In the territory of a small town, the central government decrees to locate a camp for 1,000 refugees from a war zone. The city administration has to find a location for a provisional refugee camp, and to provide some essential services (medical care, food, clothing, temporary accommodation). The latter are at the expense of the town administration, while the logistic and the camp equipment can be obtained elsewhere (other administration, organizations, institutions, etc.).

You should design a policy program to match the problem, and you can assume all the necessary the data of the problem.

Analytical framework

A. General analysis of the problem (ex ante evaluation)

- 1] Goals of the program
- 2] Evaluation of the social costs (externalities, potential reaction of the stakeholders)
- 3] Evaluation of the political conflict (party conflict, reaction of the civil servants)

B. Expected timetable for the realization of the program (presentation of the program phases or stages) and achieved goals

[i.e.: <<First phase: after *x* months, achieved goals *y*, *w*, *z*>>]

C. Estimate of the economic costs of the program

[These costs should be imputed in accordance with the Expected timetable of the program as previously forecasted]

1] Analysis of the overall costs involved in the management of the program

2] Current management costs (i.e., estimate of the monthly cost of the program during a year of implementation)

D. Ex post evaluation of the program implementation

In the territory of a small town, a large industrial area is subject to redevelopment. The city administration is called to decide over its recovery and its employment towards new urban purposes. The city council is divided between a political fraction who supports the development of a trading estate and business park and another political fraction who would prefer the conversion of the all area in a sport center with a city park.

You should device a political method to deal with this conflict and some way of finding out a solution agreed upon by the stakeholders. Finally, you should design a selected policy program to match the problem, and you can assume all the necessary the data of the problem.

Analytical framework

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2] Current management costs (i.e., estimate of the monthly cost of the program during a year of implementation)

D. Ex post evaluation of the program implementation

Sustained and constant economic growth in the territory of a small council administration has brought about some new social and political challenges. Firstly, an increasing flow of immigrants has modified the socio-demographic profile of the community. Secondly, there is now a housing problem. The demand for residential accommodation has increased and, consequently, the average cost of rent has shot up remarkably. Thirdly, some social problems have now manifested. Tensions have consistently raised among the population of the town, and in the outskirts of the town a slum populated by the last immigrants has been spreading.

You should study some possible political response to these problems, finding out methods to deal with the conflicts and solutions agreed upon by the stakeholders. Finally, you should design at least one policy program to match one or more of the problems involved in the situation described, and you can assume all the necessary the data.

Analytical framework

A. General analysis of the problem (ex ante evaluation)

1] Goals of the program

2] Evaluation of the social costs (externalities, potential reaction of the stakeholders)

3] Evaluation of the political conflict (party conflict, reaction of the civil servants)

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2] Current management costs (i.e., estimate of the monthly cost of the program during a year of implementation)

D. Ex post evaluation of the program implementation

Traffic congestion in a small town has raised the demand for a different planning of the urban road system. Secondly, some groups are now questioning about the <<quality of life>> in the town, both with regard to the psychological stress caused to the inhabitants and to the potential impact of the traffic pollution on their health. The city administration is considering the creation of a large pedestrian area in the city center, but it has to face some hostility from shop owners, traders and other stakeholders.

You should study some possible political response to these problems, finding out methods to deal with the conflicts and solutions agreed upon by the stakeholders. Finally, you should design at least one policy program to match one or more of the problems involved in the situation described, and you can assume all the necessary the data.

Analytical framework

A. General analysis of the problem (ex ante evaluation)

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2] Current management costs (i.e., estimate of the monthly cost of the program during a year of implementation)

D. Ex post evaluation of the program implementation

The administration of a small tourist town is coping with the decline of visitors and seasonal residents. A confrontation has been launched among the citizens to discuss some possible responses to this crisis. The stakeholders are articulating various demands. Hotels and restaurants owners expect some economic compensation for the diminished income and gains. The citizenship opposes this request and encourages the administration to employ the limited resources to sustain new forms of tourism (i.e., organization of <<cultural events>>), notwithstanding that in town there are not indoor spaces available (such as auditorium, gyms, cinema, theaters and the like). You should study some possible political response to these problems, finding out

methods to deal with the conflicts and solutions agreed upon by the stakeholders. Finally, you should design at least one policy program to match one or more of the problems involved in the situation described, and you can assume all the necessary the data.

Analytical framework

A. General analysis of the problem (ex ante evaluation)

1] Goals of the program

2] Evaluation of the social costs (externalities, potential reaction of the stakeholders)

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2] Current management costs (i.e., estimate of the monthly cost of the program during a year of implementation)

D. Ex post evaluation of the program implementation