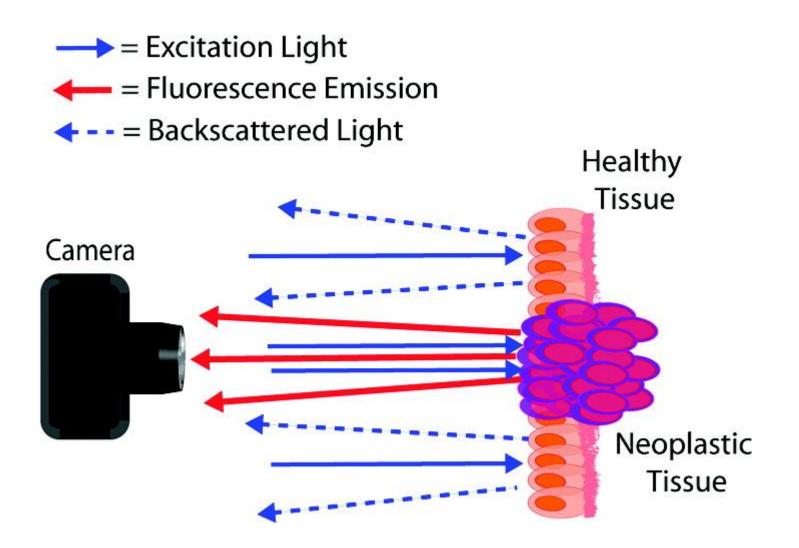
IgG conjugated chlorin

Glycoconjugated chlorin (H2TFPC-SGlc)

