

Scienze Economiche, Aziendali, Matematiche e Statistiche "Bruno de Finetti"

35/140/50

FINANCIAL MARKETS AND INSTITUTIONS A.Y. 2023/24 PROF. ALBERTO DREASSI – ADREASSI@UNITS.IT

A4. MONEY MARKETS



- WHY DO MONEY MARKETS EXIST?
- WHO IS ACTIVE ON MM AND WHY?
- WHAT IS TRADED IN MM?

NATURE AND PURPOSE

Aims:

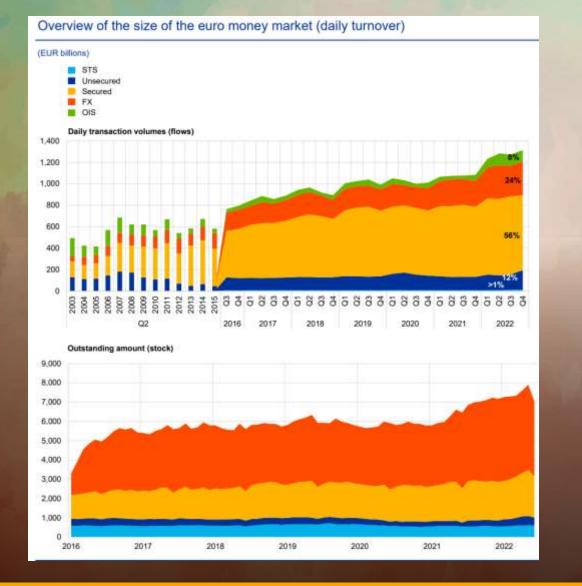
- Provide **lowcost** and **quick** funds for short-term liquidity shortages
- Allowing returns and safety for short-term funds' availability
- Reserve requirements of depository institutions

How?

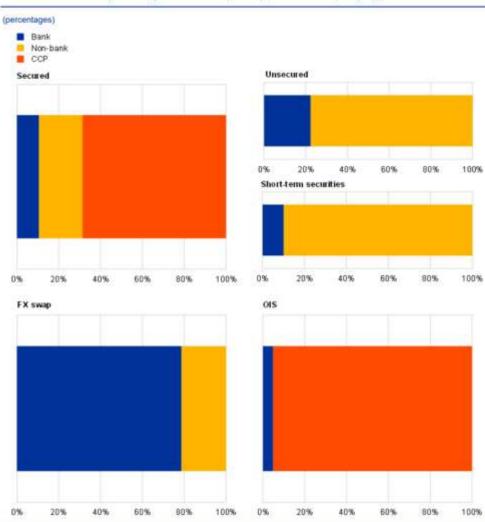
- Trading <u>quasi-money instruments</u> (not money!)
 - mostly <u>OTC</u> but very <u>liquid</u> (active secondary market)
 - <u>short-term</u> (less than 1y, mostly within 3m)
- Large denomination: millions €/\$ per deal (wholesale)
- Low risk of default:
 - CBs/banks are the main operators, gov. bonds used extensively
 - safety-nets

But why so important?

- Markets not perfectly efficient and regulated
- Banks have short-term excesses/deficits:
 - reserve requirements (bank runs)
 - Iimited competition (financial stability)
- **Treasuries** of **governments**, **firms** (investment corporations, securities' industry, non-financial entities)
- Central banks and monetary policy

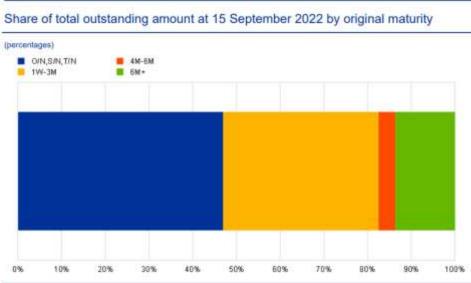


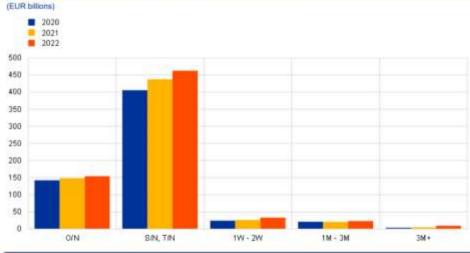
Breakdown of daily average amounts (flows) per counterparty type



