

• LINEA ELASTICA DEL IV ORDINE

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• TEOREMI ENERGETICI

APPROFONDIMENTI

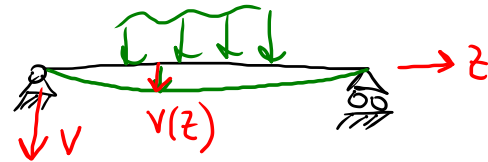
DELLA TEORIA DELLE STRUTTURE

MADS, 3/10/23

## LINEA ELASTICA DEL IV ORDINE

LINEA EL. DEL II ORDINE  
(TRAVI SNELLE)

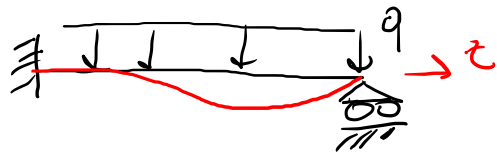
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} v''(z) = -\frac{M(z)}{EI} \\ 2 \text{ C. LIMITI} \end{array} \right.$$



$$\varphi(z) = -v'(z) \quad \varphi \leftarrow$$

OTTIMA PER STRUTTURE ISOSTATICHE.

SIAMO IN GRADO DI RISOLVERE MEDIANTE "LINEA ELASTICA":

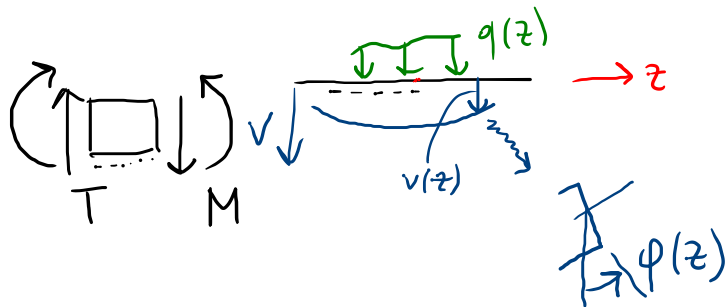


Per ora io so studiare le strutture  
solo con il METODO DELLE FORZE.

IPERST:  $M(z)$  non è nota solo  
con EQUAZ. DI EQUIL.

# CONCETTI NOTI DELLE TRAVI SNELLE INFLESSE

• EQUILIBRIO :  $\frac{dM}{dz} = T$  ;  $\frac{dT}{dz} = -q(z)$



• CONGRUENZA (INTERNA) :  $k = \frac{d\varphi}{dz}$  ;  $\frac{dV}{dz} = -\varphi$

↑  
CURVATURA

• LEGAME COSTITUTIVO :  $k = \frac{M}{EI}$   $EI(z)$

$$\frac{M}{EI} = k = -\frac{d^2v}{dz^2} \rightarrow M = -EI v'' \rightarrow M' = -(EI v'')' \rightarrow T = -(EI v'')' \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow T' = -(EI v'')'' \rightarrow$$

$$q(z) = (EI(z) v''(z))''$$

EQ. LINEA EL  
DEL IV ORDINE  
- GENERALE -

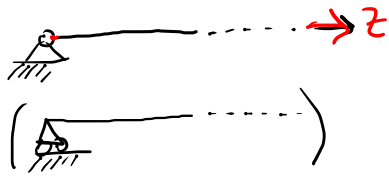
L'INCOGNITA NEI PROBLEMI STRUTT.  $\bar{e} v(z)$  [CORICHI NOTI]

• PER L'INTEGR SERVONO 4 COND. AI LIMITI.

