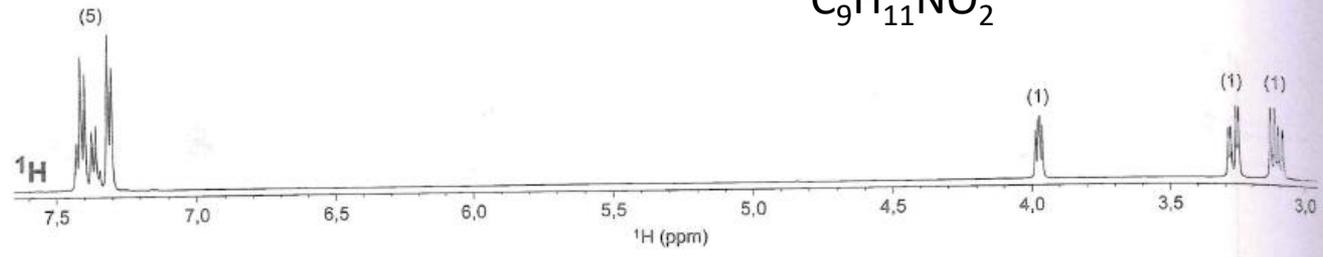
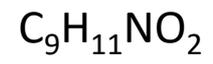


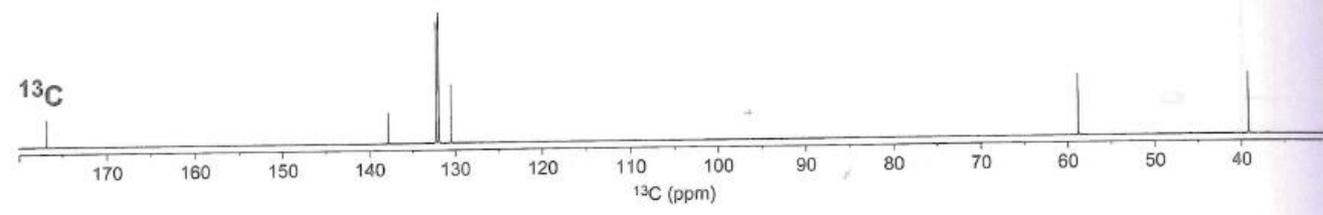
Solvente: D₂O Suggestimento: E un aminoacido naturale
Campo: 500 MHz (¹H); 125 MHz (¹³C)