FX swap: foreign exchange swap STS: short term securities OIS: overnight index swap CCP: central clearing counterparty

SECURED





Daily average volumes by maturity bucket over time

UNSECURED

(EUR billions)

2020

2021

20%

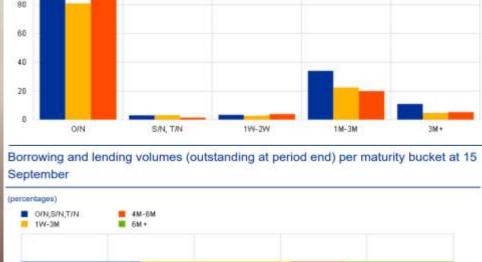
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40%

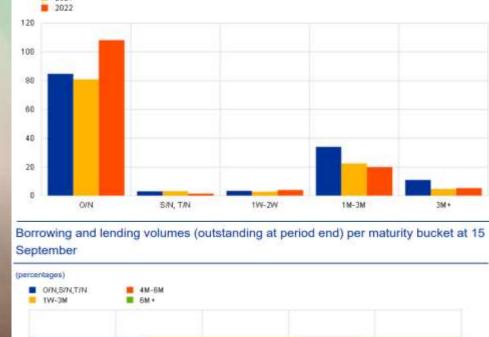
60%

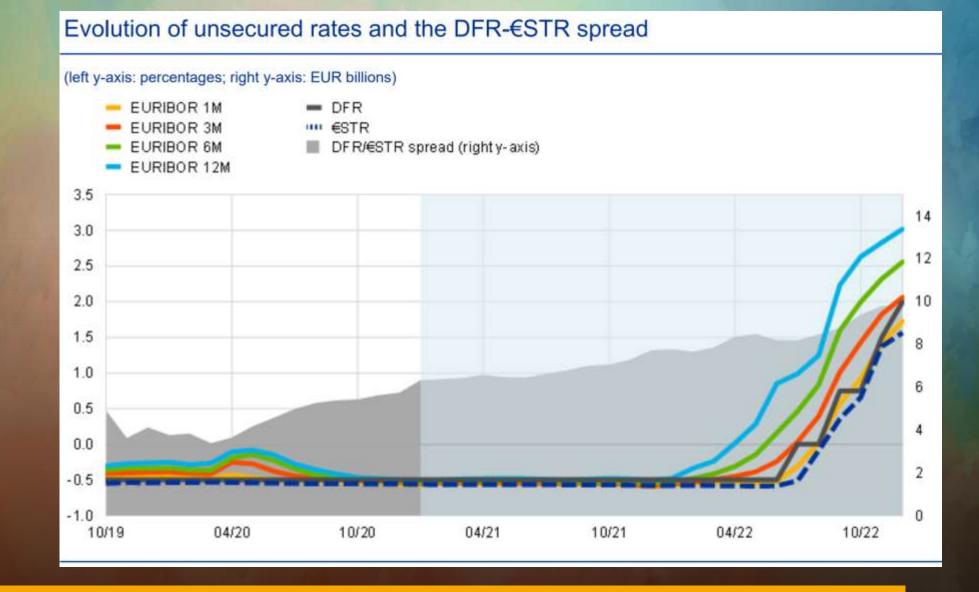
80%

100%









4.5.1 Money market rates for the euro area, the United States and Japan (percentages per annum; period averages)

	Euro area 1)					United States	Japan
	Euro short-term	1-month	3-month	6-month	12-month	3-month	3-month
	rate	deposits	deposits	deposits	deposits	deposits	deposits
	(€STR) ²⁾	(EURIBOR)	(EURIBOR)	(EURIBOR)	(EURIBOR)	(LIBOR)	(LIBOR)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2020	-0.55	-0.50	-0.43	-0.37	-0.31	0.64	-0.07
2021	-0.57	-0.56	-0.55	-0.52	-0.49	0.16	-0.08
2022	-0.01	0.10	0.36	0.69	1.11	2.40	-0.02
2021 Q4	-0.57	-0.57	-0.57	-0.54	-0.49	0.17	-0.08
2022 Q1	-0.58	-0.55	-0.53	-0.47	-0.35	0.52	-0.02
Q2	-0.58	-0.54	-0.35	-0.09	0.40	1.52	-0.02
Q3	-0.07	0.10	0.49	0.97	1.50	3.01	-0.02
Q4	1.20	1.36	1.78	2.30	2.83	4.52	-0.04
2022 Jan.	-0.58	-0.56	-0.56	-0.53	-0.48	0.25	-0.03
Feb.	-0.58	-0.55	-0.53	-0.48	-0.34	0.43	-0.02
