

$$\bullet I_{xx} = \int_A y^2 dA = \int_0^H B y^2 dy = \frac{BH^3}{3}$$

$$dA = B \cdot dy$$

$$\bullet I_{yy} = \frac{BH^3}{3}$$

$$\bullet I_{xy} = \int_A xy dA = \frac{B^2 H^2}{4}$$

$$1) I_{xx}^G = \frac{BH^3}{3}$$

$$I_{yy}^G = \frac{BH^3}{3}$$

$$I_{xy}^G = \frac{B^2 H^2}{4}$$

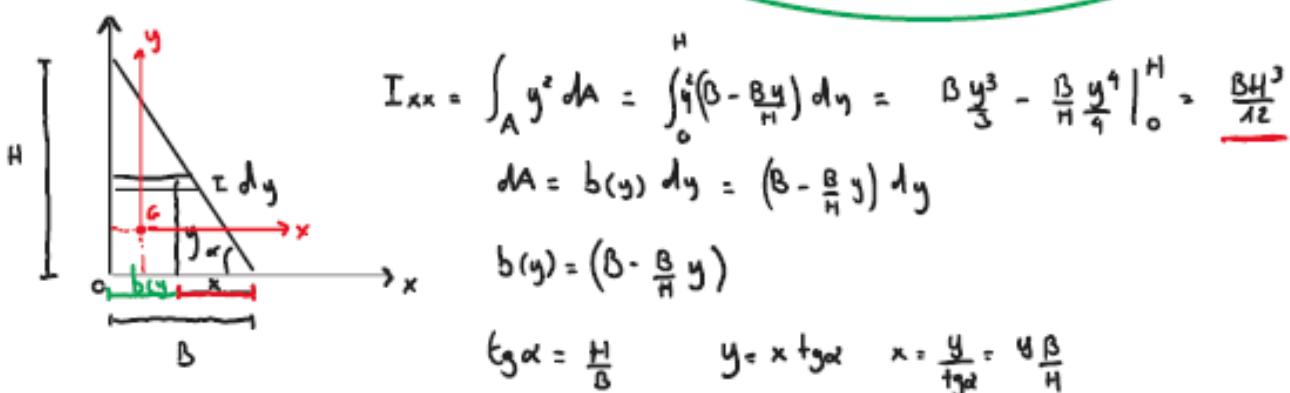
$$2) I_{xx}^G = \int_{-\frac{H}{2}}^{\frac{H}{2}} B y^2 dy = \frac{BH^3}{12} \quad I_{yy}^G = \frac{BH^3}{12} \quad I_{xy}^G = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} I_{xx} = I_{xx}^G + Ady_c^2 \\ I_{yy} = I_{yy}^G + Adx_c^2 \\ I_{xy} = I_{xy}^G + Adx_c dy_c \end{array} \right.$$

Verifica

$$I_{xx} = \frac{BH^3}{12} + (BH) \cdot \frac{H}{4}^2 = \frac{BH^3}{3}$$

$$I_{xy} = 0 + (BH) \frac{H}{2} \frac{B}{2} = \frac{B^2 H^2}{4}$$



$$I_{xx} = \int_A y^2 dA = \int_0^H \left( B - \frac{B}{H} y \right) dy = B \frac{y^3}{3} - \frac{B}{H} \frac{y^4}{4} \Big|_0^H = \frac{BH^3}{12}$$

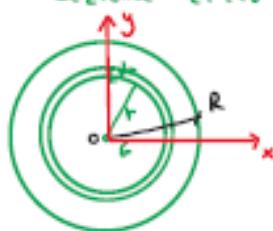
$$dA = b(y) dy = \left( B - \frac{B}{H} y \right) dy$$

$$b(y) = \left( B - \frac{B}{H} y \right)$$

$$tg \alpha = \frac{H}{B} \quad y = x \cdot tg \alpha \quad x = \frac{y}{tg \alpha} = \frac{y}{\frac{H}{B}} = \frac{B}{H} y$$

$$I_{xx}^G = I_{xx} - A y_c^2 = \frac{BH^3}{12} - \left( \frac{BH}{2} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{H}{3} \right)^2 = \frac{BH^3}{12} - \frac{BH^3}{18} = \frac{BH^3}{36}$$

