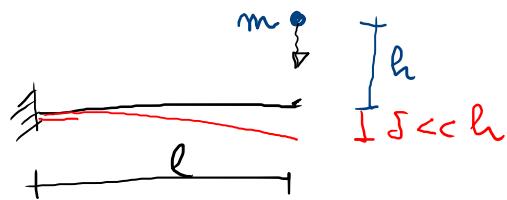


...TEOREMI ENERGETICI

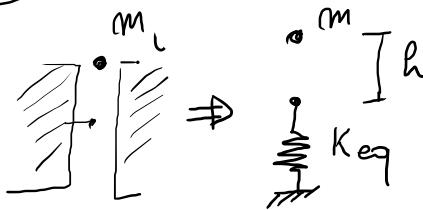
17/11/2022



LASCIO LA MASSA E VOGLIO CALCOLARE δ (MASSIMO SPOST. TRAVE)

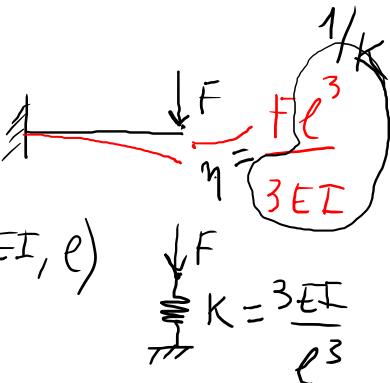
($\delta \ll h$) $E_{pot} = mgh$

I METODI



$$E_{pot} = E_{elast}$$

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2} K_{eq} \delta^2 \Rightarrow \delta = f(K_{eq}) = f(EI, l)$$



$$K_{eq} ? = \frac{3EI}{l^3}$$

II METODO

$$\text{IN UNA INFLESSA STR. } \Phi = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} M^2 \\ EI \end{array} \right\} ds$$



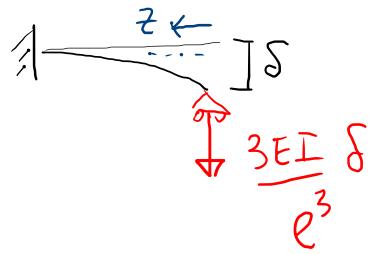
: EN ERGICA
IMMAGINATA
NELLA STRUTTURA

$$E_{pot} = \Phi \quad \rightarrow M(s) ? \Rightarrow M(\delta)$$

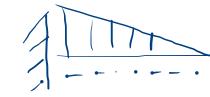
$$mgh = \frac{1}{2} \int_{Str} \frac{M^2}{EI} ds$$



$$\delta = \frac{F l^3}{3 E I}$$



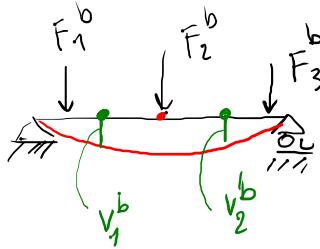
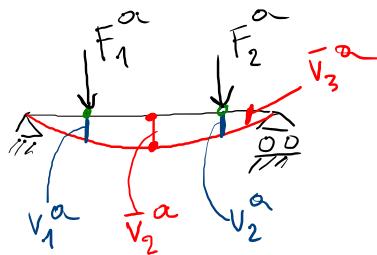
$$M(z) = -\frac{3 E I}{l^3} \delta z$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^l \frac{M^2}{E I} dz = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^l \frac{1}{E I} \frac{9(EI)^2}{l^6} \delta^2 z^2 dz = \frac{9}{2} \frac{E I}{l^6} \delta^2 \frac{l^3}{3} = \left(\frac{9}{6}\right) \frac{E I}{l^3} \delta^2$$

$$mgh = \frac{3}{2} \frac{E I}{l^3} \delta^2 \Rightarrow \delta = \sqrt{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}$$

TEOREMA DI BETT (O DI RECIPROCITÀ) 1872

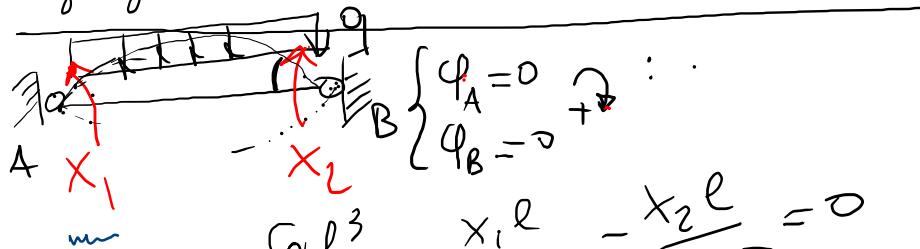


IPOTESI
TH BETT =
TH D1
CLAPÉYRON

$$F_1^a v_1^b + F_2^a v_2^b = F_1^b v_1^a + F_2^b v_2^a + F_3^b v_3^a$$

$$L_{ab} = L_{ba}$$

ugnaglianto gli lavori mutui.



