EXAM: FINANCIAL MARKETS AND INSTITUTIONS (JAN-FEB23-1) - 90 minutes						
SURNAME/NAME:						
If you get at least 25 points, will you take the oral exam? YES NO						
Do you have special reasons to take the oral later today? YES NO						
A) MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (1 point each, no penalties, at least 5 to pass)						
1	I sold a stock option, strike price 100 and premium of 5. If at the exercise date the price of the stock is 120, I gain					
	(a) (b)	if it is a put option, 5 if it is a put option, 15				
	(c)	if it is a call option, 5				
	(d)	if it is a call option, 15				
2	If a float (a)	ting mortage provides a cap, this means that its interests can not be higher than the cap				
	(a) (b)	can not be nigner than the cap can not be lower than the cap				
	(c)	can be switched to a fixed interest rate at predetermined dates				
	(d)	it requires lower interest-only payment for a given amount of time, then requires the payment of the full installment				
3	After th	e USD, the largest market share in the market for foreign currencies is held by the currencies of BRICS countries				
	(a) (b)	the CAD and the AUD				
	(c)	the EUR and the JPY				
	(d)	the GBP and the CNY				
4		central bank provides liquidity through open market transactions, in its balance sheet				
	(a) (b)	bonds and reserves increase bonds increase, reserves decrease				
	(c)	bonds decrease, reserves increase				
_	(d)	bonds and reserves decrease				
5		st important portion of the economic performance of a commercial bank is represented by:				
	(a) (b)	its fee/commission net income its interest margin				
	(c)	its trading margin				
	(d)	loan losses				
6	-	red to open-end mutual funds, closed-end ones				
	(a) (b)	are more liquid are more numerous				
	(c)	attract fewer volumes				
	(d)	are charged with lower taxes				
7		ial public offering (IPO) is the procedure by which:				
	(a) (b)	a firm is offered to another firm interested in a merger or acquisition (M&A) the stocks of an existing firm become public for the first time				
	(b)	an existing firm increases its capital base by issuing new stocks				
	(d)	the government sells some of its strategic holdings of firms				
8		najority of countries the largest issuer of bonds is represented by				
	(a) (b)	governments non-financial firms				
	(b)	financial firms				
	(d)	households				
9		ent evolution of regulation and supervision of financial intermediaries shifted towards:				
_	(a) (b)	increasing the amount of capital required to establish a financial firm increasing sanctions and fines for breach of contracts				
	(c)	increasing sanctions and fines for breach of contracts increasing competition by breaking down financial conglomerates				
	(d)	more prudential and transparency requirements				
10	In a fully (a)	y amortised loan where the share of principle is fixed, the share of interests is decreasing				

(b)

(c) (d) increasing

paid in full at the maturity date

B) OPEN QUESTION (10 points, check your handwriting and don't exceed the space below)

Why do central banks influence mostly interest rates in order to obtain price stability?

C) EXERCISE (10 points, briefly explain your calculations and don't exceed the space below)

Bond A is a zero-coupon with a duration of 3 and a current price of 89. What is the price that a newly issued two-year 5% annual coupon bond should have today to offer the same yield to maturity?