Sezione circolare

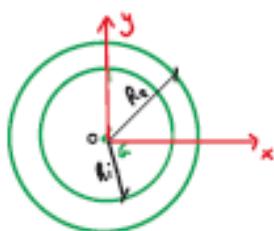


$$I_p = \int_A r^2 dA = I_{xx} + I_{yy} \rightarrow$$

$$dA = (\epsilon \pi r \cdot dr)$$

$$I_p = \int_0^R r^2 (\epsilon \pi r) dr = \epsilon \pi \frac{R^4}{4} \Big|_0^R = \epsilon \pi \frac{R^4}{4}$$

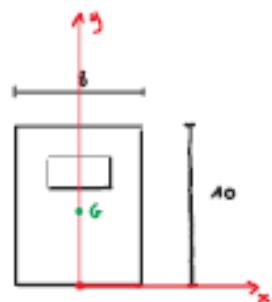
$$I_p = \frac{\pi R^4}{2} = I_{xx} + I_{yy} = \epsilon I_{xx} \Rightarrow I_{xx} + I_{yy} > \frac{\pi R^4}{4}$$



$$I_{xx}^{(tot)} = \frac{\pi R_{ext}^4}{4}$$

$$I_{xx}^{(int)} = \frac{\pi R_{int}^4}{4}$$

$$I_{xx}^{(cav)} = I_{xx}^{(tot)} - I_{xx}^{(int)} = \frac{\pi}{4} \left( R_{ext}^{ext} - R_{int}^{int} \right)^4$$

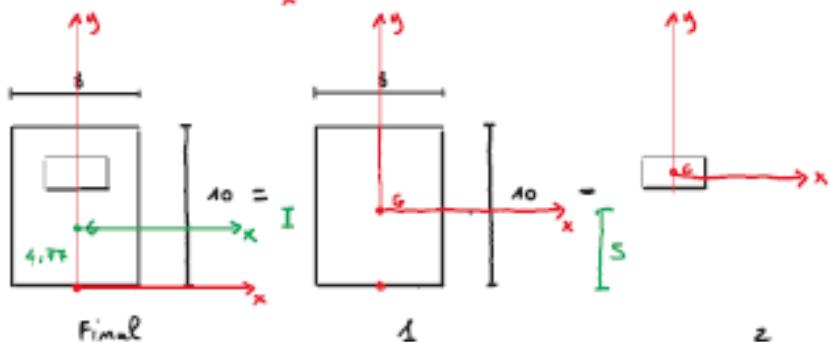


$$S_x = \frac{(80 \cdot 5)}{(80 \cdot 5) - (10 \cdot 5)} = 344$$

$$A = 32$$

$$y_G = \frac{S_x}{A} = 4,7$$

$$I_{xxG} = 627,8$$



$$I_{xxG}^1 = \frac{Bh^3}{12} = 666,66 = \frac{8 \cdot 40^3}{12}$$

$$I_{xxG}^2 = \frac{4 \cdot 5^3}{12} = 2,66$$

$$I_{xx} = I_{xxG} + A dy_G^2$$

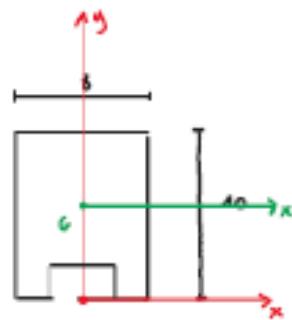
$$\frac{BH^3}{12}$$

$$I_{xxG_{tot}}^1 = 666,66 + 80 \cdot \left( \frac{dy_G}{5-4,7} \right)^2$$

$$I_{xxG_{tot}}^1 = 2,66 + 8 \cdot (2-4,7)^2$$

Mi sposto dal sistema baricentrico con i singoli rettangoli a quello baricentrico della sezione reale (il resto)

