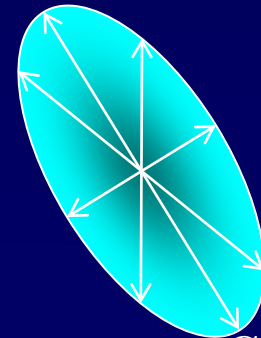
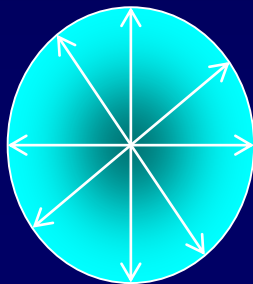
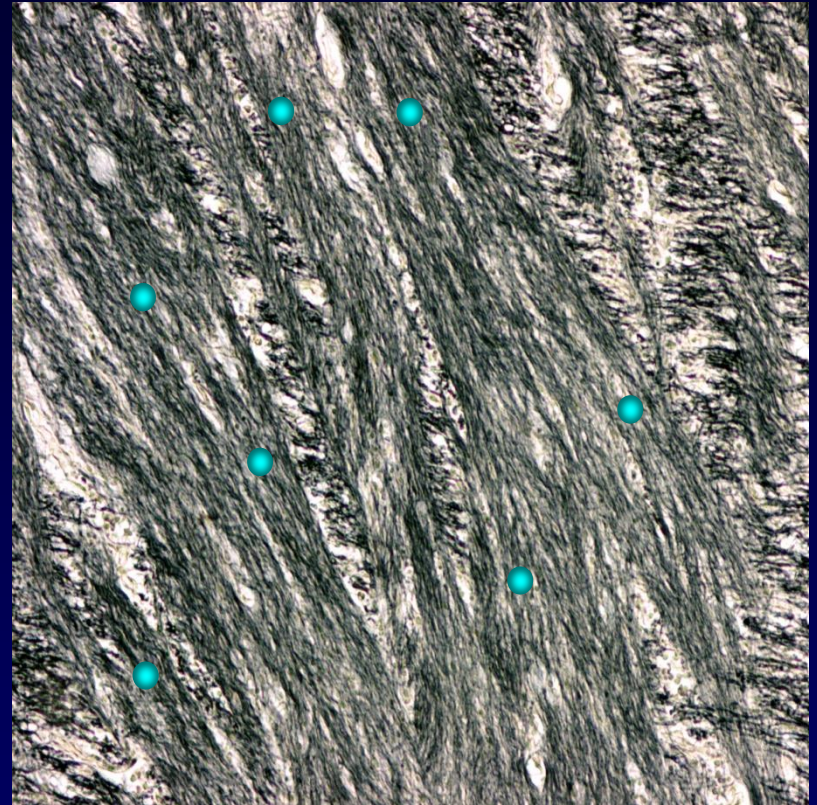
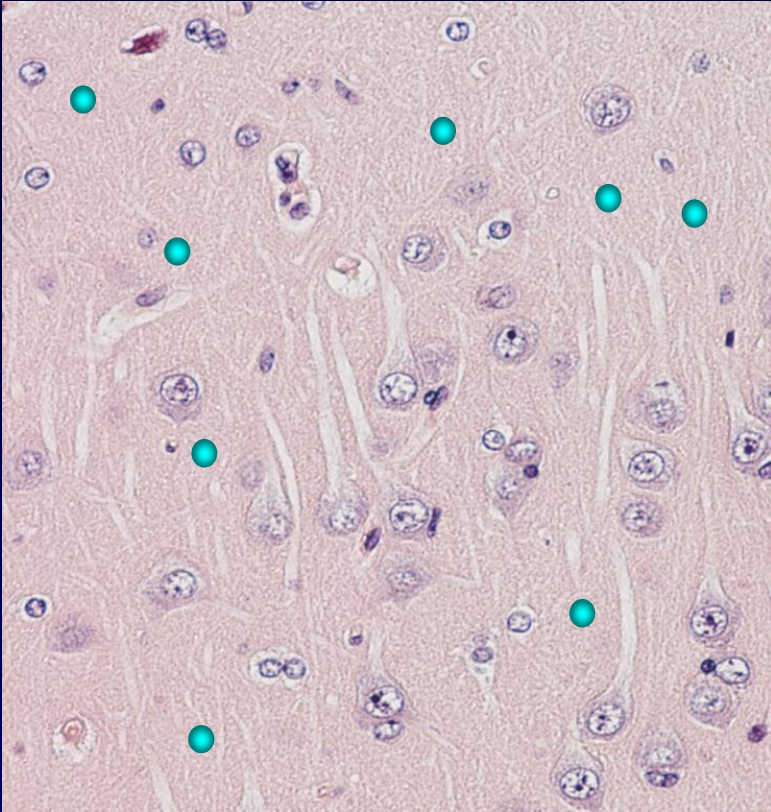
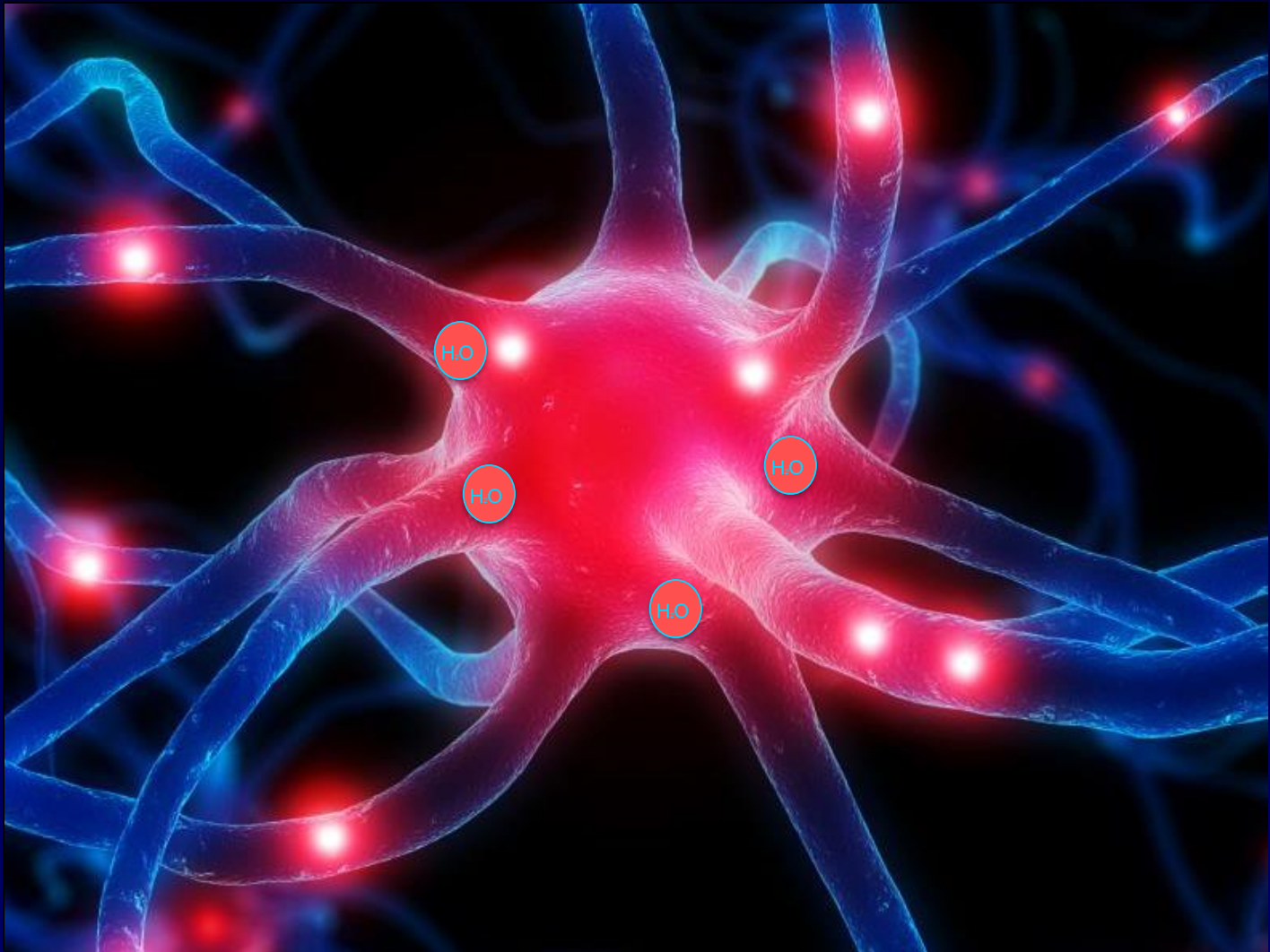