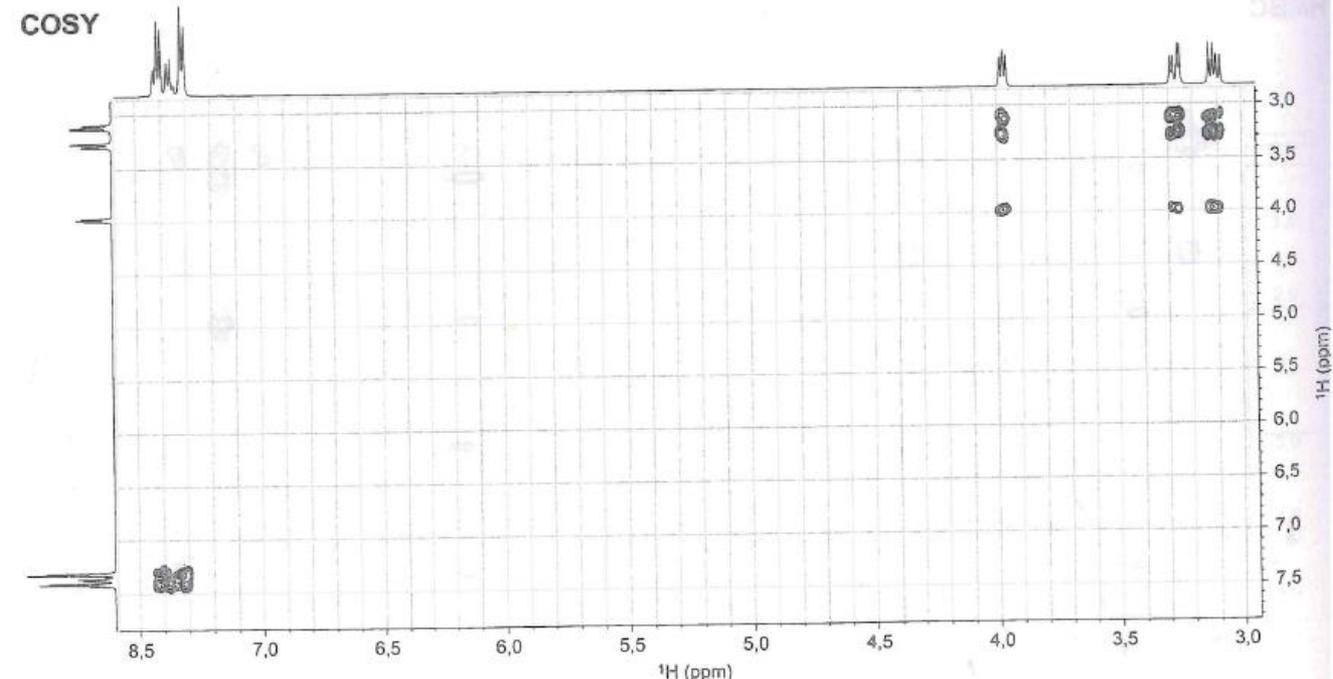
DEPT 135



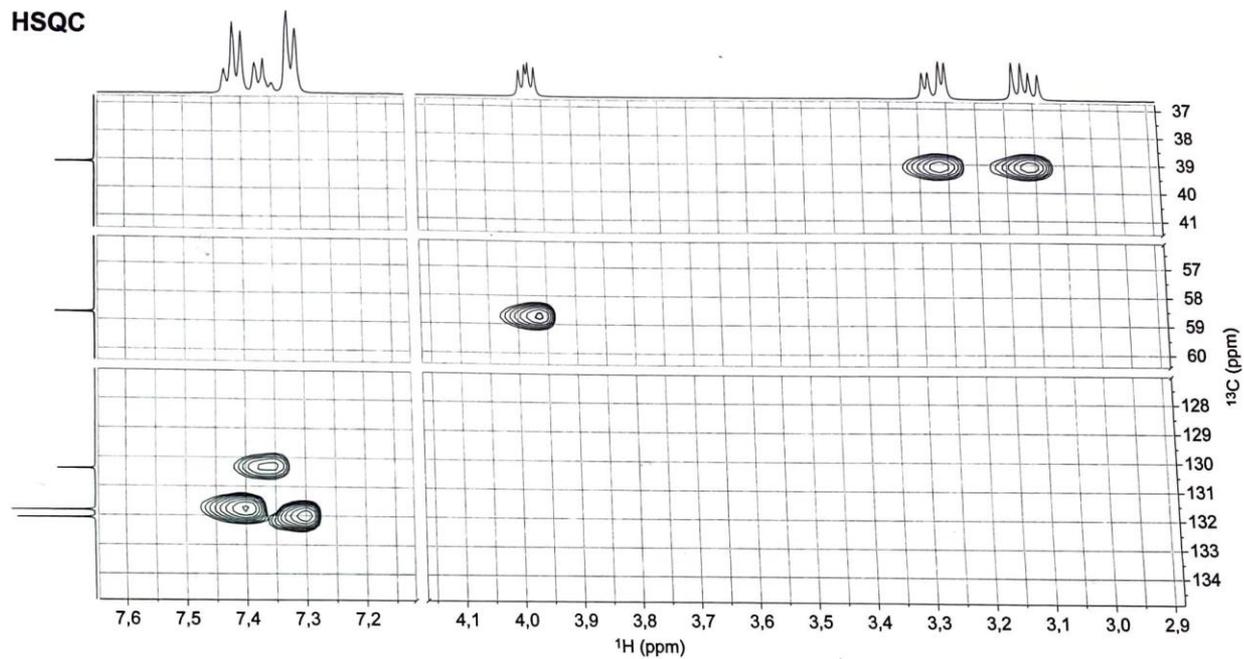
¹³C



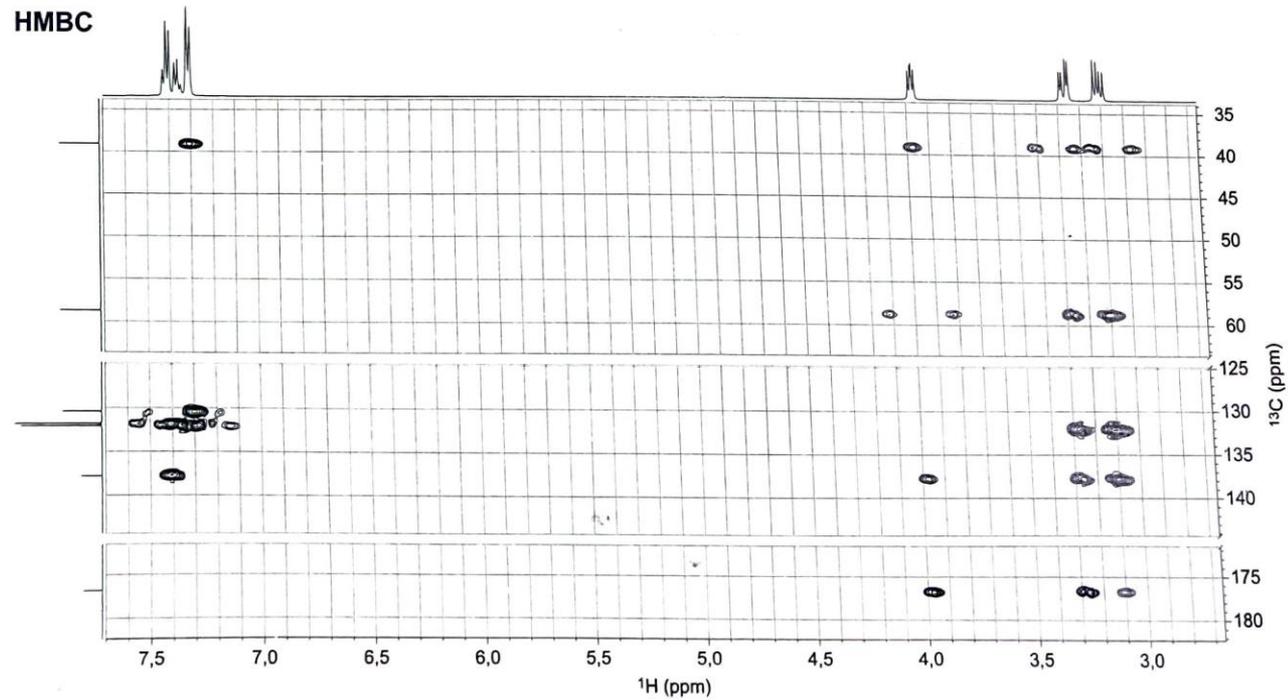
COSY



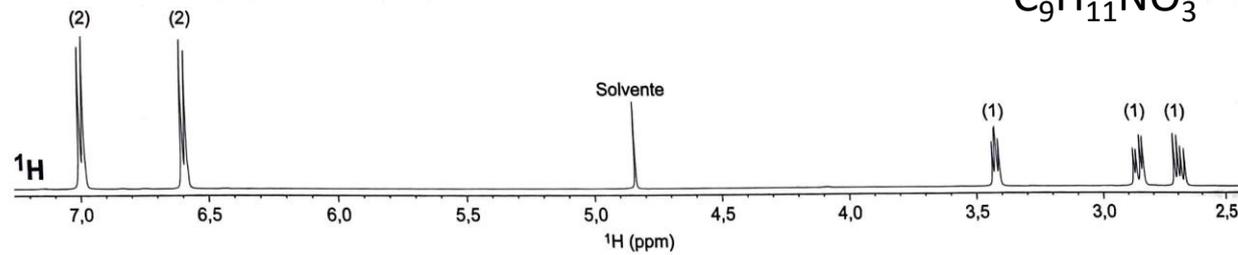
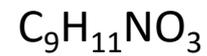
HSQC



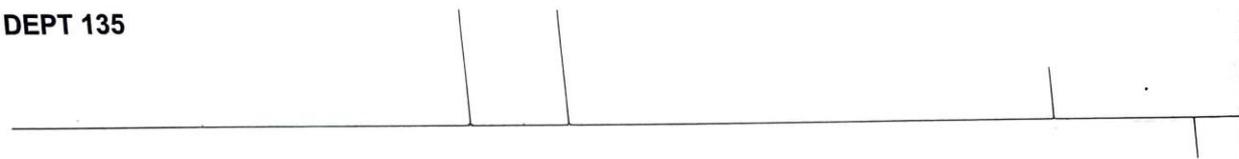
HMBC



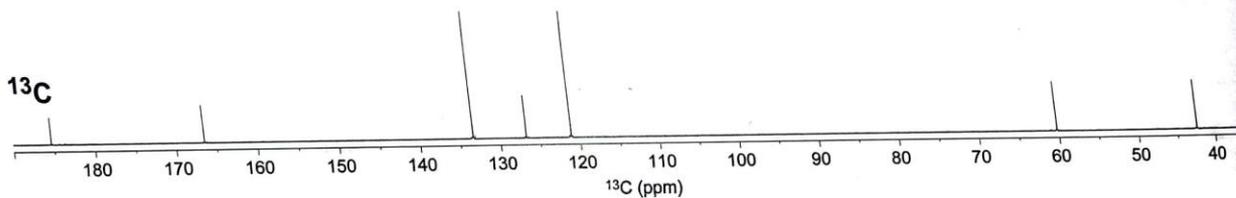
Solvente: D₂O Suggestimento: È un aminoacido naturale
Campo: 500 MHz (¹H); 125 MHz (¹³C)