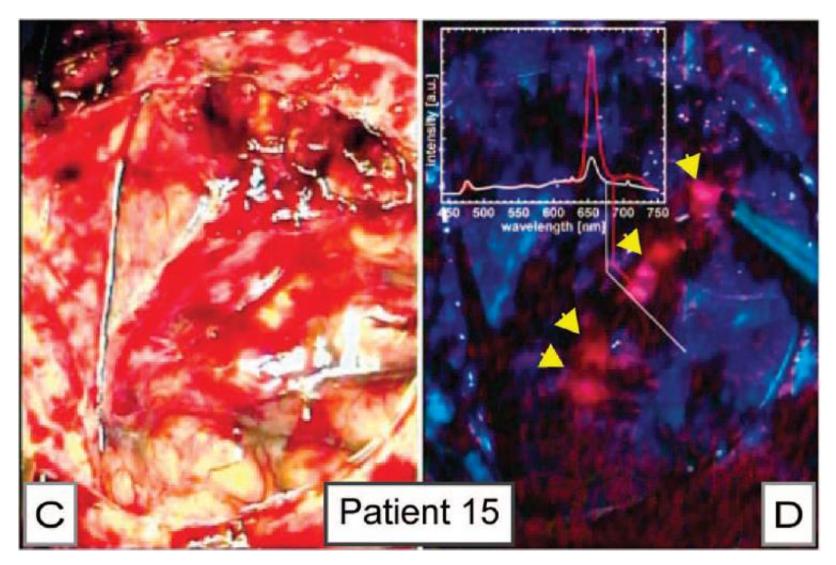
Folate conjugated temoporfin

HIV-1 Tat peptide conjugated porphyrin

Tumor margin resection with tumor avid PS's

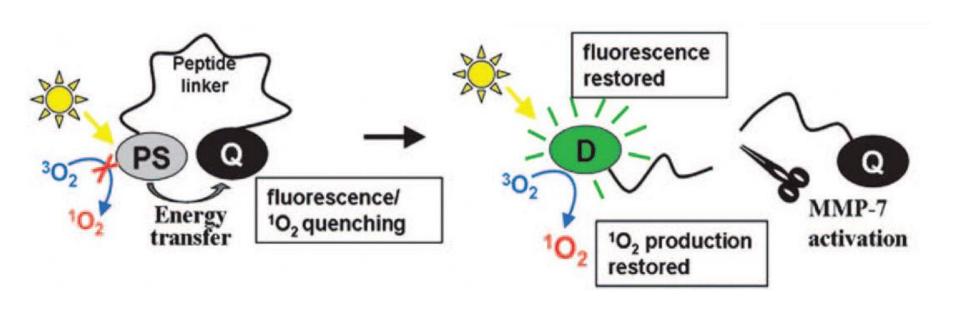


Brain tumor, patient treated with Foscan



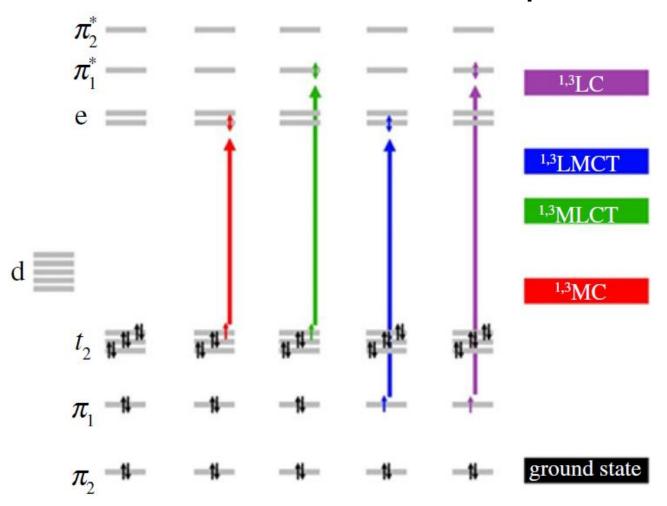
Blue light

Site-activated constructs



Derivati del BODIPY (boron-dipyrromethene)

Photoactivatable metal compounds

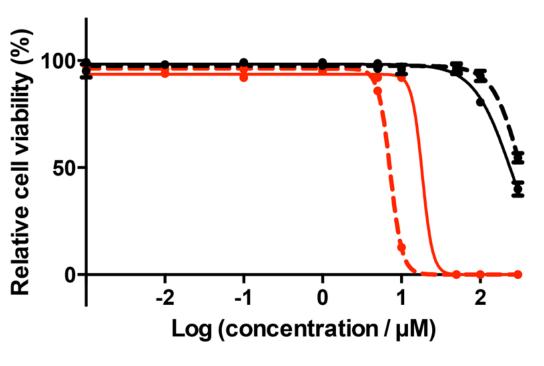


Metal compounds for PDT

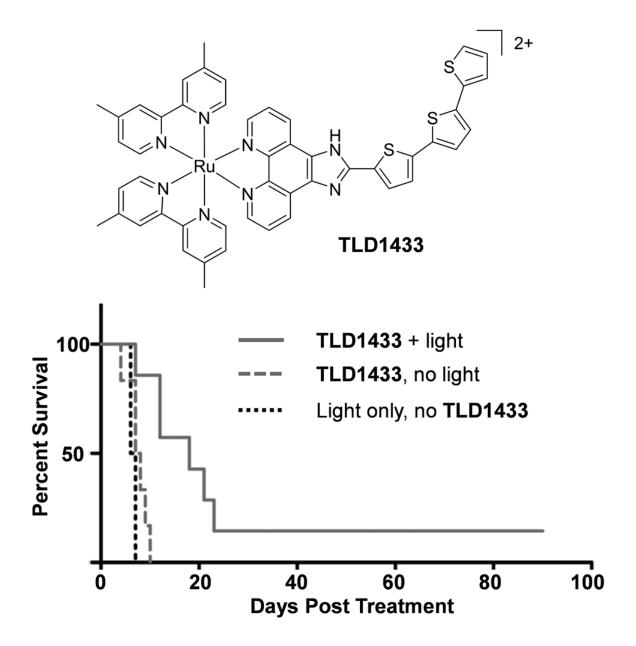
Health Canada Approves Clinical Trial Application for Anti-Cancer Drug

Toronto, Ontario – December 17, 2015, Theralase Technologies Inc. ("Theralase" or the "Company") (TLT:TSXV) (TLTFF:OTC), a leading biotechnology manufacturer focused on commercializing medical technologies to eliminate pain and destroy cancer, announced today that Health Canada has approved its next generation anti-cancer drug, TLD-1433, under Clinical Trial Application ("CTA") for evaluation in a Phase Ib clinical trial for patients inflicted with Non-Muscle Invasive Bladder Cancer ("NMIBC").