# **DIFFUSION-DIFFUSION TENSOR IMAGING**

# Isotropy and anisotropy



Courtesy A Bizzi



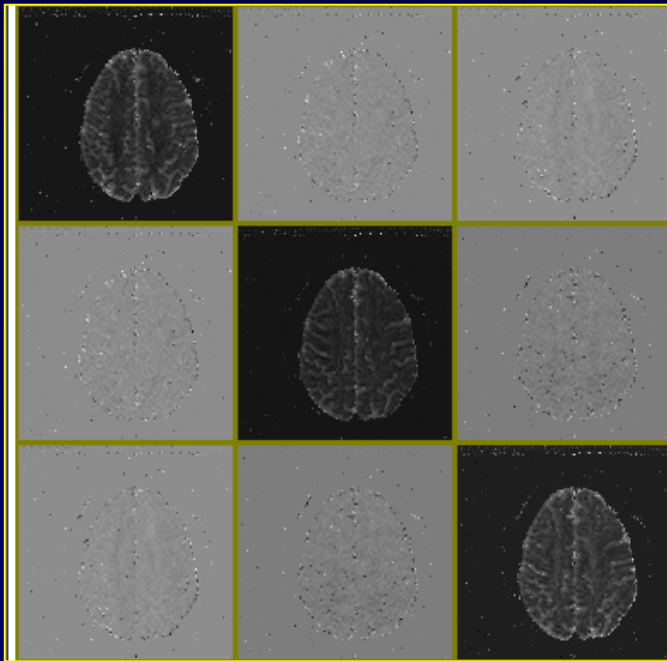
# DIFFUSION-DIFFUSION TENSOR IMAGING

- Diffusion tensor imaging (DTI)
  - diffusion tensor imaging maps: mean diffusivity ( $D$ ), *fractional anisotropy (FA)*, *relative anisotropy (RA)*.....
  - tractography

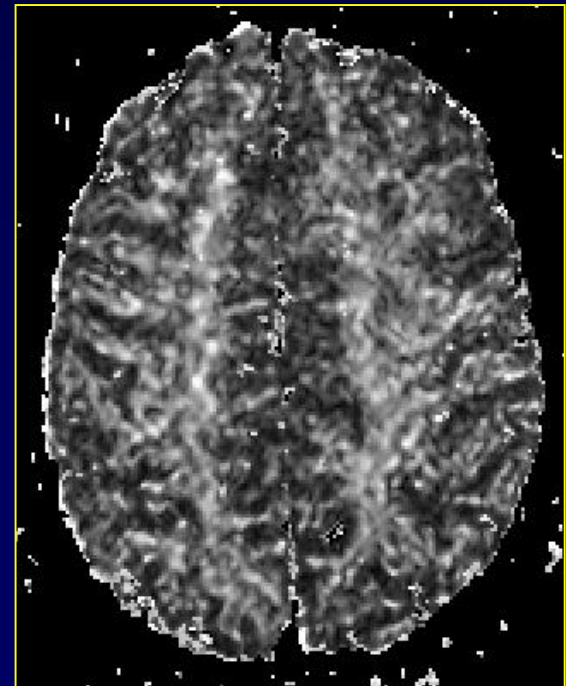


# Diffusion tensor imaging

- Describes the white matter anisotropy



**Trace-MD**



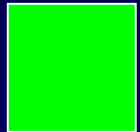
**FA**

## Color maps-tractography

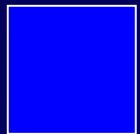
- Information about the direction of anisotropy



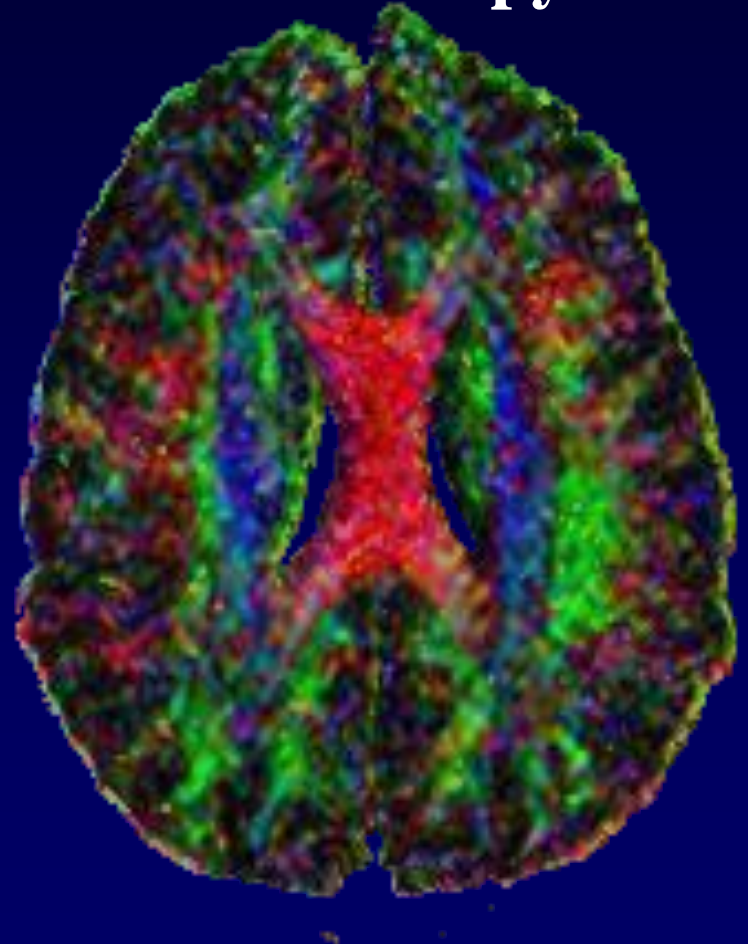
= X (right-left)

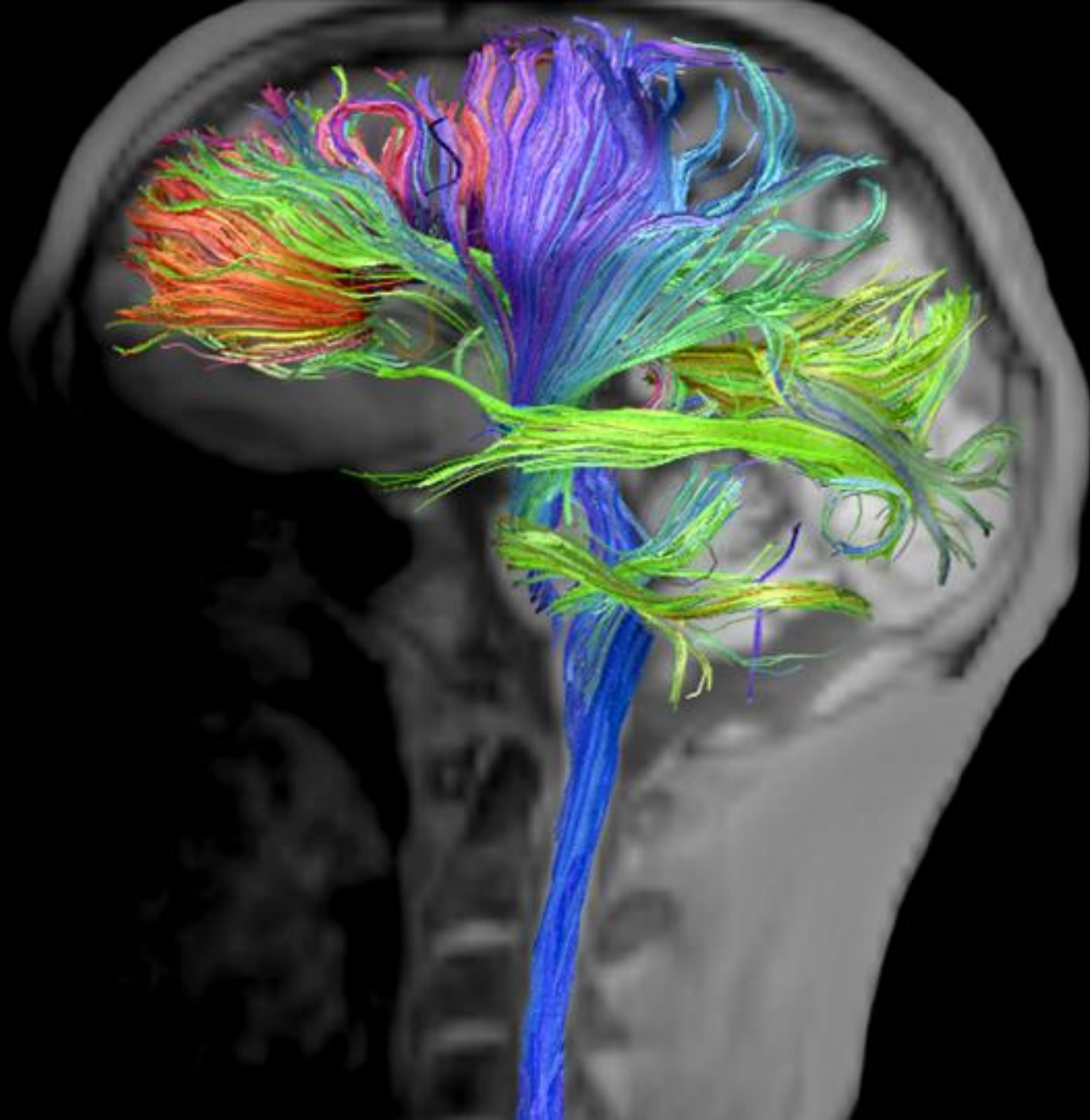


= Y (anterior-posterior)