NOTA: Se  $EI(z) = \text{cost} \Rightarrow EI v''''(z) = q(z)$

$\Rightarrow T(z) = -EI v'''(z)$

C. AI LIMITI ??



$$v(0) = 0$$

$$M(0) = -EI v''(0) = 0$$

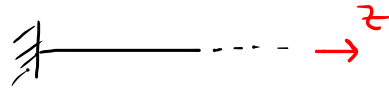
CERNIERA  
o CARRELLO



$$\varphi(0) = -v'(0) = 0$$

$$T(0) = -EI v'''(0) = 0$$

DOPPIO PENDOLO



$$v(0) = 0$$

$$-v'(0) = 0$$

INCASTRO

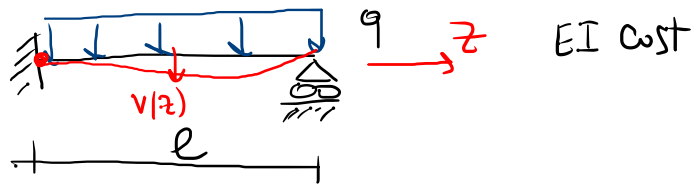


$$M(0) = -EI v''(0) = 0$$

$$T(0) = -EI v'''(0) = 0$$

ESTREMO  
LIBERO

LES



$$EI v''''(z) = q$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} v(0) = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 \\ v(l) = 0 \\ v''(l) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \\ C_4 \end{array}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} C_3 = 0 \\ C_4 = 0 \\ C_1 = -\frac{5}{8} \frac{q l}{EI} \\ C_2 = \frac{1}{8} \frac{q l^2}{EI} \end{array} \right.$$

$$v'''(z) = \frac{q}{EI} z + C_1$$

$$v''(z) = \frac{q}{EI} \frac{z^2}{2} + C_1 z + C_2$$

$$v'(z) = \frac{q}{EI} \frac{z^3}{6} + C_1 \frac{z^2}{2} + C_2 z + C_3$$

$$v(z) = \frac{q}{EI} \frac{z^4}{24} + C_1 \frac{z^3}{6} + C_2 \frac{z^2}{2} + C_3 z + C_4$$

$$M(0) < 0$$



$$M(z) = - \left( q \frac{z^2}{2} - \frac{5}{8} q l z + \frac{1}{8} q l^2 \right)$$

$$M(0) = -\frac{1}{8} q l^2$$

$$M(l) = - \left( q \frac{l^2}{2} - \frac{5}{8} q l^2 + \frac{1}{8} q l^2 \right) = 0 \quad \text{OK}$$

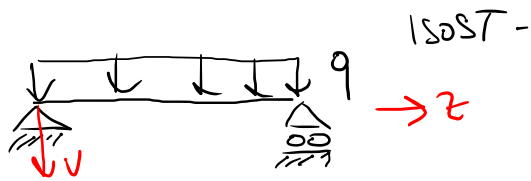
$$T(z) = - \left( q z - \frac{5}{8} q l \right)$$

$$T(0) = \frac{5}{8} q l$$

OK

$$T(l) = - \left( q l - \frac{5}{8} q l \right) = -\frac{3}{8} q l$$

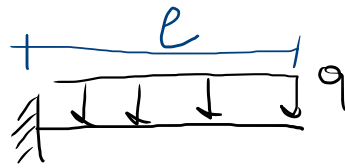
ES



$$\begin{cases} EI v^{IV}(z) = q \\ v(0) = 0 \\ v''(0) = 0 \\ v(l) = 0 \\ v''(l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

SI OTTIENE LA  
STESSA SOLUZ.

$$D^2 v''(z) = -\frac{M(z)}{EI}$$



$$\begin{cases} EI v^{IV}(z) = q \\ v(0) = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 \\ v''(l) = 0 \\ v'''(l) = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$M(z) = -EI v''(z)$$