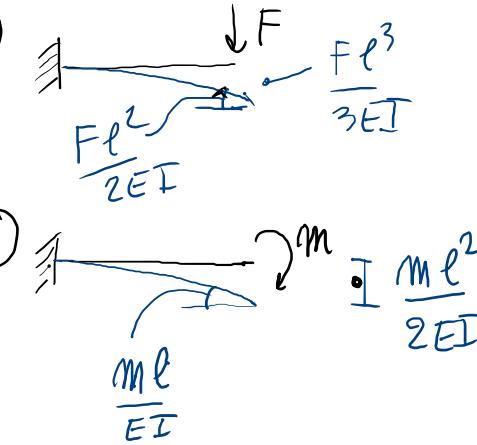
$$\begin{cases} \frac{ql^3}{24EI} - \frac{x_1 l}{3EI} - \frac{x_2 l}{6EI} = 0 \\ -\frac{ql^3}{24EI} + \frac{x_2 l}{3EI} + \frac{x_1 l}{6EI} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$L_{ab} = F \frac{Ml^2}{2EI}$$

$$L_{ba} = m \frac{Fl^2}{2EI}$$

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{ql^3}{24EI} + \frac{x_1 l}{3EI} + \frac{x_2 l}{6EI} = 0 \\ -\frac{ql^3}{24EI} + \frac{x_2 l}{3EI} + \frac{x_1 l}{6EI} = 0 \end{cases}$$

per TH. D1
BETT.



$$[M_{11} \ M_{12}; M_{21} \ M_{22}] \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{ql^3}{24EI} \\ \frac{ql^3}{24EI} \end{bmatrix}$$

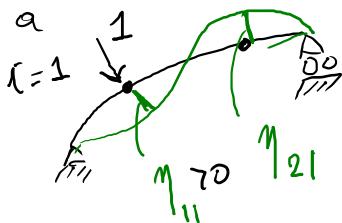
BETTA

$M_{12} = M_{21}$; $M_{11} > 0$; $M_{22} > 0$

COEFF DI INFLUENZA

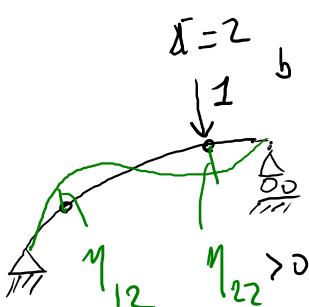
$$M_{ii} > 0$$

COEFF DI INFLUENZA



$$1^a \cdot M_{12} = 1^b \cdot M_{21} \Rightarrow M_{12} = M_{21}$$

TM. DI MAXWELL



M_{ij} = SPOST. NEGLA DIREZ. i DOVUTO AD UNA FORZA UNITARIA NEGLA DIREZ. j.

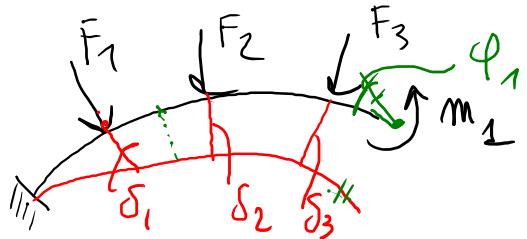
M_{12} = DIR 1 FORZA LUNGO 2

M_{21} = DIR 2 FORZA LUNGO 1

M_{11} = DIR 1 FORZA LUNGO DIR 1

TH. DI COSTRUZIONI

\rightarrow ATPE



$$\Phi = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{M^2}{EI} + \frac{N^2}{EA} = \Phi(F_1, F_2, \dots, m_1)$$

$$M, N = f(F_1, F_2, \dots, m_1)$$

STESSE IPOTESI TH. CLAPEYRON

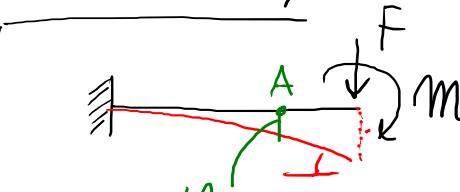
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{NO ATTERMICHE} \\ \text{ATT. VINCOLI} \\ \text{ELASTICI} \end{array} \right.$