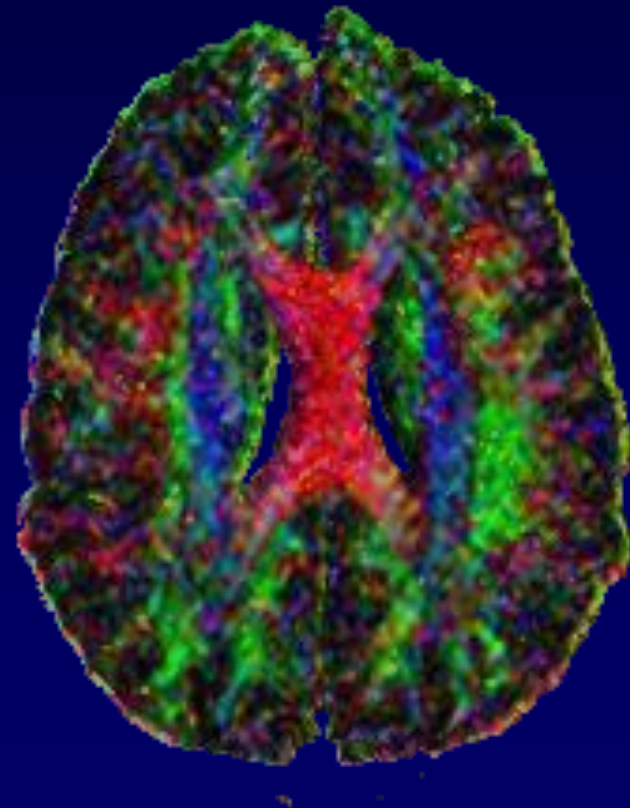
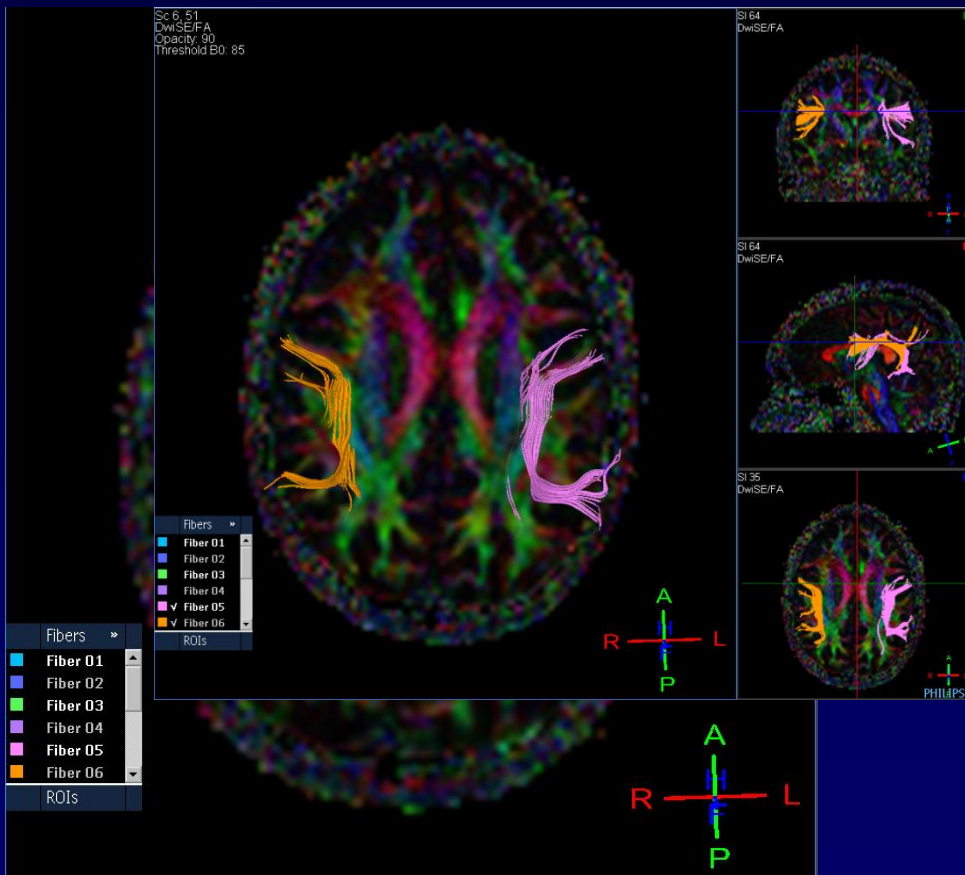
= Z (cranio-caudal)





# Tractography

- *Evaluation of white matter tract*





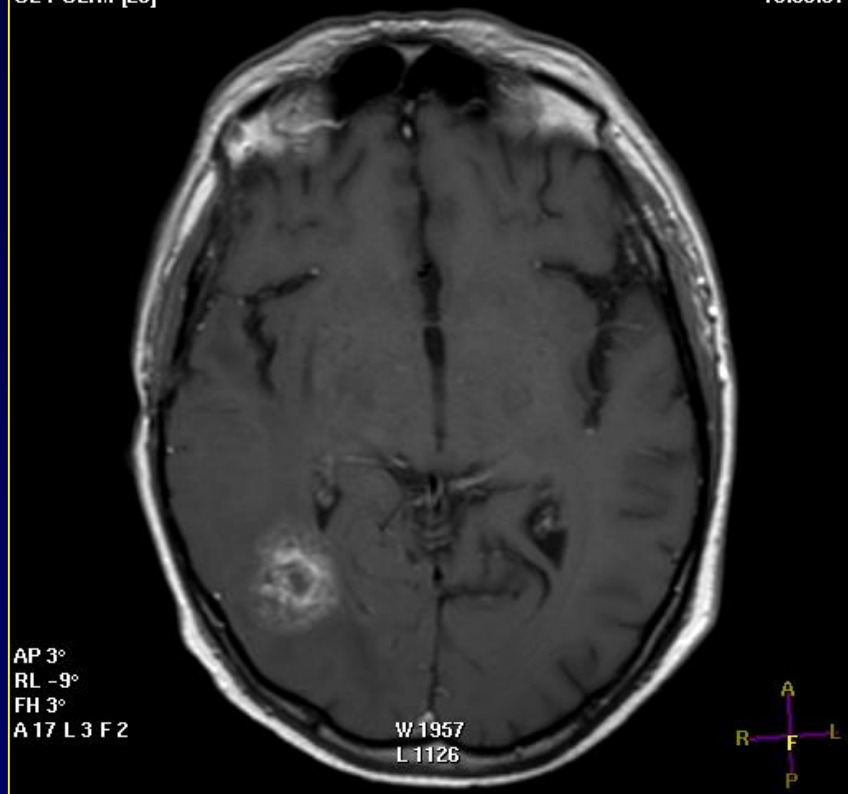
# Diffusion tensor imaging

## Tumors

- ↓ FA surrounding high grade gliomas compared to areas surrounding meningeal tumors
  - Evaluation of myelinated fibers which could be infiltrated, destroyed or compressed
- could be important for surgery