$$\bullet \quad I_{xxG}^{final} = I_{xxG_{tot}}^1 - I_{xxG_{tot}}^2 = 627,8$$



$$G = ?$$

$$S_x = 80 \times 5 - 8 \times 1 = 332$$

$$A = 72$$

$$y_c = \frac{332}{72} \approx 5,444$$

1) rettangolo grande

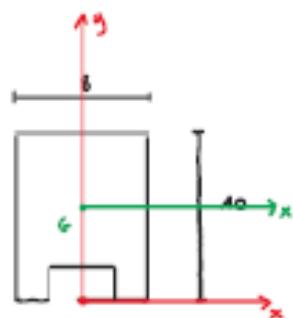
2) ~ piccolo

$$I_{xx_0}^1 = \frac{6 \cdot 10^3}{42} = 666,6$$

$$I_{xx_0}^2 = \frac{4 \cdot 2^3}{42} = 2,66$$

$$I_{xx_0}^{\text{finale}} = \underbrace{\left[ 666,66 + 80 \cdot (5 - 5,44)^2 \right]}_{1} - \left[ 2,66 + 8 \cdot (1 - 5,44)^2 \right] = 521,778$$

Alternativa



Rispetta area  $\pi \approx 60$

$$I_{xx}^1 = \frac{BH^3}{3} = \frac{8 \cdot 10^3}{3}$$

$$I_{xx}^2 = \frac{4 \cdot 2^3}{3}$$

$$I_{xx}^{\text{finale}} = I_{xx}^1 - I_{xx}^2 = 2656$$

$$I_{yy}^1 = \frac{HB^3}{12} = \frac{10 \cdot 6^3}{12} = 426,6$$

$$I_{yy}^2 = \frac{8 \cdot 4^3}{12} = 10,66$$

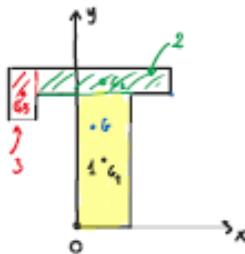
$$I_{yy}^{\text{finale}} = 416$$

$$I_{xx} = I_{xx_0} + Ad_y^2$$

$$I_{xx_0}^{\text{finale}} = I_{xx}^{\text{finale}} - A \cdot y_c^2 = 2656 - 72 \cdot (5,44)^2 = 521,778$$

$$I_{xz_0}^{\text{finale}} = 0$$

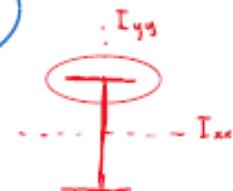
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} I_{xx} = I_{x_0}^e + A_1 y_0^2 \\ I_{yy} = I_{y_0}^e + A_1 x_0^2 \\ I_{xy} = I_{xy}^e + A_1 x_0 y_0 \end{array} \right.$$