CALCHI CONCENTRATI

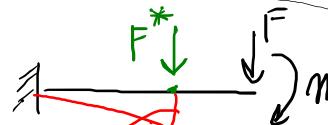
$$\frac{\partial \Phi(F_1, F_2, \dots)}{\partial F_i} = \delta_i : \text{SPOSTAMENTO CORREZATO ALLA FORZA } F_i$$

$$\left[\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial M_i} = \varphi_i \right]$$

ROTAT. CORREZATA AL MOMENTO M_i



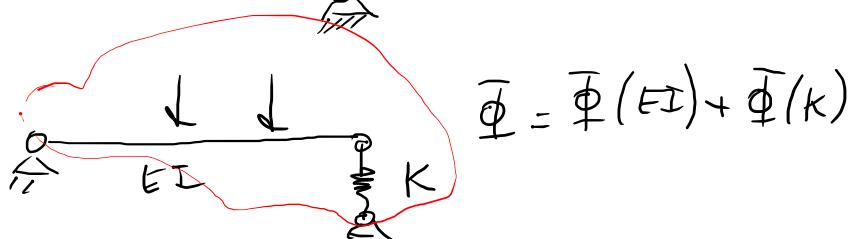
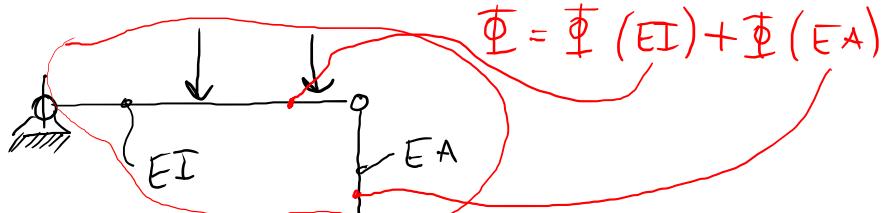
$$\alpha^* = \alpha(F, m)$$



$$\alpha^* = \alpha^*(F, m, F^*)$$

$$\alpha^* = \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial F^*}$$

$$\alpha = \lim_{F^* \rightarrow 0} \alpha^* = \lim_{F^* \rightarrow 0} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial F^*}$$



TUTTA L'EN. ELASTICA DEL SIST.

VA CONSTITUITA DA NEI

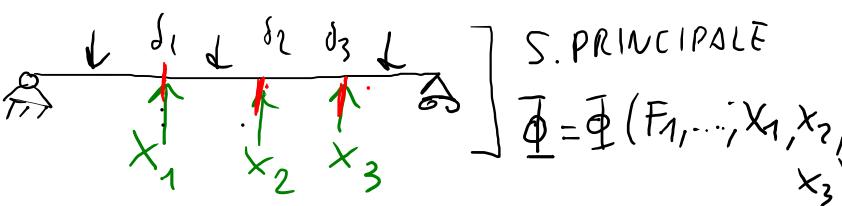
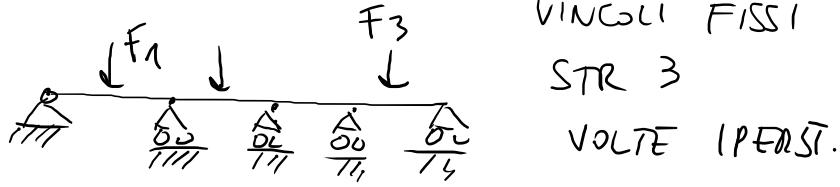
TH. DI CASTIGLIO

FRA TUTTI I POSSIBILI VALORI ATTRIBUIBILI

ALE INCONGRUE x_i , L'INSIEME CHE

SODDISFA LA CONGRUENZA È QUELLO

CHE RENDE MINIMA L'ENERGIA ELASTICA.



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \delta_1 = 0 \quad \text{EQ DI CONGR. } (x_1, x_2, x_3) \\ \delta_2 = 0 \\ \delta_3 = 0 \end{array} \right. \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x_1} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x_2} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x_3} = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x_2}, \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x_3} = 0$$

$$\Phi(x_1, x_2, x_3)$$

TH. DI MENABREA