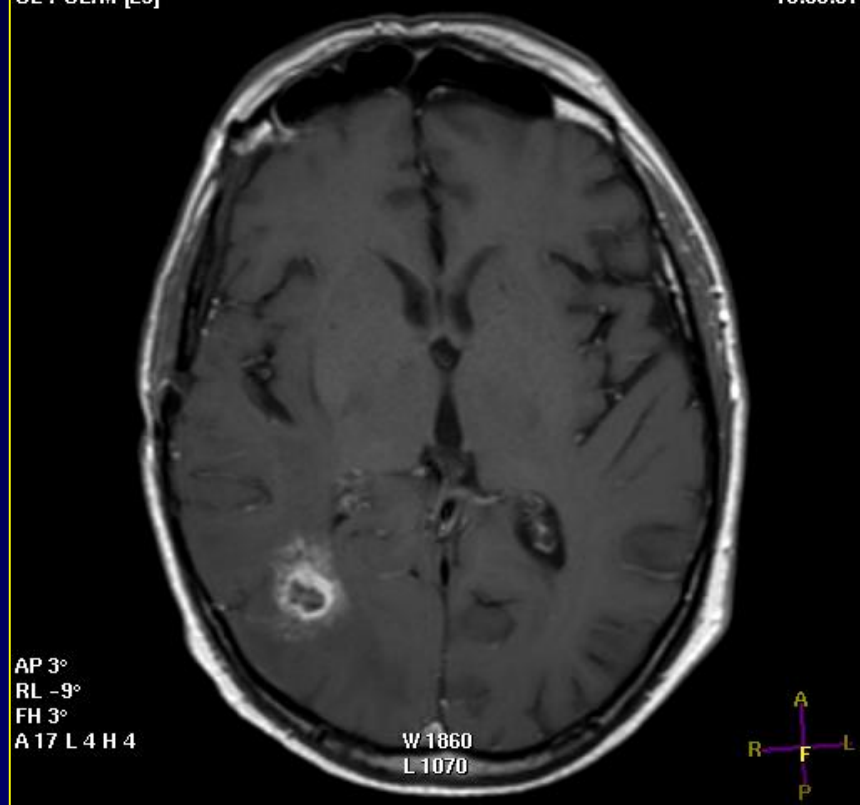
Sc 9.1/11  
SE / SE/M [23]

02-Apr-2009  
10:55:01

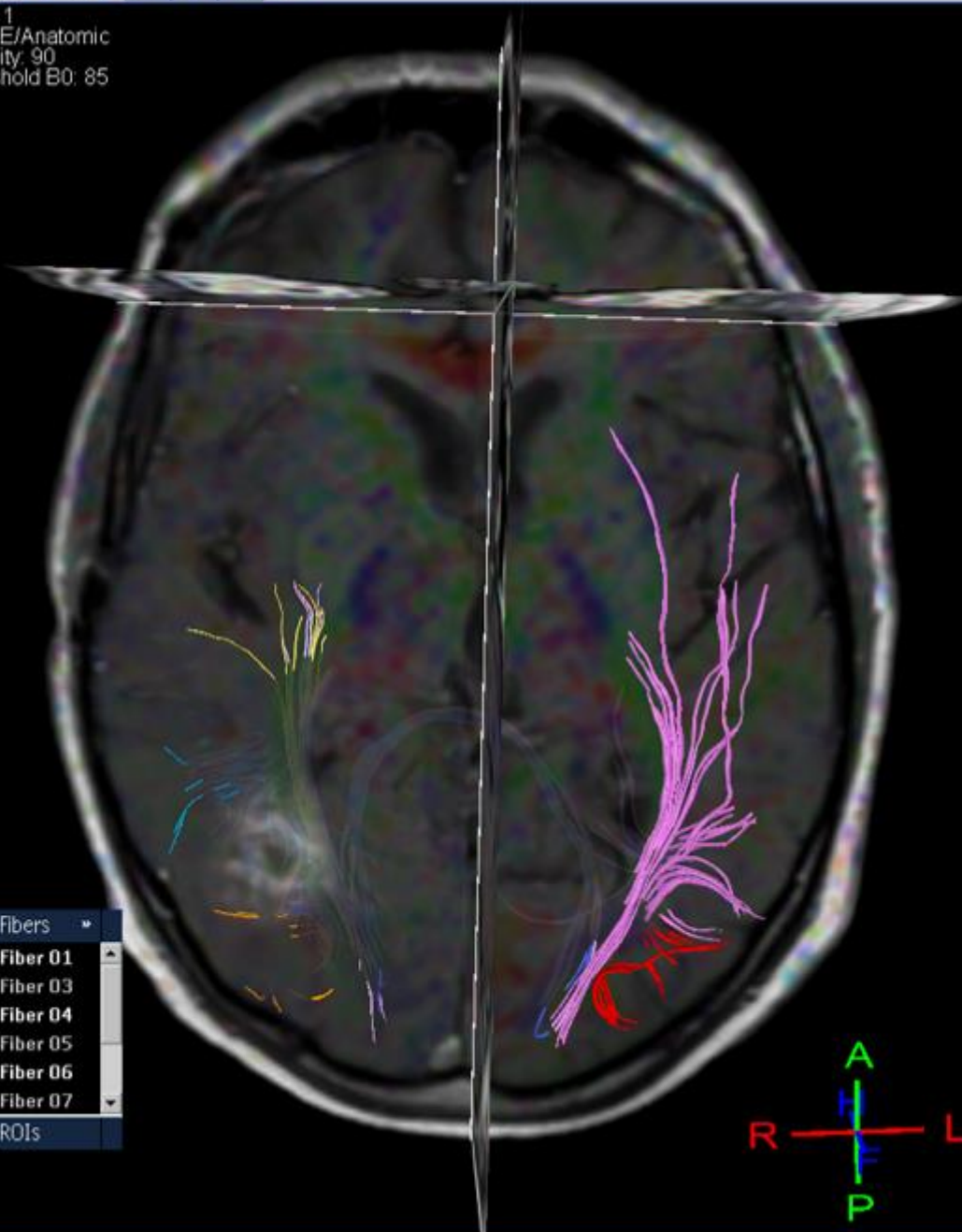


Sc 9.1/12  
SE / SE/M [23]

02-Apr-2009  
10:55:01

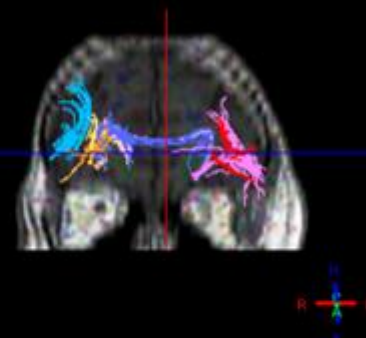


Sc 7\_1  
DwiSE/Anatomic  
Opacity: 90  
Threshold B0: 85

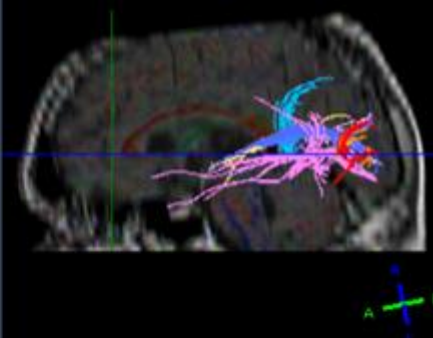


- | Fibers |          |
|--------|----------|
| ✓      | Fiber 01 |
| ✓      | Fiber 03 |
| ✓      | Fiber 04 |
| ✓      | Fiber 05 |
| ✓      | Fiber 06 |
| ✓      | Fiber 07 |
| ROIs   |          |