$$m = EI v''(l)$$

$$M(l) = -m$$

$$EI v^{IV} = 0$$

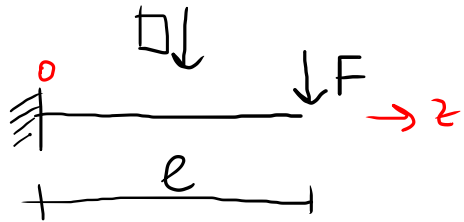
$$v(0) = 0$$

$$v'(0) = 0$$

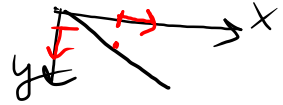
$$v'''(l) = 0$$



LES

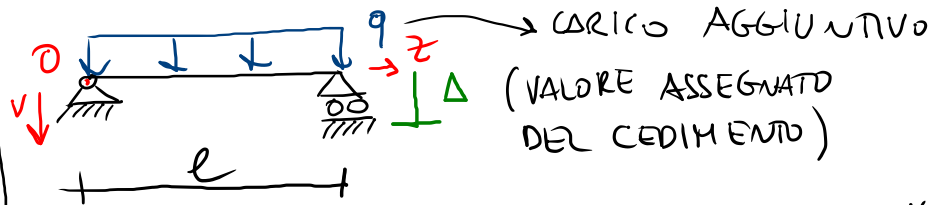


$$T(z) = -EI v'''(z) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} F = -EI v'''(l) \\ T(l) = +F \end{array} \right\}$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} EI v''''(z) = 0 \\ v(0) = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 \\ v''(l) = 0 \\ v'''(l) = -\frac{F}{EI} \end{array} \right.$$

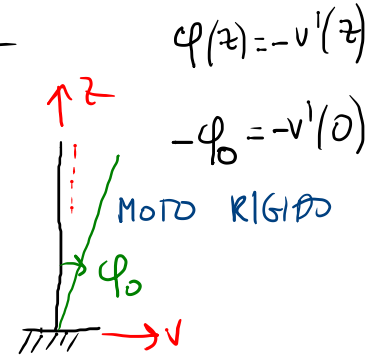
LES (CEDIMENTO ANELASTICO)



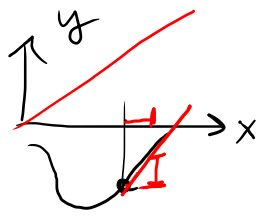
CARICO AGGIUNTIVO  
(VALORE ASSEGNATO DEL CEDIMENTO)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} EI v''''(z) = q \\ v(0) = 0 \\ v''(0) = 0 \\ v(l) = \Delta \\ v'''(l) = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} EI v''''(z) = 0 \\ v(0) = 0 \\ v''(l) = 0 \\ v'''(l) = 0 \\ v'(0) = \varphi_0 \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} 0 = C_4 \\ C_2 = 0 \neq C_1 l + C_2 = 0 \\ C_1 = 0 \\ \varphi_0 = C_3 \end{array}$$

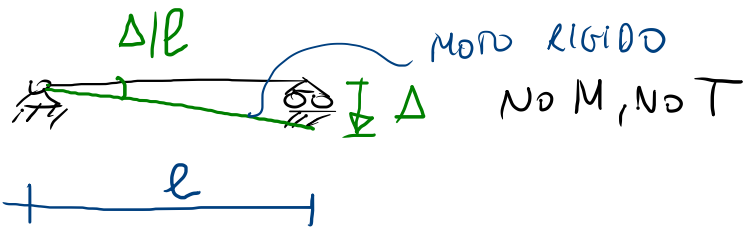


$$\begin{array}{l} v'''' = C_4 \\ v''' = C_1 z + C_2 \\ v'' = C_1 z^2 + C_2 z + C_3 \\ v = C_1 \frac{z^3}{6} + C_2 \frac{z^2}{2} + C_3 z + C_4 \end{array}$$

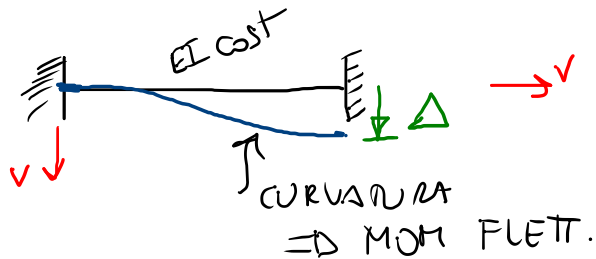


$v(z) = \varphi_0 z$  ;  $v'(z) = \varphi_0$  ;  $v''(z) = v'''(z) = 0$

STRUTTURE ISOSTATICHE : I CEDIMENTI ANELASTICI NON PROVOCANO SOLLECITAZIONI MA SOLO ATTI DI MOTO RIGIDO.



LES



STR IPERST.

SOLLECITATA DA UN CEDIMENTO ANELASTICO

$$\begin{cases} EI v^{IV}(z) = 0 \\ v(0) = 0 \\ v'(0) = 0 \\ v'(l) = 0 \\ v(l) = \Delta \end{cases}$$