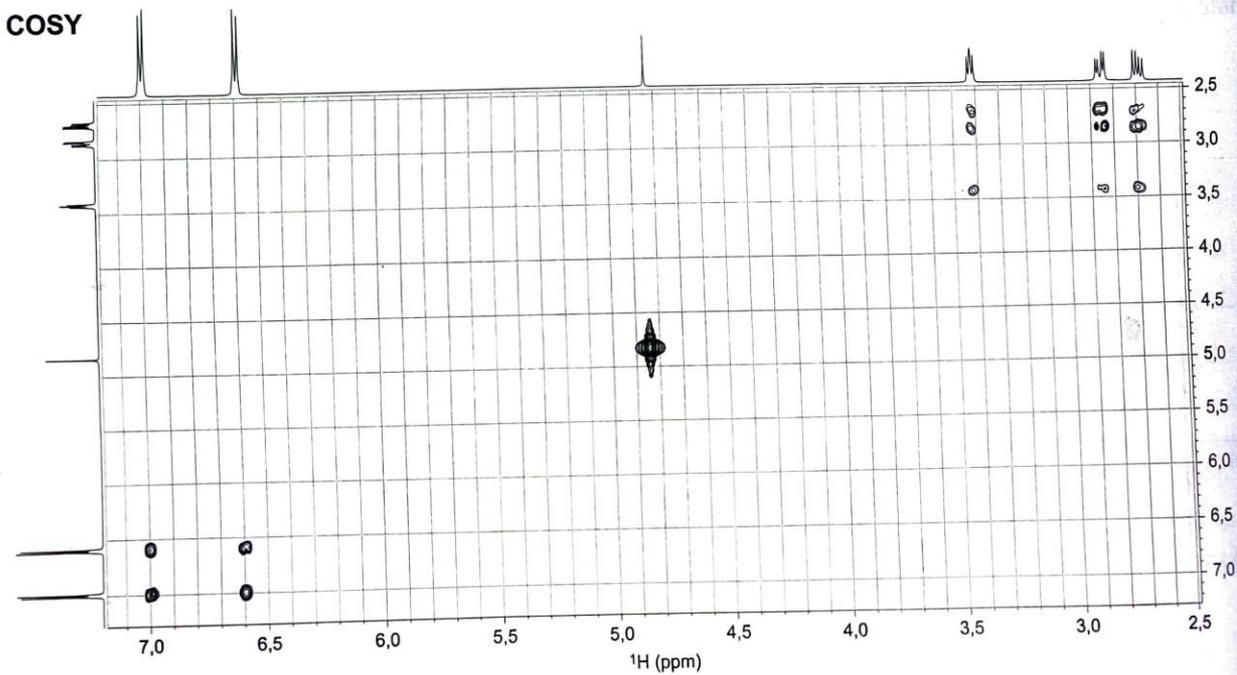
DEPT 135



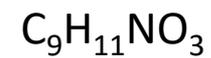
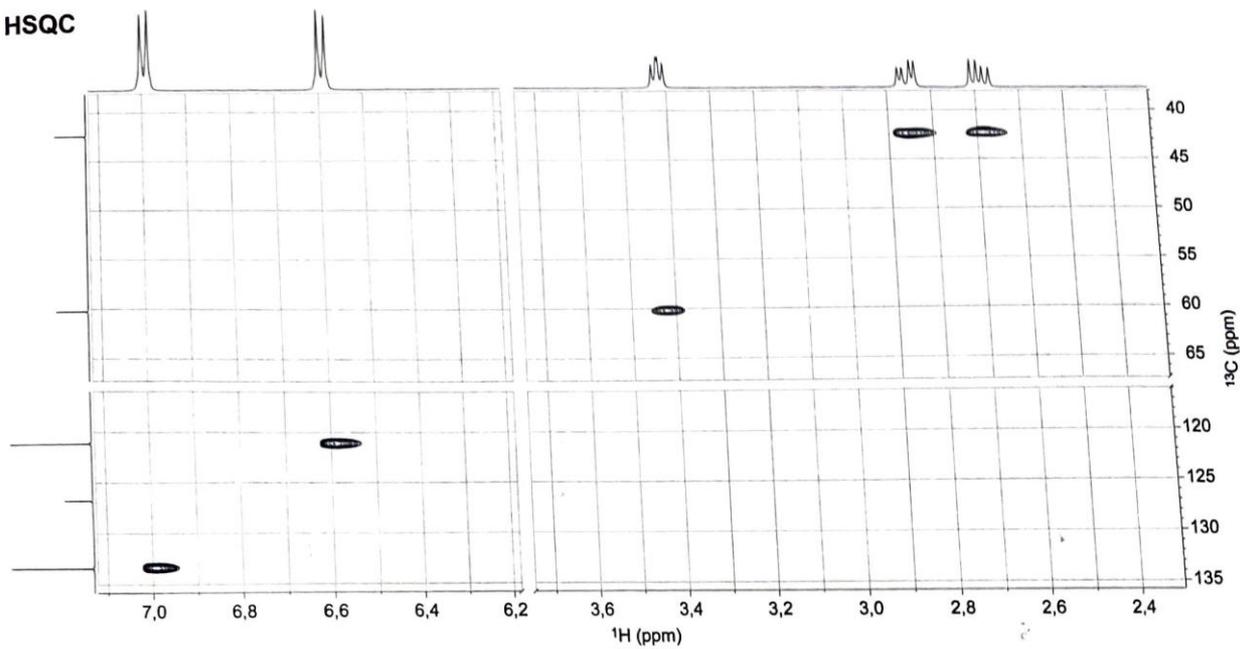
¹³C