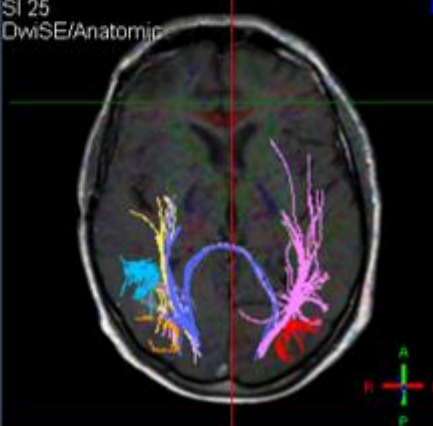
SI 28  
DwiSE/Anatomic

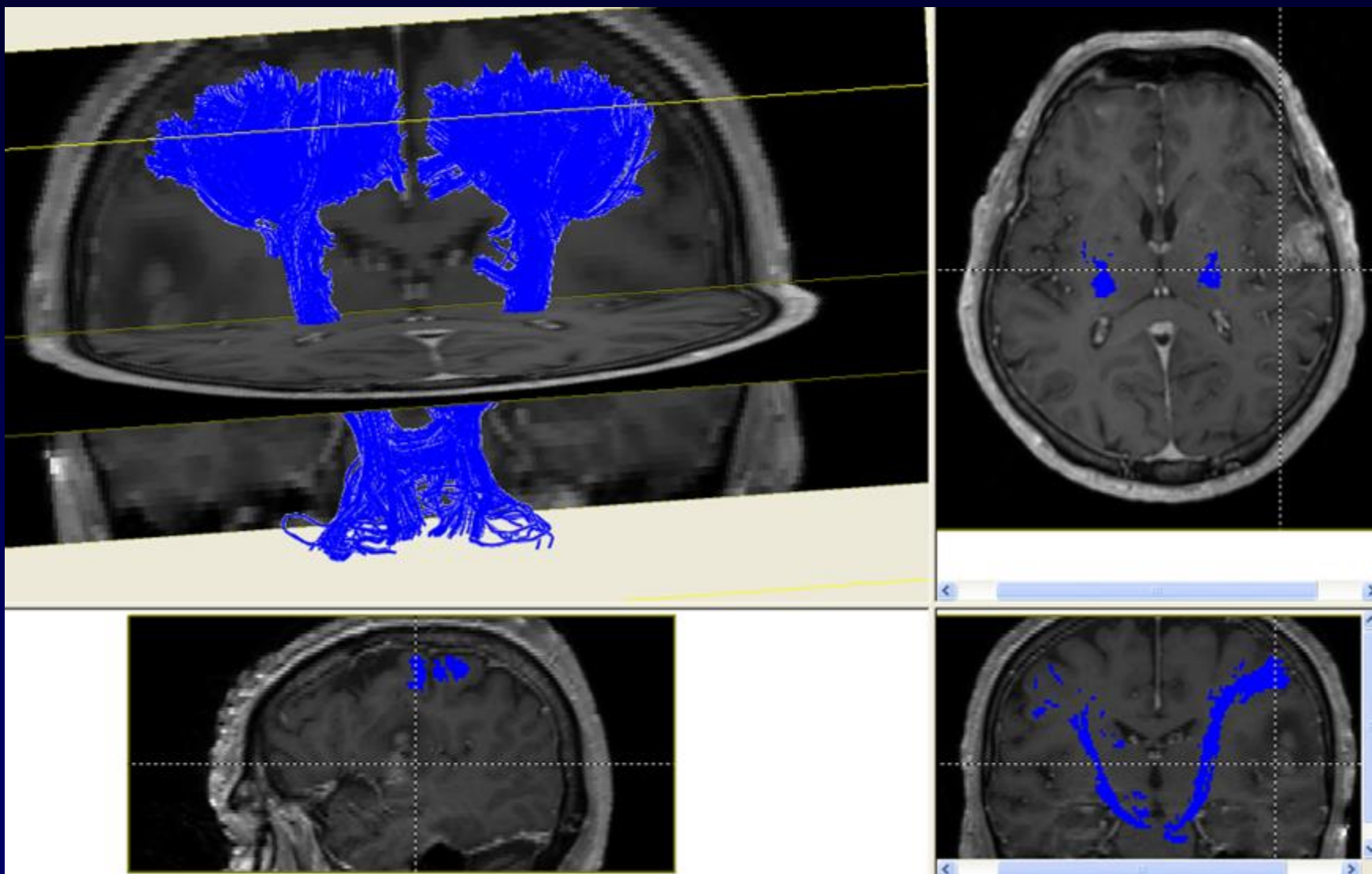


SI 55  
DwiSE/Anatomic



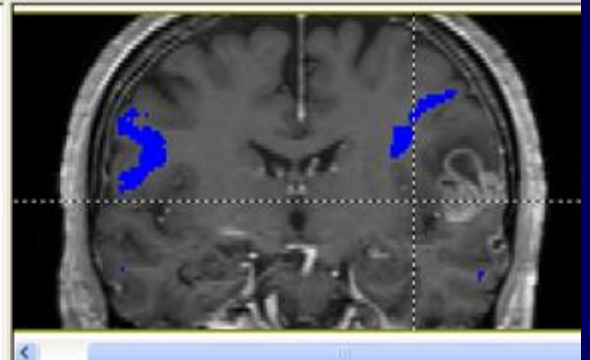
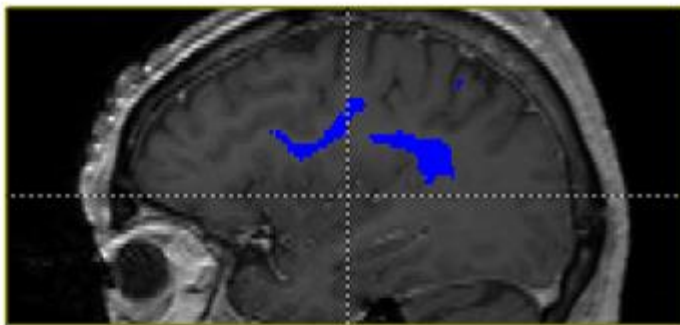
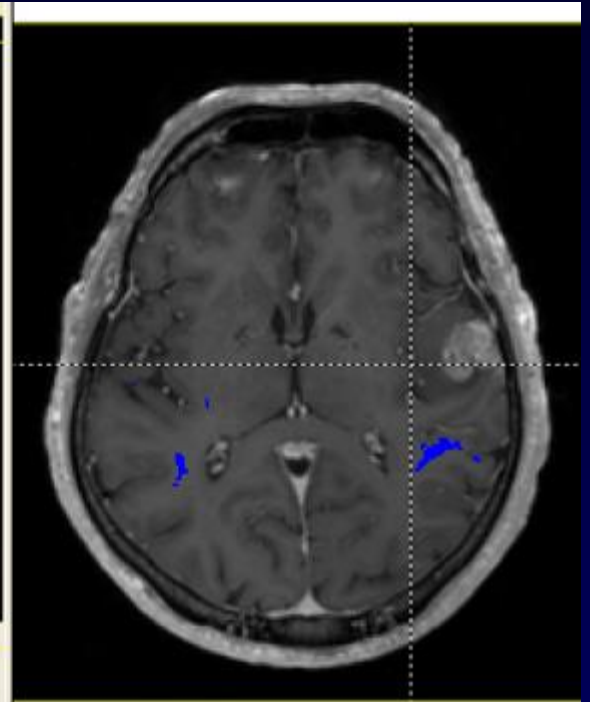
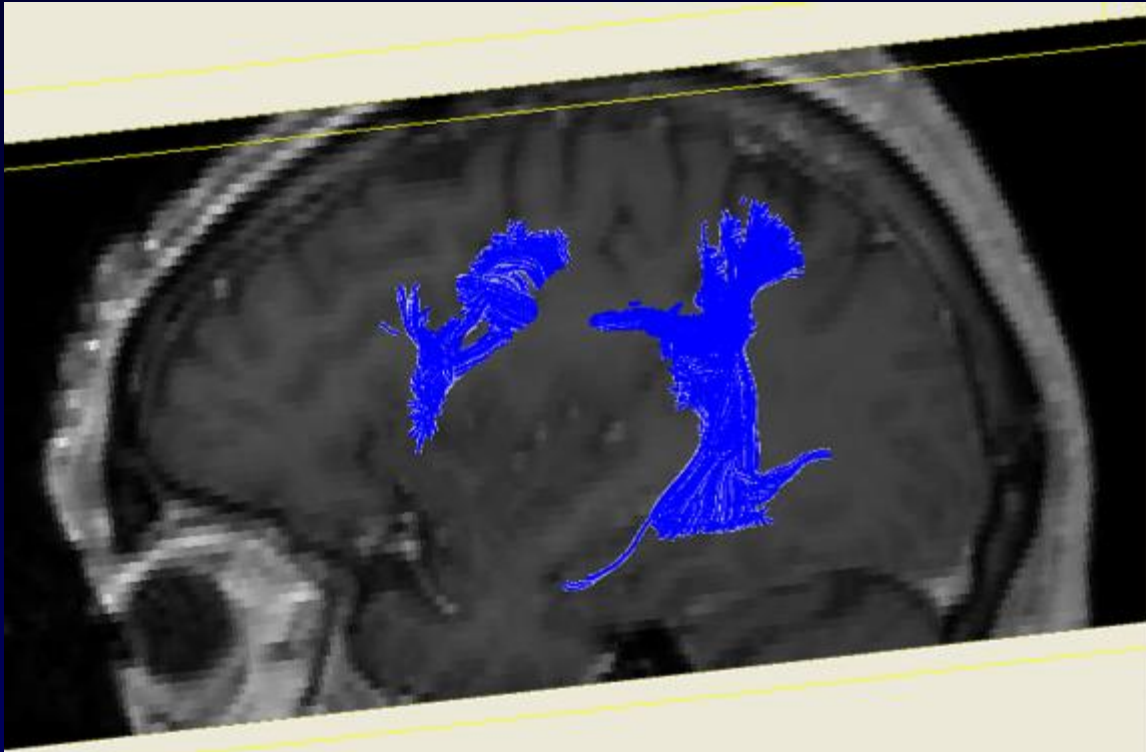
SI 25  
DwiSE/Anatomic