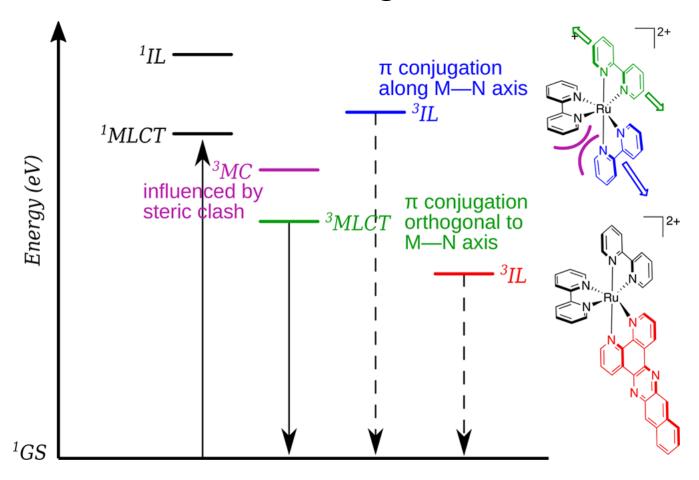
In vitro studies



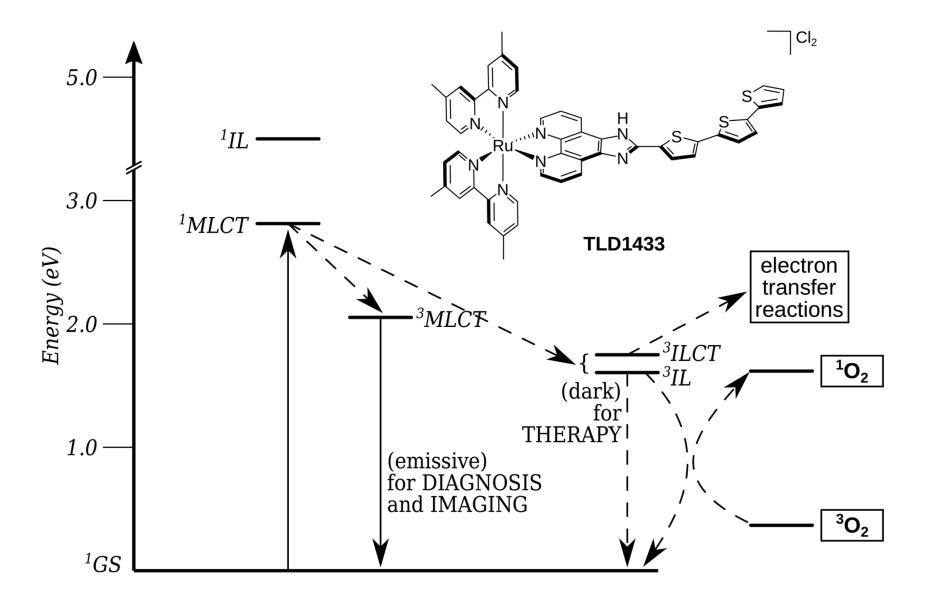
TLD1433, Dark
$$EC_{50} > 300 \,\mu\text{M}$$
TLD1433, Red $EC_{50} = 7.20 \pm 1.10 \,\mu\text{M}$
[Os(dmb)₂(IP-3T)]Cl₂, Dark $EC_{50} = 242 \pm 3 \,\mu\text{M}$
[Os(dmb)₂(IP-3T)]Cl₂, Red $EC_{50} = 18.4 \pm 0.1 \,\mu\text{M}$



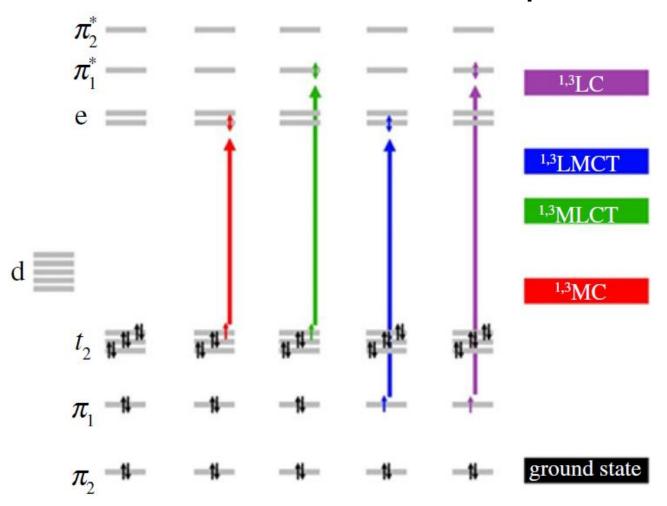
Elementi di design molecolare



Aumentare la coniugazione π di un legante diiminico fa diminuire l'energia dello stato eccitato 3 IL, con conseguente aumento del suo tempo di vita e maggior produzione di 1 O $_2$



Photoactivatable metal compounds

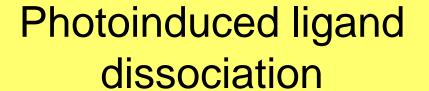


Photoactivatable metal compounds

These complexes are inert and non-toxic to cells in the dark.