$$A_1: y_0^2 \quad S_x^2 \quad x_0^2 \quad S_y^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1) & \quad A_{101} = 48 \quad S_x^{74} = 28 \quad S_y^{74} = 500 \\ 2) & \quad x_0 = \frac{S_y^{74} \cdot 0}{A_{101}} = 1,3 \\ 3) & \quad y_0 = \frac{S_x^{74} \cdot 0}{A_{101}} = 7,35 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \quad I_{x_0}^e &= \frac{b \cdot h^3}{48} = 333 \quad I_{y_0}^e = \frac{b \cdot h^3}{48} = 53,3 \quad I_{xy_0}^e = 0 \\ 2) \quad I_{x_0}^e &= \frac{b \cdot x_0^2}{48} = 6,66 \quad I_{y_0}^e = \frac{b \cdot x_0^2}{48} = 166,6 \quad I_{xy_0}^e = 0 \\ 3) \quad I_{x_0}^e &= \frac{b \cdot x_0^2}{48} = 6,66 \quad I_{y_0}^e = \frac{b \cdot x_0^2}{48} = 166,6 \quad I_{xy_0}^e = 0 \end{aligned}$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} I_{xx} = I_{x_0}^e + A_1 y_0^2 \\ I_{yy} = I_{y_0}^e + A_1 x_0^2 \\ I_{xy} = I_{xy}^e + A_1 x_0 y_0 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_{xy_0} &= \underbrace{\left[ I_{x_0}^e + A_1 \cdot (y_0^2 - y_0)^2 \right]}_1 + \underbrace{\left[ I_{y_0}^e + A_1 \cdot (y_0^2 - y_0)^2 \right]}_2 + \underbrace{\left[ I_{xy_0}^e + A_1 \cdot (y_0^2 - y_0)^2 \right]}_3 \\ I_{x_0}^e &= 333 + 40 \cdot (5 - 7,35)^2 = 6,66 + 20 \cdot (11 - 7,35)^2 + 40,66 + 2 \cdot (10 - 7,35)^2 = 894,15 \\ I_{y_0}^e &= 53,3 + 40 \cdot (2 - 1,3)^2 = 166,6 + 20 \cdot (2 - 1,3)^2 + 2,66 + 2 \cdot (-4 - 1,3)^2 = 476,62 \\ I_{xy_0}^e &= 0 + 40 \cdot (5 - 7,35)(2 - 1,3) + 0 + 20 \cdot (11 - 7,35)(2 - 1,3) + 0 + 8(10 - 7,35)(-4 - 1,3) = -127,6 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_{x_{01}}^{ijkl} = \sum_{i=1}^m I_{x_{01}}^i + A_1 (y_{01}^i - y_{01})^2$$

$$I_{y_{01}}^{ijkl} = \sum_{i=1}^m I_{y_{01}}^i + A_1 (x_{01}^i - x_{01})^2$$

$$I_{xy_{01}}^{ijkl} = \sum_{i=1}^m I_{xy_{01}}^i + A_1 (y_{01}^i - y_{01})(x_{01}^i - x_{01})$$

$$\alpha = 0^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 5^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 15^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 45,7165$$