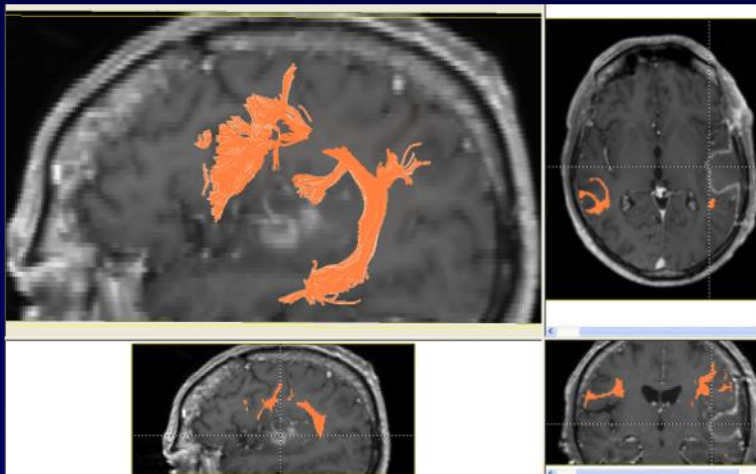
*Courtesy of L. Weis*



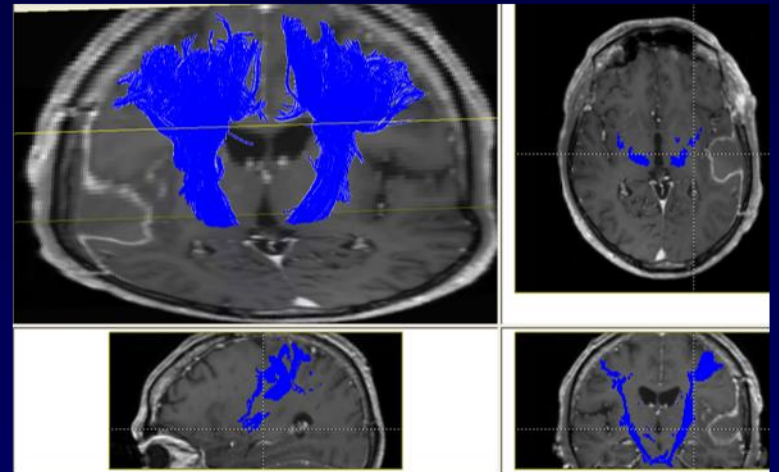


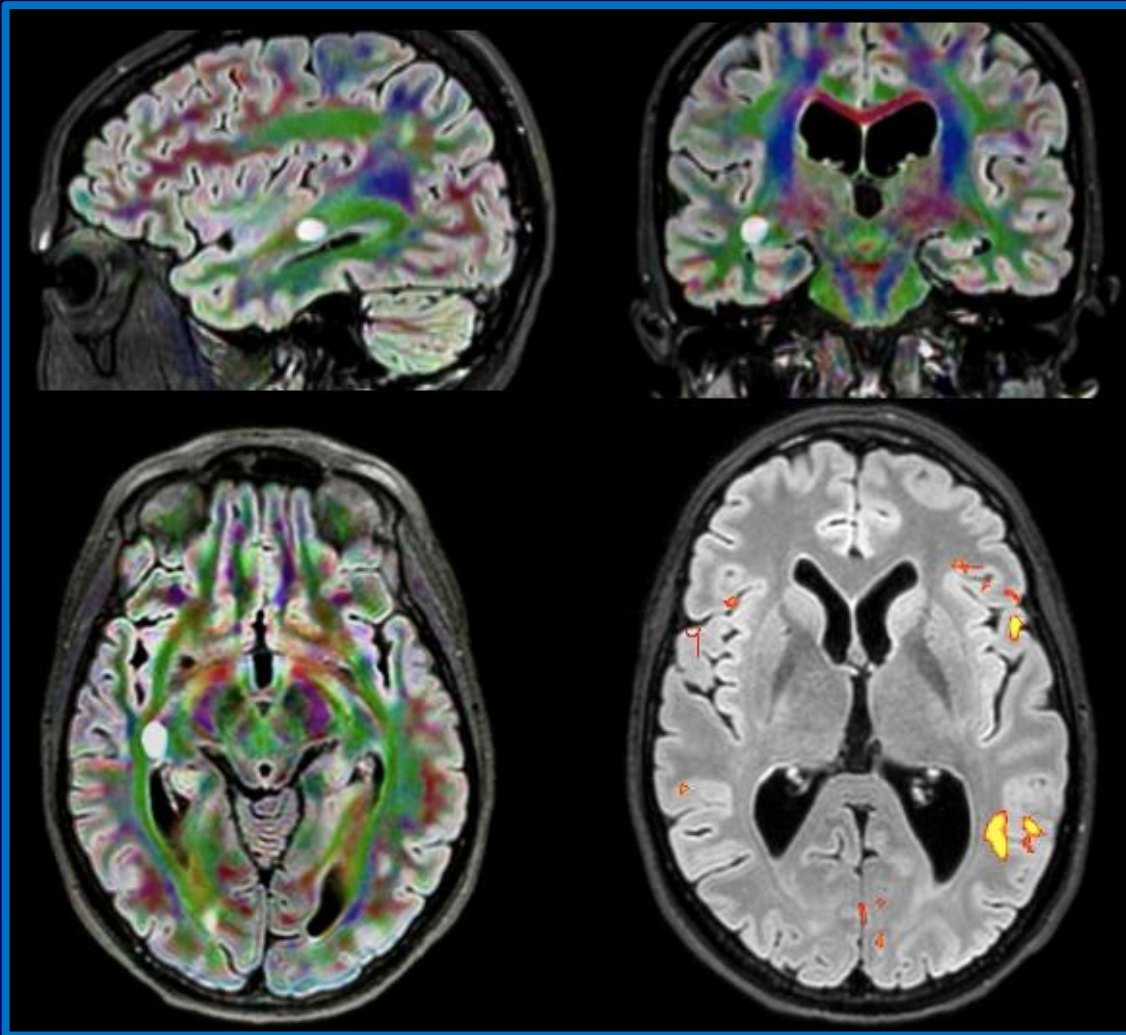
*Courtesy of L. Weis*

## Arcuate fasciculus



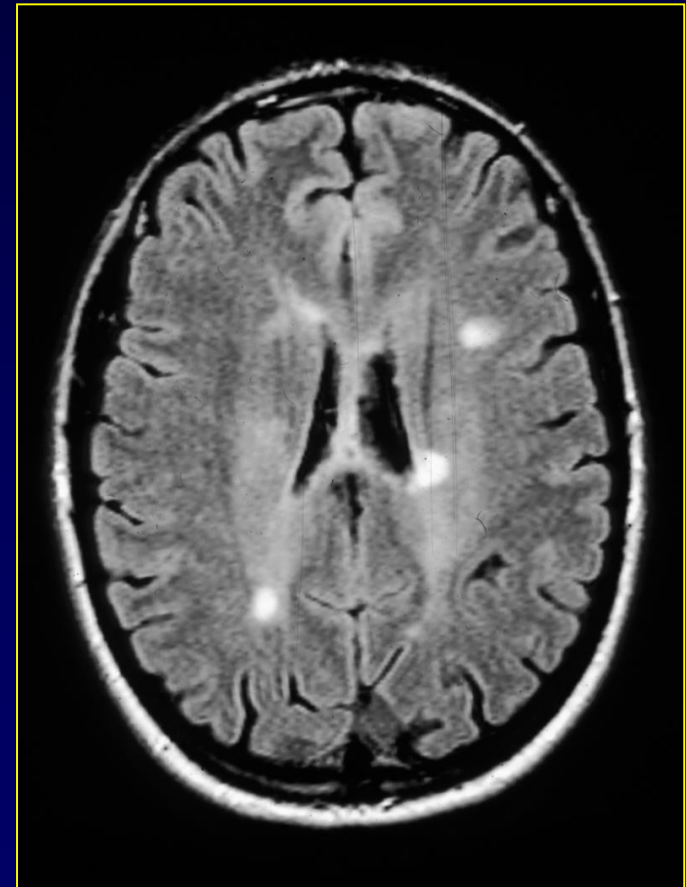
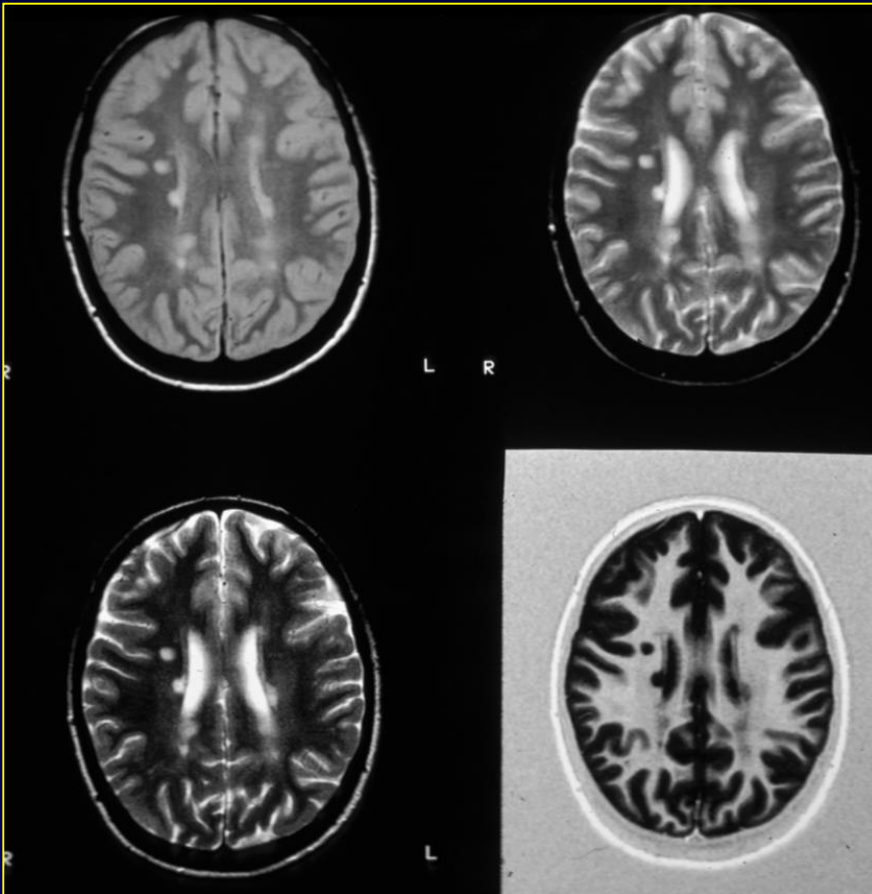
## Corticospinal tract