Upon irradiation at the tumor site, they undergo various photochemical reactions, including isomerization, substitution, and reduction.

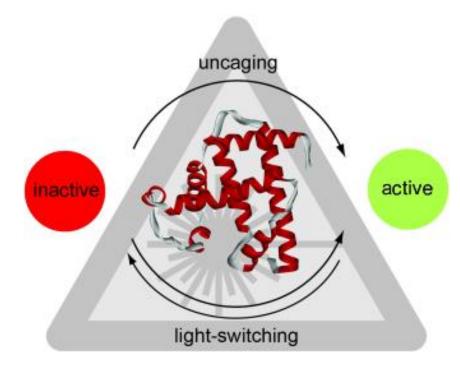
The photoactivation pathway of metal complexes does not rely on O_2 , which is a significant advantage over the photosensitizers used in current PDT. However, photoactivation – contrary to PDT – is a stoichiometric proces.



Activation of the metal center

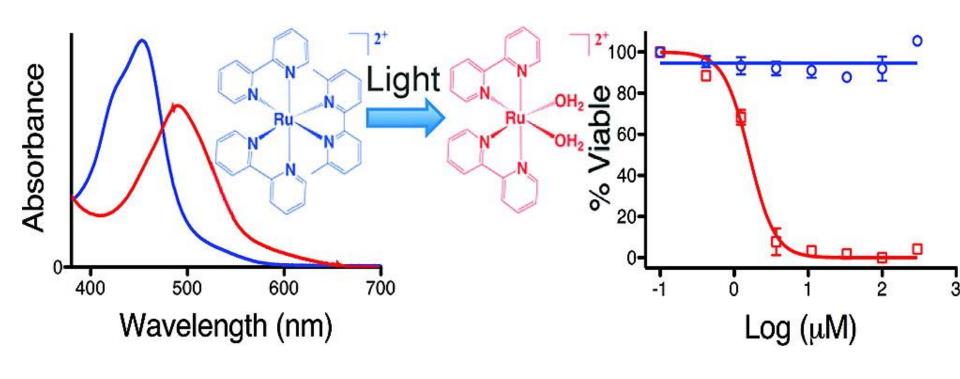
Selective release of active ligands (photo-uncaging)

Caged compounds and photo-uncaging



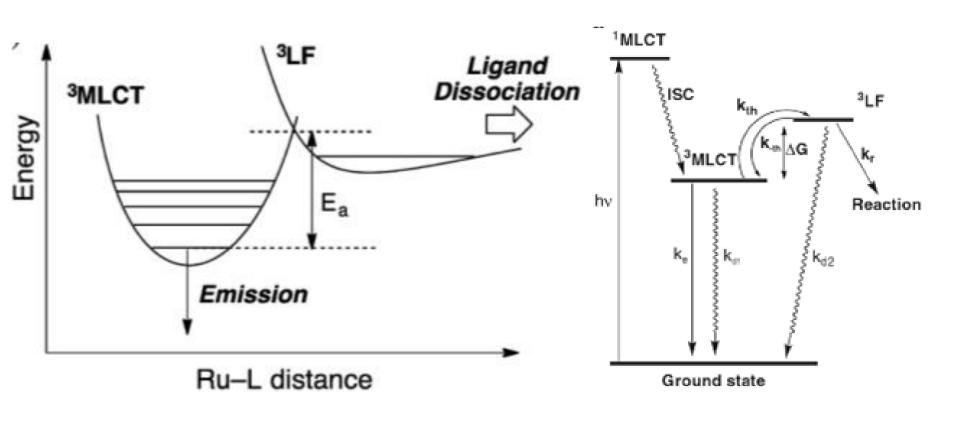
Photolabile protecting groups, attached to a defined position of a molecule, can be used to gain spatio-temporal control over the concentration of the active form of a molecule.