Mar.	-0.58	-0.54	-0.50	-0.42	-0.24	0.84	-0.01
Apr.	-0.58	-0.54	-0.45	-0.31	0.01	1.10	-0.01
May	-0.58	-0.55	-0.39	-0.14	0.29	1.47	-0.02
June	-0.58	-0.52	-0.24	0.16	0.85	1.97	-0.03
July	-0.51	-0.31	0.04	0.47	0.99	2.61	-0.02
Aug.	-0.08	0.02	0.39	0.84	1.25	2.95	-0.01
Sep.	0.36	0.57	1.01	1.60	2.23	3.45	-0.02
Oct.	0.66	0.92	1.43	2.00	2.63	4.14	-0.03
Nov.	1.37	1.42	1.83	2.32	2.83	4.65	-0.04
Dec.	1.57	1.73	2.07	2.57	3.03	4.74	-0.04
2023 Jan.	1.90	1.98	2.34	2.86	3.34	4.81	-

INSTRUMENTS: SHORT TERM GOV. BONDS





- Short-term liquidity (f.i. gap between tax inflows and public spending)
- Frequently <u>ZC</u>, dematerialised
- Low IR: low default-risk, liquidity risk (varying across time/countries)
- Placement usually through <u>biddings</u>

Competitive bidding:

- Maturity, amount and features are announced in advance
- Operators make P/Q bids that are classified by the offered price (H to L) or, equivalently, required yield (L to H)
- Bids accepted up to offered amount, priced as bidded

Noncompetitive bidding:

- Bidders communicate only amounts (not prices)
- All offers are accepted and priced through a linked competitive bidding

Regulation is needed to avoid **market cornering**: admitted bidders, size/number of orders, maximum and minimum prices/returns, ...