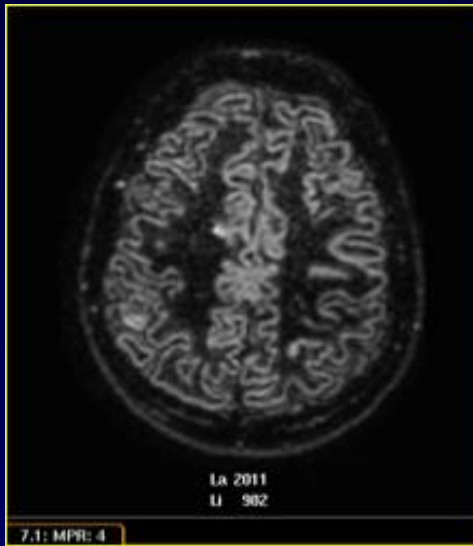
# Diffusion tensor imaging

## Multiple sclerosis





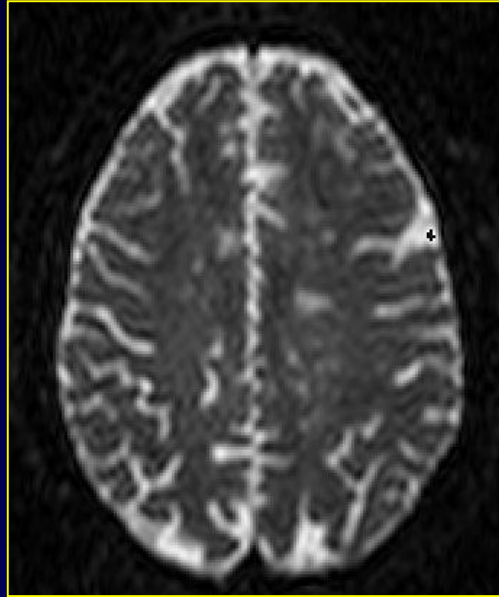
# Multiple sclerosis



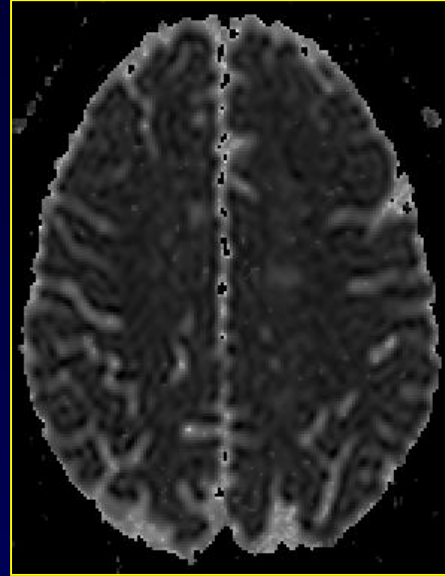
# Diffusion tensor imaging

## Multiple sclerosis

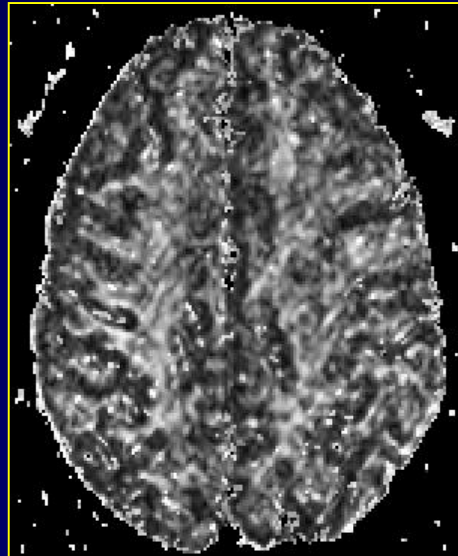
T2



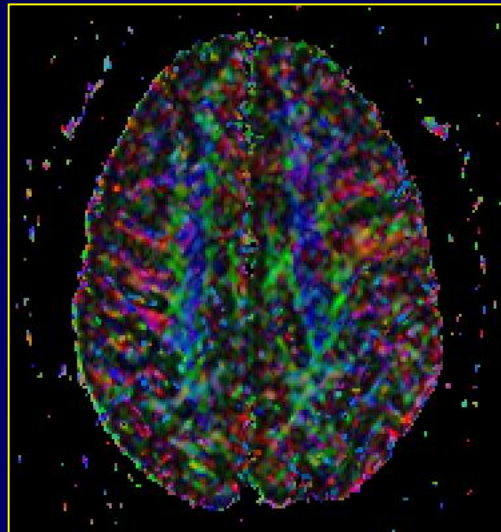
*D*



FA



Color map



# Diffusion tensor imaging

## Multiple sclerosis

Location	Side	FA (mean $\pm$ SD)		MD (mean $\pm$ SD) $10^{-3}$ mm <sup>2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	
		RRMS	Control	RRMS	Control
SCR	Left	0.3816 $\pm$ 0.0375	0.4307 $\pm$ 0.0577	0.7769 $\pm$ 0.0664**	0.6785 $\pm$ 0.0199
SCR	Right	0.3918 $\pm$ 0.0331	0.4824 $\pm$ 0.0450	0.7976 $\pm$ 0.0731**	0.6954 $\pm$ 0.0429
SLF	Left	0.3418 $\pm$ 0.0221	0.3769 $\pm$ 0.0386	0.8127 $\pm$ 0.0618	0.7523 $\pm$ 0.0380
SLF	Right	0.3377 $\pm$ 0.0352	0.3871 $\pm$ 0.0458	0.8106 $\pm$ 0.0510	0.7611 $\pm$ 0.0333
ACR	Left	0.3425 $\pm$ 0.0400**	0.3975 $\pm$ 0.0200	0.8397 $\pm$ 0.0716**	0.7418 $\pm$ 0.0226
ACR	Right	0.3390 $\pm$ 0.0393**	0.4034 $\pm$ 0.0292	0.7403 $\pm$ 0.0817**	0.8474 $\pm$ 0.0279
BCC	–	0.3831 $\pm$ 0.0389**	0.4503 $\pm$ 0.0334	1.0156 $\pm$ 0.1421	0.9606 $\pm$ 0.1271
CIN	Left	0.2707 $\pm$ 0.0423	0.3045 $\pm$ 0.0514	0.8690 $\pm$ 0.0659	0.8140 $\pm$ 0.0377
CIN	Right	0.2642 $\pm$ 0.0381	0.0304 $\pm$ 0.0460	0.8361 $\pm$ 0.0586	0.7950 $\pm$ 0.0510
EC	Left	0.3295 $\pm$ 0.0221	0.3423 $\pm$ 0.0205	0.8242 $\pm$ 0.0569	0.7698 $\pm$ 0.0392
EC	Right	0.3294 $\pm$ 0.0213	0.3331 $\pm$ 0.0191	0.8322 $\pm$ 0.0504	0.7775 $\pm$ 0.0243
GCC	–	0.3549 $\pm$ 0.0423**	0.4227 $\pm$ 0.0369	1.1287 $\pm$ 0.0906	1.0199 $\pm$ 0.0898
PTR	Left	0.4035 $\pm$ 0.0614	0.4472 $\pm$ 0.0318	0.945 $\pm$ 0.1245	0.8181 $\pm$ 0.0534
PTR	Right	0.3930 $\pm$ 0.0508*	0.4534 $\pm$ 0.0266	0.8538 $\pm$ 0.0974	0.7432 $\pm$ 0.0832
SCC	–	0.4159 $\pm$ 0.0464**	0.5087 $\pm$ 0.0393	1.1251 $\pm$ 0.1456	1.0363 $\pm$ 0.0937
TAP	Left	0.3685 $\pm$ 0.0540	0.3703 $\pm$ 0.0965	1.2971 $\pm$ 0.2899	1.5991 $\pm$ 0.3597