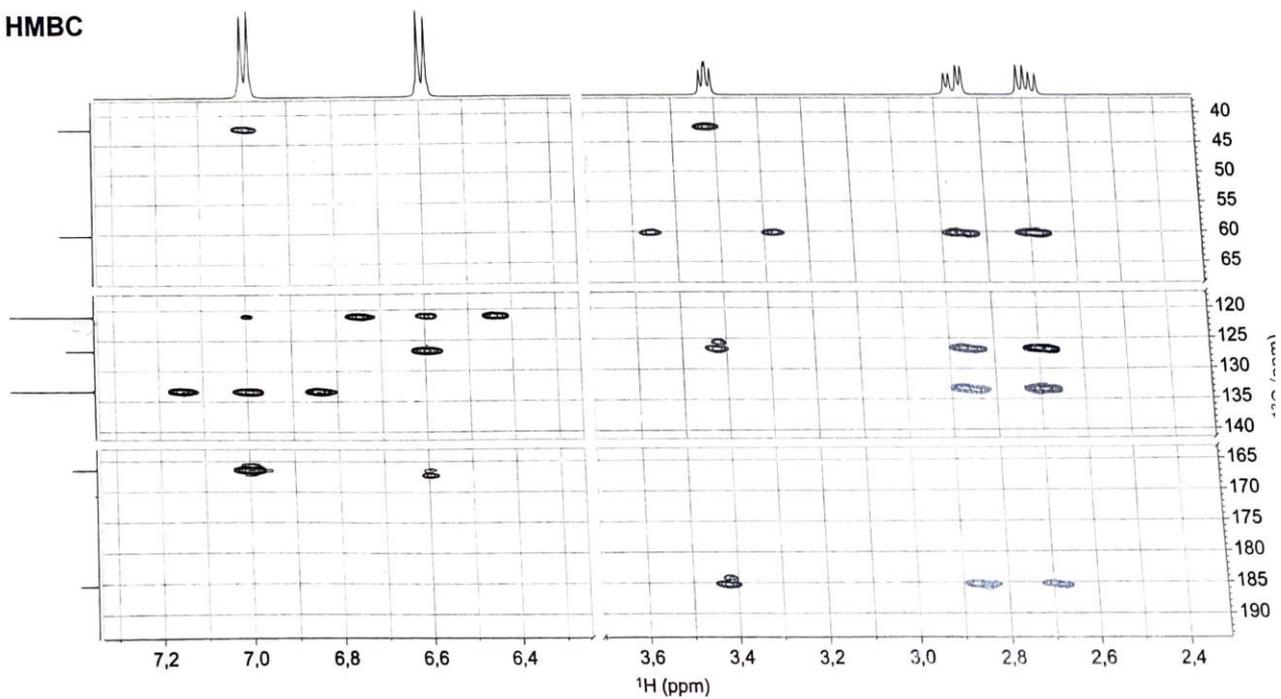
COSY



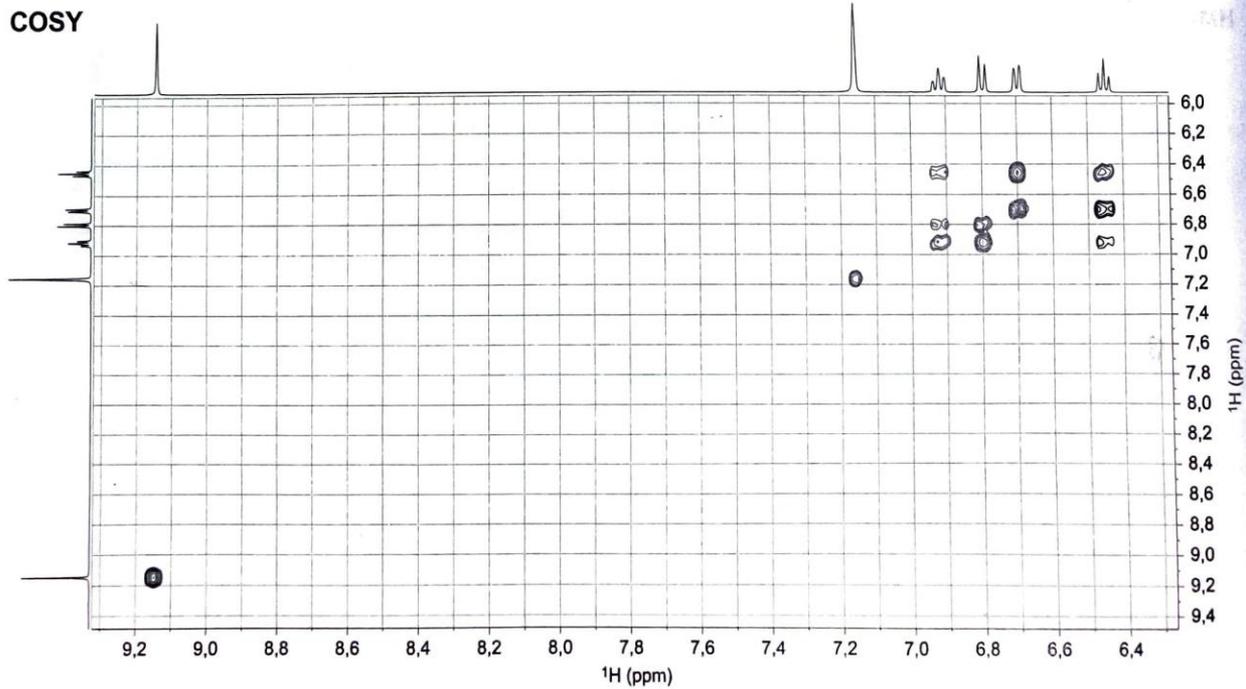
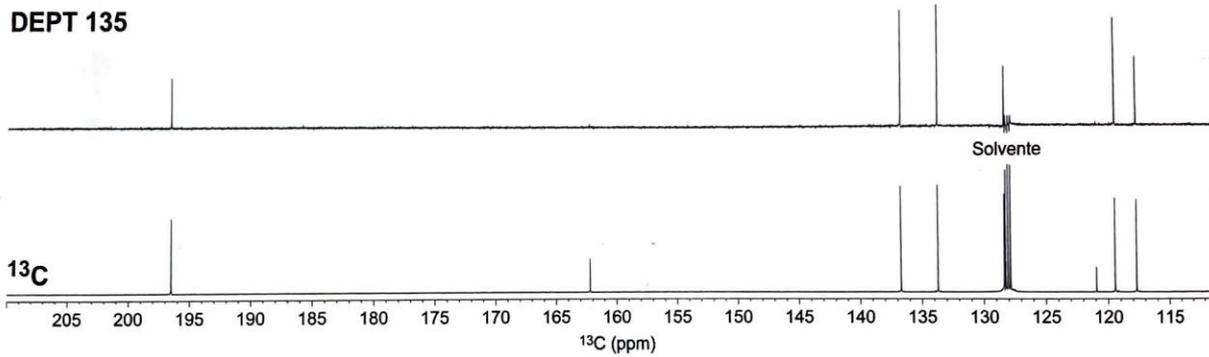
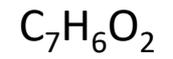
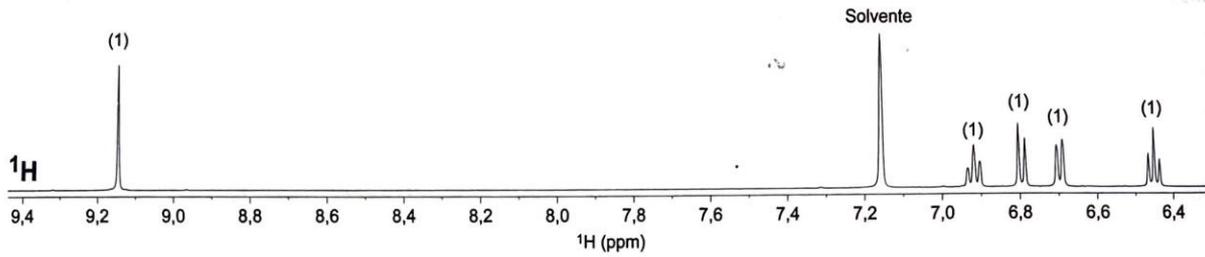
HSQC