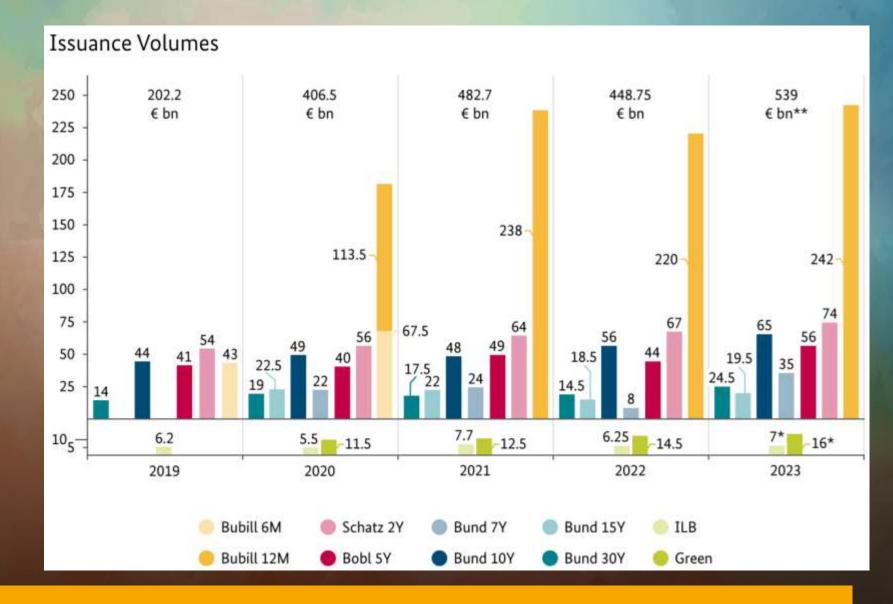
Upcoming Issues

ENDER	ISSUANCE	VOLUME	COUPON	MATURITY
Quarter I 202	3			
7.02.2023	Bubill (R) DE0001030864	2.0 € bn	5	19.07.2023
7.02.2023	Bubill (R) DE000BU0E014	4.0 € bn	s.	17.01.2024
5.03.2023	Bubill (R) DE000BU0E006	3.0 € bn	2	13.12.2023
5.03.2023	Bubill (R) DE0001030856	2.0 € bn	12	21.06.2023
3.03.2023	Bubill (R) DE0001030880	3.0 € bn	4	20.09.2023
0.03.2023	Bubill (N) DE000BU0E030	5.0 € bn	2	20.03.2024
7.03.2023	Bubill (R) DE000BU0E022	4.0 € bn		21.02.2024
7.03.2023	Bubill (R) DE0001030872	2.0 € bn		23.08.2023
Quarter II 20	23			
Quarter III 2	023			

The Latest 10 Auction Results

DATE	BOND	COUPON	MATURIT	LOWEST ACCEPTED PRICE	AVERAGE PRICE	AVERAGE YIELD
15.02.2023	Bund (R) DE0001102432	1.25%	30 Y	79.88	79.9	2.3%
15.02.2023	Bund (R) DE0001102572	0.00%	30 Y	51.57	51.67	2.26%
						✓ Detai
13.02.2023	Bubill (R) DE0001030872	•	12 M	98.5172	98.52174	2.858%
Con	npetitive bids Non	-competitive	e bids: 1,	965 € mn		1,156 € m
		Overal	l bids: 3,	121 € mn		
		Issuance vo	lume: 3,	000 € mn		
	Allotted volume	Retention o	quote: 2,	326 € mn		674 € mn
	E	Bid-to- <mark>Co</mark> ver	ratio: 1.	3		
		Bid-to-Offer	ratio: 1.)		∧ Detai







Auction Results: 12 MONTH BOTS Date: January 12, 2022 - January 13, 2022

ISIN Code	IT0005480345
Tranche	1st - 2nd
Days to Maturity	364
Issue date	January 14, 2022
Maturity Date	January 13, 2023
Auction Date	January 12, 2022
Settlement Date	January 14, 2022
Amount Offered	6,500.000
Amount Bid	9,128.000
Amount Allotted	6,500.000
Weighted Average Price	100.451
Weighted Average Yield	-0.444%
Maximum Accepted Yield	-0.437%
Minimum Accepted Yield	-0.450%
Bid To Cover Ratio	1.40
Cut-off Yield	0.555%
Gross Compound Yield	-0.444%
Price for fiscal purpose	100.000
Amount Offered to Specialists	650.000
Amount Bid to Specialists	697.675
Amount Allotted to Specialists	650.000

Auction Results: 12 MONTH BOTS Date: February 10, 2023 - February 13, 2023

ISIN Code	IT0005532988		
Tranche	1st - 2nd		
Days to Maturity	365		
Issue date	February 14, 2023		
Maturity Date	February 14, 2024		
Auction Date	February 10, 2023		
Settlement Date	February 14, 2023		
Amount Offered	7,000.000		
Amount Bid	9,628.000		
Amount Allotted	7,000.000		
Weighted Average Price	96.877		
Weighted Average Yield	3.179%		
Maximum Accepted Yield	3.186%		
Minimum Accepted Yield	3.141%		
Bid To Cover Ratio	1.38		
Cut-off Yield	4.175%		
Gross Compound Yield	3.178%		
Price for fiscal purpose	96.877		
Amount Offered to Specialists	700.000		
Amount Bid to Specialists	0.000		
Amount Allotted to Specialists	0.000		