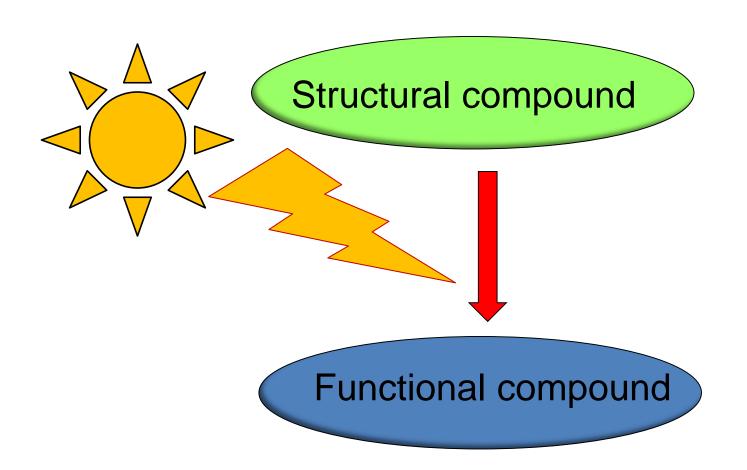
Photoactivatable Ru compounds



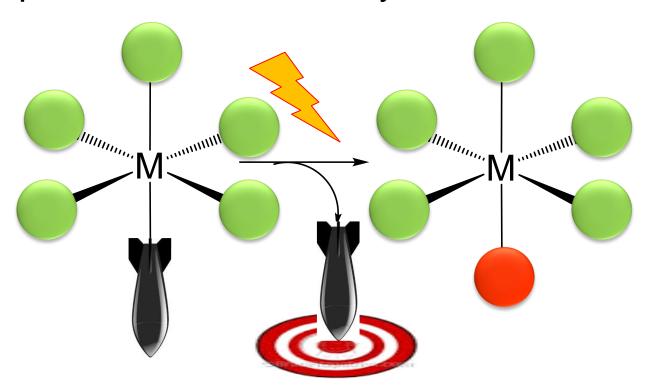
Phototoxicity Index, PI

Photoactivatable Ru compounds





Metal compounds for the delivery of active molecules





NO, CO, 4-aminopyridine (4-AP, K+ channel blocker), γ-aminobutyric acid (GABA, a neurotransmitter),...

Caged compounds and photo-uncaging

NO Releasing Molecules = NORM CO Releasing Molecules = CORM

Photo-NORM Photo-CORM

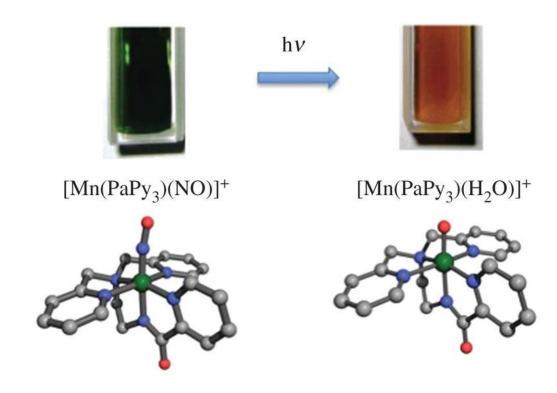
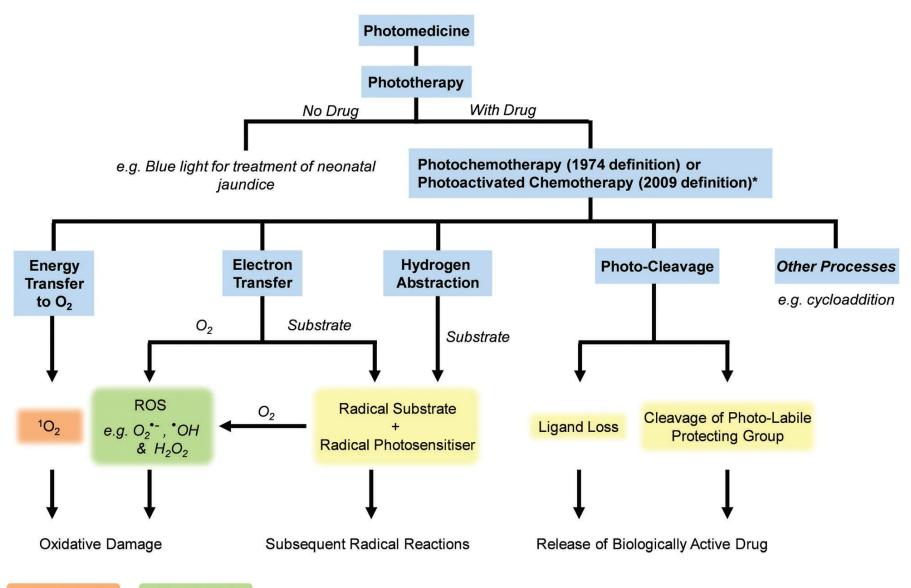


Photo-release of neurotransmitters

GABA = γ-aminobutyric acid: inhibitory neurotransmitter Glutamic acid: excitatory neurotransmitter 4-AP = 4-aminopyridine: K+ channel blocker



Type II PDT

Type I PDT