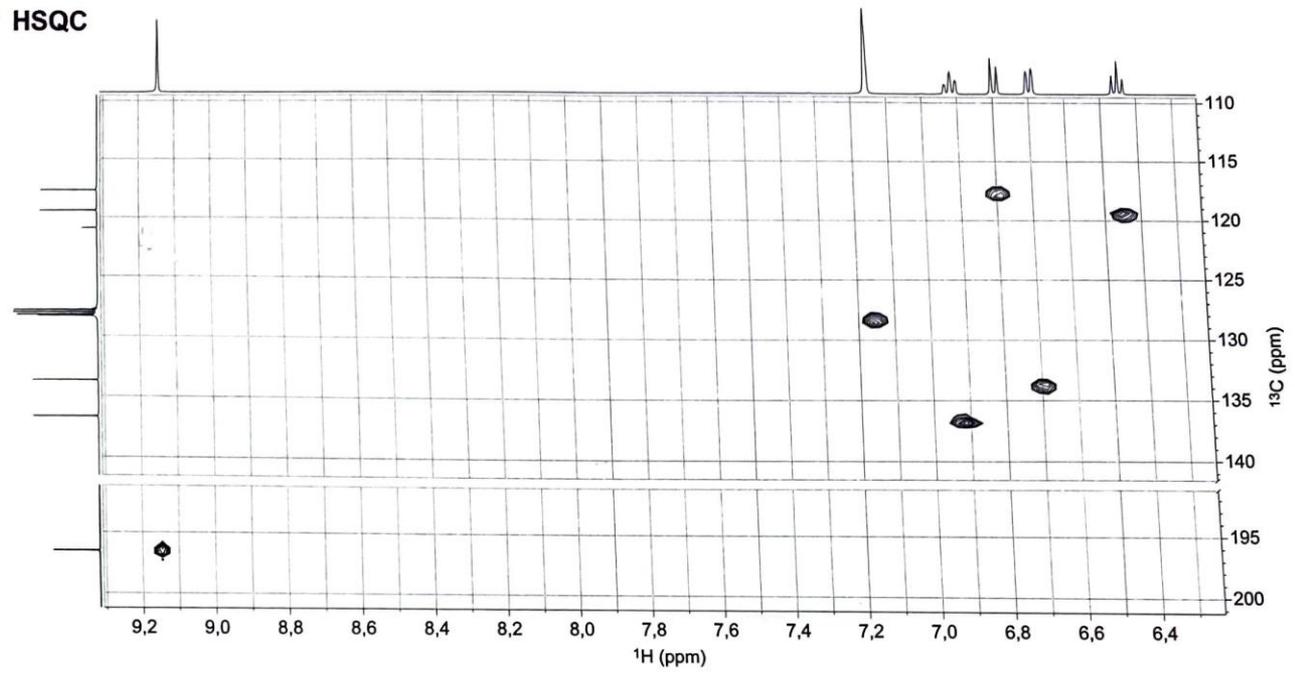
HMBC



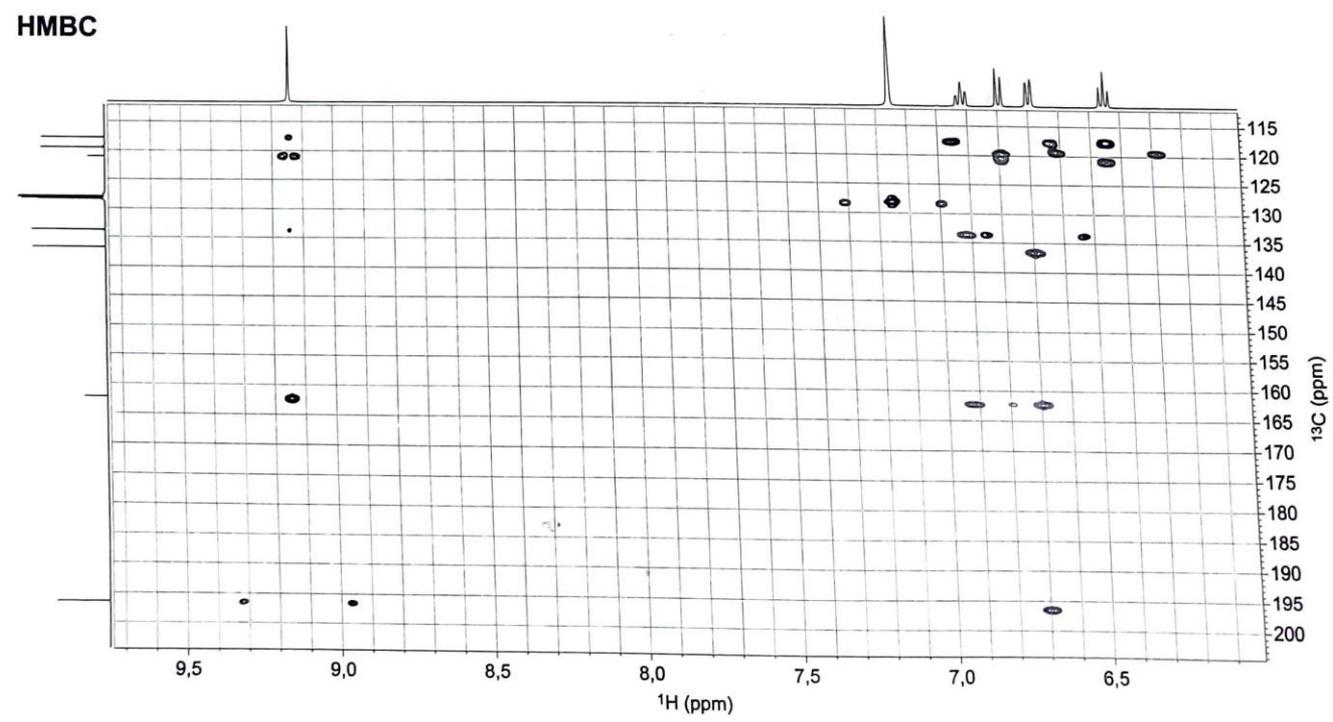
Solvente: C₆D₆
Campo: 500 MHz (¹H); 125 MHz (¹³C)