$$I_{xx}^e = 894,15$$

$$I_{yy}^e = 476,62$$

$$I_{xy}^e = -127,6$$

$$I_{xx}^e = 930,057$$

$$I_{yy}^e = 440,713$$

$$I_{xy}^e = 0$$

$$I_{xx}^e = 929,7$$

$$I_{yy}^e = 440,713$$

$$I_{xy}^e = 0$$

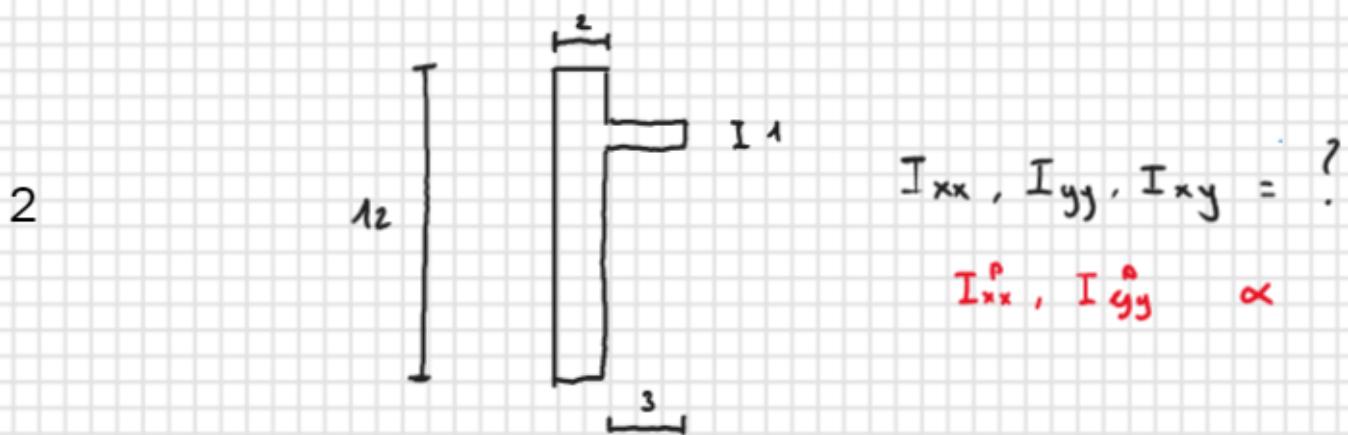
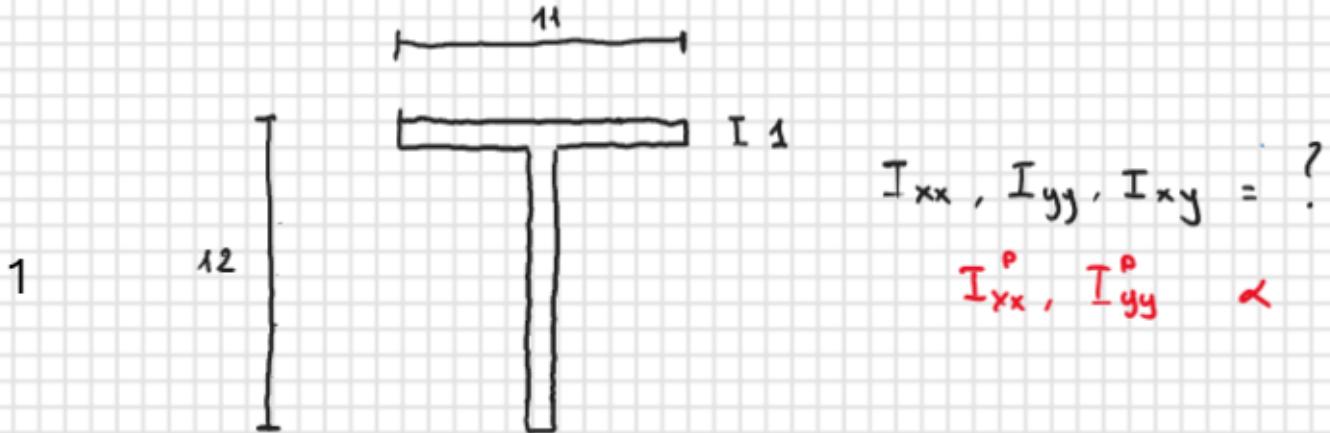
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} I_{xx}^k = \frac{I_{xx} + I_{yy}}{2} + \frac{I_{xx} - I_{yy}}{2} \cos(\alpha \omega) - I_{xy} \sin(\alpha \omega) \\ I_{yy}^k = \frac{I_{xx} + I_{yy}}{2} - \frac{I_{xx} - I_{yy}}{2} \cos(\alpha \omega) + I_{xy} \sin(\alpha \omega) \\ I_{xy}^k = \frac{I_{xx} - I_{yy}}{2} \sin(\alpha \omega) + I_{xy} \cos(\alpha \omega) \end{array} \right.$$

$$I_{xx}^k = \frac{I_{xx} + I_{yy}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(I_{xx} - I_{yy})^2 + 4 I_{xy}^2}$$

$$I_{yy}^k = \frac{I_{xx} + I_{yy}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(I_{xx} - I_{yy})^2 + 4 I_{xy}^2}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( - \frac{2 I_{xy}}{I_{xx} - I_{yy}} \right)$$

## Esercizi



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