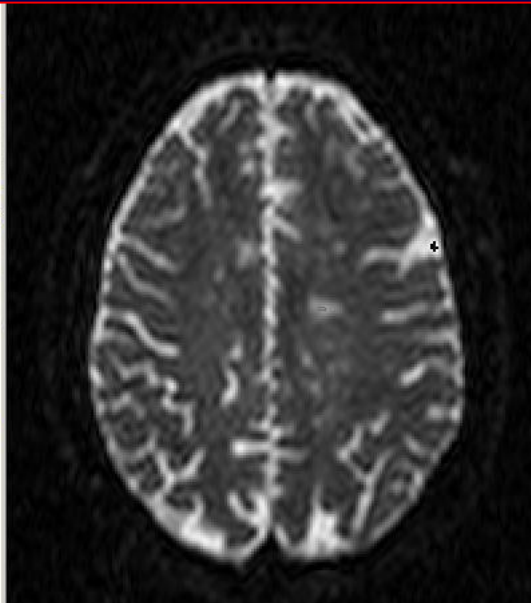
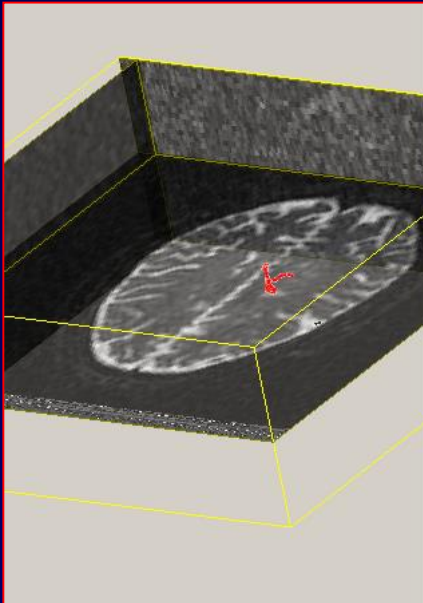
Significant differences of FA and MD between RRMS patients and healthy controls are shown by FDR adjusted \* $p < 0.01$  and highly significant differences by \*\* $p < 0.001$ .

# Diffusion tensor imaging

## *Tractography*

### Multiple sclerosis

- Better correlation with disability
- Higher specificity ???

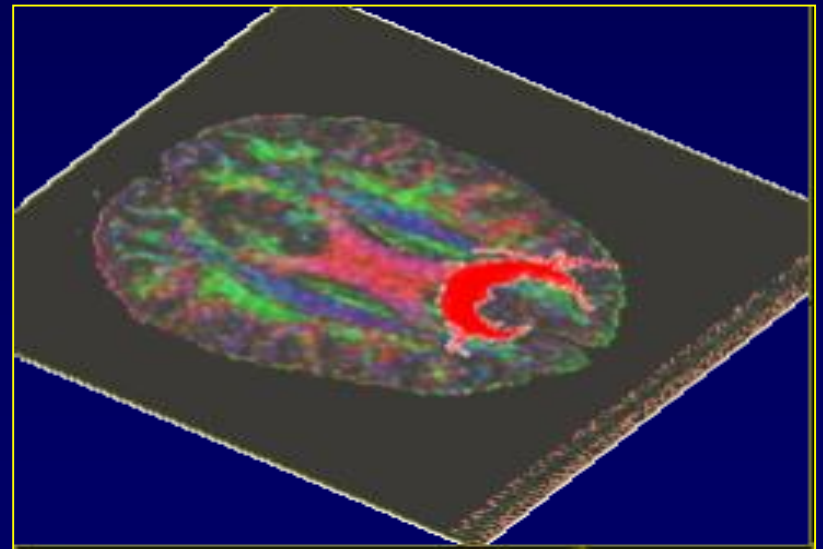




# Diffusion tensor imaging

## Aging brain – Degenerative disorders


- Moderate increase of  $D$  with aging
- Reduction of FA with aging at the level of corpus callosum and frontal lobe
- Reduction in the number of fibers



# Diffusion tensor imaging

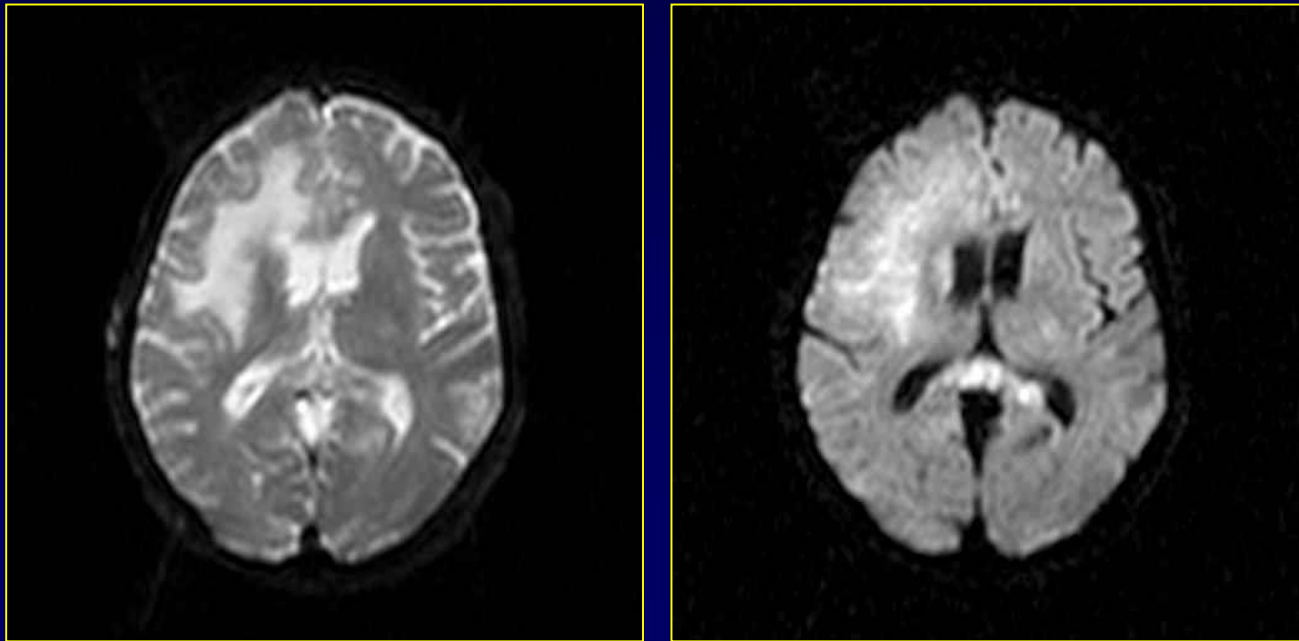
## Aging brain – Degenerative disorders

### Alzheimer disease

-  FA in particular at the level of corpus callosum and frontal lobes
- Correlation with neuropsychological tests
- Both in MCI and AD: reduced FA at the level of splenium and temporal cortex

## **DIFFUSION WEIGHTED IMAGES**

- Routinely use in clinical setting, in particular in ischemic disease, infection....



# **DIFFUSION TENSOR IMAGING**

- Allows better evaluation and comprehension of several disease, mainly related to white matter pathology
- Not routinely use, research purposes
- Preoperative evaluation of brain tumors (tractography)
- Problems: methodology, magnet, software dependent....difficult to compare different studies