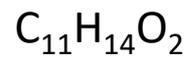


HSQC

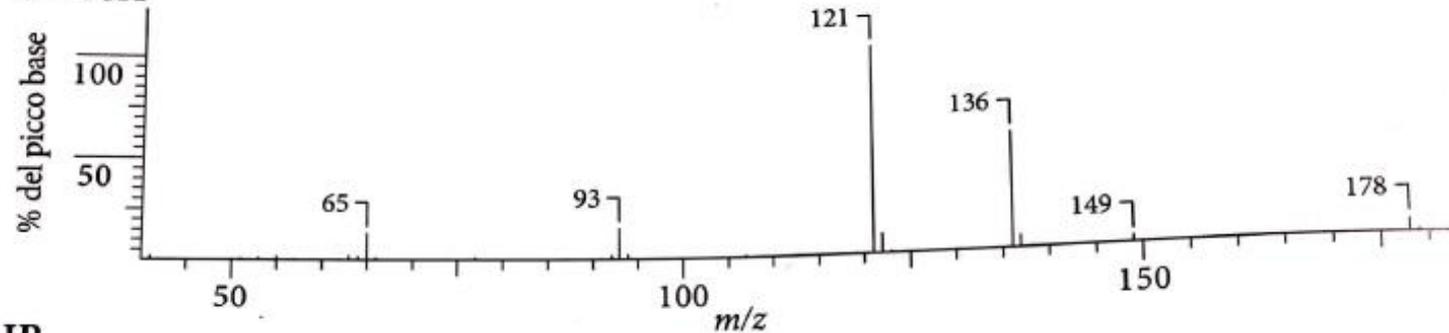


HMBC

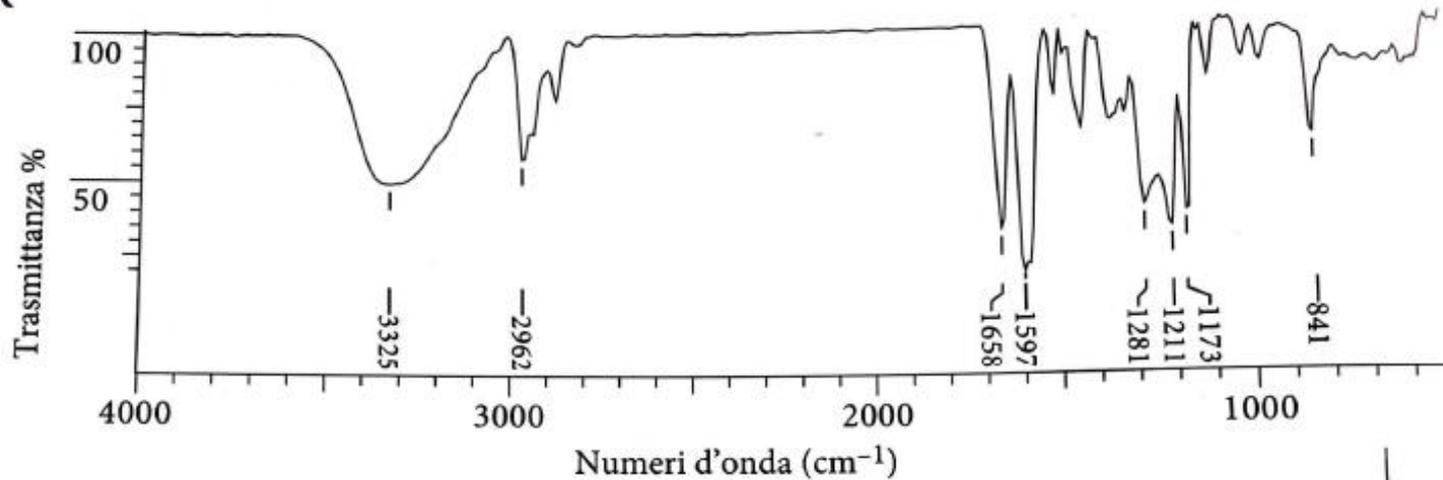


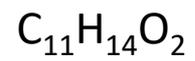