Auction Results: 12 MONTH BOTS Date: February 09, 2024 - February 12, 2024

ISIN Code	IT0005582868		
Tranche	1st - 2nd		
Days to Maturity	366		
Issue date	February 14, 2024		
Maturity Date	February 14, 2025		
Auction Date	February 09, 2024		
Settlement Date	February 14, 2024		
Amount Offered	9,000.000		
Amount Bid	12,329.000		
Amount Allotted	9,000.00		
Weighted Average Price	96.54		
Weighted Average Yield	3.522%		
Maximum Accepted Yield	3.526%		
Minimum Accepted Yield	3.488%		
Bid To Cover Ratio	1.37		
Cut-off Yield	4.520%		
Gross Compound Yield	3.521%		
Price for fiscal purpose	96.543		
Amount Offered to Specialists	900.000		
Amount Bid to Specialists	1,273.844		
Amount Allotted to Specialists	900.000		



INSTRUMENTS: INTERBANKING DEPOSITS

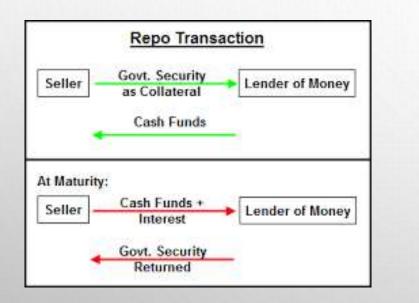


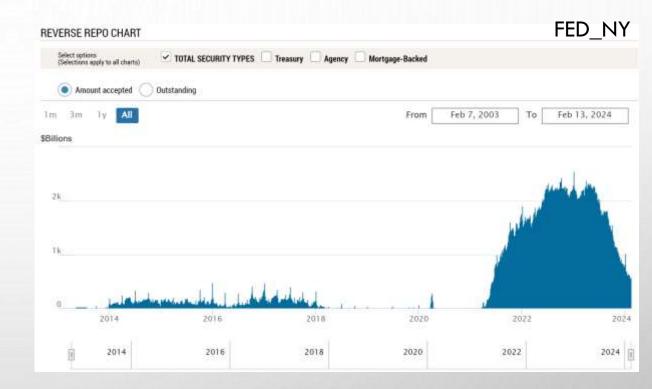
Interbanking deposits

- Funds mostly extremely short-term (1d) between banks
- Vast volumes: EZ ON averaging around 20 billions € daily only
- Both unsecured and secured
- For reserve requirements and temporary liquidity gaps
- Typical maturities are overnight (t, t+1), tomorrow next (t+1, t+2), spot next (t+2, t+3), but also on-sight (t, n) and broken date (k, n) are available
- IR developed here (Euribor, €STR, Libor) influence other IR (and financial products)
- CBs **influence** these rates by acting on reserves or by producing/absorbing liquidity

INSTRUMENTS: REPOS

- Very short term but longer that typical interbanking funds
- Loan is **collateralised by securities** traded in an active market (mostly, gov. bonds)





- Specified maturity, current market price, specific future price
- CBs are also active in the repo market, injecting or absorbing liquidity

INSTRUMENTS: OTHERS

CDs:



interest thereon from this date at the rate of

GLAL BARSON

angoon, 16th December 1026

IRs. 20,000.

- Securities issued by banks documenting a deposit and bearing a maturity date and interest rate (fixed or variable), usually closely tracking inflation or short-term gov. bonds with a premium
- Could be bearer instruments, allowing an easier negotiability (yet AML applies)
- Maturities are generally **between 1m and 4m**, concentrated in shorter maturities
- High face values: mostly greater than 1 million \$

Commercial paper:

- Unsecured promissory notes, mostly within 20-45 days and ZC
- Only major and secure corporations as issuers (liquidity/safety concerns)
- Secondary markets are not deep and liquid
- Could be indirectly secured by a banking line of credit
- Asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP): secured by a specified asset (f.i. mortgages), quality of security depends on pledged assets (as happened for RMBS)

Banker's acceptances and other instruments are less relevant (except derivatives!)

INSTRUMENTS: EUROCURRENCIES





- Deposits in domestic currency in countries with another currency
- F.i.: Eurodollars are USD outside the US, originated since WWII also due to internal regulation
- Created the London interbank market, developing reference IR such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offer Rate) and LIBID (London Interbank Bid Rate)
- Deep and highly competitive market
- Otherwise similar to interbanking funds
- Also Eurocurrencies, Eurodollar CDs, ... (thin markets)



