

# Exercises on Graphs

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**Exercise 1.** Given an adjacency-list representation of a directed graph, how long does it take to compute the out-degree of every vertex? How long does it take to compute the in-degrees?

**Exercise 2.** What is the running time of BFS if we represent its input graph by an adjacency matrix and modify the algorithm to handle this form of input?

**Exercise 3** (Two-coloring). Given a connected, undirected graph with  $n$  vertices and  $m$  edges, design an algorithm that assigns one of two colors (say blue or green) to each vertex in such a way that no edge links two vertices of the same color; or return FAIL if no such coloring is possible. (**Hint:** Use values  $v.distance$  computed during BFS).

**Exercise 4.** Give an  $O(|V|)$ -time algorithm that determines whether or not a given undirected graph contains a cycle. (**Hint:** Think of the maximum number of edges that an acyclic undirected graph may have; use DFS and terminate it early when appropriate).

**Exercise 5.** We are given a directed graph on which each edge  $(u, v)$  has an associated value  $r(u, v)$ , which is a real number in the range  $[0, 1]$  that represents the reliability of a communication channel from vertex  $u$  to vertex  $v$ . We interpret  $r(u, v)$  as the probability that the channel from  $u$  to  $v$  will not fail, and we assume that these probabilities are independent. Give an efficient algorithm to find the most reliable path between two given vertices. (**Hint:** modify Dijkstra appropriately.)

**Exercise 6.** How can we use the output of the Floyd-Warshall algorithm to detect the presence of a negative-weight cycle? (**Hint:** look at the diagonal of the output matrix.)