MASSA

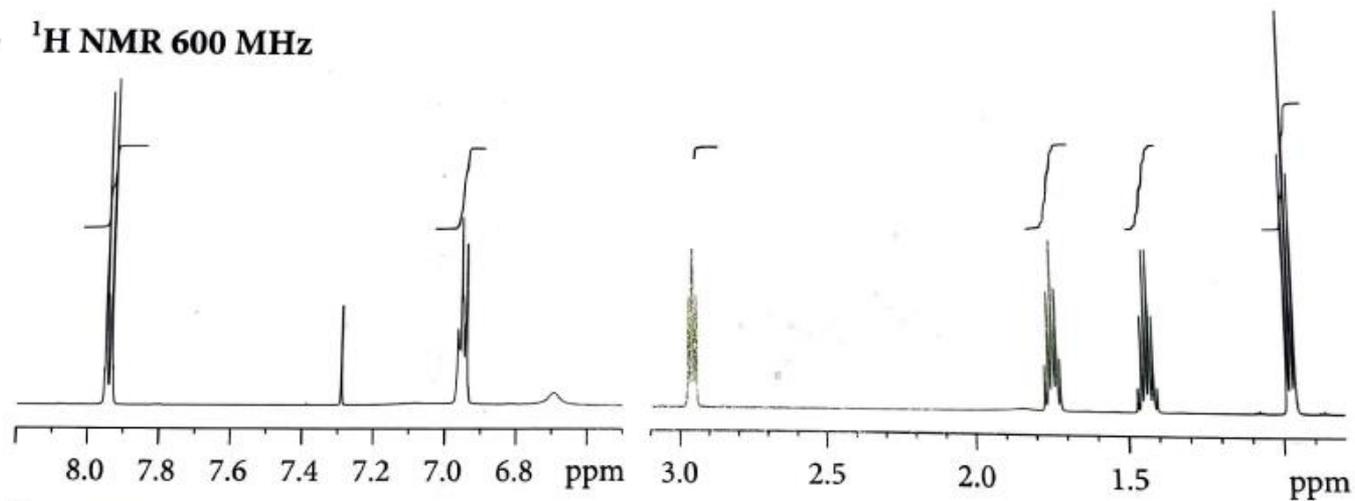


IR

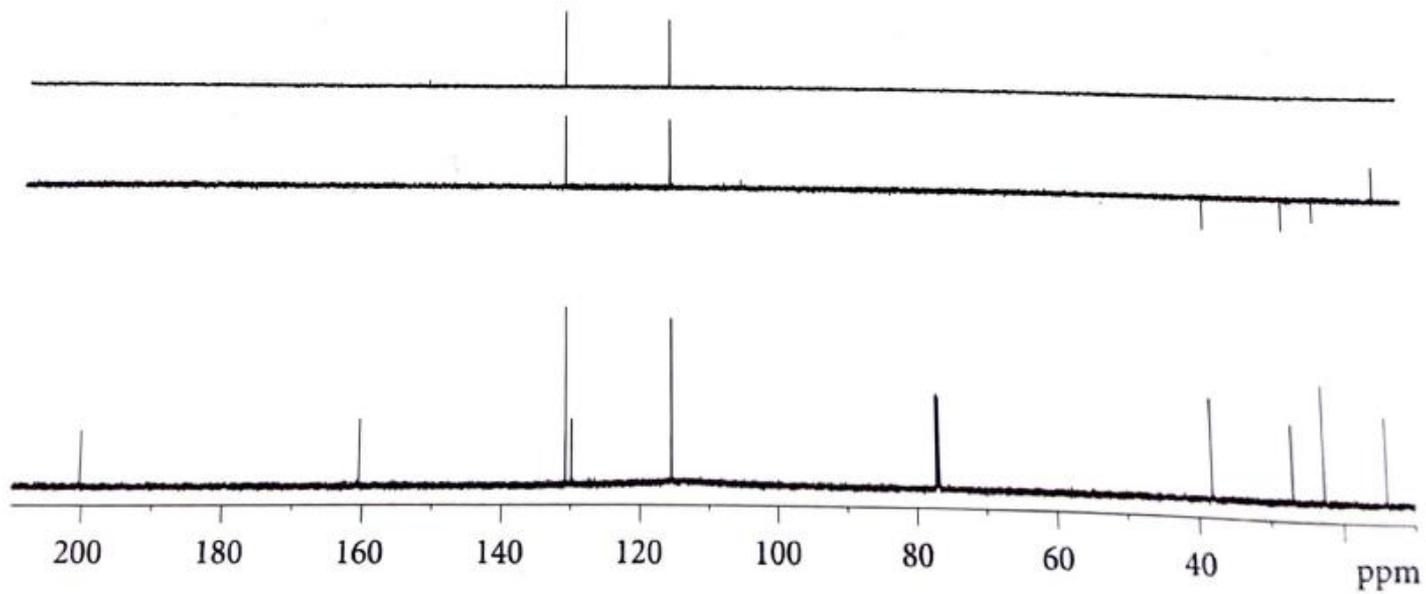


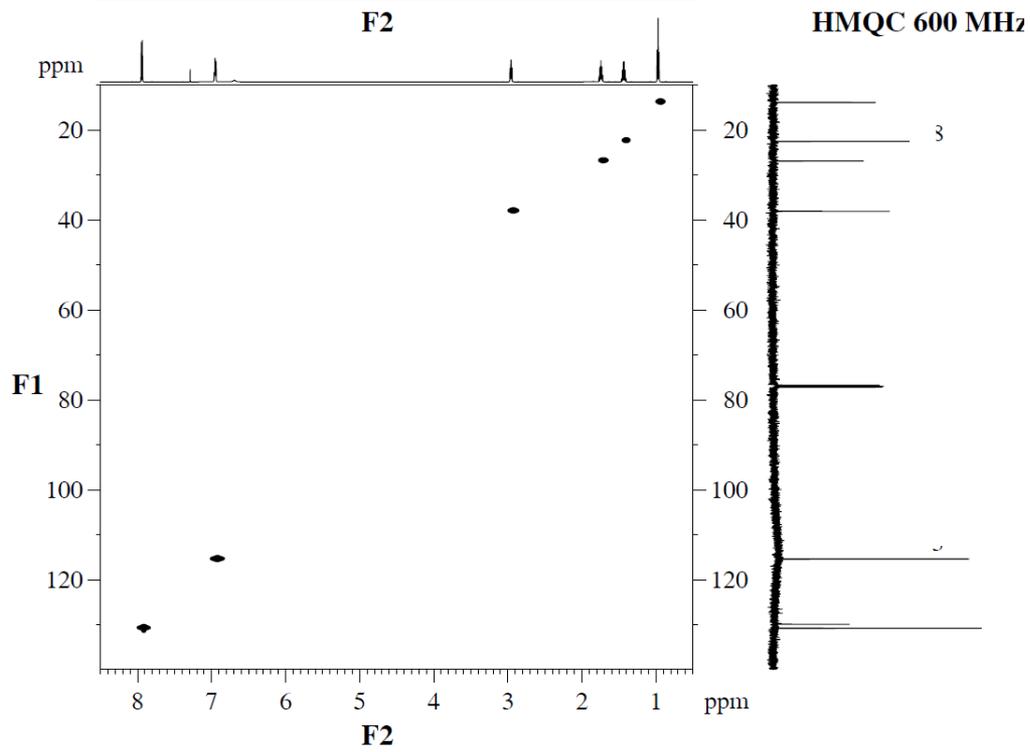
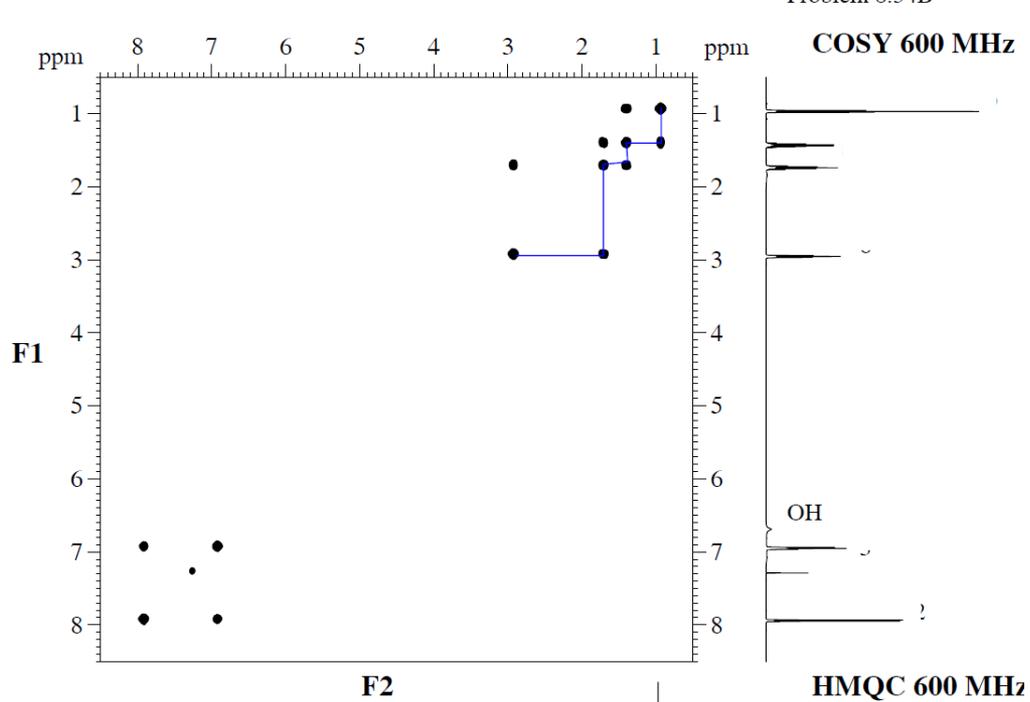


^1H NMR 600 MHz

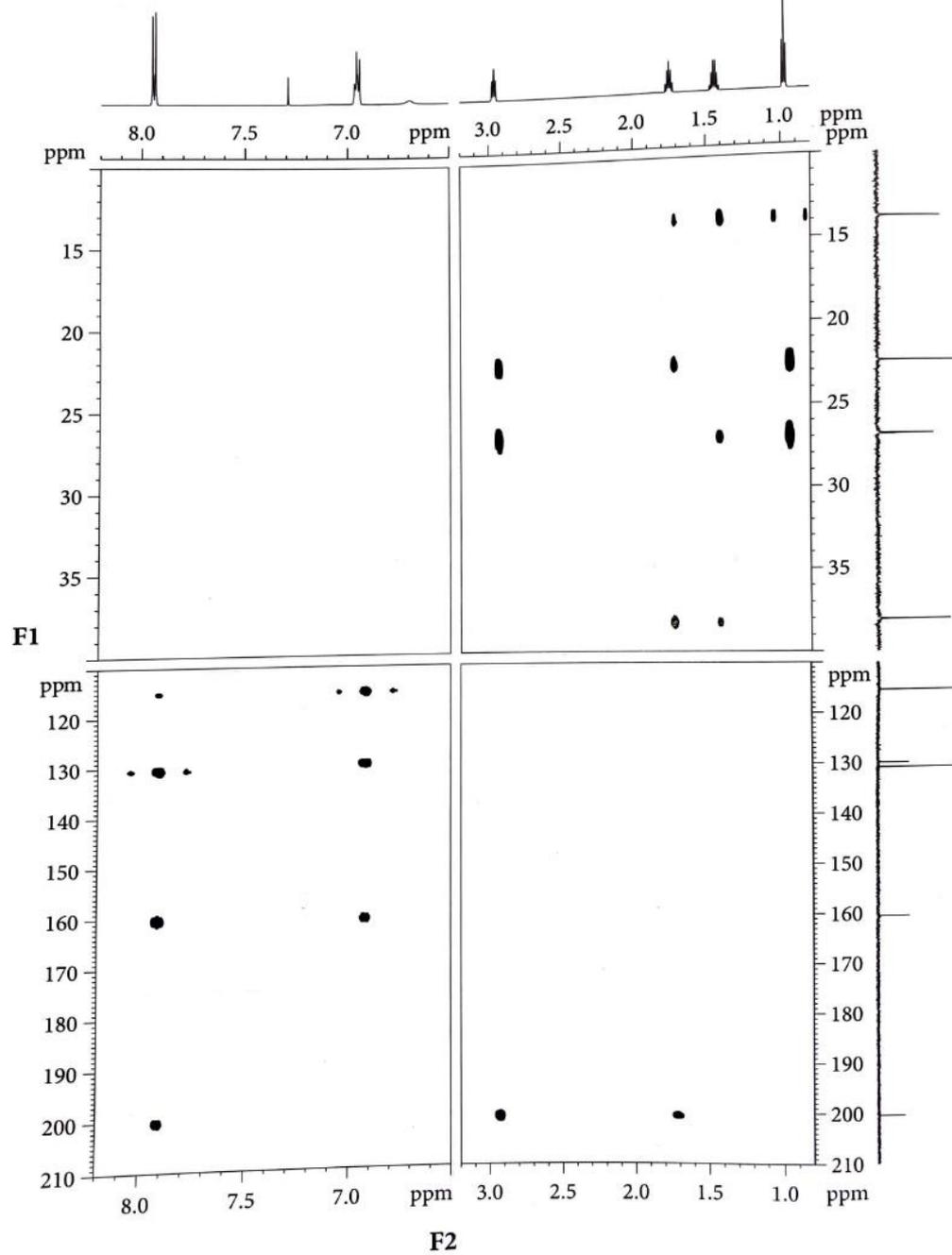


$^{13}\text{C}/\text{DEPT}$ NMR 150.9 MHz

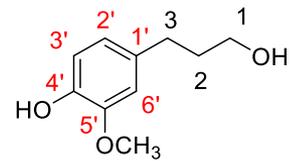




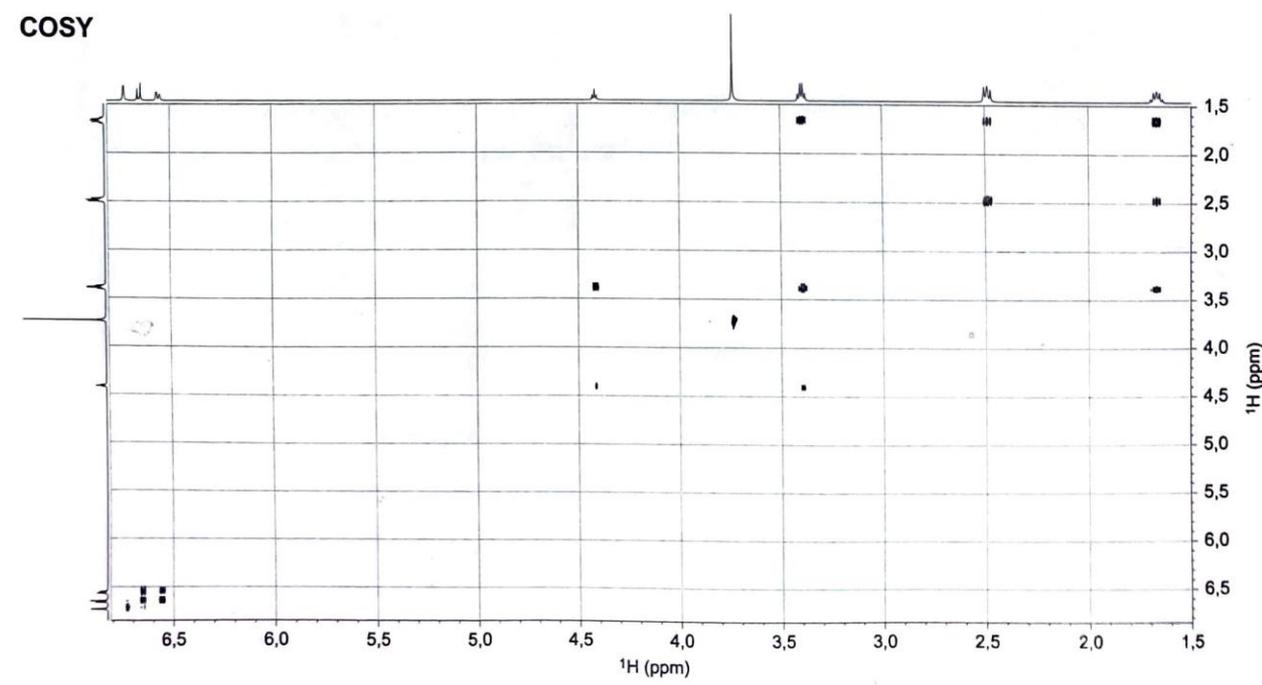
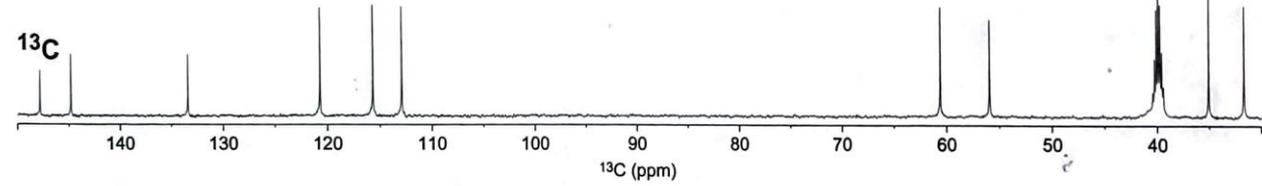
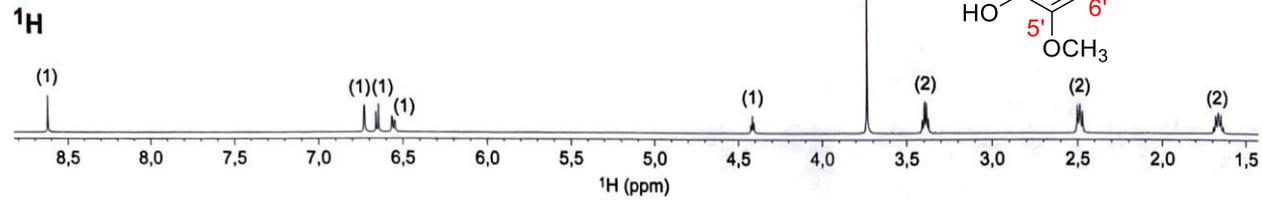
HMBC 600 MHz



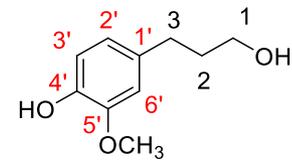
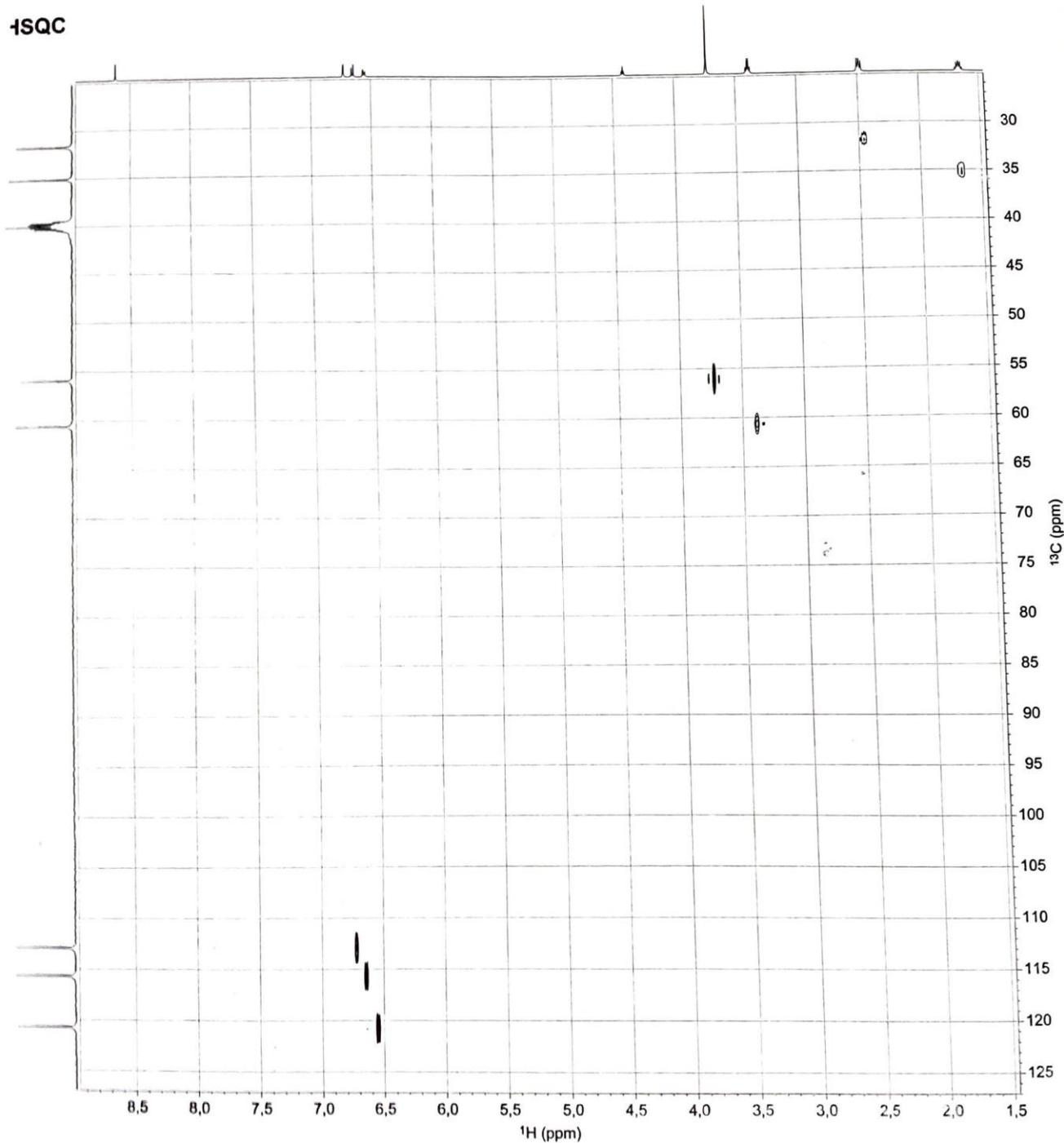
Solvente: CD₃-SO-CD₃
Campo: 500 MHz (¹H); 125 MHz (¹³C)



Conoscendo la struttura
assegnare i segnali a ciascun H
e a ciascun C



1SQC



HMBC

